"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.

Rain to-day; generally fair; colder to-morrow; increasing southeast, shifting to northwest, winds.

☞For full weather report see Page 19.

VOL. LXII...NO. 20,145. NEW YORK, FRIDAY, MARCH 21, 1913.—TWENTY-TWO PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City and Newark. | Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

OUTCAST WOMEN OFFER WAGNER HELP

Pledge Co-operation in Legislature's Efforts to Remedy the Social Evil.

SEND PATHETIC LETTERS

Favor Segregation, a Social Welfare Commission, and Taking of Power from Police.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, March 20.—Letters received from women of the underworld, offering suggestions as to dealing with vice conditions in New York City, were made public to-day by Senator Robert F. Wagner, Chairman of the Committee on Remedial Police Legislation, which recently held a series of hearings in New York.

Senator Wagner said that some of the women, who afterward had put their recommendations into writing, had appeared before the committee and given abundant evidence of their intelligence as well as of their good intentions. The Senator said that the committee intended to give the views of these women serious consideration.

Almost without exception the remedy they suggest against present police conditions in New York City, as revealed by the graft disclosures made before the Aldermanic Committee and by District Attorney Whitman, is segregation of the social evil as a means of cutting off police graft from this source. The establishment of a Social Welfare Commission is also recommended.

Another startling feature of the correspondence is the earnest protestations of writers, mostly women who have derived a livelihood from vice, that they stand ready to give every assistance in solving the problems confronting the lawmakers and the city authorities, and that they are anxious to aid in lessening the social evil and remedying existing conditions.

Show Ability and Intelligence.

"It has been made plain to the committee that the women of the underworld haves their leaders and spokeswomen among their own ranks, as well as the various civic bodies seeking to bring about a satisfactory solution of the social evil problem," said Senator Wagner.

"Through their chosen speakers, who give the committee plenty of evidence of ability to present their arguments with striking intelligence, the women of the underworld insist that they can be a great help to the City of New York if permitted to co-operate in their own way toward restricting and segregating the social evil.

"They insist that this phase of the situation in New York City is the source of all graft. They argue in support of such plans as the Citizens' Committee presented to the committee, proposing a Social Welfare Commission, and pledge themselves to be of greater value to such a committee than all of the social and civic bodies in New York.

"These women also declare that, as the social evil has been a theme for society's consideration and toleration for centuries, the time has arrived when such an enlightened city as New York should at least handle the subject practically and sensibly and not make any attempt to drive unfortunate women from homes that give annoyance to no one, to the streets and to the gutters and to help swell the army of street walkers, who have no regard for their own physical condition nor the health of the people in whose midst they circulate."

The letters contain many heartrending pictures of life in the underworld, and tell how the women have often succeeded in saving other women from the life they themselves were leading. Denunciation of the police and of the present system of dealing with vice in New York City abounds.

Says Many Are from Good Families.

"Cannot something be done to keep us from being driven from place to place?" writes one woman. "I hold that the ostracized women whom I represent are beneficial to society at large. Therefore society should protect them. My experience is that the outcast women of society have a code of morals and are honest, in the majority. The better half would be surprised to know of the self-sacrifices that many of these women make for those that are dependent upon them for sustenance, and almost every girl has one or more dependent upon her for support.

"Where do the girls come from, and how do they fall? That is a serious question. It has puzzled the moral factors for centuries. I have, however, obtained the personal history and looked up the pedigrees of some hundreds of girls who have been a part of my household and have come immediately under my observation during the last fifteen years. Some were from the best families in this country, while others came from the ranks of the downtrodden and went into this life to better their conditions, not giving a thought as to the future or what it would bring to them; it was the present only, the ever-living present, that interested them. There are few women of the class that I represent but have a personal history.

"I have had girls in my house who had royal blood in their veins. Many of them were descendants of the best families of Europe and America, while some of my most intimate lady friends who are engaged in the same line of business that I have devoted much of my energy and many years of my active life to were the daughters of well-known clergymen of Chicago, Philadelphia, New York, and Boston. Therefore I again reiterate that the army of 'the fallen' is recruited from all ranks of society, including the daughters of the elect."

"Remove Police Temptations."

Another woman wrote: "If you wish to get rid of graft in the Police Department for all time to come remove the Police Department from all temptations. Take the social evil out of the Police Department entirely; that is the only and surest way, and I am positive that in a few months all grafters in the department will have resigned or turned honest. Take, for instance, the time when there was an order given that no policemen in citizens' clothes could enter any disorderly house for evidence; then look over the records and see how many of them resigned—more than at any other time in the history of the department.

"The Police Commissioner to-day claims that there is no graft now. Perhaps not; but how long will that last? In a few months things will be just as they always have been. Mayor Gaynor had the right idea about that when he forbade all plain clothes men to get evidence against any disorderly house. That was the only time

Continued on Page 2.

WHITMAN VISITS SULZER.

They Discuss the Police Situation, but Won't Tell of Conference.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, March 20.—District Attorney Whitman, accompanied by Mrs. Whitman, arrived here at 6 o'clock this evening and went to the Executive Mansion, where they are being entertained to-night by the Governor and Mrs. Sulzer.

The Governor and Mr. Whitman spent three hours to-night discussing the police situation in New York City. Mr. Whitman would not say to-night whether he made any recommendations to the Governor regarding the charges against Police Commissioner Waldo which are now in Mr. Sulzer's hands.

The Tammany leaders at the capital view Mr. Whitman's visit with some alarm. They believe that in his present frame of mind the Governor may accept the advice of the District Attorney rather than the recommendations of the Wagner Committee which recently investigated police conditions in New York City.

Late to-night Gov. Sulzer, when called on the telephone, declared that he had no statement to make regarding his conference with District Attorney Whitman and that Mr. Whitman would have nothing to say either.

MITCHELL ADVISES SULZER.

Will Pass on Labor Legislation—Suggested as Labor Commissioner.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, March 20.—John Mitchell, Vice President of the American Federation of Labor, was in conference with Gov. Sulzer this evening. Mr. Mitchell came to Albany at the Governor's request. Before the conference the Executive was asked if he had Mr. Mitchell in mind for the post of State Commissioner of Labor to preside over the reorganized Labor Department, which is provided for in a bill before the Legislature.

"The State would be fortunate, indeed, if it could secure the services of Mr. Mitchell," the Governor replied.

After the conference Mr. Mitchell said he talked over several labor subjects with the Governor, but when he was asked if the Labor Commissionership had been tendered to him he referred his questioners to the Governor.

Gov. Sulzer refused to say whether or not the offer had been made.

"Mr. Mitchell and I are old friends. I asked him to come here to talk over matters with me. I gave him copies of bills bearing on labor matters and asked him to give me his advice. He has promised to aid me. That is all I care to say."

It is believed that the question of workmen's compensation and various labor troubles in the State were referred to Mr. Mitchell for the Governor's guidance.

SAVES TWO IN SUBWAY POOL.

Contractor and Employe Rescued from Ten Feet of Water.

Nicholas Reilly, employed by Carpenter, Boxley & Herrick, contractors, who are excavating for the southernmost end of the new Fourth Avenue Subway in Brooklyn, fell off a platform over the excavation at Fourth Avenue and Eighty-sixth Street about 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon and landed in a pool of water some ten feet in depth, the surface of which was fifteen or twenty feet below the platform on which Reilly was working a pump.

The soil is soft and the spot is not much above high-water mark. As a result, the contractors have been bothered considerably by water gathering in the bottom of the excavation, and the rain yesterday added to the water usually beneath the pumping station.

Caius Carpenter, one of the firm, seeing Reilly fall, plunged in after him when the workman rose to the surface and shouted for help. Reilly could not swim, and he had sunk several times when Carpenter made his leap. The contractor wore heavy hip boots of rubber, and his long jump sent him into the pool with such force that he sank to the bottom, where his boots caught in the soft mud.

Overhead a crowd of laborers and engineers watched and when Carpenter failed to come to the surface Ray Chisholm, a young engineer, pulled off his own heavy boots and, profiting by Carpenter's misfortune, dived instead of jumping after him.

Chisholm hit the water well, and presently found Carpenter in the mud below. He dived for him and dragged the man to the surface, half senseless. Those above dropped down the tackle, rigged with a block to haul out the mud, and Chisholm made the rope fast around Carpenter. While others were hauling him out, Chisholm dived again and found Reilly.

The latter was unconscious and Dr. Matthews hurried him and Carpenter to the Norwegian Hospital. Later the contractor was able to leave for his home, but Reilly's condition was said to be serious. Chisholm was unhurt in making the rescues.

18 MORE STRIKERS FREED.

Gov. Hatfield Releases Prisoners and Says Trouble Is Nearing End.

Special to The New York Times.

CHARLESTON, West Va., March 20.—Gov. Hatfield went to the strike zone today aboard a special train, accompanied by Attorney General Lilly, James Lakin, President of the State Board of Control, and State Senator W. Scott Meredith. The Governor spent most of the day at Pratt, and ordered the release of eighteen military prisoners, making twenty-eight in all he has liberated in two days.

All of the liberated men told the Governor they would engage in no more rioting. The Governor was greeted with enthusiasm wherever he stopped, the strikers being especially demonstrative.

"In visiting the strike zone I had no purpose other than to assure the men that they would get justice in military courts," said the Governor. He was distinctly optimistic when he returned to Charleston to-night, and said the outlook for peace was bright.

John P. White, President of the United Mine Workers, left town to-day without having conferred with the Governor. He issued no call for a general strike of non-union miners, and it is doubtful whether the men would heed such a call.

Among the prisoners liberated to-day were three of the forty-nine who recently were tried on conspiracy and murder charges. They are Charles Batley and Paul Paulson, National organizers of the United Mine Workers of America, and Charles Gillespie.

TWO BOY FISHERMEN DROWN.

Out with Shad Net Opposite Trenton, Their Boat Sinks.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., March 20.—Their small rowboat suddenly sinking, two boys, John and Paul Ohl, were drowned at an early hour this morning in the Delaware River between this city and Morrisville.

The boys started out from the Lalor Street wharf here to fish for shad, taking with them a patched net that had been discarded by older fishermen. When they reached the middle of the river their craft sank, and the boys went down with it. Fishermen at once went to the spot, and recovered the bodies in nets after several hours' work.

$2,000,000 GRAFT IN THE OLD TENDERLOIN

This Sum Collected Yearly in the Third Inspection District, Whitman Workers Learn.

DWARFS HARLEM HARVEST

Confession Offers Made by Two ex-Inspectors, Not One—Wire Tapping Investigation.

Revelations have come to the District Attorney which make the Harlem graft collections seem small. These revelations concern crooked transactions between the police and proprietors of every kind of illegal resort that ever flourished in the lower Tenderloin. The particular section canvassed by the District Attorney's staff is the Third Inspection District, consisting of a complete cross section of Manhattan between Fourteenth and Forty-second Streets. Figures obtained by the District Attorney's workers show that up to the time of the murder of Herman Rosenthal no less than $2,000,000 was collected in that district annually. The figure used to express the grafting in the Harlem district was $250,000 a year.

The Third Inspection District was regarded until last Summer as the most privileged section of the city, where any proprietor of a disreputable resort might open for business provided he "fixed" the police regularly every month. There were no limitations, it was explained yesterday. Nothing was too bad for that district, and the only kinds of resorts that failed to do a land office business there were the disorderly flats. Even after the Rosenthal murder some graft collections continued. A man thoroughly conversant with the disorderly conditions that prevailed in the district said yesterday it was not until the police shake-up in the district that the collection of graft between Fourteenth and Forty-second Streets was put at an end.

When the shake-up came Inspector Lahey was moved downtown as commander of the Second Inspection District. In his place was put Inspector Gillen, formerly Captain of the East Fifty-first Street station. It was said on authority yesterday that the Third Inspection District had never been "cleaner" than it is to-day. The cases concerning which the District Attorney has information all relate to graft collections prior to July last. It was intimated that informers equally as competent as Mrs. Mary Goode were working with the District Attorney's staff to run down the high police officials responsible for the shocking graft conditions.

Who Paid the $2,000,000?

According to this information, there were in this district during the "good" season twenty-five large gambling houses paying $1,000 each monthly, fifty smaller gambling houses paying $300, fifty-two disorderly resorts, members of the "vice trust," paying $600; forty "independent" disorderly resorts paying $400, twenty "independent" disorderly hotels paying $300, fifty disorderly flats, each paying $50; 1,500 saloons paying $10, twenty stuss and crap rooms paying $150, thirty wheel houses paying $500, eighteen all-night cafes paying $500, and twelve all-night cabarets paying $300.

In addition, it is said, the proprietors of disorderly resorts and gambling houses regularly paid out more than $20,000 a month as "luck money." This money, it is explained, was not paid to the recognized collectors, but went in odd amounts to as many as sixteen men, who posed as "being in right" with certain high police officials. These men aimed to get $1,000 each for themselves every month, and were required to have a few hundred dollars additional for their favored assistants. There were only four recognized collectors, two being civilians and two uniformed members of the Police Department. The recipients of the "luck money" were in every case members of the police force.

Prominent Tammany Hall officials, it is asserted, played an important rôle in demanding money from disorderly resort keepers in the lower Tenderloin. A TIMES reporter was told yesterday of one case in which a Tammany Hall leader sent out one of his Captains to collect money for thirty "rooters," who desired to go to the last Democratic Convention in Baltimore. This Captain, it was said, collected $3,250 for his men without much difficulty. There was plenty of money in existence in the "good" days, and the resort keepers learned that it paid to be liberal toward all who had any kind of "influence" to prevent a breaking up of the disorderly resort and gambling house business.

Wire Tapping Investigation.

Another line of graft investigation which the District Attorney's office has been taking up concerns the wire-tapping business. Assistant District Attorney James E. Smith admitted yesterday that one of the most notorious wire tappers in the business, who for many years worked his "game" successfully in West Forty-second Street, had come to him and had given him much valuable information. It was intimated that this man was on the verge of turning State's evidence in return for promised immunity.

The clearing house for the wire tapping graft, it is said, centred in a Police Headquarters official and an ex-Inspector who at one time had a berth in Headquarters. The local Inspectors and other subordinate police officials in the Third Inspection District, it was explained, never figured in the collection of graft from the wire tappers for the very reason that all arrests in such cases were made directly under the supervision of Headquarters officials. The man who confessed to Assistant District Attorney Smith, it was learned, had an interest in a saloon near Sixth Avenue and Forty-second Street. It was in this saloon, it was said, that wire tapping was permitted with the sanction of the police. The man told Mr. Smith that he had been "double crossed" by his own associates and that he would be willing to do anything to "get even."

TWO INSPECTORS WEAKEN.

Pair of Confessions, Not One, Offered to Whitman.

District Attorney Whitman before leaving for Albany yesterday afternoon refused to give out the name of the ex-Inspector who had called on him Wednesday night at his home in an effort to get terms for a confession of his graft transactions in the Sixth Inspection District. All that Mr. Whitman would say was that he would have another conference with this ex-Inspector in the near future.

It developed, however, that the man who sought out the District Attorney at his

Continued on Page 2.

BIG FEATURES.

Sir A. Conan Doyle
on England's next war.

* * *

Ex-Sultan of Turkey
writes of women.

* * *

Fire Commissioner Johnson
on prevention work.

* * *

August Strindberg
An unpublished story.

* * *

Maurice Maeterlinck
on "After Death, What?"

* * *

Nahum Sokolow
a pen picture: "Exile."

* * *

As well as eight gems of the Morgan picture collection in full color in
NEXT SUNDAY'S TIMES.

ASKS ELIOT TO TAKE EMBASSY IN LONDON

President Wishes United States to be Represented by Harvard's Former Head.

PICKS GUTHRIE FOR MEXICO

Gerard, Osborn, Thomas, Page, Penfield, Low, and Others Considered for Diplomatic Honors.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 20.—It virtually was admitted in Administration circles to-night that the post of Ambassador to the Court of St. James's had been offered to Dr. Charles W. Eliot, President Emeritus of Harvard University. The most definite specific statement made in a way to be regarded as official was that the name of Dr. Eliot was under consideration by President Wilson for that important diplomatic mission.

Four years ago the London diplomatic post was offered to Dr. Eliot by President Taft, but he declined it. When in Washington recently Dr. Eliot denied he had been asked to become Ambassador to Great Britain, but declined to say whether he had been urged to accept any other diplomatic office. That was prior to the action of President Wilson in asking Richard Olney of Boston, formerly Secretary of State, to become Ambassador to the Court of St. James's. Mr. Olney declined.

The President is eager to name for London a man of distinguished professional service who will be received cordially by the British Government and people on account of his standing and ability. It is said here that he desires to choose an Ambassador in New England.

George W. Guthrie, Democratic State Chairman of Pennsylvania and formerly Mayor of Pittsburgh, has been selected to be Ambassador to Mexico. That information came from close friends of President Wilson to-night. From the same sources it was learned that Justice James W. Gerard of New York was a likely choice for Ambassador to Italy, and that William Church Osborn of the same city, Augustus Thomas, playwright, and possibly Thomas Nelson Page of Virginia would be Ambassadors to other European Courts.

No one has been decided on for Ambassador to Japan. Frederic C. Penfield of Germantown, Penn.; Seth Low, formerly Mayor of New York, and Joseph E. Willard are under consideration for prominent places in the diplomatic service. To John R. Mott, the Young Men's Christian Association leader, has been offered the post of Minister to China. Though he has declined, he is being urged strongly to reconsider his decision.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., March 20.—"I have no information to give about that Ambassadorship. All information must be obtained at the other end of the line," said Dr. Charles W. Eliot, President Emeritus of Harvard, to-night. Dr. Eliot had been asked for a statement on his attitude toward a diplomatic appointment.

He celebrated his seventy-ninth birthday in his home to-day.

Friends in this city to-night agreed that Dr. Eliot probably would accept the Ambassadorship. Immediately on the refusal of Richard Olney to take the post President Wilson wrote to Dr. Eliot, urging on him the necessity of accepting it. Before that the President had a talk with Dr. Eliot, in which Mr. Wilson said the two names which presented themselves to his most favorable consideration were those of Eliot and Olney. Dr. Eliot told the President he had an aversion to living abroad and would prefer that the appointment be offered to Mr. Olney. In the event of Olney's refusal, Dr. Eliot said it was barely probable he would consent to take the position.

The educator's friends thought Dr. Eliot would feel bound to accept President Wilson's offer now.

McCombs Decides To-day.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 20.—William F. McCombs, Chairman of the Democratic National Committee, came back to Washington to-night from New York. He will see President Wilson to-morrow and give his final answer to the President's repeated requests that Mr. McCombs accept the office of Ambassador to France. An announcement that he will take the Ambassadorship is expected.

BOMB WRECKS A STORE.

Set Off in Early Morning at a Prince Street Tenement.

Under cover of the heavy fog a bomb was placed in the doorway of the men's furnishing store on the ground floor of the tenement house at 20 and 22 Prince Street early this morning while detectives were in the neighborhood looking for such an event to take place. The explosion was heard for several blocks.

The bomb wrecked the front of the store and blew out the windows in the tenement above, owned by Michael Vallino, who is reputed to be well-to-do, and, according to the police, admits having received threatening letters. The front of a vacant store adjoining was wrecked and the windows in the tenement house across the way were blown out.

Tenants from all of the tenement houses swarmed to the street, until they were ordered back by the reserves from the Mulberry Street Station. No one was injured.

DONATES $650,000 TO WELFARE WORK

Mrs. Anderson Gives a Fund to Promote Cleanliness, Sanitation, and Pure Food.

AIMS TO PREVENT SICKNESS

And Thus Diminish Poverty—New Department to be Separate from Other Poor Society Activities.

Mrs. Elizabeth Milbank Anderson, wife of Abraham Archibald Anderson, the artist, of 6 East Thirty-eighth Street, and a daughter of the late Jeremiah Milbank, who, beginning business as a grocer, became a banker and left at his death a fortune of $10,000,000, which was divided equally between Mrs. Anderson and her brother, Joseph, has added a gift of $650,000 to the many donations made by her and her brothers, which in the last ten years have approached close to $5,000,000. This latest gift goes to the New York Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor on terms drawn by Mrs. Anderson and outlined by her in a letter sent to R. Fulton Cutting, President of the association, on March 5. In her letter Mrs. Anderson said:

"I fully appreciate the necessity for ministering to the physical needs of the sick, disabled, and unfortunate, but in undertaking the work outlined in this letter I wish to make it clear that the proposed Department of Social Welfare is to concern itself, in so far as it employs funds supplied by me, with a social programme based upon preventive and constructive measures.

"Generally speaking, therefore, this programme should include those activities which are calculated to prevent sickness and thus diminish poverty, such, for example, as the promotion of cleanliness and sanitation and aid in securing a proper food supply. In this connection your association will doubtless find it advisable, in some cases, to co-operate with public authorities and with existing agencies having similar objects in view where such agencies are practicing approved methods in fulfilling their purposes, while in other cases it may probably be necessary to establish the work as a new enterprise, and in still other cases it will perhaps be prudent to devote some time and money to investigation and research before assurances can be given that any proposed measure will accomplish the object sought to be attained.

"With the funds at your disposal I would expect you to create the proposed Department of Social Welfare and to distribute the enterprises to be conducted under its supervision among at least three sub-departments or committees, one dealing with matters pertaining to public health and hygiene, one dealing with matters pertaining to the welfare of school children, and one with matters pertaining to food supply."

In announcing the acceptance of this gift by the Board of Managers, John A. Kingsbury, general agent of the association, added some details to the programme outlined by Mrs. Anderson. He said:

"The Department of Social Welfare will be under the direction of the Board of Managers, but will be entirely separate from all A. I. C. P. relief activities. No part of the gift will be used for relief or fresh air work of any kind. These departments will continue as heretofore to need the generous support of many voluntary contributors, of which the association now has more than 9,000.

"A tentative programme of the social work to be undertaken has been outlined. A Committee on Public Health and Hygiene will, among other things, continue the public bath work which the association started in 1891. It will have supervision over the Milbank Memorial Baths in East Thirty-eighth Street, and will co-operate with the city in endeavoring to popularize the public bathing facilities throughout the city so as to increase their usefulness, and in an effort to make the floating baths sanitary. A study will be made by the comittee of the present needs of the city in regard to public comfort stations and public laundries in the congested districts. An allied activity will be an educational campaign in New York for the extermination of common disease carriers, such as the house fly and the roach.

"It is Mrs. Anderson's desire that the Committee on the Welfare of School Children make a searching and thoroughly scientific inquiry into the subject of ventilation of school buildings and other public buildings in New York. For this purpose a committee of experts will be organized for independent research and experimental work.

"The Committee on the Welfare of School Children will enable the School Lunch Committee, which had been about to discontinue, to extend and broaden the admirable work of serving hot lunches at approximately cost to school children, in accordance with the policy of co-operation between the Board of Education and the School Lunch Committee, which has been successful for several years. With this support, it is expected that the School Lunch Committee will be able by the beginning of the next school year to serve lunches to the children of approximately fourteen schools instead of seven as at present.

"The problem of extending and improving the present system of medical inspection of school children, and of increasing the clinic facilities for the treatment of physical defects of school children, especially of the teeth, will be taken up by the committee in co-operation with existing agencies. More sanitary methods of cleaning school rooms and of providing sanitary drinking fountains also will be considered by the committee.

"Mrs. Anderson has also suggested considering the introduction of public bake shops in this city, which she believes have been very successful abroad.

"The programme of the Committee on Food Supply so far as it has been outlined includes an investigation concerning the scientific production of various articles of food, its purchase in larger quantities, its scientific storage, its efficient and honest handling, and the latest facts as to relative food values. The object of this inquiry will be to ascertain how the cost of food can be reduced to the consumer and its nourishing qualities increased.

"The association expects to organize its new department at once, and within a few days will announce the selection of a director."

Mrs. Anderson's public gifts have frequently been in aid of women. She and her brother, Joseph, have been warm friends of Barnard College, and have given more than $3,000,000 to that institution. Mrs. Anderson gave $500,000 in 1909 to the Children's Aid Society, erected the Milbank Baths in memory of her father, and gave a library and a hospital to the town of Greenwich, Conn., where she and her husband have their Summer home.

EX-GOV. BLACK NEAR DEATH.

Steadily Growing Weaker and the End May Come at Any Time.

Special to The New York Times.

TROY, March 20.—Ex-Gov. Frank S. Black is in an unconscious condition tonight and his death is expected at any time. The physicians said to-night that Mr. Black might live until to-morrow.

Mr. Black began to grow weaker yesterday. Early this morning he lapsed into a state of unconsciousness and remained in that condition throughout the day. He is steadily growing weaker.

THE POPE UP AND ABOUT.

Able to Leave His Bedroom, and Receives del Val and Other Prelates.

ROME, March 20.—The condition of Pope Pius is improving rapidly. To-day, for the first time since his indisposition, he was up during almost the entire day. He even left his bedroom and went into the adjoining study, and he also took a meal in his dining room without feeling unduly tired.

Besides receiving Cardinal Merry del Val, the Papal Secretary of State, his Holiness gave an audience to an Italian Archbishop and to a Bishop who had urgent matters to discuss with him before returning to their respective dioceses.

The Pontiff has expressed a desire to see Gen. Porfirio Diaz, ex-President of Mexico, if the latter is able to remain in Rome till after Easter. Prof. Ettore Marchiafava, the Pope's consulting physician, absolutely refused to allow the Pope to receive Gen. Diaz to-day, as he considered that it would be dangerous owing to his Holiness's weakened condition.

RUIN PICTURES WITH EGGS.

Disappointed Thieves Also Pour Milk Over Carpets.

Angry at having found only $30 as a reward for their raid, thieves destroyed yesterday afternoon several valuable oil paintings in the home of F. C. Howland, 388 Theresa Lane, Silver Lake Heights, S. I. After they had smeared a dozen eggs over the paintings, they poured milk on the furniture and carpets.

There was no one in the house when the thieves forced their way in by means of a rear door. They ransacked the place from top to bottom, but obtained only $30 in cash. In the kitchen they found the eggs and milk, and with this "ammunition" did all the damage they could.

Last night the family returned to the house and found the drawing room furniture and paintings destroyed. The police were notified, but have no trace of the thieves. Neighbors said they saw a couple of suspicious-looking young men in the vicinity, but took no notice of them.

BOYS HAD CASH AND GEMS.

Some Marked "B" and Given to Them by Another Boy—All Arrested.

Two well-dressed boys attracted the attention of Detectives Donnelly, Quinn, and Byruns of the West 100th Street Station last night at Columbus Avenue and 104th Street, by an unusual display of jewelry and other evidences of prosperity. Seeing that each of the boys had a roll of bills, the detectives went over to them, and Donnelly laughingly remarked:

"You look like a couple of rich kids."

"We sure are," one of them said. "We're wealthy guys. We've got rings on our fingers, and—see this!"

Both held up substantial-looking rolls of $100 bills and twenties.

The boys were taken to the West 100th Street Station, where they said they are William Stein of 871 Columbus Avenue and Joseph Scott of the same address. Both are messenger boys. Six diamond rings, jewelry marked "B," and $400 in cash were found on them.

The boys said they got the jewelry from another boy in an apartment at 159 West 109th Street. Here James Reilly, 17, was arrested. He had jewelry marked "Beetler," "E. B.," and "B."

GOVERNOR SHUT BEACH CLUB

Bryan Did Not Suggest Florida Gambling Inquiry.

Special to The New York Times.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., March 20.—The early approach of Easter and the departure of wealthy patrons were the reasons assigned by the managers of the Palm Beach Club at Palm Beach when its doors suddenly closed for the season a week ago. Usually its season continues until the middle of April. As a matter of fact, correspondence between Gov. Park Trammell and Sheriff Baker of Palm Beach County resulted in the issue of orders to the Sheriff to make a complete investigation of reports of gambling.

The investigation was ordered after Sheriff Baker had told the Governor that he had carefully looked into all charges made about gambling at Palm Beach, but found no violations of the law. There was a general exodus of attachés of the club and patrons when it was learned that Gov. Trammell was pushing matters.

The Palm Beach Club admits as members only persons at least 25 years of age and non-residents of Florida. Sheriff Baker of Palm Beach has been for months attacked by the Law and Order League because he was unable to get evidence against the club.

In reply to an inquiry by THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent, the Governor sent this message:

> Tallahasse, Fla., March 20.
>
> I had no information or suggestion from Bryan relative to alleged gambling. Of my own accord I issued orders to Sheriff to strictly enforce law and arrest any guilty of infractions thereof.
>
> PARK TRAMMELL, Governor.

YOUNG COUPLE HELD UP.

Highwaymen Attack Two Victims at Once in Central Park.

Two men held up and robbed last night a young man and woman in Central Park at the point of pistols near the Fifth Avenue and 105th Street entrance. The gunmen escaped, after taking a gold watch and chain and a gold medal from Michael Murphy, 20 years old, a clerk, of 224 West 116th Street, and a small sum of money from Marion Dougherty, 18 years old, of 231 West 116th Street.

Murphy and Miss Dougherty were sitting on a bench when the two men approached them.

"Hold up your hands," said one of them.

One of the men took Murphy's watch and chain and the medal, and finding nothing else of value turned his attention to Miss Dougherty. A bracelet dangled from Miss Dougherty's left wrist, and one of the holdup men grabbed it. Looking it over the fellow, with a show of contempt, said:

"It's no good. Couldn't get any money on it in a hock shop."

"Then throw it back," order the other man, and the one with the bracelet threw it into the young woman's face. Murphy struck the man and the other hit Murphy on the head with the butt of his pistol. Miss Dougherty screamed and the highwaymen scampered off in the fog.

ANGOSTURA BITTERS to flavor jellies, ices, fruits, lemonade, ginger ale, and grape fruit.—Adv.

ADMIRAL'S WIDOW IN CELL AS SLAYER

Mrs. Eaton Leaves Home Thinking She Is a Witness, and Is Charged with Murder.

POISON FOUND IN STOMACH

District Attorney Knew of Chemist's Discovery Several Days Ago—Hint of New Arrest.

PRISONER MAY NOT BE TRIED

Relative of Two Presidents Perhaps Will Be Examined by Sanity Commission—Pleads Not Guilty.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, March 20.—Accused of killing Rear Admiral Joseph G. Eaton with arsenical poison, Mrs. Jennie May Harrison Eaton, his widow, 45 years old, was arrested to-day by Plymouth County officials. She was held without bail for a hearing on March 28. It was intimated to-night that Mrs. Eaton might not be placed on trial. The possible appointment of a commission to pass on her sanity was suggested.

State Detective Scott said to-night that another arrest in the case was possible.

Reading of the complaint was waived by Mrs. Eaton's counsel when the prisoner, showing signs of tears and collapse, had nerved herself for arraignment. She pleaded "not guilty." Soon afterward she was on her way to jail in Plymouth to await a further hearing on the charge against her.

When the hour arrived for the resumption of the Eaton inquest in Hingham, State Officer John Scott of Rockland County and Deputy Sheriff John T. Condon of the same place, officials who had done the principal detective work for District Attorney Barker, entered a limousine and hurried to the Eaton home in Assinippi. The widow was engaged in household work when they arrived. After she put on her mourning apparel the three entered the limousine and went to Hingham.

Mrs. Eaton, it is understood, was not informed by the officers at that time that she was a prisoner. She assumed she was wanted to testify at the inquest. It was District Attorney Barker who enlightened the crowd outside the courtroom.

Announces Murder Charge.

"Mrs. Eaton is not attending the inquest," he said. "She is under arrest for the murder of her husband. Admiral Joseph Giles Eaton did not die a natural death. This fact was communicated to me by Prof. William F. Whitney of Harvard in a preliminary oral report on March 10. It was known to the officers who worked on the case after that time. Certain peculiar features made it impossible for the authorities to communicate that fact to the public. We are unable to say where the poison was bought."

"What was the poison?" the District Attorney was asked.

"Some form of arsenic," he replied.

Francis J. Geogan, who recently was engaged by Mrs. Eaton as her attorney, was summoned by the District Attorney. He talked with his client in the Judge's office before the court was opened.

Mrs. Eaton is tall and matronly. In her sombre gown, she was of striking appearance. As she walked to a seat in the courtroom, tears stood in her eyes. When she faced the onlookers, she made an effort at self-control, and soon achieved it. Then she walked heavily to the clerk's private office. Mr. Geogan followed and the door was closed.

When Mrs. Eaton had been taken to jail in an automobile, the inquest was resumed.

The Plymouth County Court meets only three times a year, but Mr. Barker came to Boston this afternoon to consult Chief Justice Aiken, and it is thought a special Grand Jury will be called next week for the Eaton case. News of the widow's arrest was taken to her two daughters, June Ainsworth Keyes of Boston and Miss Dorothy Ainsworth in her home in Assinippi. Their grandmother, Mrs. George Harrison, was grieved by the dread that her testimony at the inquest led to her daughter's arrest.

Related to Two Presidents.

Mrs. Eaton is a descendant of President William Henry Harrison and a cousin of President Benjamin Harrison. She once was the wife of D. H. Ainsworth, a clerk of the United States Senate, and was popular in Washington society. After a divorce she became the second wife of a retired Rear Admiral of the United States Navy. She was born in Alexandria, Va. Her elder daughter, Mrs. Ralph P. Keyes, was 20 years old last Fall.

Following her divorce, in 1905, Mrs. Ainsworth became a nurse and companion in Washington for Admiral Eaton and his first wife, who was Mary Anne Varnum of Dracut, Mass. The first Mrs. Eaton died in Mrs. Ainsworth's arms, according to a statement made by the present defendant not long ago. The widow quoted her predecessor as saying:

"Take care of Joe. Marry him, my dear, and make him good. You're a good woman, and if Joe behaves as he should you'll make him happy."

Contradicting the Admiral's assertion that he thought she was a widow, Mrs. Eaton said in the same statement:

"He also knew and met my children, and, after knowing all about me, lived in the house where I nursed him as well as his wife. The Admiral at this time was under the influence of liquor all the time, and was quite as much care as his dear wife.

"I cured all that and, after getting him back to health and free from intoxication, he went with me and got my divorce, which was procured for me by my family, and then and not until then were we married. So the Admiral is off when he states he met me in Chicago and thought me a widow."

Admiral Eaton and Mrs. Ainsworth were married not many months after the first Mrs. Eaton died. It was said the Admiral asserted that when he married Mrs. Ainsworth he thought she was a widow instead of a divorced woman.

Mrs. Eaton denied that statement. In a brief estrangement from his wife four years ago the Admiral said:

"I met Mrs. Ainsworth in Chicago, and at that time thought she was a widow. At that time, however, she was not actually divorced from her husband. It was not until just before my marriage that I learned she had a husband. Then she told me that her husband was alive and that she had just obtained a divorce from him.

"During the time when I paid attention to her, knowing her circumstances and thinking that her husband was dead, I helped toward the support of herself and children, giving her money, though at the time I did not know for what purpose she was using it. After the marriage I learned inadvertently that I had been paying for the divorce proceedings which she had instituted against her husband.

Said He Gave Her Money.

"I married her because I had said I would, and was too much of a gentleman to withdraw my promise. She has always been a good wife."

After their marriage the admiral and his second wife moved to Brookline. Soon afterward Admiral Eaton met financial reverses, and in his last days he lived on a poultry farm in Norwell. His principal income was from his allowance as a retired naval officer, which amounted to $4,000 a year. It is understood his estate was represented largely by a life insurance policy for $6,000.

Disappointed that a child had not been born to them, the Admiral about two years after his second marriage secretly adopted an infant which he proclaimed as his own. The deception was successful for a time, but the baby died when a few months old. Mrs. Eaton charged that the infant had been poisoned. An examination of the stomach was made. No poison was found. As a result of her charge, Mrs. Eaton was estranged from her husband for a short period. Then they were reconciled. With them lived the two daughters of Mrs. Eaton by her earlier marriage, June and Dorothy.

Ainsworth, Mrs. Eaton's first husband, renewed friendly relations with the family and was an occasional visitor in the home. There were occasional differences and Mrs. Eaton stated that her husband was much interested in drugs and their effect on persons, and that he devoted much of his time to strange experiments.

The flag of the Kearsarge Association of Naval Veterans of Boston will wave over the grave of the Admiral in Dracut. The association made known to-day its regret that no naval honor had been paid to the dead officer, and announced that it would mark his resting place with its colors.

Arrest Interests Washington.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 20.—The arrest of Mrs. Eaton, widow of Rear Admiral Joseph Giles Eaton in Hingham, Mass., on a charge of murdering her husband by poison has aroused grat interest in Washington. Rear Admiral Eaton was well known here. There is doubt as to Mrs. Eaton's relationship to President Benjamin Harrison. Gen. Harrison's family tree, it was pointed out here to-night by Mrs. Russell B. Harrison, his daugter-in-law, did not contain the name of any George W. Harrison. President Harrison came from that branch of the Harrisons of Virginia which lived along the James River. Mrs. Eaton comes from a Harrison family well known around Northern Virginia, but not in the James River country.

Search of records failed to prove that Mrs. Eaton's first husband, D. H. Ainsworth, once was a clerk connected with the United States Senate. There are many clerks about the Senate. Every committee Chairman—and there are about fifty committees—has a clerk and some have several. Old Senate employes who failed to recall Ainsworth said he must have been employed only a short time as assistant clerk to a committee.

Though Mrs. Eaton formerly lived in Washington and was said to have met Admiral Eaton here, no one was found who seemed to know much about her. Friends of Admiral Eaton, however, recalled the notoriety which came to the couple in August, 1909, when Mrs. Eaton accused the Admiral of having poisoned his adopted baby son. At that time the Admiral said:

"My wife and the girl June have accused me of attempting to poison them so many times that the accusation after a while lost its weight and became merely a joke, and then the joke became a tragedy. The little boy is dead and I had hoped that he would live and enter the navy.

"My wife says a calf was poisoned. The calf wandered into a potato patch and browsed on vines steeped with poison. My wife asserts she at one time found poison tablets in her tea. I remember the incident well. She had been complaining of sore throat. I gave her several chlorate of potash tablets. A little later she accused me of trying to poison her. She must have believed I carried in my pockets a perfect arsenal of East Indian drugs. The charge that I attempted to poison her and June by poisoned perfumery or tooth powder is absurd."

Mrs. Eaton's statement at that time that she had a sister who was "one of the society leaders of Washington" was investigated by the newspapers in this city, but they failed to corroborate it in the absence of the name of that sister. Mrs. Eaton lived in the part of Washington known as Georgetown, when she was here as Mrs. Ainsworth.

FARNUM IN PICTURE PLAYS.

Actor Says He Will Leave the Stage to Produce Moving Pictures.

Special to The New York Times.

RICHMOND, Va., March 20.—"I am weary of the actor's life," said Dustin Farnum, who appeared in "The Littlest Rebel" at the Academy of Music here to-night. "I'm thinking of launching a motion picture manufacturing business. I have a country place near San Diego, Cal., and I shall go there and establish my manufacturing plant, my business office and my home."

Asked if he had given notice to A. H. Woods, under whose supervision he is touring this season, Mr. Farnum said:

"My contract with Mr. Woods expires on Saturday night, and the tour closes here. I shall be bound by no more contracts. My last performance on any stage will be here."

Advertisement of
JOHN DAVID
Edited by Braunach

SELF-PRAISE in print reminds one of Oliver Wendell Holmes and "metaphysics." Said he: "Metaphysics is like splitting a log. When you're done, you've two more to split." Praising *Stein-Bloch* Clothes is whitening snow or tinting a sunset. The fame of these clothes *spans the ocean.* They're sold in London cheek by jowl with the flower of British tailoring. High time to own *your* Stein-Bloch Spring Suit or Topcoat.

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GOV. SULZER TO SET BOUNDS FOR MURPHY

To Issue a Statement Which Friends Call Proclamation of Political Emancipation.

PLANS COUNTY AUTONOMY

Special Session Overhangs Unless Sulzer's Bills Pass and Appointments Are Confirmed.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, March 20.—In a formal statement which will be made public early next week, Gov. Sulzer intends to tell Charles F. Murphy what is "his real place," and also to define his own attitude toward the Democratic organization. Gov. Sulzer in this statement, it is learned, will say again as he said shortly after he took office, that he, not Mr. Murphy, is the Democratic leader of the State of New York.

Gov. Sulzer will say flatly that the day of an "invisible Government" at the State Capitol has come to an end. While he is Governor the affairs of the State will be conducted from the Executive Chamber, not as has been the common practice since the Democrats got the power from Tammany Hall. A "visible Government" in which the party leadership and the responsibility assumed with the oath of office go together, Gov. Sulzer will say, is the principle which will govern his administration.

From what can be learned regarding the Governor's plans to-night, it seems likely that, while this statement will be in the nature of a new declaration of independence of Tammany and boss influence as a whole, it will not be bitter or belligerent. It will not be a declaration of war, but rather a notice that Gov. Sulzer is prepared for any trouble that may come, that he intends to stand by his guns and feels convinced that the people will be with him when his real sentiments are understood.

Gov. Sulzer, it was learned to-night, thought the present time opportune for issuing this statement, because of the important questions which necessarily must come up for settlement during the few weeks that will intervene before the Legislature adjourns.

Sulzer's Plan as to Extra Session.

The date of final adjournment of the Legislature has been fixed tentatively for the third week of April. Unless the Legislature adopts the various reform measures Gov. Sulzer has recommended, and the Senate confirms the Governor's nominees for nearly a dozen of the most important offices in the State service, he will be confronted with the necessity of calling the Legislature back in extra session. This action the Governor desires to avoid, partly because it would involve an extra expense to the State, and partly because the Governor has planned to do much important work of a special nature during the Summer months. Gov. Sulzer believes that by letting the people of the State know just where he stands at the present time the tense situation at the Capitol will be relieved.

Persons who are in the Governor's confidence say that in his statement he will make it clear to Democrats all over the State that he is a firm believer in the political autonomy of the county, which is the recognized political unit, and that it will not be necessary for future office seekers from up-State to take the long trip down to New York City for the purpose of getting the indorsement of Tammany Leader Murphy.

This was a practice established two years ago, when Gov. Dix took office. Gov. Sulzer's predecessor almost invariably insisted on the O. K. of the organization on his appointments. On one or two occasions he departed from this policy, only to find that the organization would stand for no exceptions to the rule, when the Senate, dominated by Tammany Hall, failed to confirm his personal appointees.

Gov. Sulzer has been very much annoyed by finding that the same practice, despite his talk about independence, has been followed by men seeking public office during his Administration. It is believed that the Governor, in his statement, will say that recommendations from Fourteenth Street, New York City, accompanying applications from Buffalo, Syracuse, or Rochester, will hurt, not help, the applicant.

Boundaries for Murphy.

Gov. Sulzer, it is believed, will go even further. He will insist that so far as State patronage is concerned Mr. Murphy must not cross the Brooklyn Bridge, even though it is generally admitted that the Kings County Democratic organization under the leadership of John H. McCooey is a political annex of Tammany Hall. The county autonomy principle will be applied by Gov. Sulzer to New York City in the distribution of patronage as rigidly as he intends to apply it up-State. This will mean that the Murphy influence in patronage matters will be limited to Manhattan, and that Tammany will be cut off not only from the Bronx, but also from Brooklyn, and from Richmond, where the word of the Tammany boss has been law in the past. In Queens, it is understood, Borough President Connolly will be recognized at the Capitol as the leader.

Friends of Gov. Sulzer believe that his message to the people will fall on waiting ears. These friends say that it will be a proclamation of political emancipation. Gov. Sulzer believes that under the county autonomy plan the Tammany grip on the Legislature will be loosened, too. This power has been less abused this session than at any time since the Democrats came into power. Tammany is on its good behavior with a municipal election coming in New York City in the Fall. It is a common thing, however, for up-State Democrats in the Senate to run down to New York at the week-end to consult Boss Murphy, and the Governor has been much disturbed over the practice. He believes that the moment it is realized by Democrats throughout the State that Mr. Murphy's intercession will do no good for any office seeker out of Manhattan, the week-end pilgrimages will cease.

No Governor was ever better fortified for breaking down the present system than is Gov. Sulzer just at present. Among the appointments which will be made in the next few weeks are two Public Service Commissionerships at $15,000 each, both of which will go up-State; a State Superintendent of Prisons at $7,500, a State Highway Commissioner at a salary to be fixed by the Governor not to exceed $10,000, a State Health Commissioner at $12,000, a Labor Commissioner at $8,000, and a State Hospital Commissioner at $6,000. These officials, when appointed, will have the power to appoint hundreds of subordinates.

BONUS FOR OPERA CHORUS.

Its Singing in "Boris Godunoff" Earns It an Honorarium.

General Manager Gatti-Casazza received yesterday a letter from Otto H. Kahn, Chairman of the Metropolitan Opera Directorate, in which he said:

> The chorus singing at yesterday's premiere of "Boris Godunoff" was the best I have ever heard on any operatic stage. In addition to their admirable singing, they acted with much artistic intelligence and skill, and contributed altogether greatly to the high excellence of the performance. I wish you would present to each member of the chorus a suitable money present, and tell them that the Board of Directors is proud of them and thanks them.

Adopting Mr. Kahn's suggestion, Mr. Gatti-Casazza assembled the chorus yesterday morning, and, congratulating them for the excellent work they had done on behalf of himself and Mr. Kahn, made the announcement that each would receive an extra $5 at the end of the week.

$2,000,000 GRAFT IN THE OLD TENDERLOIN

Continued from Page 1.

home for a heart-to-heart talk was not the ex-Inspector who on Tuesday sent two representatives to Mr. Whitman's office to get "terms" for an immunity bath. It is now certain, therefore, that two of the three former Harlem Inspectors over whom indictments are hanging, Hussey, Thompson, and Murtha, have sought the District Attorney's ear. This was an indication, it was pointed out, that the Disrict Attorney's graft trail was now so hot that convictions were expected by these high police officials. It is generally believed, however, that Mr. Whitman will not enter into any agreements for immunity with any one so high up in the Police Department as an Inspector, unless he is assured of getting evidence that will enable him to send his detectives straight into Police Headquarters with bench warrants for one, two, or three Police Headquarters officials.

Hartigan, who has been in the Tombs since his conviction last Saturday for perjury, did not get an opportunity to see Mr. Whitman before the latter left for Albany. The prisoner did win a few more days of grace, however, in that the day for his sentence was again postponed. He was to have been sentenced this morning at 10 o'clock, but Justice Seabury, taking cognizance of Hartigan's wish not to be brought into court on Good Friday, set next Tuesday as the day of sentence. To-day is also Hartigan's birthday. In view of the postponement, it is not considered likely that Mr. Whitman will return to the city until Sunday or Monday. Hartigan's lawyer said yesterday that he would ask for a new trial for his client.

Indictments were handed up to Justice Seabury by the Grand Jury yesterday for Patrolman William J. Smith of 2,106 Tinton Avenue, the Bronx, and Patrolman Victor Meyer of 466 Amsterdam Avenue. Both are charged with bribery in connection with cases brought to Mr. Whitman's attention by Mrs. Rosie Hertz, the owner of a string of disorderly resorts in the First Inspection District. Smith was subsequently arrested in the Morrisania Police Station, and about the same time Lieut. Daniel Curtin, in charge of the station, received word from Police Headquarters that Smith had been suspended from the force. Meyer was awaiting arrest near the Criminal Court Building. Bail was set at $5,000 in each case. Smith went to the Tombs and Meyer was bailed out by his sister, Mrs. Harmina Young of 466 Amsterdam Avenue, who came to court with the cash. Both Smith and Meyer were formerly attached to the staff of Inspector Hayes.

Alexander Nash, a negro, manager of a "club" in West Ninety-ninth Street, appeared before the Grand Jury yesterday as a witness. It is understood that he was asked to testify concerning graft collections by men already under indictment. It was said that his memory proved very faulty and that he had been asked to return next week. The names of John K. Skelly and Solomon Wolf, it was said, came out prominently in his testimony.

The case of Edward J. Newell, the lawyer, who is charged with having handled some of the money which kept George A. Sipp out of the State when he was wanted as a witness, was formally placed on the calendar yesterday for next Thursday. A special panel of 100 talesmen was ordered drawn.

NEW VIEW OF MRS. GOODE.

Mayor Writing Waldo Termed Her Story a Lost Police Asset.

A three-cornered correspondence involving Mrs. Mary Goode, the disorderly resort keeper; Mayor Gaynor, and Police Commissioner Waldo was read into the record at yesterday's hearing of the Curran Committee, and furnished the sensation of the day in City Hall. Of the three letters, that attributed to Mayor Gaynor, although the shortest, proved the most interesting, and Emory R. Buckner, counsel for the committee, caused a stir in the room when he emphasized the phrases which indicated that the Mayor was much displeased because Mrs. Goode had slipped out of the hands of the police and into the hands of Mr. Whitman and the Aldermen.

Mrs. Goode, it appeared, wrote to Mayor Gaynor on Dec. 17, protesting against the delay in the hearing of a charge which had been made against her on Nov. 4. On Dec. 18 Mayor Gaynor sent the letter of Mrs. Goode to Commissioner Waldo and appended his own letter. On Dec. 19 Commissioner Waldo sent a reply to the Mayor. The Mayor, in his letter, said that he regretted that Mrs. Goode was allowed "to fall into the hands of enemies," and added that "it would have done us much good if we had got her story and used it ourselves."

The letter of Mrs. Goode which the Mayor had transmitted to Commissioner Waldo was read by Mr. Buckner as follows:

> Perhaps the following facts will interest you:
>
> I was arrested Nov. 4, brought before Magistrate Breen Nov. 5, and my case postponed until Nov. 15, on which date I was at the District Attorney's office, awaiting my call as a witness against Gyp the Blood, which necessitated another postponement until Nov. 25, when I waived examination before Magistrate Murphy, who warned me, "When you go downtown you tell the absolute truth and you will be protected by the Mayor." My reply was, "Very well, Sir."
>
> I learned you had instructed Commissioner Waldo on Nov. 25 to send for Mary Goode and investigate her case. I waited and watched every day for a summons to Police Headquarters until Dec. 6 arrived, when I received a telephone call from a Mr. Mulvaney, (Patrolman Ed J.,) asking me to come to Brooklyn Headquarters to talk with Commissioner Walsh. The message was not given me personally nor officially. I naturally hesitated about going clear to Brooklyn, a place I knew nothing of, and fearing it might be a decoy, I did not go.
>
> Dec. 9 I learned from my bondsman my case would come up for trial in the Court of Special Sessions the 12th inst., four days distant. My anguish of mind and body was something terrible—jail staring me in the face; no relative or friend in the world to help. In desperation I wrote the District Attorney's office to save me. I had done much for their office and for the Police Department last year on the hold-up cases, and had been of assistance to them within the past few weeks.
>
> The next evening, Dec. 9, Mr. Buckner and ex-Inspector Russell called at my house. I told my story, and was told to appear at the Aldermanic Committee chambers on Wednesday, Dec. 11.
>
> Why, Mr. Mayor, was I not called to Headquarters, as in the case of May Lang and A. Miller, who were notified by Inspector Titus and Capt. Walsh, who were then in command?
>
> Had your instructions been carried out, all this scandal to the city and sorrow to myself would have been avoided.

The Mayor's Letter.

The Mayor's letter, which Mr. Buckner's investigators found in the files at Police Headquarters, read as follows:

> I am inclosing you a letter which Mary Goode has sent me. I regret that her case was not attended to in the way which I would have wished. It would have done us much good if we had got her story and used it ourselves. Instead, she was allowed to fall into the hands of enemies. I could have attended to it myself if necessary. She says she was asked to go away over to Brooklyn to see Walsh. I wish you would inquire how the thing fell through.

Commissioner Waldo in his reply to the Mayor said that he had directed Deputy Commissioner Walsh, who was later made a City Magistrate by Mayor Gaynor, to interview Mrs. Goode. This had been neglected, Mr. Waldo said, through the fault of "Patrolman Mulvaney."

"Mulvaney has been suspended," Mr. Waldo concluded, "and will be placed on trial for failing to carry out instructions."

After the letters had been read Mr. Buckner called Lieut. Zayner, complaint clerk at Police Headquarters, to the stand, and he testified that the Mulvaney referred to, Edward J. Mulvaney, had been suspended on Dec. 19, but that if charges were ever filed against him or if he was placed on trial there was no record of it. Mulvaney was returned to duty, Lieut. Zayner testified, on Dec. 31, and there never was any explanation of the suspension. This was all the more surprising, it was brought out, because Mulvaney was a brother-in-law of the then Deputy Commissioner Walsh. Mr. Buckner added that he had found nothing further to show that Commissioner Waldo had later sent additional information about the case to Mayor Gaynor.

Ignore Citizens' Complaints.

The whole reason for bringing out this case, Mr. Buckner explained, was to show that complaints against policemen were seldom investigated as they should be. Mr. Buckner's said that he had evidence to show that in a great number of cases a complaint against a high police official was submitted for action directly to the official complained of. The ordinary complaint made by a citizen against a policeman, Mr. Buckner declared, was a farce. E. V. O'Daniel, one of Mr. Buckner's staff of investigators, testified that out of 285 complaints against policemen in the last fourteen months in Manhattan 270 had been referred for investigation either to the men comlained of or to their immediate superiors.

One of the complaint letters brought to light was that of John F. Lynch of 575 West 178th Street, a brother-in-law of Charles Becker. This letter was written on Aug. 28, 1911, at the time Becker was seeking promotion to a Captaincy. The letter was sent directly to Mayor Gaynor and was forwarded to Commissioner Waldo.

Lynch, in this letter to the Mayor, accused Becker of attacking his sister and of threatening to shoot her with his revolver. The incident happened in Becker's home, Lynch said, when Mrs. Becker was away. As a postscript Lynch added that Becker had often expressed himself as sorry that the assailant Gallagher had not ended Mayor Gaynor's life.

Commissioner Waldo reported to the Mayor regarding Lynch's letter on Sept. 8, 1911, saying that Lynch's complaint concerned nothing but a "family row."

"Becker has been with me for some time," Mr. Waldo added, "and is doing excellent work."

Mr. Buckner explained that this case was cited to show that Commissioner Waldo also was lax in his method of running down complaints of citizens.

Anti-Segregation Bill Passed.

SACRAMENTO, Cal., March 20.—The California Assembly to-day passed the "Iowa red light injunction and abatement bill," which, by penalizing the owners of property used for immoral purposes, will prevent segregation under police control. The measure is designed to suppress all immoral resorts throughout the State.

WASHINGTON KNOWS MRS. FITZHUGH WELL

Identifies Woman Held Here for Thefts as Catherine Fennell, Who Was in Custody There.

NOT MARRIED TO NORTHROP

And There Is No Record of Randolph Fitzhugh—She Has Been Twice in a Western Asylum.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 20.—The perplexity over the identity of the young woman arrested in New York under the name of "Mrs. Randolph Fitzhugh," charged with a series of thefts, was cleared to-night by Joseph Salomon, an attorney of Washington. Mr. Salomon was employed as counsel for her when she was under arrest in Washington in 1911 and 1912, charged with two cases of false pretense and four cases of petit larceny. At that time she gave her name as "Catherine Fennell," and again as "Catherine Northrop."

The investigations made by the Washington police and by Attorney Salomon at that time, Mr. Salomon said to-night, convinced him that her right name was Catherine Fennell and that she was a daughter of Robert B. Fennell, formerly a patent lawyer in Washington, now said to be in a sanitarium. She has a sister who is a trained nurse at Providence Hospital in Washington.

Concerning her statement that she was the wife of Alfred S. Northrup, a lawyer, who was formerly in the Government service in Washington, and that she had received a remittance from Northrup through Attorney Salomon, the latter said to-night: "There is no truth in that statement. This is the first time to my knowledge that she ever claimed that Mr. Northrup was her husband. It is also untrue that she ever received any remittance through me either from Mr. Northrup or from any other person."

Mr. Salomon said further that Miss Fennell had told him that she was the wife of Randolph Fitzhugh, who, she said, was a midshipman at the Naval Academy at Annapolis and that she had married him when she was sixteen years of age. Mr. Salomon had the records of the Naval Academy for twenty years back searched without being able to find that any Randolph Fitzhugh had been a student there.

The authorities here were lenient with her after learning that she had been twice an inmate of the State Western Insane Asylum at Staunton, Va. They did not regard her mentally responsible for her actions. Capt. Robert Boardman, Chief of the Washington Detective Bureau, said: "Her offenses here were committed in this way: She would go to a store and run up a bill of goods in the name of somebody else, and also she picked up pocketbooks from the store counters."

Though she did not say she was Northrup's wife until arraigned for trial in New York City, she did give her name as "Northrop" when arrested here in 1912. Mr. Salomon to-night pointed out that she spelt her name with an "o," while Northrup spelt his with a "u."

Senate Passes Felony Bail Bill.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, March 20.—In the face of a protest from District Attorney Whitman of New York the Senate passed to-day Senator Boylan's bill permitting Magistrates to admit to bail prisoners accused of any felony except murder. Under the present law Magistrates may accept bail only for misdemeanors or felonies punishable by not more than five years. Senator Brown of Jefferson said that when New York City was suffering from a wave of crime the Legislature was making it easier for criminals to escape.

ASSEMBLY FOR HOME RULE.

Passes Cullen-Levy Bill Giving Wider Powers to Cities.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, March 20.—One of the most effective measures providing home rule for cities was passed to-day by the Assembly. It was the Cullen-Levy bill permitting action by local authorities in many cases now submitted to the Legislature. Senator Cullen said if the bill became a law a third of the measures usually considered by the Cities Committees would not be introduced. The bill gives the local authorities all the freedom possible under the restrictions of the Constitution and the general laws, and harmonizes the special laws now applying to certain cities.

Assemblyman McDaniels introduced another home rule bill to-day. It permits the voters of a city to decide as to the form of city charter which shall be adopted. That will let the government of a city of the second or third class be governed by one municipal agent, by a commission, or by a Mayor and Common Council. The bill outlines certain forms of charters, and provision is made for submission of the choice to the voters.

Both those bills were framed by the Municipal Government Association. The second has long been before the Senate, where it was introduced by Franklin D. Roosevelt.

CAN'T TRY MARINESSEN HERE.

State Learns Holland Won't Give Up Alleged Murderer.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, March 20.—Gov. Sulzer received to-day a telegram from Acting Secretary of State Adee notifying him that William Marinessen, accused of murder in Bayside, who was arrested in Holland, could not be brought back to this State for trial. Mr. Adee's telegram follows:

> Netherlands Government states that Marinessen, being of Dutch nationality, cannot under the naturalization treaty be extradited, but can be prosecuted in Holland for the crime.

Gov. Sulzer commented that it was an unusual condition, and said he would take up the case with Secretary Bryan, with a view to having the treaty changed. The Governor added he would communicate with the District Attorney of Suffolk County to learn whether Marinessen was naturalized or had announced his intention of becoming a citizen.

Several countries of Europe have similar extradition treaties. Three years ago Porter Chandler, an American citizen, was held in this country on the complaint of the Italian Government, which asked for his extradition on a charge of murder. The request was granted in the United States Court, and the appeal is before the Supreme Court. Chandler's attorney held that as Italy would not surrender its citizens charged with committing murder in this country America should not give up Chandler.

WORKMEN ATTACK VOLIVITES.

Probably Fatally Injure Elder, Who Rebuked Them for Smoking.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, March 20.—In an attack at Zion City to-night upon the followers of Wilbur Glenn Voliva, successor to Alexander Dowie, by employes of the Cook electrical plant, an elder of the Zionist Church was probably fatally injured, while scores of Volivites suffered broken heads and battered faces.

The trouble arose over the anti-tobacco crusade, the courts having decided recently that the Volivites had the constitutional right to prohibit the use of tobacco within the city limits. Angered by nine months of prayer and singing outside their plant, the Cook workmen charged the camp of the crusaders to-day and broke up the meeting. Elder W. S. Peckham is in a serious condition as a result of a blow over the heart.

Reinforcements were gathered by the Zionists, but by the time they arrived the Cook employes had marched away victorious.

The Volivites, presenting black eyes and bruised faces, swore out warrants last night for their assailants' arrest.

CHILDREN'S ART FUTURIST.

Uninstructed Boys and Girls Reveal Modernist Tendencies.

Futurist art is an interesting feature in the Teachers' College department of the Eastern Art and Manual Training Teachers' Association Exhibit, whichh opened yesterday in the Twelfth Regiment Armory, Sixty-second Street and Columbus Avenue. The pictures are by children of from 6 to 9 years of age who received large pieces of drawing paper and were told, without further instruction, to draw pictures of a flower garden, the country or Jack and the Bean Stalk. They had expressed themselves in vivid tones and their work is a commentary on the real futurist work, the instructors think.

In one picture, supposed to represent a garden, the sky is represented by a deep line of scarlet across the top of the picture, with a yellow disc which may be either the sun or the moon. The background is a warm gray, a conventionalized tree with bright green foliage stands at one side of the composition, and growing long single stems are flowers of red, yellow, and purple. Jack and the Bean Stalk resemble a monkey on a stick in a red jacket with green sleeves, set in a mass of vivid green, with equally vivid blues on either side. A deep orange sun in one picture sends out its rays in dangling streamers.

The entire exhibit is interesting. Some of the New York grammar school boys show a 14-foot 9-inch cedar canoe, which was used all last Summer on the Sound. The New Jersey public school boys exhibit work in the five different trades, which the United States census shows are most practised in that city, including a partially completed miniature house, a suspension and a cantilever bridge.

OUTCAST WOMEN OFFER WAGNER HELP

Continued from Page 1.

in the history of New York we did not pay graft. Remember one thing, gentlemen, the more laws you make the more laws there are to break, and to break the laws means just so much more graft. There are too many laws now that cannot be enforced, and never will be. Any additional power you give to the police means just so much more oppression, and oppression means graft.

"If we were protected by the city instead of persecuted and oppressed and driven and haunted from pillar to post we would be of great help to the city by protecting the young women from the procurer and convict—every one of them—by a simple process of informing this committee. Should a cadet bring a girl to our houses to be sold into prostitution or to collect her earnings we will pledge ourselves to help prosecute and convict any white slaver that comes before us, because the girl he holds in slavery will not appear against him. It is only through us and in co-operation with us that you will accomplish this.

"The readers may recall last Fall a young girl murdered on the outskirts of Bridgeport for trying to get away from an Italian who held her as a slave, and she had appealed to the authorities to save her. This fearful crime has been held up to the girls as a warning of what would happen if they ran away or gave testimony against them. Citizens of this great city, a suppression of this vice alone, the extermination of this species of vulture, would bring you the everlasting gratitude of nations.

Quotes Kauffman's Story.

"Do you recall little Violet in Kauffman's 'House of Bondage,' when she meets one of the ladies of the College Settlement in Rivington Street and asks what they do with girls 'that hasn't been straight?' 'We do the best we can; we investigate the cause, and if the girl is sorry or not entirely to blame we make her our personal friend and encourage her to come here and talk with us.' Violet asks, 'Can she go to the clubs and classes you talk about?' She is told 'That wouldn't do; they have to protect the girls that are straight; they have the first claim on our protection.' 'Why?' Violet asks. It is needless to say the good lady had no answer, and to date no answer has ever been given any of us. In the meantime we are here. What are you going to do with us? So many of us are homeless and starving, one trying to help the other, many hounded and threatened by the police and afraid to speak out; but they and I, nevertheless, need your help, and quickly.

"Should a young girl come to us with the intention of leading that life—our observation tells us she is a novice—we could again communicate with this committee and thus save her from going any further by taking care of her and persuading her and giving her a little purse, which we have done so many times, and send her home to her parents without publicity and before it is too late. Another evil you will get rid of, and which is one of our most disgraceful sights, is the dreadful number of young girls soliciting on the streets, some of them only fourteen and fifteen years of age.

Will Help Convict Men.

"What have your white slave laws done toward the arrest and conviction of men living off the earnings of the outcasts of the city?" asks another. "Do you make more than one or two arrests followed by convictions per year of these vermin? No, and you never will without the help of the heads of disorderly houses. Your laws begin and end with the words 'and if convicted.' We are the ones who can convict, and not you.

"We know the men who beat the girls and take every penny from them nightly when they leave the resorts—not you. We are the ones to help conviction of this vermin. We are not afraid to give testimony toward this end; not afraid to protect and hide the poor victim until her master receives his sentence, and afterward protect and help her to accumulate a little bank account that may be the means of sending her home, reformed and welcome by her parents.

"Segregation, if properly effected, does not tend to increase but to eliminate vice. With only a knowledge of the underworld gleaned by myself and from facts given me by my sister-outcasts, I have tried to show you what we think of ways and means of rescue of young girls before too late, of segregated districts, if you so decide, and of segregating ourselves, if allowed.

"We will all of us follow in line all lawful instructions given us by a committee of citizens, of physicians, or the Board of Health, and will extend every possible effort to assist these authorities to keep from the segregated district all girls under age, all girls just entering the life who can be secretly reclaimed and assisted to a better life, and to keep the evil as little public and offensive as possible.

"There is one truth I wish to impress upon your minds, citizens of New York: that every additional power you give to the police only increases their power over us to collect more graft and blackmail.

"Is there not some one in this great city morally strong and brave enough to stand up and say: 'Something must be done for the outcasts?'"

The Wagner Committee to-day received from the Legislature an allowance of $5,000 for expenditures incurred in the course of the investigation and an extension of time of a week in which to make its final report.

Senator Wagner explained that this was necessary, because communications by the hundred were still being received by the committee, offering advice and suggestions; and the committee desired all the light it could get on the subject of remedial police legislation for New York City.

INCREASES WAGES OF GIRLS.

International Harvester Co. Will Pay Minimum of $8 Instead of $5.

CHICAGO, March 20.—President Cyrus H. McCormick of the International Harvester Company made announcement last night that beginning next Monday the minimum wage for girls and women employed anywhere in the United States by the company would be $8 a week. The present minimum is $5 a week for apprentices.

The wages of about 600 girls will be raised to the $8 minimum.

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Prof. Thos. B. Stillman, M.S., Ph.D., the well-known Chemical Expert, New York, writes:
"The chemical union of Sanatogen is a true one, representative of the highest skill in the formation of a product containing phosphorus in the organic condition, and so combined that digestion and assimilation of Sanatogen are rendered complete with the greatest ease."

Mme. Sarah Grand
Author of the "Heavenly Twins," writes:
"I began to take Sanatogen after nearly four years' enforced idleness from extreme debility, and felt the benefit almost immediately. And now, after taking it steadily three times a day for twelve weeks, I find myself able to enjoy both work and play again and also am able to do as much of both as I ever did."

David Belasco
the eminent dramatic author, writes:
"It gives me pleasure to let you know the wonderfully beneficial results I have experienced from the use of your Sanatogen. It has a most invigorating effect upon the nerves, and I heartily recommend it to all who, like myself, are obliged to overwork. After my personal experience I can readily vouch for its recuperative qualities."

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START NEW GAYNOR BOOM.

Business Men Organize to Renominate Present Municipal Officers.

Plans for the renomination of Mayor Gaynor and all the other members of the Board of Estimate, which includes Controller Prendergast, Borough President McAneny, and John Purroy Mitchel, President of the Board of Aldermen, were discussed last night by half a dozen business men at the Hotel Manhattan. It was decided to organize a Business Men's Committee, and Louis Annin Ames, a flag manufacturer of Fulton and William Streets, was made Chairman. William Lustgarten, who has been identified with many independent Democratic movements, is the guiding spirit of the present one.

The plan is to stir up sentiment among business men in favor of the renomination of the entire municipal ticket which was elected three years ago. This, according to Mr. Lustgarten, is the best way to assure a non-partisan ticket for the municipal campaign this Fall. Within a few days headquarters in an uptown hotel will be opened and the campaign will be under way. The Fusion Committee, which was organized on Wednesday night, will be asked to co-operate and unite upon the Gaynor ticket. Those who are already identified with the movement are Sol Bloom, a real estate dealer; William S. Van Clief, President of the Staten Island Chamber of Commerce; John R. Butler, Vice President of the Simpson-Crawford Company; John Adikes, a merchant of Jamaica, L. I.; P. H. McCoombs, General Eastern Freight and Passenger Agent of the St. Louis Southwestern Railway; Henry Siegel, the merchant; William J. Underwood, Major Gen. Otis Woodward, Willard U. Taylor, and Judson G. Wall, one of the Committee of Nine which nominated Mayor Gaynor three years ago.

FUSIONISTS AT WORK.

Progressives Expect Committee to Adopt Their Platform.

A meeting of the provisional committee of twenty which was appointed at Wednesday night's fusion meeting to arrange for an anti-Tammany campaign this Fall will be held in a day or two, it was said last night, to perfect an organization. The Progressives are at work on a progressive platform which they want the committee to adopt.

Henry Moskowitz, who was Chairman of the fusion conference, said yesterday: "There will be no dickers. Good, strong men will be picked and a constructive platform adopted."

COURT SCORES A POLICEMAN

And Compliments Jury That Acquits a Victim of His Brutality.

Judge Humphrey, in the Queens County Court, yesterday reversed the usual order of things when he complimented a jury on the acquittal of John Hronadka of Fourth Avenue, Astoria, who was tried on an indictment charging him with assault in the second degree for an alleged attack made on Mounted Policeman Martin J. Cavanaugh in Astoria. In addition, Judge Humphrey said that he considered the beating Hronadka received at the hands of Policeman Cavanaugh the worst case of police brutality of which he had ever heard. The jury was out only five minutes.

A wedding was being celebrated at Zak's saloon, in the Bohemian settlement in Astoria, between 3 and 4 o'clock on the morning of Nov. 12 of last year. Policeman Cavanaugh, who was on post in that neighborhood, testified that he was told a burglar had been caught on the roof of a kitchen back of the saloon. He jumped off his horse and ran around to the kitchen, he said, when Hronadka, who was known as an athlete and strong man among the Bohemians, jumped from the roof, knocked him down, and began beating him. His cries for help brought the people out of the saloon, and they set upon Hronadka and beat him so that he was laid up for four weeks in a hospital.

Hronadka in his own defense said he had been forbidden to enter the saloon and was standing outside when the policeman and several men came out and attacked him. He swore that the policeman struck him with the butt of a pistol, breaking his jaw. Then mounting his horse the policeman drew his night stick and commanded him to run. Hronadka testified the policeman followed him upon his horse, beating him over the head with his night stick until he fell exhausted on his own door step. He was then dragged off to the station house, and later sent to St. John's Hospital.

ELECT WOMAN HEAD OF MINE.

Miss Granfield of Mt. Vernon to Direct Producing of Gold.

Special to The New York Times.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Col., March 20.—Miss Olive L. Granfield of Mount Vernon, N. Y., to-day was elected President of the company known as the "Cripple Creek Gold Mining Company, C. K. & N.," succeeding W. H. Davis. This is the first time in Colorado that a woman has been put at the head of a company owning a producing mine. The company is defendant in a suit over a claim in which over $1,000,000 is involved.

The plaintiff is the El Paso Company, head of the $25,000,000 merger effected in New York a month ago.

Miss Olive L. Granfield of 111 Rich Avenue, Chester Hill, Mount Vernon, is the daughter of Horace Granfield, founder of the company, who was killed in an automobile accident in Colorado a few years ago. Miss Granfield, who is in the early twenties, inherited a large fortune from her father, including stock in the Cripple Creek Company and real estate in Mount Vernon. She spent the Winter in California, and was on her way home when she was asked to attend the stockholders' meeting and accept the Presidency. She expects to arrive home early next week.

Dr. Dickinson for Brooklyn Church.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., March 20.—The Rev. Dr. James Taylor Dickinson, former pastor of the First Baptist Church here, announced to-night that his letter of acceptance of a call to the Sixth Avenue Baptist Church of Brooklyn would be read to-morrow night at a meeting of the Brooklyn congregation. He expects to take up his work about April 1. For seventeen years Dr. Dickinson was pastor of an East Orange church.

Freeman Gets Further Stay.

A further stay in the execution of his five years' sentence was granted yesterday to Albert Freeman, who was convicted with Julian Hawthorne and Dr. William J. Morton last week for having used the mails to defraud. This stay will be in force until the Circuit Court of Appeals decides whether he may be admitted to bail pending the outcome of his appeal from his sentence. Wilson B. Brice is now acting as counsel for him.

BRYAN'S AID QUITS; CRITICISES PRESIDENT

Huntington Wilson, Assistant Secretary, Affronted Over New Policy Toward China.

POWERS WERE NOT NOTIFIED

Only Know of Our Quitting Loan Group Through the Press—Embarrassed Diplomats.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 20.—Huntington Wilson resigned from the office of Assistant Secretary of State to-day as a protest against President Wilson's abandonment of the policy of Ex-Secretary of State Knox with regard to China. The main complaint of Mr. Wilson, expressed in a long letter of resignation addressed to the President is that although he was Acting Secretary of State he learned for the first time through the newspapers of the President's statement that this Government had withdrawn from the six-power group organized to arrange and supervise the proposed loan to the Chinese republic. Assistant Secretary Wilson's resignation was accepted forthwith by President Wilson in a brief note.

The alleged discourtesy toward himself as Acting Secretary of State, to which Huntington Wilson objects, has not excited as much interest among people in Washington, who are familiar with diplomatic usage and have a particular concern in the Chinese question, as their understanding that this Government failed also to notify the five other Powers who are parties to the loan agreement that the United States had withdrawn. The Ambassadors of Great Britain, Germany, France, Russia and Japan in Washington are placed in a position of peculiar delicacy through their lack of official knowledge as to the decision of the Wilson Administration, in fact, a position of such delicacy that public comment by them at this time is out of the question. It is evident that explanations from them will be sought by their respective Governments.

Only Embassies Notified.

Whatever explanations the Ambassadors may make, the five powers concerned will still be without information as to why the United States Government announced its withdrawal from the Chinese loan agreement through the press before officially notifying these powers, with which the United States was bound by agreement to act concurrently and in concert in connection with the loan. In dealings between nations changes in the personal administration of National and international affairs are not recognized, and the United States Government under President Wilson and William J. Bryan is, in the eyes of Great Britain, Germany, France, Russia, and Japan, the same Government with which they dealt during the official tenure of ex-President Taft and Philander C. Knox. It is apparent, therefore, that these powers will feel that they have been treated with scant courtesy by a partner who announced his withdrawal from the partnership to all the community before telling them that he was cutting loose from association with them. It was not until last night that the statement of President Wilson, printed in the American newspapers yesterday morning, and in European newspapers yesterday, was cabled to the American Embassies in London, Berlin, Paris, St. Petersburg, and Tokio. The statement was sent merely for the "information" of the embassies, and it was understood that there were no directions to those in charge of the embassies to present the statement to the various foreign offices with which they have to deal.

It is presumed, however, that the statement will be furnished to the several ministers for foreign affairs concerned in an informal way. When the official notification to the five powers will be made has not been ascertained.

Huntington Wilson in his letter to President Wilson resigning from the office of Assistant Secretary of State enters into a long discussion of the reasons for the six-power loan agreement. The former Assistant Secretary contends that the agreement had a deeper and wider bearing on China's future than that which came from the mere arrangement of an international loan. The policy abandoned by the Wilson Administration, Huntington Wilson said, had for its motive and purpose the protection of China's integrity and sovereignty as well as other benevolent and humanitarian intentions.

The Secretary's Letter.

Mr. Wilson's letter to the President follows:

March 19, 1913.

My Dear Mr. President: In view of all the circumstances, I feel that the resignation which I had the honor to submit to you on March 4 must be effective to-day. I have accordingly handed over the charge of the Department of State to Mr. Adee, the able and experienced Second Assistant Secretary of State. If I had felt that my continuing in office or not would affect in any way the interests of the country which I have had the honor to serve, I should not have to-day reached the decision which I beg leave now to communicate to you; but it seems now demonstrated that my remaining can serve no useful purpose.

It to-day becomes the duty of the Acting Secretary of State in dispatching instructions to the representatives of this Government abroad and as the channel of communication with the representatives of foreign Governments at Washington to be the spokesman of the President in regard to a new Far Eastern policy which is apparently deducible from your statement issued to the press last night. Inasmuch as I find myself entirely out of harmony with this radical change of policy, as I understand it, I trust you will sympathize with the view that it was not appropriate that I should longer retain the responsibilities of the office which I have now relinquished.

When I consented, at the request of Mr. Bryan and in deference to what I understood to be your wishes, to continue in the office of Assistant Secretary of State for these few weeks longer, I believed I was justified in assuming that there would be no radical departure from the practice of this and other countries whereby the knowledge and experience of the various officials of the foreign office are made use of in the study of great questions of foreign policy. I had no reason to suppose that the officials on duty in the Department of State would learn first from the newspapers of a declaration of policy which I think shows on its face the inadequacy of consideration given to the facts and theories involved and the failure clearly to apprehend the motives leading to and the purposes of the policy superseded.

I had no reason to suppose that the fate of negotiations which had so long had the studious attention of the Foreign Offices of six great powers would be abruptly determined with such quite unnecessary haste and in so unusual a manner. These methods, against which I respectfully protest, are the very extraordinary circumstances which I feel vitiate my understanding with Mr. Bryan and completely relieve me of any further obligation in the premises.

Reviews Mr. Taft's Purposes.

The repeated utterances of the last Administration must have made it perfectly clear that the motive and purpose of the policy now abandoned were first and primarily the protection of China's integrity and sovereignty, the uplift of the Chinese people, morally, materially, and governmentally; the development of China's resources, and the maintenance of our traditional policy of the "open door," or equality of opportunity for American enterprise.

Precisely because of the ultimate possibility of a measure of foreign control of China's finances, which may be inferred from a study of other countries which have found themselves in a similar situation, it was deemed imperative that there should be American participation in the liquidation of China's finances, in order to make sure of the presence of the potent, friendly, and disinterested influence of the United States. The only practicable method of such participation was by the use of reliable American bankers.

In the consideration of the Far Eastern policy I have felt that so much should be premised and that the problem of the Government's using American bankers, while still scrupulously avoiding any material monopolistic feature, might now, as before, be found one of the most difficult preoccupations. I have always thought that in the work of advancing the National interests and promoting the welfare of other nations the financial force of the United States could be marshaled in some manner to present a safely united front abroad, where it would be like the apex of a triangle, but would have at home at its base broad equality of opportunity both for citizens desiring to invest and for bankers desiring to engage in these difficult and relatively risky ventures. It seems, however, that the conclusions reached are expressed upon other grounds.

You will readily understand, Mr. President, that in view of all the considerations indicated in this letter and of the practical necessity that one charged, even temporarily, with the administration of the Department of State should be in entire and complete accord with your foreign policies, I feel it my duty at once to vacate a post in which one not in harmony with your foreign policy would be in danger, even with the best intentions, of failing accurately to reflect your views.

In retiring from the service, I beg leave to take the liberty of referring to the phrase in your inaugural address by which you summon "all honest men, all patriotic, all forward-looking men to your side," and of assuring you that when you apply to the Department of State for technical advice in formulating your policies you can nowhere find men more duly described by that phrase than the patriotic, intelligent, high-minded, and non-partisan gentlemen whose association I am leaving with so much regret.

With every good wish for the success of your Administration, I have the honor to be, Mr. President, with great respect, Yours very faithfully, HUNTINGTON WILSON.

Short Answer from President.

This was the President's answer:

The White House,
March 20, 1913.

My Dear Sir: Allow me to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of yesterday and to say that I accept your resignation, as you suggest, as of the present date. Very truly yours, WOODROW WILSON.
Mr. Huntington Wilson, Department of State.

To understand certain statements in Huntington Wilson's letter it is necessary to explain that at the request of Secretary Bryan, Mr. Wilson had consented to remain on duty in the State Department indefinitely, inasmuch as no selection had been made of a successor to his office. Assuming that he would be at liberty from official connection with the department, Huntington Wilson had, prior to March 4, engaged passage for Europe for himself and family on a steamer sailing on March 18. When he was asked to remain in the department he canceled his reservations and placed himself at the service of the President and the Secretary of State. He has now again engaged passage for Europe and will sail on April 26.

Assistant Secretary Wilson decided at once, on reading President Wilson's statement on the Chinese loan, to demand his instant release from further duty in the department. He therefore wrote the day before yesterday his letter setting forth the reasons for his action. The letter was delivered at the White House this morning.

Huntington Wilson declined to-day to add a word to what he had said in his letter to the President, but it is known that he regarded the announcement of a change of policy concerning the Chinese loan without prior notification to him as a direct affront to himself and his colleagues in the State Department. Diplomatic representatives of the five powers in Washington depended upon Mr. Wilson as Acting Secretary of State for information as to this Government's attitude, and his inability to give them advance notice of the decision to withdraw from the six-power group placed him in an embarrassing position in his dealings with them.

President Wilson's indication of his purpose to recognize the new Chinese Republic is particularly offensive to Huntington Wilson. He has consistently adhered to the view for over a year past that the present Government of the Chinese Republic is most unstable and insecure, and that to recognize it would be utter folly. There is authority for the belief that one reason for this attitude is the existence of an agreement never made public, to which all the powers assented, that the Chinese Republic should not be recognized by any of the powers singly, but by all at a time to be agreed upon by them.

May Hurt American Investments.

It is contended here that if the agreement does exist President Wilson must necessarily pause before he proceeds to recognize the new Government, and it may cause him embarrassment as the consequences of his declaration against the Chinese loan are unfolded. The New York bankers, who were glad to be released from their agreement to participate in the loan, have been opposed to the recognition of the new Republic, and whatever satisfaction they have obtained from the repudiation of the six-power loan policy may be counterbalanced, it is suggested here, by a proclamation of recognition at an early date, which, in their opinion, may seriously endanger American investments in China.

One of the many ramifications of the President's repudiation of the Chinese loan arrangement that has caused comment in the capital is the position of Secretary Bryan in connection with the matter. In the first fortnight of the Wilson Administration the only two statements bearing on matters of primary importance were written and prepared by the President himself, and both concerned Col. Bryan's own office. The first was in relation to Latin America. The second was the Chinese loan pronouncement, and it was made public at the White House two days after the departure of Secretary Bryan.

The best information obtainable by THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent is that both these statements had Secretary Bryan's sanction, and there is every reason to believe the President and Col. Bryan had a thorough and cordial understanding as to the manner of their preparation and the means taken to put them before the country. Why there should have been a departure from the customary method of having the Secretary of State be the medium through which foreign policies should be announced has not been explained. But it is believed that this was due to Secretary Bryan's own desire. Col. Bryan is credited with a wish to do nothing that would give him undue prominence in the Wilson Administration.

BRYAN BACKS UP PRESIDENT.

Indorses Statement Regarding the Chinese Loan—Disagrees with Aid.

DES MOINES, March 20.—Secretary of State William J. Bryan said to-night that he was entirely in sympathy with President Wilson in the latter's attitude on the proposed Chinese loan, and that he was unable to agree with what former Assistant Secretary Huntington Wilson had to say concerning the "six-power agreement."

The Secretary of State was engaged in reading the published report of Huntington Wilson's resignation and the reasons therefor, when asked if he had any comment to make.

"I cannot, of course, agree with the former Assistant Secretary," said Mr. Bryan, "in what he says concerning the six-power agreement. The representatives of a group of bankers were heard and the matter was considered by the President. The principles involved were such that it did not require any great length of time for the President to understand and act upon them.

"I have no doubt that in the matter of the Chinese loan the late President and retiring Secretary and Assistant Secretary did what they thought best for our country and China, but I am entirely in sympathy with the attitude of President Wilson, and heartily indorse both the position taken and the language employed by him, and I may add that I am sure that the country will approve of the change in policy. I am equally confident that China will rejoice at our Nation's attitude.

"My association with the Assistant Secretary, Mr. Wilson, has been very pleasant. I have found him courteous and helpful during my connection with the department."

APPLAUDS PRESIDENT'S ACTION.

London News Says Note on Chinese Loan Has Cleared the Air.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Friday, March 21.—The Daily News, in an editorial, welcomes President Wilson's statement announcing the new American policy toward China, and states that his action must have a profound influence upon the future of China. "The withdrawal of the United States from the six-power syndicate," it proceeds, "is pretty certain to be followed by other powers. From the outset the syndicate has been used to give certain groups of financiers the profitable monopoly of exploiting China and to enable Russia and Japan to further their territorial and political ambitions at the expense of China."

The Daily News refers to the fact that Sir Edward Grey this week expressed his determination to support only members of the syndicate, and hopes the course of President Wilson will convert him to a wiser view.

"President Wilson's action is direct, simple, swift, and has cleansed the air in this particular region of international relations. It is all the more valuable because it belongs to his general policy. He means to have nothing to do with Dollar Diplomacy, a policy which makes foreign officers the instruments of international finance. Even though it costs him the resignation of some officials, that he may find many imitators among statesmen is the wish of all good men."

The Morning Post says: "From the fact that the new Administration has definitely refused to continue the path marked out by its predecessor in China, it might be inferred that in future the United States will put aside the aims and methods of dollar diplomacy in every part of the world. But whatever they may wish, the Democrats will be unable to escape from the responsibility which rests on their country in Central America. They cannot throw over the Monroe Doctrine, and if they stand by the rights which it asserts for the United States they will be bound to accept the corresponding duties.

"President Wilson, no less than Mr. Taft, will be forced to preserve order in all territory washed by the Caribbean Sea. Political and military adventurers in small republics will pay little head to mere exhortation, and if President Wilson does not wish to continue the Republican policy he will have to find some other means of enforcing his will."

BRYAN ON STAND-PATISM.

Tells Iowans It Is Dead and That Progressives Control Senate.

DES MOINES, March 20.—"Standpatismism is dead," said William J. Bryan in his speech at the Jefferson Club's banquet here to-night. "One cannot cross the United States without passing through a State which is governed by a progressive Democrat.

"Illinois has just placed a progressive in office," he said. "Ohio elected one at the last election, as did Nebraska, Kansas, and Missouri. New Hampshire also has come into line. The Senate of the United States has been made progressive, and the new rules of that body enable the majority of the party to control."

Secretary Bryan exhorted the office-seekers to remember that every platform of the party for the last twenty years had placed principles before office holding, but the fact which appalled him, he said, was that he was not able to appoint all his friends to office.

He also said he had discovered that one of the duties he would be able to perform while Secretary of State was the announcement to the people of the direct election of Senators.

Mr. Bryan will go to Lincoln for a few days' rest before returning to Washington.

VALET SEEKS DIPLOMAT'S JOB

Negro Asks Daniels to Get Him Appointed to Liberia.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 20.—When Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the Navy, was having his shoes blackened by J. Richard Davis, a negro servant in the household of Dr. Sterling Ruffin of Washington, he did not know that the valet was a linguist, stenographer and typewriter, who has aspirations for a position in the Diplomatic Corps. But such was the case.

Mr. Daniels has received a letter from Davis asking the use of his influence to have the doctor's servant appointed Secretary of the American Legation to Liberia. Mr. Daniels was visiting Dr. Ruffin, who is a North Carolinian and an old friend.

Battleship for Third-Class Cadets.

WASHINGTON, March 20.—The third classmen of the Naval Academy are to have a ship to themselves for their Summer practice cruise, for the Navy Department to-day dispatched orders to the commandant of the Philadelphia Navy Yard to place the battleship Illinois in commission, and prepare to take the future Admirals aboard at a date to be fixed later.

Wilson, Overworked, Rises Late.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 20.—The strenuous life of the past two weeks caused President Wilson to remain late abed to-day, but he made up for lost time when he got down to business. A few days ago he had a slight bilious attack and he felt a recurrence of it this morning.

CURRENCY BILL SURE AT EXTRA SESSION

Wilson's Friends Even See Monetary Reform a Reality Before Congress Adjourns.

OTHER MEASURES TO COME UP

Agricultural Extension Bill May Be the First Act of Congress to Receive Wilson's Signature.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 20.—It can now be positively stated that a good deal of general legislation will be brought forward at the extraordinary session, and it is probable that some measures of considerable importance will be enacted. President Wilson's summons for the session did not specify any subjects to be considered by Congress, but it was known that the tariff was the compelling cause of the session. It was also generally assumed that banking and currency legislation would hold a prominent place along with the tariff.

In fact, encouraged by the rapid progress already made in the preparation of a tariff revision bill, close friends of President Wilson predicted to-night that there surely would be currency reform before the extra session of Congress adjourned next Summer.

The President talked informally with some of his callers about the prospects for currency legislation. They went away convinced that while the President would devote himself first and foremost to tariff revision, he now hoped that at least a start on monetary reform, if not actual legislation, would be possible in the extra session.

From the first the President has believed in the necessity for immediate currency reform, and though anxious that Congress should focus its attention and that of the Nation on the tariff question, he never has biven up the idea of getting a currency measure before the country within a few months. Some of his friends said to-day that they were particularly hopeful for currency reform because of the attitude of Democratic leaders in Congress toward expeditious action on the tariff. Senator Simmons, Chairman of the Finance Committee, is reported to have said that the tariff could be disposed of within three months.

To be a Party Measure.

Like the tariff, the currency bill, when drawn, will be presented as a party measure, carefully worked out by Congressional committees in co-operation with the President. It will not be made public, it is said, until it has been closely studied by members of the Cabinet, recognized authorities on currency questions, and some of the leading business men of the country in whose judgment the Administration has confidence. It is pointed out that all the work of preparation can be carried on inconspicuously while the tariff debate occupies the centre of the stage in Congress.

Many other measures will be introduced, and it would not be surprising if one or two of them received Mr. Wilson's signature before either the Tariff bill or the currency reform measures reached the White House. Three measures that will probably be introduced in the Senate in the first week of the session will be the Agricultural Extension bill, which passed both Houses and died in conference at the last session; the Vocational Education bill, which passed the Senate as a rider to the Agricultural Extension bill, and which caused the first measure's death, and a bill to permit National banks to lend money secured by real estate.

Senator Hoke Smith of Georgia, a member of the Finance Committee, and Chairman of the Committee on Education and Labor, is sponsor for these three measures.

Representative Thetus W. Sims of Tennessee, a member of the Committee on Inter-State and Foreign Commerce, will also introduce a bill repealing the no-toll provisions of the Panma act.

First Measure for President.

The Agricultural Extension bill may be the first act of Congress to receive Mr. Wilson's signature. Having already passed both Houses, its consideration will be limited, and Mr. Smith hopes to push it through in short order. He is determined to prevent its being tied up with the Vocational bill. His Vocational bill, by the way, will be a much milder measure than the Page bill of last session, which proved too heavy a weight for the Agricultural bill to carry. But to prevent dangerous complications, the Agricultural bill will be well out of the way before Mr. Smith lets the vocational measure, which will be in the hands of his own Committee on Education and Labor, reached the floor of the Senate.

It is not expected that either the Vocational bill or the bill permitting real estate loans by National banks will do more than pass the Senate at this session, though any protracted lull in the tariff and currency debate may be utilized for their consideration. The significance, however, of the definite information that these measures will be introduced lies in the clear indication that many other bills will be brought up at the extra session, all of them serving to delay tariff legislation.

The Agricultural Extension bill provides an annual appropriation of $3,000,000 for carrying the experimental work of agricultural schools and stations to the door of the farmer.

In the bill permitting real estate loans, Mr. Smith will fix no percentage of value to which the loans on real estate must be limited. His idea is to leave that point to the discretion of the Directors just as is done now in regard to other securities.

TARIFF RATES MISQUOTED.

Underwood Asks Country to Withhold Judgment Till Bill Is Out.

WASHINGTON, March 20.—Democratic Leader Underwood asked to-night that the country withhold judgment on the Tariff Revision bill until it is presented to the House. All along he has insisted, as Chairman of the Ways and Means Committee, upon absolute secrecy regarding the measure. He said:

"Since the Ways and Means Committee commenced its work of revision of the present tariff laws, I have refrained from giving interviews to the press, but recently I have read in the papers so many misleading statements about the work of the Ways and Means Committee and so many assertions of fact which are not fact as to what the committee has done concerning the various paragraphs and schedules of the bill, that I feel that it is fair to the public to say that practically every statement that I have read in reference to the rates of duty that would be imposed on the articles enumerated in the proposed new tariff bill is absolutely misleading, and most of them are entirely wrong. I hope that the country will not prejudge the bill until it is introduced in Congress and authoritatively made public."

Mr. Underwood was weary when he stopped work to-night after many hours' study of the bill. Statistical experts had been closeted with him, figuring on the revenue probabilities, and a maze of figures occupied them. Meantime the individual members of the Democratic majority were busied with tariff details, and a sub-committee was at work considering the administrative and income tax provisions of the bill. The majority will not meet again until next Tuesday, but the individual consideration of tariff plans will continue.

WAR BONNET FOR WILSON.

Chief Plenty Coups Presents One at Indian Farewell—Pouch for Lane.

WASHINGTON, March 20.—Crow Indian oratory was much in evidence about the Interior Department to-day when the Crow delegation, which has been in Washington since the inauguration, made its farewells. The Indians distributed their farewell gifts and left for the West to-night.

Chief Plenty Coups, the head of the delegation, made a lengthy speech, presenting to Secretary Lane of the Interior Department for President Wilson the war bonnet which the Chief brought to Washington to wear in the inaugural parade. After Plenty Coups had paid his respects to the "Great White Father," Chief Medicine Crowd presented to Secretary Lane a bead-embroidered tobacco pouch. Then the delegation departed for the Indian Bureau, where Chief White Man Runs Him presented a pair of buckskin gantlets to the wife of Acting Secretary Abbott of the Indian Bureau.

Secretary Lane granted one of the petitions which brought the Indians to Washington when he signed an authority for the expenditure of $400,000 of Indian funds for the purchase of cattle for the Crow Reservation.

The Grand Council of North American Indians was fully organized to-day, and henceforth vigilant redmen will keep a close watch on the legislative deliberations of their paleface brothers in the Capitol. In the council is included one delegate from each tribe, and the council will work for laws that will tend to advance the interests of their people.

MANY QUIT POSTAL JOBS.

Taft's Order Affecting Fourth-Class Postmasters Leads 2,000 to Resign.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 20.—An unexpected result of the recent Executive order placing 15,000 or more fourth-class Postmasters under the civil service rules is the constantly increasing number of resignations of such Postmasters in the fourteen States embraced in the order. These are mainly the Southern States, and the resignations are coming in by scores daily until there are now, it was said at the department to-day, fully 2,000 vacancies to be filled.

The places are principally those where the office is conducted as a neighborhood convenience and the Postmaster's compensation is barely enough to pay running expenses. The Postmasters to be appointed to fill these vacancies must be selected after a civil service examination, and it is the belief of department officials that there will be some trouble in getting competent persons to take the places.

KNOX NEW YORK.

For Easter
Knox Hats
75 Years of
Hat Leadership

"Standard Since 1838"

452 Fifth Ave., Cor. 40th St.
196 Fifth Ave., Fifth Ave. Bldg.
161 Broadway, Singer Bldg.

PARR SEEKS LOEB'S PLACE.

Deputy Surveyor Who Bared Sugar Frauds After Port Collectorship.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 20.—Richard Parr, now Deputy Surveyor of the Port of New York, is a candidate for the office of Collector of the Port, of which William Loeb, Jr., has tendered his resignation. It was understood to-night that the application of Mr. Parr had not received the consideration which would lead to the belief that he has any chance of appointment. His contest for the place is based on his record, and politics, it is said, does not figure in it.

Mr. Parr came into prominence early in the Taft Administration through his successful efforts in exposing the underweighing and other dishonest devices by which imported sugar obtained entrance to this country through the Port of New York without payment of the full amount of duties due the Government. Mr. Parr had been a schoolmate of Collector Loeb, who had given him a position of some importance in the customs service at New York.

Wilson to Act on Keefe Charges.

WASHINGTON, March 20.—President Wilson will probably take action shortly on the recommendation of the former Secretary of Commerce and Labor Charles Nagel, to ex-President Taft, on the official conduct of Daniel J. Keefe of Detroit, Commissioner General of Immigration, whose resignation Mr. Nagel recommended should be requested on the charge that he had accepted free transportation from railroad and steamship companies for himself and members of his family.

Inaugural Deficit Only $6,000.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 20.—Despite the abandonment of the revenue-producing inaugural ball at President Wilson's request, the receipts of the Inaugural Committee from the sale of stand privileges and from other sources were only about $6,000 less than the expenses of the inauguration celebration. About 80 per cent. of the guarantee fund will be returned at once to the subscribers, and the committee expects later to refund an additional 13 per cent.

White House Tennis to be Revived.

WASHINGTON, March 20.—Workmen began to put in condition to-day the long-neglected tennis court in the White House grounds for the Misses Jessie and Eleanor Wilson, daughters of President Wilson, who are devotees of the game. The tennis court, which was little used in President Taft's term, was a feature of the Roosevelt Administration.

Old Wine in New Bottles

¶ Good wine gets better as it gets older.

¶ Even men and women improve with age, if there is a basis to work on.

¶ Quality, whether in wine, in work, or in men, is ripened respectively by time, by practice and by experience, and quality in making clothes is improved by all three.

¶ It is true, there are a host of new styles, new fabrics and new colors in the Saks assemblage of men's clothes for Spring, but they are simply new bottles into which we have poured the ambrosia of good workmanship and style.

¶ The only change in Saks tailoring is, that every season it gets better—not much better, because we have reached such perfection in our work that further improvement is necessarily slow.

¶ Yet even this season we have introduced many new features into the tailoring of Saks clothes, which though small in themselves, contribute much to the character of the styles.

¶ You must always remember that good style is not so much a case of following a fashion as the fashion of following it.

¶ And our reputation on this score is secure.

Suits..........$17.50 to $45

Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th Street

Easter Cutaways With the Swing of Springtime

THIS is our third Easter of clothes intimacy with the Man of Manhattan.

It finds us with six clothing stores—six recognized points on the island where the exacting New Yorker may be clothed.

It also finds us with two new presentations of those glove-roll cutaway coats which are the Spring violets of style among parishoners who patronize the purple tailors.

Both accommodate themselves to your one-button or two-button mood. Both full silk lined and one braid-trimmed.

One $25, the other $35—coat and waistcoat. Either black or Oxford gray.

They are dictagraphic copies of a handsome $110 coat made by one of the smartest tailors in the city.

To attempt to improve the original—to paint the lily—would be wasteful excess.

Fifty patterns of trousers to select from, $6.50 to $12.

Two new light-weight Spring topcoats—black or Oxford—full silk-lined, at $25 and $35—the latter silk-faced to the edge.

We believe their like has not been seen in ready-to-wear clothes.

Easter Silk Hats, French block, $6. Easter Scarfs, 50 cents to $3
Latest Spring Blocks of Imported and Fashionable New York Hats

Eleven Stores
Weber and Heilbroner

241 Broadway, opposite City Hall 369 Broadway 757 Broadway Broadway and 28th Street
1363 Broadway, Marlborough Bldg., (will be opened Saturday) Broadway and 44th Street
42nd and Fifth Avenue 27 New 20 Cortland 58 Nassau 150 Nassau
Clothes at 241 Broadway, 150 Nassau, 27 New, 28th and Broadway, 44th and Broadway, 42nd and Fifth Ave.

THE TIMES'S DAILY TRANSATLANTIC WIRELESS AND CABLE DISPATCHES

SUFFRAGETTES BURN LADY WHITE'S HOME

Country Residence of the Widow of the Hero of Ladysmith Is Entirely Gutted.

GOLF PAVILIONS DESTROYED

Olive Hocken, Accused of Arson, Again Remanded—Arsenal of Suffragette Implements in Her Studio.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, March 20.—Trevethan, a mansion near Staines, belonging to Lady White, widow of the defender of Ladysmith, was burned this morning by suffragettes. The house was unoccupied at the time.

Two young women cyclists were seen by police riding from the house just before the fire was discovered. Cards bearing the words, "Stop torturing our comrades in prison" and "Votes for women" were found in the grounds.

Neither Lady White nor the late Field Marshal ever concerned themselves with the suffrage movement in any way. The house was probably chosen for attack because it was unoccupied and there was therefore no risk of a resultant charge of murder and because the name of the owner was one which would attract public attention.

LONDON, March 20.—"Arson squads" of militant suffragettes were out last night, when they burned down the fine country residence of Lady White, widow of Field Marshal Sir George White, the hero of the siege of Ladysmith during the Boer War, and also the buildings on the golf links at Weston-super-Mare, the fashionable Summer watering place on the Bristol Channel.

Lady White's house was a big mansion standing in spacious grounds at Englefield Green, Surrey, near the Thames. Fire was discovered at 1 o'clock this morning, and the flames had by that time got such a good hold of the building that it was entirely gutted in spite of all the efforts of the local fire brigade. Traces of oil and inflammable materials were found scattered about the house, while, stuck on prominent spots in the grounds, were papers inscribed with the words "Stop torturing our comrades in prison!" "Votes for Women!" "By Kind Permission of Charles Hobhouse!" The last was a reference to the taunt of Mr. Hobhouse, who is Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster, uttered earlier in the campaign, that women lacked the real revolutionary spirit of men, who burned and sacked in support of a cause.

Two women on bicycles were seen in the neighborhood half an hour before the fire was discovered. They are suspected of being the incendiaries, but all trace of them has been lost. The house was unoccupied.

The incendiaries of the golf pavilions at Weston-super-Mare also escaped. Many suffragettes are now in that town, where Viscount Haldane, the Lord High Chancellor, is scheduled to deliver an address before the National Teachers' Conference.

A servant girl named Margaret Macfarlane, who adopted the tactics of the militant suffragettes when she started a crusade to-day on behalf of legislation in favor of domestic servants, was sentenced to five months' imprisonment. She had broken some windows of a Bond Street shop.

Olive Hocken, the militant suffragette who is charged with attempting to set fire to a pavilion on the Roehampton golf links, appeared again to-day at the police court, and the Magistrate remanded her for another week after counsel for the Treasury had opened the case for the prosecution.

Miss Hocken appeared to glory in the notoriety she has achieved. She stood in the prisoners' inclosure wearing a bright new sash of the suffragette colors across her breast, and smiled contentedly as counsel detailed her alleged activities in the field of arson, in the destruction of letters in mail boxes, &c.

The articles found in the suffragette "arsenal" in Kensington on March 13, consisting of telegraph wire-cutting apparatus, bottles of corrosive fluid, hammers, flints, tools for breaking windows, false identification plates for automobiles, ropes, and pole climbers, as well as paraffin, cotton wool, oil, fire lighters, candles, &c., found in the gripsack said to have been dropped by Olive Hocken on the Roehampton golf links, were prominently displayed in court, and formed an interesting museum of exhibits.

Counsel for the Treasury described Miss Hocken's studio in Campden Hill Gardens, Kensington, as a "depot where people foregathered, armed, and prepared for any particular marauding outrage on hand with the full knowledge and connivance of the accused."

Among Miss Hocken's correspondence, he added, was a letter from Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst, the militant suffragette leader, openly inciting her followers to acts of lawlessness and outrage.

In the course of the hearing the prosecuting counsel, pointing to two leg irons found in Miss Hocken's studio, remarked: "These women have now sunk to climbing telegraph poles."

Among the paraphernalia found were labels bearing the words, "No security for post or wire till justice has been done to women."

A portion of a letter from America to "Dear Olive" was read in court. The writer said:

> I have attacks of nerves about you. I thought you might get prison, Olive. You simply must not till I get back, do you hear? Incidentally, your mummie does not want it. DICKIE.

Much excitement was caused in court by the production of a suit of workman's overalls.

CHINESE EX-MINISTER SHOT.

Gen. Sung Dangerously Wounded—His Assailant Escapes.

SHANGHAI, March 20.—Gen. Sung, ex-Minister of Education, was shot and dangerously wounded here to-day. His assailant escaped. Gen. Sung was on his way to attend the opening of Parliament at Peking. The attack on him was made at the railway station.

FINDS $3,250,000 CHECK.

Railway Cleaner Gives It to Paris Police—No Claimant Appears.

LONDON, March 20.—A telephone message from Paris to-night says that a cleaner found on the Nord Express a satchel containing a check for 13,000,000 marks, ($3,250,000,) drawn by a Berlin bank on the Bank of Italy at Rome, and also a passport in the name of Commander Arrizo Rossi.

The check remains unclaimed. It is in the hands of the police.

Chief Bard of Wales Dead.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, March 20.—John Thomas, Chief Bard of Wales, who was harpist to Queen Victoria and King Edward VII., died to-day.

MARCONI CASE IN COMMONS.

Bonar Law Gives Notice of Question on Isaacs's Purchase of Shares.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Friday, March 21.—Andrew Bonar Law, the leader of the Opposition, yesterday raised in Parliament the question of Sir Rufus Isaacs's purchase of American Marconi shares in a fashion which, the Liberals consider, showed an undue disposition to make party capital out of an incident which it is declared, reflects only on Sir Rufus's judgment and not on his integrity.

The Unionist leader asked Premier Asquith when the latter purposed to make any statement in reference to the evidence given at the hearing of the Matin action. The Premier blandly replied that it had not occurred to him that it was his duty to make any statement, but he would gladly answer any inquiry that Mr. Bonar Law or any of his friends might address to him. Mr. Bonar Law gave notice of a question next Tuesday.

Major Archer-Shee, M. P., announces his intention of asking the Postmaster General in the House of Commons next Tuesday whether he is aware that the American Marconi Company is described in the Marconi balance sheet as an associated company, and that three Directors are on both boards; whether he is aware that large blocks of shares of the American company are held by the English company, and that on Dec. 31, 1911, 34,174 fully paid shares of the American company were held by the English company and entered in the balance sheet at their par value, viz., £170,870, and, further, whether, in the event of the imperial wireless scheme having been approved, the American company would not have derived benefit from all messages passing over the imperial wireless system and directed to America.

Major Archer-Shee will also ask whether, in view of the fact that Sir Rufus Isaacs and Chancellor of the Exchequer Lloyd-George purchased shares in the American company, he will reconsider the case of an engineer in the Post Office whose rank was recently reduced because he bought thirty Marconi shares.

The Pall Mall Gazette yesterday congratulated itself on having refused to join in the attempt to "poison, without a particle of evidence, the character of statesmen who belong to another party," and The Evening News said:

"No moral turpitude attaches to Sir Rufus Isaacs's act, but it would have been better had the Attorney General laid bare the whole facts long ago instead of making a statement confined to the English company's shares."

NEW KING REACHES ATHENS.

To be Proclaimed To-day—Going to Salonika to Bring Back Father's Body.

ATHENS, March 20.—The body of King George will be placed on board a warship at Salonika on March 26 and transported to Athens, arriving here the following day.

King Constantine, who reached the capital to-day, will be proclaimed, and take the oath in the Chamber of Deputies to-morrow, and will then proceed to Salonika, accompanied by Premier Venizelos. King Constantine, Dowager Queen Olga, and the other members of the royal family will return here with the King's body.

The funeral will probably take place on March 30, as the lying-in-state will occupy three days. Military honors will be rendered not only by the Athens garrison but by an entire military division, which has been ordered here for that purpose.

The Government announces that a special mausoleum is to be erected to contain the body of King George.

SALONIKA, March 20.—The autopsy on the body of King George to-day showed that the bullet fired by Aleko Schinas pierced the lungs and heart. The death of the King must have been practically instantaneous. The smile which still illumines the face shows that the end was peaceful.

It was found impossible to remove the clothing of the King, and he will therefore be buried in the field uniform which he was weaoring at the time of his death.

The New York Greek newspaper Atlantis to-day publishes a letter from a Greek in this city which, the editors of the paper believe, contains reliable information concerning Aleko Schinas, the assassin of King George.

The letter is written by Basil Batznoulis, who says he was personally acquainted with Schinas and that the man is an anarchist, but never entered politics and was not a candidate for election to the Boule, or Greek Chamber of Deputies, as was reported.

"Aleko Schinas comes from the village of Kanalia," the statement reads. "He has a brother in Volo named Hercules Schinas, who has a chemist's shop there. There the assassin worked as an assistant. As often happens with brothers, they had a quarrel, and Aleko came to America. Here he could not stand the heavy work, and returned to Greece. The statement that he was the founder of a school of anarchism or was a candidate for the Boule is entirely untrue, because he was entirely reticent, and all he did was to go from the chemist's shop to a coffee house and back. He had no friends in Volo.

"It was George Schinas who was a candidate for the Boule. The latter is a native of Argalastis. I know him quite well. Aleko Schinas had nothing to do with any school and had no idea of entering politics. He was known as a man who loved isolation and his backgammon. He wore a beard and was an anarchist. He is not more than 33 years old, short in stature, and slightly humpbacked."

Solon S. J. Vlasto, editor of Atlantis, said yesterday that the many conflicting stories concerning the assassin's identity arose from the fact that Schinas was a common surname in Greece, and it was quite probable that there was more than one Aleko Schinas.

"Information that I have received from other Greeks who have lived in Volo and from our cable dispatches leads me to believe that the information given by Batznoulis is correct," said Mr. Vlasto.

Deadlock Over Canal Awards.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PANAMA, March 20.—The joint land commission was deadlocked to-day over the question of awards for lands used for canal purposes. The American members of the commission held that the awards should be based on the value of the land at the time the United States took over the canal zone. The Panamanian members insist that present values should be the basis of the awards. The American members cabled to the State Department to-night for instructions.

Chinese Assembly to Meet April 8.

PEKING, March 20.—The opening of the new Chinese National Assembly has been fixed for April 8 by order of President Yuan Shi-Kai.

AUSTRIA IS AGAIN MENACING BALKANS

Demands Made on Montenegro—Various Causes of Complaint Alleged.

ITALY WORKING WITH ALLY

May Try to Stop the Bombardment of Scutari and to Prevent the Landing of Servian Troops.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

VIENNA, March 20.—Following the sailing of six Austrian warships southward from Pola yesterday in connection with Austria's dispute with Montenegro and Servia, it was announced to-day that the Austrian Consul General at Cettinje had made serious representations on behalf of his Government.

It is understood that the Austrian causes of complaint include the reported murder of an Austrian priest near Jakova, the detention and high-handed treatment of an Austrian ship at San Giovanni di Medua, the shelling of an Austrian convent and the killing of Austrian nuns in the bombardment of Scutari, and the reported forcible conversion of Catholic tribes in the country near Jakova, to whom was offered the choice of embracing the Orthodox faith or death.

It is reported that if Montenegro's answer to the Austrian representations is unsatisfactory Austria and Italy have planned joint action, probably in the form of a naval demonstration.

The Austrian censorship is very strict. Four newspapers have been suppressed for publishing news of the naval expedition.

VIENNA, March 20.—The Austrian Minister at Cettinje was to-day instructed to make the following demands on the Montenegrin Government:

First—The free exit from the fortress of Scutari of all non-combatants.

Second—Explanations of the death of a Catholic priest named Palic, who is said to have been slaughtered because he opposed the violent conversion of prisoners.

Third—Violent conversions to cease instantly.

Fourth—Full satisfaction to be given for the violence of Montenegrins and Servians at San Giovanni di Medua against the crew of the Austrian merchant vessel Skodra.

It is stated that the report that Servia was fortifying Durazzo and had made plans to build a railway station and improve the harbor helped to hasten Austrian action.

BUDAPEST, March 20.—The complaint of Austria-Hungary in regard to the incident in which the Austrian steamer Skodra figured at San Giovanni di Medua was officially stated to-day to be based upon the following facts:

The Skodra went to San Giovanni di Medua to discharge her cargo, but the Harbor Master of the port forbade the landing of the cargo and ordered Capt. Blasich to assist in the landing of Servian troops and war munitions from some Greek ships. Capt. Blasich refused.

In the meantime the Turkish cruiser Hamidieh arrived off San Giovanni di Medua, and sank four of the Greek transports. The Harbor Master after the departure of the Turkish cruiser, called upon Capt. Blasich to help rescue the drowning Servians. The Captain of the Austrian vessel declined, "in view of the danger which would be attendant upon such action."

The commandant of the town then threatened to open fire upon the crew of the Skodra, and a Montenegrin gendarme forced the Austrian steamer's engineer at the point of a revolver to open the steam valves of the Skodra. As soon as the gendarme left the ship Capt. Blasich steamed away from the port at full speed.

LONDON, Friday, March 21.—Austria, possibly with the assistance of Italy, is contemplating isolated action to stop the bombardment of Scutari, which, it is now alleged, is being directed against the town instead of the fortress, and finally enforcing the powers' decision that Albania shall be an autonomous State and that Scutari shall remain part of it.

Of course Montenegro and Servia will first have the opportunity of withdrawing from the task of subduing the town, which, even after its capture, if that takes place, must, according to the powers, be given up by the allies.

Part of the Austrian fleet has already started for the Montenegrin and Albanian coasts, and, while it is officially announced that the object of the warships is to carry out manoeuvres, it is apparent that their presence is designed to impress Montenegro and Servia with the determination of Austria to prevent the further cannonading of the civilian section of Scutari and to obtain satisfaction for the alleged forcible conversion of Catholics and interference with the Austrian steamer Skodra.

Whatever truth or importance the alleged incidents have, the bitterest feeling on the part of Austria has been aroused, and the press and public of Austria-Hungary are demanding action. According to dispatches received by the Vienna papers, 400 Albanian Catholics at Jakova, weeping and wailing, were forced to join the Orthodox Church, the soldiers ordering them to choose between orthodoxy and death. At six other villages, it is declared, the residents were similarly converted.

Various accounts are printed of the death of a Catholic priest named Palic, but all agree that he refused to renounce his faith and was beaten to death.

The Austrian official account says that the Montenegrins are trying to destroy the town of Scutari, and that shells, instead of being aimed at the fortress, are directed against the town, where the citizens are in a state of panic, some of them taking refuge in the cathedral.

It is expected that the Austrian squadron will prevent the Servian reinfocements which left Salonika on six transports on Wednesday from landing on the Albanian coast. These troops have been dispatched to the assistance of the besieging forces around Scutari.

M. Popovitch, the Montenegrin delegate now in London, declares that the alleged incidents on which the Austrian complaints are based are either untrue or of small importance.

The story of the molestation of the Austrian steamer Skodra is officially denied by the Montenegrin Government. She is an insignificant river craft, according to the Montenegrin statement, carrying a crew of eight men.

The Montenegrin commanders, M. Popovitch says, have long known that the Franciscan monastery, the Austrians' Orphans' Home, the Italian schools, and other foreign private buildings in Scutari which fly the Austrian flag, have been employed for military purposes, and it is not surprising, therefore, he asserts, that they have been fired on. The allegations of the ill-treatment of Catholics and of forcible conversions, he declares to be false.

TURKS' "VICTORY" A DEFEAT.

Five Hundred Ottomans Killed in Battle on the Tchatalja Lines.

SOFIA, March 20.—There was severe fighting yesterday along the Tchatalja lines.

According to an official statement, a Turkish division with artillery advanced against the Bulgarian left wing, but was repulsed with heavy loss.

Another Turkish division, which advanced against the centre, was put to flight by a Bulgarian counter-attack. The Turks left 500 dead on the field.

In the evening six battalions tried an attack on the extreme left, but were forced to retreat under heavy artillery and rifle fire.

The battle reported in the foregoing is apparently the same as that reported from Constantinople on Wednesday. According to the Constantinople dispatch, based on official statements, the engagement resulted in a complete victory for the Turks.

It was asserted that the Ottoman troops took the offensive, drove the Bulgarians from their positions and took possession of the trenches that the Bulgars had been holding.

The official Turkish report even stated that in the centre the Bulgarians were routed at the point of the bayonet.

SINKS TWO GREEK GUNBOATS?

Turkish Cruiser Hamidieh Said to Have Dealt Another Blow.

ALEXANDRIA, March 20.—The Khédive's yacht, which arrived here to-day with fugitives from Kavala, report having received a wireless message yesterday saying that the Turkish cruiser Hamidieh had sunk two Greek gunboats.

AIRSHIP WRECKED AT ANCHOR

Soldiers Manning Zeppelin's Ropes Lifted Seventy Feet in Hurricane.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

BERLIN, March 20.—Details of the wrecking of the Zeppelin airship, Substitute Z 1, show that an attempt was made to land at St. Weiler, but a gust of wind swept her in the direction of Karlsruhe, where the vessel battled for an hour and a half with a wind blowing more than 50 miles an hour before the commander cared to risk an emergency descent. His eighteen-hour supply of gasoline was exhausted and one of the engines had become defective. The officers and crew congratulated one another heartily when they landed safely, after a more tempestuous voyage than any Zeppelin had previously survived.

The wind having subsided to some extent, the commander gave orders for another ascent. While the preparations were being made, disaster overtook the vessel with dramatic suddenness. A strange crash was heard; it was the breaking of one of the aluminium girders near the bow. The work of destruction then set in along the entire surface of the vessel. Although the airship was anchored on all sides by stout ropes held by strong arms, she seemed to be hanging almost entirely by her bow, which proved the weakest spot.

The vessel was whirled helplessly higher and higher by the wind. The soldiers hauling the ropes at the stern were lifted seventy feet from the ground and would have been killed if another gust had not suddenly plunged the vessel downward. A Lieutenant who found himself under the bow narrowly escaped being crushed, and dozens of soldiers had the spikes of their helmets torn off.

Two violent gusts now sealed the fate of the airship. Gradually her bow caved in, and ballonet after ballonet burst with a report like that of an exploding shell. Then another gust, the most violent of all, struck the vessel squarely amidships, and all hope of saving her vanished. The wind grew more and more violent, and was soon a hurricane. Frob within the creaking depths of the airship came increasingly loud explosions. The aluminium framework was already bare for three-quarters of its length. There was a desperate scramble to save the machinery and other equipment, but the destruction was complete.

100 KOREANS FREED

But Baron Yun Chi-ho and Other Prominent Men Are Found Guilty.

SEUL, March 20.—The verdict of the Appellate Court in the case of the 106 Koreans charged with conspiracy against the Japanese Governor General, Count Terauchi, was announced to-day. All the prisoners with the exception of six were acquitted.

Baron Yun Chi-ho, an ex-Cabinet Minister, was sentenced to six years' imprisonment. On the first trial he was sentenced to ten years in prison.

Yan Ki-tak, formerly connected with The Korean Daily News; An Tai-kog, Im Chi-Chong, and Yi Sung-hun were also sentenced to six years' imprisonment, while Ok Kwan-pin was sentenced to five years in jail.

Baron Yun Chi-ho is one of the best known English-speaking Koreans. He was at one time Minister of Education and Minister of Foreign Affairs in the Korean Cabinet. He is a member of one of the most ancient families of Korea, and held at various times the post of King's Privy Councillor, Governor, and Legislator. He was very wealthy and devoted his time to farming his great estates, which have since been confiscated.

He is a Methodist and is held in high esteem by the members of his sect. He is a graduate of Vanderbilt University, Nashville, Tenn. He was at one time at the head of the Korean Young Men's Christian Association. He attended the Missionary Conference at Edinburgh, Scotland, as a delegate from Korea.

Baron Yun Chi-ho is now in ill-health. He is said to be suffering from incipient tuberculosis, and, in the opinion of many of his friends, if he is incarcerated, he will not live to serve the full term of his sentence.

Yan Ki-tak at one time was editor of the vernacular edition of The Korean Daily News, formerly owned by Ernest T. Bethal, a British subject, which paper was suppressed in June, 1908, after having approvingly copied from a San Francisco Korean paper an article praising the assassins of Durham White Stevens, the Japanese Agent, who was murdered by Koreans in San Francisco in March, 1908.

MILLIONAIRE'S BODY EXHUMED IN ENGLAND

Sensation Caused by Relatives' Action in Case of Col. Meeking, Who Died a Year Ago.

GIVE NO HINT OF FOUL PLAY

Say They Want to Know if Death Was Due to Malignant Disease—Widow Consents Reluctantly.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, March 20.—A sensation has been caused by the announcement that the body of Col. Charles Meeking, a millionaire Buckinghamshire land owner and member of the Royal Yacht Squadron, has been exhumed by order of the Home Office.

Col. Meeking died in March, 1912, at the age of 73. The cause of his death was certified to be heart disease. He was buried in the family grave at Iver, Buckinghamshire.

The exhumation was made at the instance of certain members of the family, who were not satisfied regarding the cause of death. It was necessary to obtain the consent of the Colonel's widow. She at first objected, but, as the relatives persisted, finally agreed.

The reason for the exhumation, as given by a friend of the family, is that the relatives in question wish particularly to know whether the Colonel died from a malignant disease, such as cancer, in order that they may be in a position to guard against its recurrence in any other member of the family. No suspicion of foul play is mentioned. The relatives persisted in the exhumation notwithstanding a warning given to them that it might arouse suspicion in the minds of the public.

Col. Meeking was twice married, his second wife being Sybil Dedons de Pierrefeu, Countess de Coligny. Col. Meeking bequeathed to her $20,000 and his yachts, automobiles, horses, and carriages, and directed that her income should total $55,000 yearly.

Col. Meeking's father was the founder of the well-known furnishing business carried on in London under the title of Thomas Wallis & Co.

SKEPTICAL OF SPHINX STORY.

Egyptologist of British Museum Discredits Tale of Hidden Temple.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, March 20.—Dr. Wallis Budge, Egyptologist of the British Museum, in an interview with THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent, said that he did not believe the reports of Prof. Reisner's Sphinx discoveries.

"In the absence of direct information," he said, "I consider it all bosh. I have written M. Maspero, the chief antiquary in the service of Egypt, but he has not replied. Prof. Reisner is a responsible man, but I think he should immediately give a statement to the Cairo correspondent of THE NEW YORK TIMES, telling the world exactly what he has found. It is interesting to note that J. Pierpont Morgan has been in Cairo. The idea has occurred to me that somebody is spreading false information to get Mr. Morgan to spend money, but this is only my wicked suggestion. The Sphinx is 120 feet long and 60 feet high, and the head is 14 feet wide; therefore the statement that Prof. Reisner found a temple 24 by 64 feet in the head is ridiculous.

"It is true that the Sphinx is a great mystery, and there are many opinions as to whether it is older or younger than Egyptian civilization. The inscriptions only relate back to the Fourth Dynasty. Therefore it seems incredible that the tomb of the first King of Egypt should have been found within it. The entire neighborhood is honeycombed with mystery. It is entirely possible that Prof. Reisner has found a tomb elsewhere. Dow Carington, an American, is down there, too, proposing to get the sizes of the pyramids by digging down to the foundations, but I have no faith in the scheme. When I hear from Maspero I may say more."

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, March 20.—The Secretary of the Egypt Exploration Fund says that Prof. Reisner has never been inside the Sphinx, and that the recent newspaper publications were copied from a book published forty years ago.

BARTHOU MINISTRY LIKELY.

Ex-Minister of Justice Will, It Is Believed, Form a Cabinet.

PARIS, March 20.—Jean Barthou, Minister of Justice in the Briand Cabinet, which recently resigned, will give a definite answer to-morrow to the request of President Poincaré that he form a Cabinet. He will consult with his friends regarding his decision, but it is considered practically certain that he will accept the task.

M. Barthou said to-night that in the event of his acceptance the two cardinal principles in his programme would be proportional representation and three years' service in the army. His first endeavor, he added, would be to try to induce the Senatorial Committee to accept the principle of proportional representation, the details of which could be arranged later in a spirit of conciliation. He hoped in this way to end the deadlock between the two houses of Parliament.

The fall of the Briand Ministry was on the question of proportional representation, the Senate voting adversely on the Electoral Reform bill.

Prince Albert Cancels Engagements.

SAN JUAN, Porto Rico, March 20.—Prince Albert, second son of King George of England, had planned in the course of his tour of the West Indies on board the British training ship Cumberland to visit San Juan, and many receptions in his honor had been arranged. On the arrival of the Cumberland at Mayaguez the Prince was informed of the assassination of King George of Greece. His engagements were canceled, and the Cumberland proceeded on her voyage.

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A suit moulded and tailored into a walking example of Smith Gray perfection.

Single-toned fabrics in fine blues; delicate grays and soft browns; daintily "mixed" materials—all quietly and in a most gentlemanly way suggestive of Spring.

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MADERIST ACCUSES AMBASSADOR WILSON

Says Diplomat Told Mme. Madero Her Husband Was Doomed and Wouldn't Intercede.

REPEATS STORY OF MURDER

Col. Alcalde, Safe in San Francisco, Complains Wilson Didn't Protect Him.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 20.—Col. Manuel Blanche Alcalde, publisher of the New Era, a Mexico City newspaper, generally regarded as the mouthpiece of President Madero, arrived here to-day and asserted that he was "in a position to prove" that Madero was shot and that Vice President Suarez was strangled in the National Palace on the night of Feb. 22 and their bodies taken to the prison in an automobile.

"The reported assault by the guard," said Alcalde, "was merely a farcical ruse and a part of the plot. If the automobile was fired upon the guards were only pouring lead into the bodies of the President and Vice President, who were murdered in the place hours before."

Col. Alcalde asserted that the news of Madero's fate was known in Washington before the hour named in the official version as the time of the alleged attempt to rescue him.

"As a matter of fact," said he, "President Madero and Vice President Suarez were killed between 8 and 9:30 o'clock, Mexico City time, on the night of Feb. 22. The President was shot from behind and the powder burned his neck. Suarez was choked to death. His Secretary, Ferdinandez de la Reguera, saw the body two days later, and there were finger marks on the throat. One eye had been forced from its socket and the tongue protruded."

Col. Alcalde said that Mme. Madero told him there was no hope for her husband after she interviewed Ambassador Wilson the afternoon of Feb. 22.

"Mme. Madero and Mme. Suarez went to the Ambassador to implore him to intercede for their husbands' lives," he said. "I saw them when they left the Embassy. They said Ambassador Wilson had expressed to them his belief that the President and Vice President would be executed."

Bitterly criticising Ambassador Wilson, Col. Alcalde said the American diplomat declined to intercede to save him from arrest and death.

"After the Huerta coup, fearing arrest and execution, I went to the Ambassador and appealed for his aid in return for my protection of Americans in my school. He told me at first he could do nothing. Finally he asked me to write my name on a card, with that of my brother.

"Soon afterward a friend of mine rushed to me with the information that the American Ambassador had given a card, on which were the names of my brother and myself, to Secretary Granados, and the latter had immediately isued orders for our arrest. This friend had overheard part of a conversation between the Ambassador and Granados, in which he said the Ambasador had said that my brother and I were in fear of arrest. Granados replied that we had escaped his attention, but he would attend to our cases at once, and the order of arrest was issued.

"My friend hastened to me, gave me his purse, and urged me to flee. I left Mexico City disguised as a track laborer at 10 o'clock that night. My wife and babies were disguised. Thanks to a friendly train conductor, we made our way to Salina Cruz and embarked for San Francisco."

PAINTS HUERTA RULE AS RIOT.

Frenchman Asserts Civilized Mexicans Want Intervention.

Dr. Paul d'Issoncourt, a young French physician, who had been serving in the medical corps of the Mexican Army, arrived here yesterday, and said conditions in the Mexican capital were the worst imaginable. He asserted the better class of Mexican citizens would welcome the coming of American troops. Dr. d'Issoncourt resigned from the army because of refusal by the Huerta Government to pay his salary to the amount of about $200. When he and another army doctor, a German, asked for their pay, Dr. d'Issoncourt related, the answer was to throw them into jail where they remained a few hours. They were released and received a hint that the time had come to quit the country. Two days afterward they sailed from Vera Cruz for Galveston.

The situation in the City of Mexico when the Frenchman left there a week ago last Saturday he described as one of disorder and unrest. There were no police on duty. The soldiers were being paid in whisky instead of money. Incendiaries were at work every night in several parts of the city. All that was necessary to work murder was to say that your victim was plotting against the Government. The city was without light. Homeless men were stealing street cars in which to live. It was practically impossible to get staple foods at any price.

Army Drinks All the Time.

"Whisky is the ruling spirit of the enlisted arm of the Mexican military service," said Dr. d'Issoncourt. "Although eggs and vegetables cannot be obtained there is plenty of whisky on tap, the soldiers dipping it out of barrels with their cups. There is no limit to the quantity they are permitted to drink. They simply drink until they are crazed and then proceed to 'do up' the city.

"Here is something I witnessed only a few nights before I left the city. I was dining with friends in the suburbs, my hosts being a young married couple. Seven drunken Mexican soldiers entered the house, maltreated the owner, and then insulted his wife. That kind of thing happened every night after the overthrow of the Madero Government. The Huerta Government admitted it was powerless to control the men. The army is without discipline, and in my opinion 2,000 seasoned American regulars could take the city and hold it as long as they wished."

Dr. d'Issoncourt said he assisted at the autopsy on the body of the murdered President, Francisco I. Madero, Jr., and that it showed the body had been mutilated. The President, he said, died from two bullet wounds in the back of the head. The Frenchman did not see the body of Gustavo Madero, so he could not say whether the story of the tortures inflicted on that brother of the President before death was true.

"One of the worst features of the situation up to the time I left," the physician added, "was the absolute lack of police protection in the capital. Apparently the police force had been disbanded. If a man had an enemy all he had to do was to find him, put a bullet through his heart, and when asked why he murdered him, answer he had evidence that the victim was plotting against the Government.

Busy in Street Battles.

"I was one of twenty-five foreign doctors, mostly from Germany and France," the physician continued, "who were taken to Mexico by the Madero Government to reorganize the medical staff of the army. A German physician and I bore the brunt of the surgical work during the battles that resulted in the overthrow of Madero. One day, I alone had forty-five amputations to perform. We had no antiseptic and had to use saline solutions for that purpose. The Government had drugs in plenty, but none was issued to the medical officers who had the care of the wounded in charge."

"Do you think Huerta will establish peace?" he was asked.

"I can't answer that question," he replied, "for I don't know what the finish will be. Sometimes it looked to me as if Huerta were not the real man in power, but simply was the soldier obeying the orders of an undisclosed superior. The outlook is dark. I don't know whether it will clear."

"Are the Mexican soldiers any good?"

"As far as Mexicans go, yes—but that doesn't mean much. One good regiment like the Eleventh United States Cavalry, I believe, could lick a whole division of Mexicans. The Mexicans mostly are ignorant men who don't know anything about law and order and who don't care to know."

"What did Huerta say when you asked him for the $200 due to you?"

"He said the Government did not have that much money. Then the German doctor and I resigned. They put us in jail on the charge that we were deserters. They said we might stay in the army if we would work for nothing."

"What do you think would result from an American occupation of the City of Mexico?"

"I think it would be the beginning of the end of trouble and soon would result in peace throughout the country. The best people among the Mexicans want the Americans to come in, for they realize it is about the only thing that can bring peace to their sorely distressed nation."

Dr. d'Issoncourt will remain in New York a week. Then he will sail for France for an indefinite stay in Paris. He is not going back to Mexico soon.

SAYS MEXICANS WANT PEACE.

De la Barra's Brother, Off for Europe, Is Optimistic.

Louis de la Barra, brother of Gen. Francisco de la Barra, Minister of Foreign Affairs under the Huerta Government in Mexico, who has been stopping at the Hotel Astor, sailed on La Provence yesterday for France and England. Mr. de la Barra goes as financial agent of the Government of Mexico.

"I am optimistic about the future of my country," he said, "and this is because the people are anxious for peace. Many of the leading insurrectos have surrendered to the Government and will help to restore peace. The Government is a National one, not a party government. Huerta is very popular and very competent, and the army is faithful to the new régime. Once the Government has settled tne troubles in the north it will turn its attention to the Zapatistas in the south.

"Many of the Zapatistas are now fighting against those who are opposing the new régime. Morales, one of the leading associates of Zapata, has already beaten the brother of Zapata and will continue in assisting the Government."

Asked if there was any truth in the reports of bad feeling between Gen. de la Barra and Gen. Huerta, Mr. de la Barra said:

"There is no truth in any report about friction between the principal leaders of the new régime." Asked when the election for President would be held, he said he thought the votes would be cast in June or July, or as soon as peace was restored.

"One thing I want to say," he asserted. "It is absolutely certain that the Mexicans, of all classes, are very well disposed toward the American people. It will be a great thing for Americans to have this fact in mind, that Mexico is open for all honest, enterprising people, and that they will be treated fairly.

"Mr. Emilio Rabasa, our new Ambassador to your country, who will be here soon, is very capable, and is a writer of great knowledge. In his last book, which is considered highly in Mexico, Mr. Rabasa mentions in high terms some of the writings of President Wilson, of whom he is a great admirer. And the book was written long before Dr. Wilson became President. That is a charming note, eh? Mr. Rabasa will do much to make the relations closer between the two countries.

"We in Mexico have the greatest faith in the good intentions of the American Government. The name of President Wilson is well known in Mexico, and Secretary of State Mr. Bryan is known as a great friend of Mexico."

AMERICANS RUSH FOR BORDER.

Cananea Residents Flee in Autos to Escape Yaquis' Attack.

DOUGLAS, Ariz., March 20.—American women and children from the mining settlement at Cananea, are being rushed to the border to-night in automobiles. Several hundred Yaquis, led by Gen. Obregnon, chief of the insurgent State troops, are reported marching on the town, garrisoned by 350 Federals.

Col. Moreno, the Federal commander at Cananea, expects Obregnon's attack in the morning. The advance of Obregnon is a deviation from his announced plan of an attack on Naco and the Federals there under Gen. Ojeda.

Antonio Rojas, a rebel general, with 150 men, is reported to have looted Moctezuma, Sonora, after American residents fled.

Miss Lelia Samuel to Wed March 25.

Miss Lelia Samuel, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. M. Samuel of 545 West 111th Street, and Theodore Adler of Cincinnati, Ohio, are to be married at Sherry's on Wednesday evening, March 26.

Mrs. Alice H. Westervelt Dead.

Mrs. Alice H. Westervelt, wife of John C. Westervelt, and daughter of the late Leonidas Daly of Buffalo, died yesterday at her home, 7 West Fiftieth Street.

ALARM FROM MAYOR CALLS OUT FIREMEN

Many Get Medals for Heroism, and Same Signal Opens Nine New Fire Houses.

GIBLIN GREETS HIS RESCUER

Seneca Indian Who Sawed Him Out of Equitable Furnace Gets Two Medals—Johnson in Collision.

As a part of the ceremony of dedicating to the city's service nine new fire houses and ten new engine companies, Mayor Gaynor yesterday turned in a false alarm of fire. Ten thousand citizens massed in and around City Hall Plaza and clustered in the windows of skyscrapers on Broadway and Park Row overlooking the scene, witnessed the response to the Mayor's summons.

The shrill of sirens was heard in the distance, and within forty seconds from the time Mayor Gaynor "pulled the box" specially installed in front of City Hall, Fire Chief Kenlon's red motor flashed into view in its dash from the station at Fulton and Church Streets, followed by a motor-propelled chemical scout engine, a motor-propelled fire engine, and a motor-propelled hook and ladder truck. The cheering crowds appreciated the fact, to which Commissioner Johnson called attention later, that the scene introduced a new era in fire fighting in which the horse is to be evoluted out of the service.

The annual presentation of Fire Department medals shared with the installation services in contributing a history-making day for the department. It began at 10:30 A. M. in one of the new fire houses at Smith and Lorraine Streets, Brooklyn, where Commissioner Johnson, Deputy Commissioner Olvany, and Chief Kenlon officially opened the quarters. They visited in succession and opened the eight other new houses situated as follows:

Brooklyn—Seventh Avenue and Fiftieth Street, Twelfth Avenue and Forty-second Street, Cortelyou Road near East Twelfth Street, 491 St. John's Place, and 582 Knickerbocker Avenue.

Manhattan—Double engine company at 181st Street near Audubon Avenue, and 111th Street between Second and Third Avenues.

The Bronx—Morris Avenue near 169th Street.

Mayor Calls Out the Force.

In preparation for the exercises at City Hall details of firemen in dress uniforms formed lines leading from the entrance to the centre of the plaza. These lines held back the crowds which pressed forward to get a good view of Mayor Gaynor's performance on the brilliantly-painted fire post equipped with its signal box and erected on the asphalt.

The Mayor, attended by Commissioner Johnson and followed by a distingunshed company of invited guests, appeared promptly at 2:30 o'clock and marched down the steps to the box. In the base of the post was a gong on which the alarm would be transmitted to Fire Headquarters and thence to the nine new fire houses. Mayor Gaynor was seen to thrust his hand forward, and simultaneously the clanging notes of a bell sounded.

A few seconds later, heralded by the sirens screaming a warning to traffic, the motor-propelled fire aparatus came in view at Broadway and Park Row. Within three minutes from the sounding of the alarm three vehicles had halted in the plaza in front of the Mayor and a line of hose had been laid.

In the nine new houses the alarm called out the ten new companies, which took their stations in response to this their first call, and then were dismissed to quarters.

Mayor Gaynor and his party returned to his reception room, which was crowded to its capacity with guests assembled to witness the presentation of medals. Following he introductory address by Commissioner Johnson and the reading by Deputy Commissioner Olvany of brief accounts of the services by which the medal men won distinction, Mayor Gaynor made a speech in praise of the Fire and Police Departments, in which he paid his respects as usual to "billious people who never have a good word for anybody."

"However," he said, "we manage to get along, and get along well. I am certainly proud of these men, Mr. Commissioner. When I came out in the corridor I noticed how big they all are; they are all big fellows. I wish I were as big as they are—I would make a disturbance in the world. It is gratifying to see them and know that the safety of the city is in the hands of such men."

Giblin Greets Indian Rescuer.

The first man honored was Seneca Larke, Jr., a full-blooded Indian, of Engine Company 20. While the Equitable Building fire at 120 Broadway was in progress on the morning of Jan. 12, 1912, Larke advanced unfalteringly into the peril zone and sawed through two one-and-one-half-inch steel bars behind which William Giblin and William Sheehan were imprisoned. A stream of water was played over Larke's head constantly while he worked, to fight back the flames which threatened to envelop him. Stone and débris were falling around him, but he never faltered in his work until he had saved the two men. Mr. Giblin was present yesterday. As both a department and a Bennett medal were pinned on Larke's uniform Mr. Giblin stepped forward and warmly grasped the hand of his rescuer. Cheers resounded in the room as the two men stood with hands clasped.

The Bonner medal and a department medal were awarded to James G. Brown, Hook and Ladder Company 1. Brown with Battalion Chief Walsh, who lost his life, and Capt. Bass were on the fourth floor of the Equitable Building when the interior walls collapsed. Brown was hurled through a door into another wing of the building. Hearing cries for help, he crawled through the débris and found Capt. Bass pinioned by timbers. He rescued him, and then returned for Walsh, but could not find him. Brown rescued four persons from a building at 25 Park Row on last Oct. 6.

The other men honored and their rewards are:

JAMES A. MOLLOY, Engine Company 32, Emily Trevor-Mary B. Warren medal and department medal.

THOMAS KILBRIDE, Hook and Ladder 1; William L. Strong medal and department medal.

JOHN F. MOONEY, Hook and Ladder 4; Henri P. Wertheim medal and department medal.

Capt. JAMES J. WALSH, Engine Company 269; Brooklyn Citizen's medal.

CHARLES HELMHOLTZ, Engine Company 238; William S. Hurley medal.

ARTHUR L. X. BOYLAN, Hose Company 1; John T. Agnew medal.

Lieut. CHARLES W. RANKIN, Engine Company 33; Thomas E. Crimmins memorial medal and department medal.

Capt. JOHN J. KELLY, Hook and Ladder Company 9; John T. Stephenson medal.

FRANCIS X. SHIELDS, Hook and Ladder Company 21; department medal.

FREDERICK J. DEISSROTH Engine Company 7; department medal.

To each member of Hook and Ladder Company 9, bronze efficiency medal.

The department medal was awarded to Dr. Harry M. Archer, an honorary medical officer of the department. Dr. Archer is the first citizen in the history of the department to be thus honored.

Accidents of the Day.

Commissioner Johnson was on his way to open the new house on Knickerbocker Avenue, Brooklyn, when his auto collided with a runabout in which Frank Dowler of 229 Lincoln Road and Frank Korenke of 463 Rogers Avenue were riding. The runabout was hurled against a lamppost and completely wrecked, throwing the two men to the ground. They received painful injuries, which were treated at the Cumberland Street Hospital, after which they left for their homes.

The accident attended the effort of the runabout to pass between the auto in which Chief Kenlon was riding and Commissioner Johnson's car, which followed.

Engine Company 92, the first of the new companies to respond to an alarm, met with an accident last night. The men left their quarters on Morris Avenue to respond to a summons from 167th Streeet and Lind Avenue, when the turning gear of their motor-propelled hose wagon snapped. The men abandoned the disabled machine and continued on foot to the scene of a small fire in a two-story building.

The total cost of the new buildings, which are of brick with stone facings and concrete floors, is more than $500,000. The signal equipment and furniture cost $24,420, and $33,300 was paid for hose which the ten new companies will use. Each new house has a motor-propelled steam pumping engine with a capacity of nearly 800 gallons of water a minute.

The ten new type engines are the first delivered under contract for twenty-eight of the same kind. The remaining eighteen will be delivered during the year and installed in other new houses to be opened then. In addition to an engine, each new house has a motor-propelled hose wagon, or combination chemical scout. The scouts have a speed of thirty-five miles an hour, and are equipped with two tanks each containing thirty-five gallons of chemical fire-extinguishing fluid.

Firemen chauffeurs trained to operate the new motor apparatus have been assigned to the new companies. These men are graduaates of the Fire Commissioner's automobile school, organized a year ago, and from which 152 students have received diplomas. The new engines cost $8,890 each, and the chemical scouts $4,163 each

SCHOOL BOOKS HIS HOBBY.

George A. Plimpton Shows His Manuscript Text Books.

George A. Plimpton gave a dinner last evening at his home, 61 Park Avenue, to the members of the Hobby Club. After dinner Mr. Plimpton, who possesses a rare collection of early school books, talked on "Education Before Printing, as Illustrated by Original Manuscripts."

Among the members of the club present were Henry G. Folger, Jr., Darwin P. Kingsley, Henry E. Huntington, Alvin W. Krech, Prof. William P. Trent, Phoenix Ingraham, John C. Tomlinson, William M. Schwitzer, George F. Kunz, William B. Osgood Field, John C. Tomlinson, Jr., David Wagstaff, John Quinn, R. T. H. Halsey, John G. Milburn, Albert Eugene Gallatin, John D. Crimmins, Adrian H. Larkin, and Henry H. Harper.

WAIT TILL THE CAR STOPS.

Canadian Justice Non-Suits Man Hurt in Leaving One in Motion.

MONTREAL, March 20.—The plaintiff in a suit for $1,000 damages against the local street car company as compensation for injuries sustained in alighting from a car has been summarily non-suited by Justice Archbald, who held that he was wholly to blame for the mishap.

The plaintiff, one Guglielmi, according to the company's witness, left the car before it had time to stop. In doing so he fell in the roadway on his head, fracturing his skull. He was for a considerable time under the care of a physician, and, owing to his injuries, has become deaf in one ear.

NO RACE PREJUDICE, REPUBLICANS SAY

West Side Club Official Denies That Jewish Applicants Are Barred.

FEW RESIGNATIONS THIS YEAR

Less Than Usual Number Withdraw at Period for Annual Dues and but Three on the Race Issue.

At the annual meeting of the West Side Republican Club, at 270 West Eighty-fourth Street, on Tuesday night, an effort was made by some members, it was learned last night, to put the club on record as denying rumors in circulation since December that the club was opposed to taking in Jewish members. At the December meeting twenty-seven candidates were presented. Two of them were Jews, and they were blackballed.

At Tuesday night's meeting a Mr. Amos of the Republican Club of the Nineteenth Assembly District, who is also a member of the West Side Club, offered this resolution:

> Resolved, That, regardless of the sources from which they may have originated, this club hereby emphaticaly denies, and brands as absolutely false, all reports that citizens of the Hebrew faith are not welcome to membership in the West Side Republican Club.

After a long debate, the members present voted to lay the resolution on the table.

E. D. Hubbard, who until Tuesday night was Chairman of the House Committee of the club, said last night that the resolution had been tabled because the members felt it would be an insult to the twenty Jewish members of the organization to pass a resolution declaring Jews unobjectionable. These members, he said, had for the most part joined in asking that the resolution be tabled. He said that the club had never objected to receiving Jewish members, provided they were personally acceptable.

Questioned about a report that some sixty resignations of members of the club had followed Tuesday night's action, he asserted that usually some thirty-five resignations were sent in when the annual dues matured on March 1, but that this year only twenty members had resigned, and only three had done so on the ground of the alleged discrimination. The rest, he said, were non-Jewish members.

Mr. Hubbard said that while the club had started out as a political organization it had since changed in character to a semi-social organization, which aimed to occupy a place uptown corresponding to that of the Union League. Many of its 325 members, he said, were members of the Union League, Lotos, New York Athletic, Yale, Harvard, or University Club. Its officers are: President, George Beiderhase; First Vice President, L. Barton Case; Second Vice President, Dr. G. Duane Hallett; Secretary, E. W. Palmer, and Treasurer, Frank C. Stratt.

FOUNTAINS SELL SOAP SUDS.

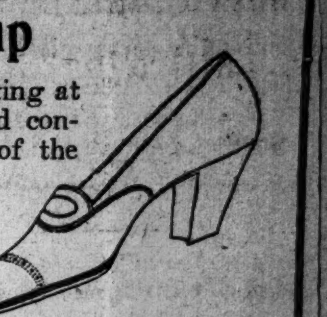
Dr. Lederle Finds a Preparation Used to Put Foam on Soda Water.

Mrs. Julian Heath, President of the Housewives' League, in a talk last night at the Hotel McAlpin before the Progressive Economic League, said she had just looked over the draft of a bill to be presented at Albany next week, requiring grocery stores, bakeries, candy stores, and soda fountains to placard their walls in large type, notifying the public of adulterated products sold there.

Dr. E. J. Lederle, Commissioner of Health, urged that such a law should go a step further and compel hotels and restaurants to show prominently in their bills of fare if any food they serve is adulterated or preserved with chemicals.

Dr. Lederle told the league that it had been discovered two weeks ago that a preparation of soap bark, which should be used only in cleaning clothes, was in wide use throughout the city. A bulletin was issued by the Board of Health notifying offenders that they must cease to use this compound or they would be prosecuted. The soap bark was used at drug fountains to create a lather on soda water, sarsaparilla, and other soft drinks, which would be taken for foam. It was used in bakeries in making macaroons and meringue pies.

Col. J. Frank Supplee, formerly of Baltimore, told the league that one of the causes of the high cost of living in this city was that it was unfashionable here for women to go marketing and that there were no suitable public markets.



Andrew Alexander

The Beverly Pump

A new Walking Pump, close-fitting at sides and heel, with a novel and convenient buckle made as a part of the vamp in the same material. Buckle cannot be lost or detached. In gun metal, patent leather, white and taupe buckskin.

$5

Sixth Avenue
At Nineteenth St.

548 Fifth Avenue
Above Forty-fifth Street

32 MORE WOMEN LAWYERS.

Class of New York University Receives Certificates.

Thirty-two members of the Woman's Law Class at New York University received certificates from Chancellor Elmer Ellsworth Brown at the twenty-third commencement last night in the university building, Washington Square. Dr. Brown laid particular emphasis upon the evolution in the sphere of woman's activities, and how this change had necessitated the training of women in the law. Law, he said, was one of the fundamentals of education, and some study of it should find its place in the curriculum of not only every university, but of every high school.

A prize scholarship, the gift of New York University, valued at $360 in the form of three years' free tuition in the University Law School, was awarded to Miss Anna E. Masterson for the best examination for the Chancellor's certificate in the morning class. The New Century Essay Prize of $50 for the best essay on the subject, "The Lessons of the Triangle Fire," was awarded to Miss Rose D. Zucker, B. A. Miss Rose G. Zeitlin received the Prize Scholarship in the evening class for the best examination for the Chancellor's certificate. This prize, the gift of the Woman's Legal Education Society, is also valued at $360 in the form of three years' tuition at the University Law School.

Dr. Clarence D. Ashley, Dean of the University Faculty of Law, delivered the valedictory address to the graduates, who were:

Mrs. Ellen K. Bendel, Mrs. E. D. H. Carlton, Miss Ellen A. Cavanaugh, Laura Angela Cregan, Mrs. Harriet Friedman, B. A.; Frances Giantz, B. A.; Mrs. E. Rexford Graves, B. A.; May W. Hagerty, Martha M. Hughes, Rose Levy, Nellie H. Lloyd, B. W. Lobenstine, J. E. McKenzie, B. A.; Honoré McNamara, Anna E. Masterson, Henriette Mayer, Mabel C. Mead, Mary Millar, A. Nomburg, B. A.; Hazel Kenyon Otis, Ida Osborne, Inez H. Paine, Wilhelmina A. Ross, Linda J. Rowe, Elinor Sachs, Charlotte Segler, Marietta J. Taylor, Dorothy Tomkins, Wilhelmine A. Withus, Lena D. Wolff, Rose G. Zeitlin, and Rose D. Zucker.

BABY THROWN FROM ROOF.

Only an Hour Old, It Died of Injuries and Slayer Escaped.

A new born girl baby, less than an hour old, was thrown off the roof of a six-story tenement at 1,590 Lexington Avenue, near 101st Street, shortly before 9:30 o'clock last night. The baby fell on a two-story extension in the rear of the house, and its fall was heard by Joseph Karstein, whose bedroom window looks out on the extension.

Karstein climbed out the window and got the infant. He put the child on his bed and ran to the East 104th Street Police Station, where he notified the police, and Detectives White and Becle returned with him. They got Dr. Sayles from Harlem Hospital, but though the surgeon worked hard over the child the baby died in a few minutes.

The detectives interviewed all of the twenty-five families who occupy the house. They could find no one who knew anything about the baby's appearance on the roof of the extension.

The janitress, Mrs. Augusta Sullivan, had been in front of the house, and had seen no one but tenants enter, and none of them with a parcel which might have contained the baby.

The houses adjoining the tenement are six stories in height, and the police decided some one had ascended to the roof through one of these other houses and then hurled the baby off. They canvassed every house in the neighborhood, however, without learning more about the baby's death. The infant was not clothed.

GAVE STATE USE OF FARM.

Riley Says He Did Not Even Know Prison Warden's Politics.

Special to The New York Times.

PLATTSBURG, N. Y., March 20.—Judge John B. Riley, whose nomination to be Superintendent of State Prisons to succeed Col. J. F. Scott, has not yet been acted upon by the Senate, discussed to-day the litigation in which he has been engaged.

"The report in THE NEW YORK TIMES regarding the history of the litigation between myself and others over insurance policies purchased from the receiver of the St. Paul Trust Company by me in 1905 gave the facts as I recall them. The case was tried upon its merits and the judgment was in my favor.

"Regarding the litigation between the Saranac Land and Timber Company and the State, I have only to say that I hold a small part of the stock of the company. I have never been an official of the company, and never had anything to do with the litigation."

Regarding the employment of convicts on highways, Judge Riley said he had advocated the employment of convicts who were about to be discharged.

"When Warden Kaiser was appointed Warden of Clinton Prison in the Fall of 1912 he asked for an interview at the request of Col. Scott regarding the employment of convicts on highways," he said. "I found the State had no equipment for housing the convicts. I offered the free use of a farmhouse for that purpose. The offer was accepted, and the State used it last year and again this year.

"It was fully demonstrated that convicts could be so employed with benefit to them and advantage to the State. Although I urged their employment last Spring repeatedly, none was sent out until the latter part of August. A large part of the fund appropriated for the purpose was used in violation of law in building sidewalks in the incorporated village of Dannemora. Although I have given a number of letters of introduction to the Warden, I never asked from him a favor, politically or otherwise. I never even knew to what political party he belonged."

ALBANY, March 20.—The Senate Finance Committee met in executive session to-day, but took no action on the nomination of Judge John B. Riley of Plattsburg as Superintendent of State Prisons to succeed Col. Joseph F. Scott.

FOG DELAYS RIVER TRAFFIC.

Inbound and Outbound Steamers Held Up—Ferries Interfered With.

The fog which settled over the harbor yesterday in the forenoon and lasted throughout the day delayed the river traffic and held up the inbound and outbound steamers. The White Star liner Baltic got away from her pier at noon, and the French liner Provence left at 10 A. M., but both had to anchor in the lower bay. The White Star liner Majestic incoming from Southampton with passengers and mails was delayed and will not dock until this morning. She leaves again at noon to-morrow for Southampton. As the officers and crew of White Star liners are not allowed to leave their ships the day before sailing, they will not be able to come ashore this trip at all. The ferry services were also much interferred with.

John Osborne of Nyack went out in a rowboat to pick up some fishing lines, and was lost in the fog for two hours. Hearing a steamboat coming, he shouted for all he was worth and managed to make the officer in the pilot house hear him and stop just in time.

DURING EASTER PREPARATIONS,

When you walk, shop or are on your feet, fortify and care for your feet. Don't get footsore; get Foot-Ease, the antiseptic powder to be shaken into the Shoes for Swollen, Aching feet. You can walk for hours with comfort if you use **Allen's Foot-Ease.** It is always in demand for use in Patent Leather Shoes, and for Breaking in New Shoes. This is an Easy Test: Sprinkle Allen's Foot-Ease in one shoe and not in the other, and notice the difference. Order a 25c package TO-DAY of any Druggist and be ready to forget you have feet during Easter Week. Sold everywhere, 25c. Sample FREE by mail. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Don't accept any substitute.

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CELEBRATED HATS

Fully in keeping with their established reputation for quality, style and character

NEW YORK
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"The Habit HEALTHFUL"
WORLD FAMOUS
ANTISEPTIC MOUTH WASH

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PRICE 50 CENTS
At All Druggists and Department Stores
GEO. BORGFELDT & CO.,
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The Country Hall and Its Furniture

THE furnishing of the spacious, sunny hall of the well-designed Country House may with advantage suggest the varied home interests which here may centre.

The ample Table of Jacobean Oak with its careless litter of books and magazines, the carven Side-table strewn with whips and hunting crops and tennis bats, the quaint Tudor Livery Cupboard with its complement of Golf sticks—such as these are the offerings made by our Hampton Shops Reproductions of old-time furnishings.

The Grand Rapids Furniture Company

34 and 36 West 32d Street
Between Fifth Ave. and Broadway
New York

HAMPTON SHOPS

GIMBELS Presents Today Its Finest Collection of Authoritative Styles In

Men's Spring Apparel

For Men Who Wish to Choose Well But Quickly

This is a distribution, if you please, of Men's Clothing, in which there are only capital prizes.

A clothing stock is as poor as its worst style. A single error in taste can permeate a whole Clothing Store stock with an air of miserable uncertainty as to the correctness of its fashions.

This can never be the case in the Gimbel Clothing Store for Men. We are originators, as well as judges. Our plans are carried out for us by the best wholesale tailors in America, and we subject their work to the most rigid scrutiny.

Today, the clothing tastes of every man, from conservative, to progressive—though never radical—can be satisfied in this great Spring stock—speedily, but safely. We beg to draw attention to the

Cutaway Coats and Waistcoats, at $30 to $50
Sack Suits, including Norfolks, at $18.50 to $48.
Chesterfield Overcoats, at $25 to $37.50.
Fancy Spring Overcoats, English and American, $25 to $40.
Fancy Waistcoats, $3.50 to $15.
Young Men's Suits, 15 to 22 years, $12 to $30.

And a special offering, for Easter, of

Men's Spring Suits and Overcoats at $19.50

Which involves a saving of over 20 per cent. in every instance.

The SUITS have the fashionable, soft tailoring, most of them without any padding. Handsome light-weight fabrics, in plain grays, blues and blacks, and many pin-stripes and mixtures.

The OVERCOATS are in fully silk-lined, Chesterfield models, in plain black or Oxford grays; also some of our "Avenue" Coats with belted backs, in plain blue or gray.

Fourth Floor

GIMBEL BROTHERS
BROADWAY NEW YORK THIRTY-THIRD STREET

FRIEDMANN WANTS PLACE TO TREAT POOR

Hopes Some Organization Will Hire a Hall Where Sufferers Without Means Can Apply.

HOSPITALS OVERCROWDED

Berlin Physician Touched by Appeals of Thousands of Consumptives, Who Waylay Him to Beg for Relief.

Because of the thousands of appeals for treatment which are coming to him from poor persons suffering from tuberculosis, Dr. Friedrich Franz Friedmann, the Berlin physician, who is testing under Government supervision here the vaccine which he says will cure that disease, is anxious to have some organization hire a large hall, in which he can hold clinics for those who cannot gain admission to the hospitals. Dr. Friedmann said that he had been much touched by the appeals of the poverty-stricken persons who had surrounded him whenever he appeared in public, to beg him to help them, but he said his hands were tied, as he could not act on his own initiative until the Government had given him permission to practice.

Another of the pathetic appeals which have come to be a feature of Dr. Friedmann's life here was made as the doctor departed from the hospital yesterday afternoon.

Notwithstanding the rain, a large crowd waited patiently before the door of the hospital for the physician to appear. As Dr. Friedmann come out the crowd surged about his automobile. "Save us!" some cried. One woman held aloft a child and begged the doctor to treat him. This woman struggled through the crowd with tears streaming down her face. Another woman ran forward and seized the mud guard of the automobile. She was a sufferer from tuberculosis. Dr. Friedmann was evidently touched by her distress. He advised her to go to the hospital and say that he had sent her there for examination. Several others pressed forward to plead for help. The physician saw the hopelessness of trying to talk to all in the crowd and told his chauffeur to drive on.

Mount Sinai and Bellevue Hospitals have all the tuberculosis patients they can accommodate, and it was this fact that led Dr. Friedmann to say that he would like a large hall, where under Government supervision he could treat the poor. Volunteer physicians could make the necessary examination of the patients, he said, and report on them to him.

Dr. Friedmann and his assistants, Dr. Harry Benjamin and Dr. Maurice Sturm, at the Hospital for Deformities and Joint Diseases, treated 27 cases of tuberculosis yesterday afternoon. Many of the patients were children. The first case treated was that of a man of 40 years old, who had suffered from the disease for ten years. The patients waited in an ante-room, and were brought from there to the operating room on the top floor one at a time. Dr. Finkelstein, a house physician, read the history of each case as it was treated.

Among those present were: Dr. Henry W. Frauenthal, Superintendent of the hospital; Dr. E. M. Gattle, President of the hospital; Dr. Malcolm T. Kemp, Dr. Eugene Grenier of Montreal, Dr. W. H. Cheney of Chattanooga, Tenn.; Dr. T. C. Smith of Cleveland, Ohio; Dr. John J. Marcock, Buffalo; Dr. D. B. Becker of North Dakota, Dr. Frank H. May, Framingham, Ala.; Dr. F. T. James of Uniontown, Ala.; Dr. R. D. Gibson, Rio Janeiro; Dr. Henry Halpert of Scranton, Penn.; Dr. Thomas Harrison, Wenoka, Okla.; Dr. Ernest Morris, Asheville, N. C.; Dr. B. M. Kellogg, city physician of the Milwaukee Board of Health; Thomas H. Hay of Stevens Point, Wis., and Dr. Stimson and Dr. Salmon, Government physicians, representing the Public Health Service in Washington.

After having returned to the Ansonia from the hospital Dr. Friedmann issued this statement:

"I wish that the press of the country would warn patients not to come to New York. It will not be long before all will have an opportunity of receiving the treatment. I can only treat those who are countenanced by the Government. This remedy is not like other treatments. It is complicated, for the bacilli are alive, and to administer it a physician must understhand it. He must have a knowledge of the case, for it is of the utmost importance to know when a second injection is necessary. Up to this time I have not told a soul this secret. Nor have I given the secret of how to make the solution for injection from the cultures. I want to say now that I am going to give this secret to the medical world as soon as the times comes."

Dr. W. R. Townsend of the Medical Society of the State of New York has written a letter to the Board of Regents at Albany asking that the society be advised if Dr. Friedmann applies for a special license. This action, he said, was a duty the organization owed to the people of the State. Dr. Friedmann will visit Bellevue Hospital this morning, and select more patients for treatment. In the afternoon he will treat some thirty patients in that institution, and examine the condition of those already treated.

WEST END EXCHANGE MEETS.

Officers and Members of the Board of Managers Elected.

At its seventeenth annual meeting, held at the home of Mrs. James M. Donald, the managers and subscribers of the West End Exchange and Industrial Union elected these officers and members of the Board of Managers yesterday: President, Mrs. John S. Sutphen; First Vice President, Mrs. Henry Spadone; Second Vice President, Mrs. Edward P. Tysen; Recording Secretary, Miss Josephine H. Dill; Corresponding Secretary, Mrs. Elmer E. Hartzell; Treasurer, Mrs. John S. Spencer. Managers—Mrs. W. F. Albertson, Mrs. L. F. Braine, Mrs. Alexander Browne, Mrs. John D. Bruce, Mrs. Alexander Cambell, Miss Josephine H. Dill, Mrs. James M. Donald, Mrs. John V. Donohue, Mrs. Z. S. Freeman, Mrs. Walter Geer, Mrs. Elmer E. Hartzell, Mrs. N. L. Howe, Mrs. John O'Brien, Mrs. Frank H. Platt, Mrs. N. M. Pond, Mrs. William B. Putney, Mrs. Henry Spadone, Miss Blanche Spadone, Mrs. John S. Spencer, Mrs. John S. Sutphen, Mrs. L. W. Stotesbury, Mrs. Charles F. Terhune, Mrs. Edward P. Tysen, Mrs. Clermont H. Wilcox, Mrs. Elmer E. Whittaker.

The exchange, started in March, 1896, has for seventeen years assisted women to support themselves. At the exchange headquarters, 169 West Seventy-fourth Street, are to be found home-made bread, rolls, cake, and fancy articles.

CONFERENCE TRIES MINISTER

Case of the Rev. Mr. Macrorie and Choir Singer Is Before It.

At his own request the Newark conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church, which is holding its fifty-fourth annual session in Newark, took up the case of the Rev. Willis S. Macrorie of Martinsville, N. J., whose name was recently mentioned with that of Miss Edith or Gertrude Nelson, who was a member of his church choir.

Soon after the session was opened yesterday it was announced that it would be an executive one. At adjournment it was admitted that the Macrorie case had been warmly debated. It was also learned that Bishop Luther B. Wilson of New York had named the Rev. W. E. Palmer of Perth Amboy to represent the church at a trial which the conference had decided to give the Rev. Mr. Macrorie. Two delegates were assigned to each side as counsel, and a jury of twelve was designated to pass on the innocence or guilt of the accused preacher.

The trial was begun at 4 o'clock in the Central M. E. Church. There was a recess at 6:30 to meet again at 8:30 in the [illegible] Y. M. C. A., when the case was [illegible] further behind closed doors.

The Times Acknowledges Receipt.

THE NEW YORK TIMES acknowledges receipt of $1 from [illegible]

BURGLARS STRIKE ALARM.

Police Enter and Surround Loft Building and Catch Two of Them.

Burglars climbed on a stepladder from the roof of a four-story building at 174 Lafayette Street to the roof of a six-story loft building at 142 and 144 Grand Street, just a block away from Police Headquarters, early yesterday morning, and tearing away several beams descended with a coil of wire rope to the upper hallway. On the second floor of the building was a safe of Meyer, Martin & Danda, dealers in linen, containing several thousand dollars. On the third floor was an electric burglar alarm. Near the front of the building was a policeman on fixed post.

The policeman was not disturbed by the burglars, but the burglar alarm was. It communicated with the central office of a protective agency, and a moment later Samuel J. Stack, an operative, was hurrying to the building. He signaled to Patrolman Bruns at Crosby and Grand Streets, and with him darted into the building, while Lieut. Ward and Patrolmen Muller and McCarthy came on the run.

On the third floor Bruns found three steel bits, a brace, a coil of wire, and a flashlight. He heard receding footsteps on the roof, and when he got there saw a man on the roof of the adjoining building at 174 Lafayette Street. He fired at him as he darted into an open scuttle of 176 Lafayette Street, and followed the fugitive into the tenement. Outside Patrolman Muller ran after the first man he saw break from that house, while Patrolman McCarthy grabbed a second. Bruns joined McCarthy in the chase for the first, who led them into Broome Street and into Centre, tossing away a loaded revolver as he ran. They finally got him.

He said he was John Radice, an ironworker, of 139 Thompson Street. He was locked up on charges of burglary and of violating the Sullivan pistol law. The second, who said he was William Rosell, but whom the police say they know as "Spanish Bill" and as "Frandez," with a long burglary record, was locked up on that charge again. Both were held in $2,500 bail in the Tombs Court for a hearing to-day. The police say four others figured in the contemplated burglary.

WHAT'S MAY WIRTH WORTH?

Circus Rider Hears She Has Inherited Riches, but It May Not Be True.

Harken, reader, to this tale of wealth beyond computing, nor doubt its truth. J. Riall says: "It's fact, as sure as shooting." J. Riall is a truthful man—press agent for the circus. He scorns to tell reporters' lies and never seeks to work us. But in the goodness of his heart he made it known last night that Miss May Wirth, a rider fair, with winsome face and bright, was heiress to a large estate, and soon would cease to ride. She's going to leave the canvas top, in Europe to reside. Two million dollars is the sum that she will soon be worth, and on that modest fortune she will travel round the earth. She gets it from a generous aunt, who gets it from her brother; the brother died in Germany, and heirs there were no other.

The only hitch to mar the tale is in the law's delay. The money is in Germany and may be there to stay. May's aunt has not got her share yet, but when she does, you see, the rider then will share the purse and fortune equally. The problem that is puzzling May above all else on earth, is the answer to the question "What is May Wirth really worth?"

STEPHEN MERRITT LOSES SUIT

His Old Company Only Can Use His Name—Injunction Stands.

The Appellate Division dismissed yesterday by a divided vote the appeal of the Stephen Merritt Company from an injunction in favor of the Stephen Merritt Burial and Cremation Company, which compelled it to abstain from using the name of Stephen Merritt without indications that it was not the original Stephen Merritt undertaking establishment.

The Rev. Stephen Merritt, who founded the original company, served his connection with it two years ago. He is now employed by the new company, which took its name from his grandson, Stephen Merritt, who heads it. The elder Merritt habitually sits in the office of the new company, which displays his picture in its window and uses his portrait on its stationery.

The majority opinion of the court held that the elder Merritt had no right to sell out his interest in the original company and then lend his name to a competitor. Of his grandson, the Appellate Division said:

"The decree appealed from does not forbid him to use his own name in the undertaking business, but only requires that he shall do so in a manner and with such explanatory suffixes as will truthfully show that he is not his grandfather."

SOLD SPURIOUS ASPIRIN.

Wholesale Druggist Fined $250 in Special Sessions.

On the testimony of ex-Controller Herman A. Metz and other witnesses in Special Sessions yesterday Harry Balzhiser, a wholesale and retail druggist of 2040 Fulton Street, East New York, was convicted of violating the trade-mark law by selling spurious aspirin. The court imposed a fine of $250, which was paid.

The testimony showed that Balzhiser sold 4,000 ounces of alleged aspirin, much of which was traced to a purchaser in Long Island City.

"Le Donne Curiose" at Metropolitan.

"Le Donne Curiose" was repeated at the Metropolitan Opera House last evening. The cast included Miss Farrar, Mme. Maubourg, Mme. Fornia, Mme. Alten, and Messrs. Macnez, Scotti, Pini-Corsi, de Segurola, Didur, Bada, Murphy, and Rossi. Mr. Toscanini conducted.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

William A. Brady has obtained the Harvard prize play, "Believe Me, Xantippe," by John Frederick Bullard, which has already exceeded its one-hundredth performance at the Castle Theatre, Boston. It will be produced here early in the Fall.

Ethel Barrymore has been added to the number of those who will appear at the Jerome Eddy benefit at the Liberty Theatre on March 30.

The Shuberts announce Easter Monday matinees for "Romance," at Maxine Elliott's, and for Sam Bernard in "All for the Ladies," at the Lyric.

Mme. Mathilde Cottrelly, playing the mother in "The Five Frankforters," spent two hours yesterday coaching Anna Wheaton in the original business for the part of Bronislava in the McCall Opera Company production of "The Beggar Student," which opens with the Gilbert and Sullivan Opera Company at the Casino Saturday night. Mme. Cottrelly played this part in the first production of the play twenty-five years ago.

Alice Zeppilli, who sings in the forthcoming production of "The Geisha," has announced that she is to be married on May 13 to G. Alberghinsi, first 'cellist with the Chicago Opera Company, now on the Pacific Coast.

Next Monday evening two sisters will have leading rôles in two rival openings. They are Janet Beecher, who will be seen in "The Purple Road," at the Liberty Theatre, and Olivia Wyndham, who is featured in "What Happened to Mary," at the Fulton.

Mrs. Theodore Roosevelt with a party occupied a box at yesterday afternoon's performance of "Everyman" at the Children's Theatre.

Several hundred friends will celebrate the return of De Wolf Hopper to New York by a banquet at the Hotel Astor on Sunday night, the night after he opens in "The Beggar Student" at the Casino.

Charles Blackall, who plays the villain, and Dion Titheradge, who is the jockey, in "The Whip," returned to the cast last night after short absences. Their parts were played by Frank Compton and Bailey Hicks, respectively.

H. B. Warner will give "Detective Kean," a one-act play, at the Actors' Fund benefit at the Century Theatre on April 1.

MUSIC NOTES.

Pasquale Tallarico will give a piano recital in Aeolian Hall Monday afternoon, March 31.

Alice E. Smith, soprano, will be the soloist at the third young folks' concert at Aeolian Hall to-morrow morning at 10:30.

The Williams College Musical Clubs will give a concert at the Plaza to-morrow evening at 8 o'clock.

Vivian Melhado, soprano, assisted by Bedrich Vaska, 'cellist; Katherine Noack Fique, pianist, and Carl Fique, organist, will give a concert at the Brooklyn Academy of Music on Wednesday evening, April 2.

The St. Cecilia Club, directed by Victor Harris, will give [illegible] at the Waldorf-Astoria [illegible]. The club will be assisted [illegible] on this occasion.

BOSTON ORCHESTRA PLAYS 'PAGAN POEM'

Symphony Concert Made Up of Selections of Modern Music of Contrasting Styles.

NEW PIECE WELL RECEIVED

Charles Loeffler, Author of "Pagan Poem," in a Box at the Performance—Anton Witek the Soloist.

The Boston Symphony Orchestra, now in New York on the last of its five visits, gave its evening concert last evening in Carnegie Hall. The programme was made up of modern music altogether, yet of widely contrasting style. It is not so long a way from Goldmark's overture "In Fruhlin," and Duorak's "Carnival," with which the concert began and ended respectively, to Brahms's violin concerto, as it is to Mr. Charles Martin Loeffler's "Pagan Poem," which occupied the place of a symphony upo nthe programme; for that takes the listne rinto what is still, to many, a new and unfamiliar realm of music.

This "Pagan Poem" was laft played here by the Boston Orchestra under Dr. Muck six years ago. It is suggested by a portion of Virgil's eighth Eclogue, a love song and a love incantation of a Thessalonian maiden endeavoring to bring back her truant lover. In its present shape, which it has reached only after several reworkings by the composer, it is scored for orchestra with pianoforte, English horn, and three trumpets obbligati, the trumpets being heard at different distances off the stage and only at the close with the rest of the orchestra.

This statement of the material means employed suggests that the composer has made elaborate experiments in instrumental timbres in the piece, and such is the case—experiments that are noval and singularly successful. The pianoforte part, admirably played by Heinrich Gebhard, is difficult and elaborate, yet is treated as essentially a part of the ensemble, and not as an added solo; and it is one of the few instances in which a composer has been measureably successful in obtaining a truly characteristic effect with it.

Most noteworthy is the use of the three distant trumpets playing in strange and dissonant harmonies faintly heard. With these has gone a marvelously skillful use of the orchestra, of all its colors and combinations; and there are effects here that have strange and novel power and a sensuous, yet subtle appeal.

The substance of Mr. Loeffler's music is freighted with a high and fertile imagination. He has not attempted to make an exact translation into tones of Virgil's poem. The music has no servile dependence upon the literary programme, nor does it follow the poem page by page. It is, however, potent in its suggestiveness of the mysteries of Virgil's narrative, its weird imagery, and the crying amorousness of the pagan maiden. There is the note of sensonsness in it. There are gloom and despair, and there is frantic, almost savage rejoicing.

Obviously pleasing in its material and substance the music is not. The composer's themes are not all immediately to be grasped, though the refrain, as Mr. Hale calls it in his note, given to the trumpets is of haunting power. There are passages that may well puzzle and baffle even the sympathetic listener.

The composer is not to be absolved from falling at times into the fantastic and the over-strained, and there are passagees whose clouded harmonies and uncertain melodic form verge upon the grotesque. The harmonic structure that Mr. Loeffler has built up takes him into strange and not always comfortable regions of dissonance to which all ears are not inured.

The certainty of touch with which contrapuntal structure is fabricated can hardly be overlooked by the attentive listener, even though they may not be at once fully appreciated. That the composition is the work of a musician of remarkable quality and remarkable gifts is evident now, as it was when the work was first heard here; and the pages that are of its best are of a keen and poignant beauty.

It received an extraordinarily fine performance; and its difficulties are great. Dr. Muck and the orchestra expended their powers upon it with a complete devotion. Mr. Loeffler occupied a box, and was called upon to bow his acknowledgments repeatedly to warmly enthusiastic applause.

Mr. Witek, concertmaster of the orchestra, played Brahms's violin concerto in a fashion that commanded high respect. If not a supremely eloquent nor a remarkably brilliant performance, it showed a true appreciation of the work and sympathy with it, and an ample command of its exacting technical demands.

Mr. Witek's playing had breadth and authority. And if his tone did not wholly satisfy an exacting ear, there was sufficient reason for it in the atmospheric conditions of heat and moisture, highly unfavorable to stringed instruments, and, indeed, most other musical instruments.

Goldmark's overture, like Dvorak's, is an idiom that to-day sounds almost naive; yet there are charm and grace and brilliancy in it, though it is a little discursive. And there is an unusually rich, fine, and transparent texture in its orchestration.

TRAVEL SHOW OPENS.

Big Crowd Attracted to the New Grand Central Palace.

The Travel Show attracted a big crowd to the New Grand Central Palace at Lexington Avenue and Forty-sixth Street last night. The show was formally opened at 4 o'clock in the afternoon with exercises at which ex-Senator Depew presided. In a short address Mr. Depew told of the advance which had been made during the last fifty years in the facilities and conveniences for traveling, and related a number of stories about experiences he had met with in going about the country. Theodore P. Shonts also made a few remarks.

The big auditorium is artistically decorated for the show, and many months of labor were spent in making the exhibition one of the most interesting of the kind ever arranged. Many of the railroads have exhibits, and scenes are shown in every part of the North American continent. A Bermuda exhibit is another feature. Lectures were given hourly, and Kinemacolor pictures shown in a theatre which extends across the entire western end of the palace.

A party of Blackfoot Indians has a huge wigwam in the centre of the palace, and nearby is a bit of artificial woodland inhabited by two grizzly bear cubs.

The show will continue until March 29, and will be open from 11 o'clock in the morning until 11 o'clock at night. Among those who attended the opening yesterday were W. H. Truesdale, President of the D., L. & W. Railroad; B. D. Caldwell, President of the Wells Fargo Express Company; E. E. Olcott, President of the Hudson River Day Line; E. T. Platt, President of the United States Express Company; W. C. Brown, President of the New York Central Lines, and L. J. C. Whitney, President of the Merchants and Miners' Transportation Company. Ex-President Taft, who is a patron of the show, sent a letter of regret.

WINTER GARDEN HAS A PARTY.

Stars from All Over Town Gather to Keep the Birthday of the House.

As they admitted themselves, there was "a big array of talent" at the Winter Garden last night. Almost all the Shubert stars in the city appeared on the stage of the theatre in a special cabaret performance, which began about 11 o'clock, in honor of the second anniversary of the opening of the house.

At the finale of "The Honeymoon Express" the principals settled down in chairs on the stage, and Al Jolson, who acted as toastmaster, advanced to the footlights and told the audience what it was to expect.

Mathilde Cottrelly, who plays the aged and ultra-dignified head of a family in "The Five Frankforters," gave some inkling of her powers in the days when she was a comic opera star. There was a host of others, among them Sam Bernard and Adele Ritchie from "All for the Ladies"; Emma Trentini, Marie Dressler, Nora Bayes, Charles and Molly King, from "The Geisha"; the Scotch dancers and bagpipe players from the Hippodrome; Doris Keane, William Courtenay, and A. E. Anson from "Romance," John L. Shine from "The Whip," Bessie Clayton from Weber and Fields, and the principals of "Fanny's First Play."

FINE A SPIRIT HEALER.

"Modern Thought" Leader Arraigned in Special Sessions.

Richard B. Schlusner of 138 East Twenty-seventh Street, who conducts "The Temple of Modern Thought" at that address, was fined $250 in Special Sessions yesterday after he had admitted practicing medicine without a license.

Schlusner said he was a spiritualist, and the testimony against him showed that agents from the County Medical Society visited his office and received treatment for alleged blood disorders. The defendant called upon spirits to cure the agents of their pretended ills.

Basilo de Sante of 76 Mott Street, who posed as a doctor and had many patients among Italian immigrants, pleaded guilty in Special Sessions to practicing medicine illegally, and was fined $100.

Brady to Revive "Rosedale."

William A. Brady will revive Lester Wallack's old play, "Rosedale," this Spring, with Charles Cherry and Elsie Ferguson in the principal rôles. The play is scheduled for a four week's engagement at the Lyric Theatre, beginning on April 7. It was in 1863 that the play was first produced at Wallack's Theatre, so that the revival will celebrate the fiftieth anniversary of the piece.

AMES OFFERS $10,000 FOR AMERICAN PLAY

Director of The Little Theatre Announces a Competition for Original Compositions.

MAY PRODUCE PRIZE PIECE

If the Judges Hold It Worthy, He Will Put It On—Manuscripts Must Be Sent In by Aug. 15.

Winthrop Ames, Director of the Little Theatre, yesterday announced the details of an offer of $10,000 for the best play by an American author submitted to him before Aug. 15 next. The play which wins the competition will be produced next season at the theatre now being built for Mr. Ames on West Forty-fifth Street, near Broadway, provided it is thought worthy by the judges. These are three in number, Mr. Ames himself, Augustus Thomas, President of the Society of American Dramatists and Composers, and Adolph Klauber, dramatic editor of THE NEW YORK TIMES.

No limitations as to the type of play are imposed, except that it must be of a length to make a full evening's entertainment, and must not be a translation, adaptation, or musical comedy. As all manuscripts must be submitted anonymously, the unknown author will have an equal chance with the famous playwright. Plays which appeal to the general body of theatregoers will be preferred to those which are likely to interest only a limited class.

According to the conditions under which the award will be made, the competing authors must be residents of the United States, and, though no translations, adaptations, one-act pieces, or musical comedies will be considered, dramatizations of novels, short stories, &c., may be entered, provided full rights to make such dramatizations have been secured. Each play submitted must be signed with pseudonym only, and must be accompanied by a sealed envelope bearing on the exterior the title of the play and the author's pseudonym and inclosing the author's real name and address. These envelopes will not be opened until the judges have made their decision.

Manuscripts must be clear, typewritten copies, and must be sent by mail or prepaid express, addressed "Winthrop Ames's play contest, care the Little Theatre, 240 West Forty-fourth Street, New York City," so as to be received before Aug. 15, 1913. The award will be made and the manuscripts returned as soon as possible after that date, but as Mr. Ames cannot hold himself responsible for possible loss or damage to any manuscript, authors should keep copies of the plays they submit. No play will be considered which has previously been submitted to Mr. Ames either at the Little Theatre or while director of the New Theatre.

The payment of the award of $10,000 will entitle Mr. Ames to all rights whatsoever in the accepted play, and must be considered as an advance payment on account of royalties until these royalties, reckoned at 10 per cent. of the gross receipts from the play, shall have amounted to $10,000. Thereafter Mr. Ames will pay royalties of 8 per cent. on all additional gross receipts derived from the play.

While Mr. Ames engages in any case to pay $10,000 for the best play submitted, he does not promise a production if, in the opinion of the judges, no play of requisite merit is received.

QUITS STAGE FOR MARRIAGE.

Boston Opera Company to Lose Miss Edith Barnes, Its Lyric Soprano.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., March 20.—Miss Edith Barnes, the young lyric soprano of the Boston Opera Company, was married at the home of her mother, Mrs. Barron F. Barnes, 541 Commonwealth Avenue, yesterday afternoon, and departed to-day for Buenos Aires with her husband, Norman Mason of Chicago.

Miss Barnes had been declared by the critics here to be the most promising lyric soprano in the Boston Opera House, and in the part of Zerlina in "Don Giovanni" a few weeks ago she won great applause. She has given up her career and is traveling to the other side of the equator with her young husband, who has just been appointed manager of an American advertising business, which is to be established in the Argentine capital.

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SILK AND SATIN BOXES, PAINTED AND EMBROIDERED.
NOVELTIES IN PORCELAIN SAXE, SEVRE, DAUM, &c.

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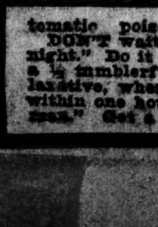

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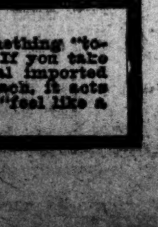

YOU have been asked that question. That's only courtesy. Most people can tell by looking at you how you really feel. A cheerful looking person with a sunny smile and bright eye, clear skin, radiates health. The irritable person, with drooping mouth, sallow skin and lustreless eyes spells constipation. You can and should avoid that look. It is caused by a systematic poisoning due to constipated Bowels and Liver.

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Lot No. 2—Blue serge suits of a finer grade. Two- and three-button models. Three distinctive new styles. One for youths, one for young men and the other for business men or those who prefer a conservative "cut." The quality of serge in these suits is identical with what is usually to be found in the $20 grades featured "elsewhere." Our price, today.................. $12.75

Lot No. 3—These are hand-tailored serge suits in several correct and handsome models, including Norfolk style. This quality of serge is the best that American mills produce. Even the big man who wears size 52 stout can be fitted perfectly. Sale price, today.................. $15.75

Lot No. 4—Absolutely the finest ready-to-wear silk-lined blue serge suit to be had at any price. If you have time, please compare these with similiar suits priced regularly in other stores at $30. Lined with Merveilleux silk; today.................. $20

All Sizes, in This Sale, for Men and Youths.
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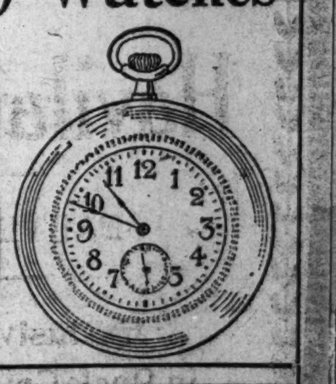
Guaranteed 20-Year Cases; Today, at..... $5



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Our own regular selling price for this watch is $8.50; today.................. $5

(MAIN Building, Main Floor.)

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MEN'S $3.50 and $4.50 FOOT-MOULD SHOES—new "English" lasts; at.......... $2.95
BOYS' $2.50 and $3 PATENT LEATHER SHOES—at.......... $1.95
BOYS' EASTER SUITS—regularly $3.95 to $6.75; to-day, at.... $2.95, $3.95 and $5
BOYS' $1.50 and $2 SOFT FELT HATS—at.......... $69c
WOMEN'S $3.50 and $4 FOOT-MOULD SHOES—all leathers; at.......... $2.95

MISSES' and CHILDREN'S $2 and $2.50 SHOES — sizes up to 2; at.......... $1.49
WOMEN'S EASTER SUITS—values to $25; at.......... $19.50
WOMEN'S FRENCH VOILE SKIRTS—formerly up to $15; at $3.75
WOMEN'S HANDSOME COATS—values to $23.75; at $14.75
EXQUISITE NEW ARRIVALS IN EASTER MILLINERY—values $7.50 to $20; at.......... $5 to $10
WOMEN'S READY-TO-WEAR HATS—at.......... $1.95 to $5.95
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MUSICAS PLAN FIGHT TO BAR EXTRADITION

Prisoners Employ Counsel to Resist Being Brought Back to New York.

CONTEST OVER THEIR MONEY

Louisiana Court Orders Administrator to Take Charge of $200,000 Which They Carried.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW ORLEANS, March 20.—Antonio Musica, head of the family held here in connection with alleged frauds amounting to $1,000,000, surprised the local authorities to-day by employing counsel, with the probable intention of fighting extradition. The attorney employed is George E. Williams, a State Senator.

A three-cornered legal fight for possession of the money and valuables of the Musicas is also under way. Including almost $100,000 in cash taken from the family, the property which the police hold is estimated at $200,000.

The Public Administrator, Peter J. Flanagan, has been named curator to handle the valuables of the Musicas. This action was taken by the court on the ground that there is no claimant or known owner of the property. Attorneys for the American Bankers' Association opposed the transfer of the property to the Public Administrator, and will endeavor to have it transferred to New York. The Musicas will contend that part of the cash taken by the detectives is the personal property of Grace and Louise Musica.

Antonio Musica was so near a physical collapse to-day that it was necessary for a physician to attend him. The aged man appears to be on the verge of a breakdown.

The father and the three sons, Philip, Arthur, and George, are occupying quarters in the boarding department of the parish prison. They have the largest and best-equipped apartments in the prison.

The two daughters are in the care of Mrs. Mary O'Connor, matron at the police station. They protested bitterly today because they were not allowed to buy expensive food and luxuries.

All the members of the family are advised by their counsel not to talk. The girls are defiant toward every one who comes in contact with them. Eighteen thousand dollars in cash was found in Louise Musica's corset when she was arrested yesterday.

To-day the money was counted in her presence, and she at once declared that the package had contained $23,000 when it was taken from her. Of this she was certain, she said, because she had counted the money several times in the three or four days preceding her arrest. She accused a prison matron of stealing some of it, and the District Attorney ordered an investigation.

The Grand Jury, reporting to Judge Malone in General Sessions yesterday, found four indictments against Antonio Musica and his three sons, charging attempted grand larceny in the first degree.

The indictments charge the head of the United States Hair Company and his sons, Philip M., Arthur, and George Musica, with attempting to steal $370,000 from the Bank of Manhattan Company. The indictments set forth that Philip Musica went to the bank on March 13 and said his firm had 216 cases of human hair, worth $370,000, at the Fabre Line Pier in Brooklyn. Musica is alleged to have represented that the hair in these boxes measured anywhere from twelve to twenty-five inches in length. The indictment alleges that he asked for a loan covering the full value of the goods. The bank refused to make this loan, but, it is alleged, advanced $25,000 to Musica, who gave bills of lading and bills of exchange as security.

Shortly after this a clerk in the bank noticed that some of the figures in the bills of lading had been changed to read "77 cubic feet per box," instead of 17 cubic feet. A boy was sent to the pier to ascertain the real size of the boxes, and he reported that the cases were all seventeen cubic feet in size instead of seventy-seven. The bank then became suspicious, and Philip Musica was called and explained that one of his father's clerks had made the mistake. The next day all the Musicas disappeared.

This investigation, it is alleged, showed that shortly before March 13 the defendants received several bags of human hair of the cheapest kind, and that these bags were emptied and the contents mixed with tissue paper and placed in the packing cases which were sent to the Fabre Line Pier. An expert on hair testified that the lot was not worth more than $250.

Immediately after the indictments were returned Detectives Edmund Leigh and Bernard Flood of the District Attorney's staff started for New Orleans, where the Musicas are being held.

Ezra P. Prentice was appointed receiver for the firm of A. Musica & Sons in an involuntary petition of bankruptcy filed by the Anglo-South American Bank yesterday. The appointment was made by Judge Mayer.

The petition says that the Anglo-South American Bank is a creditor to the extent of $130,000. The bank gave a bond of $40,000, which may be increased if the receiver finds it necessary.

Armed with a writ of attachment signed by Judge Davis in the Supreme Court and issued to James E. Downey, representative of the Anglo-South American Bank, to which the firm of A. Musica & Son is said to have owed $134,697, Sheriff Charles B. Law of Kings County last night sent his deputy, Henry Hamm, to the Musica home at 259 Seventieth Street, Bay Ridge, to levy on the property there.

The deputy found that many articles had been removed from the premises. The cupboards and wardrobes had been stripped and the drawers were bare. Several paintings, however, had been left on the walls and some mahogany furniture remained.

The deputy searched a large stable on a strip of property between Sixty-seventh and Sixty-eighth Streets and Second and Third Avenues. On the ground floor he found nothing of value, but opening a small trap door leading to the cellar he found 217 bags of human hair weighing about 70 pounds each. This is said to be worth about $121,500.

The Musicas lived in Bay Ridge about twelve years. Besides their fine home they owned property in Forty-fifth Street and in Cedar Lane, Bay Ridge.

'ROYAL RESIDENCES' AT $202.

E. J. Brooks Pays Top Price at Smith-French Sale.

A fine copy of the original issue of W. H. Pynes "History of the Royal Residences," London, 1819, was knocked down for $202 to E. J. Brooks at the sale of the libraries of Mrs. Mary E. Smith and the late Edwin D. French by the Audubon Auction Company yesterday. The author was one of the first members of the Royal Society of Water Color Paintings. The one hundred engravings in the work are printed in colors.

Sol Lichtenstein paid $70 for the "Poetical Magazine, Dedicated to the Lovers of the Muse. By the Agent of the Goddess," London, 1809-10, a rare periodical, with illustrations by Thomas Rowlandson. In it first appears the famous Dr. Syntax on his tours.

L. Burnham gave $155 for "Modern Painters," "Stones of Venice," and "Seven Lamps of Architecture," by John Ruskin, in bindings by Zaehnsdorf. The Public Library of Riverside, Cal., obtained for $301. Charles Sprague Smith's "Silva of North America," Boston, 1901-2, one of the greatest contributions of time to that science.

James F. Drake paid $59 for a first edition of "Foreign Field Sports, Fisheries, Sporting Anecdotes," etc., containing 110 brilliantly colored plates, London, 1819, and E. J. Brooks gave $51 for another copy of the same work. Mr. Brooks also obtained for $70 a fine copy of the rare first edition on large paper of Laurence Sterne's "Sentimental Journey Through France and Italy," London, 1768.

The total for the sale so far is $15,744. It will come to an end to-day.

MRS. PECK'S ESTATE $429,979

With Her Husband She Put Up First Business Building in 34th Street.

The appraisal of the estate of Mrs. Lydia A. Peck, the wife of Alonzo R. Peck, who with her husband built the first business building in Thirty-fourth Street, was filed yesterday. The estate was said to be worth $429,979. There was an equity of $304,000 in 17 West Thirty-fourth Street. Other parcels of realty owned by Mrs. Peck in her own name included 7 West Eighty-second Street, the Peck home, valued in the appraisal proceedings at $37,500, upon which there was a mortgage of $20,000, and $30,000 equity in a house and land at 69 West Forty-eighth Street.

In her will she left a legacy of $500 to the Brick Presbyterian Church, of which she and her husband were members for fifty years. After bequests of $10,000 to her son, Samuel S. Peck, a lawyer, and $3,500 to other relatives, the rest of the estate was left to her husband, Alonzo R. Peck.

SAYS HE FEARS IRON HAND.

Dr. Brunori Defends Himself Energetically in Pittarro Case.

There was considerable excitement yesterday in General Sessions when Dr. Nicolo Brunori, on trial with two others for attempting to extort $5,000 from Vito A. Pittarro, a druggist of 590 Morris Avenue, testified in his own behalf.

"That man Pittarro, he accuses me," he said. "He accuses me, his friend, his companion, of being a member of that dastardly Iron Hand. Indeed, it is such an insult that he, my friend, heaps upon my head, that, gentlemen of the jury, I cannot sit still. 'Traitor,' I say to him, that man, Pittarro. Why I, too, receive letters from that Iron Hand, and I say to that arch traitor Pittarro:

"'Don't let any one know that I receive letters because I am much afraid of those Iron Hand men.'"

"Bring in some court attendants to stop this man," said Judge Mulqueen as Dr. Brunori began pulling his hair—his own, not Judge Mulqueen's.

Two court attendants put Dr. Brunori back in his chair and he continued his testimony.

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in easily swallowed, delicately sweetened, air tight gelatine capsules, which keep the oil active and effective indefinitely

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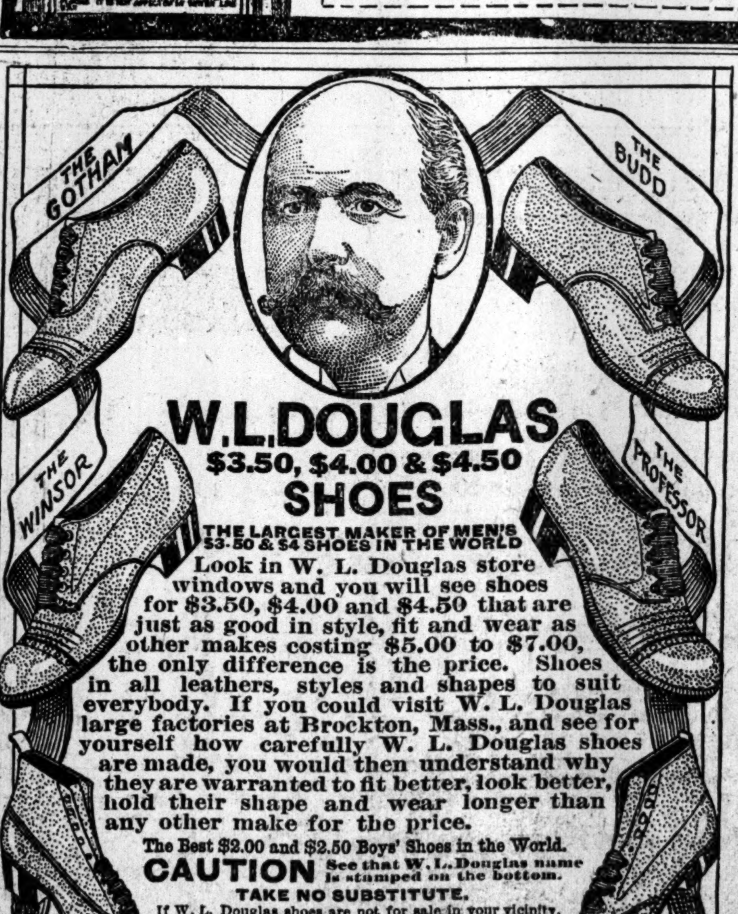

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Look in W. L. Douglas store windows and you will see shoes for $3.50, $4.00 and $4.50 that are just as good in style, fit and wear as other makes costing $5.00 to $7.00, the only difference is the price. Shoes in all leathers, styles and shapes to suit everybody. If you could visit W. L. Douglas large factories at Brockton, Mass., and see for yourself how carefully W. L. Douglas shoes are made, you would then understand why they are warranted to fit better, look better, hold their shape and wear longer than any other make for the price.

The Best $2.00 and $2.50 Boys' Shoes in the World.

CAUTION See that W. L. Douglas name is stamped on the bottom.

TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE.

If W. L. Douglas shoes are not for sale in your vicinity, order direct from the factory and save the middleman's profit. Shoes for every member of the family, at all prices, by Parcel Post, postage free. **Write for Illustrated Catalog.** It will show you how to order by mail and why you can save money on your footwear.

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2202 Third Avenue, corner 120th Street.
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345 Eighth Avenue.
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478 Fifth Avenue, corner 11th Street.
1779 Pitkin Avenue.
JERSEY CITY—24 Newark Avenue.
NEWARK—831 Broad Street.
PATERSON—192 Market St., cor. Clark
TRENTON—101 E. State St., cor. Broad

Next Sunday! *Next Sunday!* *Next Sunday!*

FAIR WARNING!

You will certainly regret it if you do not place your order with your newsdealer in good time to make sure of The Easter Times, next Sunday, which will contain, besides all the regular Sunday features, superb, full-page, full-color reproductions, on fine paper, of the Eight Masterpieces of the Morgan Collection, reproduced by courtesy of Mr. J. P. Morgan and the Metropolitan Museum of Art.

STORIES OF THE MORGAN MASTERPIECES

"Virgin and Child Enthroned with Saints"—By Raphael.

This is the wonderful altar-piece by Raffaello Sanzio, whom we know as Raphael.

This masterpiece was painted for the nuns in Perugia. In 1677 they obtained permission to sell it, that they might pay their debts. It brought 2,000 scudi. To-day it is priceless. It became the property of the Kings of the Two Sicilies and hung in the bedroom of the royal palace at Naples. King Francis, in 1861, carried it off to Spain with him. It was then that he became inclined to part with it, and word was carried to Disraeli in London that it could be bought.

"Get the picture," was Disraeli's only comment, and so Baron Rothschild was intrusted with the delicate task of getting it for England. The price asked was 1,000,000f. It was in 1901 that Mr. Morgan came into possession of the masterpiece.

"La Devideuse"—By Greuze.

"La Devideuse," by Jean Baptiste Greuze, made its first appearance at the Salon of 1759. It is the three-quarter length portrait of a fair-haired peasant girl.

This picture passed through a long series of collections before it was purchased by Mr. Morgan. It seems that the Marquis de Bandol owned it, and then, doubtless by purchase, it became the property of La Live de Jully. When it was sold in the collection of the Duc de Choiseuil it brought 1,600 livres, and the price has been mounting with each change of hands since then.

"Miss Farren"—By Sir Thomas Lawrence.

Of all these portraits, none is more charming than the Lawrence portrait of Elizabeth Farren, and there is a story in it because it made that young, struggling painter, Tom Lawrence, who became afterward President of the Royal Academy. Miss Farren became the Countess of Derby, but when she posed for young Lawrence she was just the most popular actress in England, and when it was exhibited every one gathered before it not only for the obvious genius which proclaimed the young painter's right to rank with Reynolds but because they all knew Miss Farren.

"It is completely Elizabeth Farren—arch, careless spirited, elegant, and engaging," wrote the critic of The Public Advertiser.

"Portrait of a Child"—By Unknown Spanish Painter.

Of the single Spanish masterpiece in this selection of eight, there is less to tell than of any of the other seven, for of its painter and its time there is no certainty. There appears to be a date on the lower right-hand side, but this is indistinct—so indistinct that it might be either 1546 or 1646.

"Mademoiselle Helvetius"—By Drouais.

That same Salon of 1759 which saw the first exhibition of the Greuze picture saw also a painting by Francois Hubert Drouais, "Premier Peintre au Roy," the Court painter for Louis XV. He called it "Une Jeune Fille Tenant des Raisins." The subject of this portrait was the little Elisabeth who afterward married Alexander Francois Comte de Mun.

Elisabeth was the elder daughter of Claude Adrien Helvetius, the celebrated French philosopher and writer.

"The Depositing of Giovanni Bellini's Three Pictures in the Church of the Redentore, Venice"—By Turner.

This is a brilliant Venetian painting, with red predominant in the many small figures and green for the water of the canal. It is a view along the Canal of the Giudecca, toward San Giorgio; to the right Redentore; in the middle the State barge, gay with flags and flowers, and surrounded by gondolas in which some men are supporting the pictures. The three pictures which inspired Turner are still in the sacristy of Chiesa del Redentore, and, while critics join in the praise of Turner's painting, they quarrel vigorously with his attribution of the three to Bellini.

"Lady Maitland"—By Raeburn.

There is a wonderful Irish beauty in the Raeburn portrait of Catherine, Lady Maitland, a beauty that many Englishmen admired and that won the admiration of the critical Napoleon. She was the daughter of Daniel Connor of Ballybricken, County of Cork, and she was married to Sir Frederick Lewis Maitland, who was the Captain of the Bellerophon, aboard which Bonaparte was held.

Raeburn painted his portrait of Lady Maitland in 1817.

"Lady Betty Delme"—By Reynolds.

The Reynolds portrait, that of Lady Betty Delme, is the portrait of the "Beauty of the Court of Queen Charlotte." She was the Lady Elizabeth Howard, daughter of the Earl of Carlisle. Reynolds painted it in 1777, and the price they paid him was $300. This portrait remained at Cams, near Fareham, until 1894, when it was sold at Christie's by order of Henry Delme.

A Word of Warning to Those Not Yet Everyday Readers of The Times

It should be understood by all that The Times is publishing a strictly limited number of these magnificent supplements, which are very expensive, costing far more than the price received for them. They will not be reprinted, and consequently those persons only who make sure of their next Sunday's Times in advance will have any chance to secure them. The supplement far excels The Times's celebrated Easter feature of last year, "The Holy Grail." The New York Times is always sold out.

Next Sunday **THE EASTER TIMES** Next Sunday

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APPROVE MORTGAGES FOR NEW SUBWAYS

$300,000,000 for Interborough, $100,000,000 for the Other, Maltbie Alone Dissenting.

CRAM ACCEPTS INEVITABLE

Objecting Commissioner Thinks Co-Partnership of City and Companies and Other Features Are Bad.

With Commissioner Maltbie dissenting the Public Service Commission approved yesterday the mortgages of the New York Municipal Railway corporation and of the Interborough, made necessary by the subway agreement, and also of the issue of bonds under these mortgages. The Municipal Railway has given a mortgage to the Central Trust Company for $100,000,000 and will issue $40,000,000 of bonds. The Interborough has given a $300,000,000 mortgage to the Guaranty Trust Company and will issue bonds to the amount of $160,957,000.

Commissioner Cram did not oppose the approval of the financial arrangements of the two companies, taking the position that as the commission had adopted the subway plans it was useless for him to continue further opposition.

The commission's assent to the Interborough mortgage under the rapid transit law made necessary the consent of the sureties on the bonds of the Interborough and the Rapid Transit Subway Construction Company, which were issued under the old subway contracts and also of the sureties on the bonds to be issued by the Interborough and the Municipal Railway Corporation to be issued under the new contracts. These sureties are the United States Fidelity and Guaranty Company, the American Surety Company of New York, the National Surety Company, the Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland, and the Title Guaranty and Surety Company, which were parties to the old bonds of the Interborough.

Bonds Dated Jan. 1.

The Interborough and the Municipal Railway have yet to file bonds for $1,000,000 each. The consent of the sureties on these must also be obtained to the new mortgages.

It was provided by the commission that the $160,957,000 bonds now authorized for the Interborough should be dated Jan. 1 last, and should be payable on Jan. 1, 1966. They will be redeemed at 110 per cent. and will bear interest at 5 per cent. They cannot be sold at less than 93½ per cent. of their face value, and their proceeds are to be expended thus:

Refunding of bonds under mortgage of Nov. 1, 1907, $34,540,800; refunding of renewal notes of Jan. 29 and May 1, 1913, $15,000,000; company's immediate contribution of the city-owned lines of the dual system, $53,000,000; equipment of these lines, $21,000,000; construction and equipment of the elevated third tracks, $10,800,000; construction and equipment of elevated extensions, $13,154,000; power houses and sub-stations, $3,000,000; expenses of sale of bonds and discount, $10,462,200.

The Municipal Railway bonds will be dated Jan. 1, 1912, and payable Jan. 1, 1966. They will be redeemable at 107½ and will pay 5 per cent. interest. They may not be sold at less than 97 per cent. of their face value, and their proceeds are to be expended thus:

Company's contribution to construction on city-owned lines, $11,042,480; equipment of these lines, $15,520,000; reconstruction of existing railroads, $5,969,380; construction and equipment of third tracks, $3,880,000; construction and equipment of elevated extensions, $2,388,140, and expense of sale of bonds and discount, $1,200,000.

Maltbie Explains Vote.

In explanation of his vote against the mortgages and bond issues of the companies, Commissioner Maltbie gave out a statement reading in part:

"I voted against the mortgages and bond issues of the Interborough and Brooklyn Rapid Transit Companies principally because I object to the co-partnership of the character outlined between the city and the company. But there are other features which are bad. The orders for both companies provide for the capitalization of replacements, which is contrary to the provisions of the accounting system established by this commission and that of the Inter-State Commerce Commission in force throughout the United States.

"Replacements should be charged to operating expenses, and any departure from this standard is a violation of the well-recognized rules of sound finance, and will impose, under the new contracts, upon the City of New York increased operating expenses or fixed charges which it ought not to be called upon to share."

Commissioner Maltbie also objected to the capitalization of the interest on the Steinway Tunnel, which has accrued since the end of the construction period and amounted to approximately $2,600,000, and also to an item of $175,000 which represented interest and taxes on land bought some time ago by the Interborough and not turned to railroad purposes. He considered, he said, that if the company indulged in real estate speculation the carrying charges should be deducted from the profits accruing from other investments.

"It is clearly improper," he said, "to divide in dividends the profits arising from certain investments and to charge up to capital the losses and expenses connected with certain others."

Another objection of the Commissioner is directed against the capitalization of expenditures of $145,000, much of which represented property which had disappeared or experimental work. This sum, he contended, should be written off against surplus, as if property which has disappeared is not deducted from capital, watered capitalization, and the distribution of profits which have not been earned would be the inevitable result.

The Commissioner concludes that the total of these three items—nearly $3,000,000—should have been deducted from the amount of notes allowed to be refunded, and if the precedents established by the commission in past cases were followed, the order in this case would so provide.

SUBWAY WORK GOING AHEAD.

Some Sections Nearly Two-Thirds Completed—26 Miles Let.

The Public Service Commission gave out yesterday the report it had received from its engineers on the construction work already completed on the new subway lines up to Feb. 15. The lines in process of building are those which would have fitted into the old tri-borough system in case at the last moment it had been decided to revert to that particular scheme. In Lexington Avenue work is in progress from Fifty-third Street to the branch which will connect with the new Jerome Avenue elevated line. Nothing has yet been done to bridge the gap between Fifty-third Street and Forty-first Street, where the new Lexington Avenue subway will join with the present subway to form a complete north and south east side line.

The Bradley Contracting Company has the section from Fifty-third to Sixty-seventh Street and has about one-third of the job done. From Sixty-seventh to Seventy-ninth Street P. McGovern & Co. take up the work, and in spite of the rotten rock encountered in the lower level have completed about 60 per cent. of the excavation. Altogether on this section about 30 per cent. of the value of the work has been completed. The Bradley Company takes up the work on the next two sections, which run up to 106th Street. It has paid little attention to the section between Seventy-ninth and Ninety-third Streets, and has finished only 16 per cent of it, although 40 per cent. of the excavation has been finished. The northern section, from Ninety-third to 106th Street, has got on faster, 43 per cent. of the total value of the work having been done.

Work in Harlem Well Up.

The Oscar Daniels Company, which is at work at 106th to 118th Streets, is the furthest advanced of all the Lexington Avenue contractors. More than 58 per cent. of its work is completed. All the digging has been done from 106th to 113th Street, and the work of back-filling and replacing structures has begun in certain places.

McMullen, Snare & Triest, who took over the next section from the Bradleys, have finished about 16 per cent. of their work between 118th and 129th Streets, and Arthur McMullen and Olaf Hoff, who have the work of laying a tube under the Harlem River, have only lately got fairly under way. North of the Harlem, Rodgers & Hagerty have finished about 38 per cent. of the section which runs through Mott Avenue and Franz Sigel Park to River Avenue, and are about to start work on the Park Avenue branch to the east. Work is also proceeding under the John F. Stevens Construction Company on the Southern Boulevard branch from 138th Street to 147th Street.

Meanwhile the Municipal Railways Broadway subway is in actual construction from Morris Street and Church Street to Broadway, near Bleecker Street. The most southern sections in Trinity Place and Church Street have only been begun lately and have not got beyond the stage of shoring up the adjacent property, and it is not till Broadway has been reached and the section from Park Place to Walker Street, undertaken by the Degnon Contracting Company, that much progress is shown. It is now possible to traverse the entire length of this section underground, and steel and concrete is in process of erection. About 38 per cent. of the work is finished.

On Canal Street Station.

The O'Rourke Engineering Construction Company, which has the job of building the Canal Street station, has done about 12 per cent. of its work, and the Underpinning & Foundation Company has completed 44 per cent. of its section from Howard to Bleecker Streets. The actual subway structure is being put up between Prince and Houston Streets, and the work is being pushed south from there.

The Fourth Avenue, Brooklyn, subway is finished except for a short portion in Fulton Street and Ashland Place, and its extensions from Forty-third Street to Eighty-ninth Street are well under way. The loop line in Manhattan is also held back from opening only by the delay in completing the southern end under the Municipal Building. Excavation here is practically completed, and 96 per cent. of the steel work is in place. Altogether it is reckoned that 77 per cent. of the value of the work is done.

So far twenty-six miles of rapid transit railroad have been let for construction by the Public Service Commission in connection with the dual system. Of these, eighteen miles are subways and eight miles elevated road, and ten miles belong to the system of the Municipal Railways and sixteen miles to the new Interborough system. Roughly speaking, work has already been given to 5,653 men.

HORSEWOMEN TO COLLECT.

Suffragettes Plan Novel Feature for Their Parade.

Those in charge of the preparations for the suffrage parade on May 3 in this city, have arranged to have young women on horse back ride in the parade attended by Boy Scouts. The young women, it is said, will solicit money for the cause. The idead of having young women collectors came from Miss Katherine Blake. Mrs. Edgerton Winthrop, Jr., suggested engaging the Boy Scouts, who did such good service for the women in the Washington parade.

The mounted collectors will be distributed along the route of the procession—four betweeen Fourth and Fourteenth Streets, four between Fourteenth and Twenty-third Streets, and the same number between Twenty-third and Forty-second Streets. The other four will stand between Forty-second and Fifty-seventh Streets.

The Boy Scouts will hold the horses or lead them, while the collectors use both hands to gather in money.

Two Deaths on Panama Cruise.

On the arrival of the North German Lloyd Cruiser Grosser Kurfuerst at Quarantine yesterday the surgeon reported two deaths during the twenty-eight days cruise to Panama and the West Indies. Charles A. Lester of Washington, D. C., died on March 9 of heart disease, and J. M. Clark of New York died two days later from the same complaint.

POLICEMAN PREVENTS FACTORY FIRE HORROR

Schaunel of Old Slip Leads Fifty Girls Through Acrid Smoke from Burning Drugs.

FIRST TURNS IN THE ALARM

Then Makes Four Trips to Fifth Floor to Rescue Unconscious Employes —Four Firms Lose $75,000.

It took all the fire apparatus south of Fourteenth Street and a squadron of fireboats four hours yesterday to subdue a spectacular fire in a six-story building at 16 Pearl Street, midway between Whitehall and State Streets, and from 10:30 o'clock, when it was discovered, until 2 P. M., when it was got under control, there never was a minute when there was not danger of it spreading out among the ancient structures in the lower part of State Street.

Patrolman John Schaunel of the Old Slip Station, who discovered the fire, worked his way through the blinding smoke to the fifth floor of the building and rescued three girls who had been overcome by the smoke.

The building was tenanted by firms engaged for the most part in the manufacture of toilet preparations, such as ammonia, talcum powder and various cosmetics. Owing to the pungent fumes and the stifling odors and acrid smoke blown down upon them from above, the firemen had to work in relays. Several were overcome, but none was seriously injured, and later on all were able to return to their posts.

Probably 15 persons were at work in the building when the fire was discovered, and at least 100 of these were young women and girls. When Policeman Schaunel climbed to the top floor he told the girls that all would escape unhurt if they would just keep cool and follow him, and then he led them down through the smoke to safety.

By this time the upper floors of the building were on fire, but Schaunel feared that some of the girls might have fallen by the way, so for a second time he worked his way through the smoke to the fifth floor, where he found three girls, one of them entirely overcome and the other two nearly so. The two still able to stand up were trying to rescue the third, who was Alice Hagan of 74 West Street. Schaunel took the unconscious girl in his arms, and, bidding the other two to follow close behind, got them all out in safety.

A third and then a fourth time Schaunel worked his way through fire and smoke to that fifth floor, and each time staggered out bearing the unconscious form of a young girl. On the third trip he rescued Florence O'Connor of 14 State Street, Brooklyn, and with her rescue the police and firemen were able to check up all the persons who had been in the building when the fire started.

With the first alarm came Chief Kenlon, who quickly turned in a second and then a third alarm, which brought all the apparatus south of Fourteenth Street as well as the fireboats. It was the stubbornes sort of a blaze, and as Pearl Street is little more than a narrow lane at that point the firemen found it almost impossible to combat it from the street. Chief Kenlon ordered hose carried to the upper floors of a skyscraper on State Street, the rear windows of which looked out on the burning building, and soon a dozen streams were being played on it from as many windows in the skyscraper. From the roofs of other near-by buildings the firemen worked also, and although the building was soon gutted, it was not until 2 o'clock in the afternoon that the firemen were ready to announce that the fire was under control.

The chief sufferers from yesterday's blaze were the Eureka Talcum Company, the Venus Novelty Company, the Charles S. Hirsch Company, manufacturers of ammonia preparations, and Charles Seligman, toilet preparations. The loss is estimated at $75,000.

PRAISES THE TIMES'S IDEAL.

E. J. Ryan Finds It Exceptional in This Commercial Age.

That there will be marked general appreciation of the artistic beauty and value of THE TIMES's special Easter Supplement is indicated by the subjoined letter received yesterday by THE TIMES from E. J. Ryan of the O'Neill-Adams Company of this city:

New York, March 19, 1913.

Dear Sir: Thank you for the advance copy of the beautiful colored supplement of the Easter number of THE NEW YORK TIMES.

This issue should approach in artistic beauty, timely, instructive reading matter, and, of course, carefully edited news the finest of American magazines.

Steps such as THE TIMES has taken to elevate the plane of supplements and in deciding upon what constitutes real news matter are most certainly deserving of commendation and encouragement. It is no small thing for a newspaper in this intensely commercial city and age to set such an ideal standard for itself and to maintain it in its editorial, art, and business departments. Yours very truly,

E. J. RYAN.

CONVICTED OF KILLING WIFE

But Juror Doubted Son's Story That Spear Told Him He Meant to Slay His Mother.

Alexander Spear of 247 Eldridge Street, who has been on trial for the murder of his wife on Feb. 6, was convicted of murder in the first degree before Justice Seabury in the Criminal Branch of the Supreme Court yesterday. He was remanded until March 27 for sentence.

The jury was out forty-five minutes. After the foreman had announced the verdict it became known that the jurors stood eleven to one for a verdict of murder in the first degree on the first ballot. The one juror who stood out for a time explained that he did so because he believed that Spear's twelve-year-old son Frank had not told the truth.

In the trial Spear's son was called as a witness for the prosecution. He said that a few days before the murder his father had taken an apple and demonstrated with a knife how he intended to kill his wife. Spear denied this, but an eye-witness to the murder said that he saw Spear struggling with his wife, whose throat had been cut. Spear said he killed his wife accidentally while defending himself from an attack which she made upon him.

Delegates to Cost of Living Meeting.

ALBANY, March 20.—At the request of the American Academy of Political and Social Science, Gov. Sulzer to-day appointed additional delegates to represent New York State at the seventeenth annual meeting of the academy at Philadelphia, April 4 and 5. The "cost of living in the United States" will be discussed. Among the delegates are Norman E. Mack, E. H. Butler, David S. Taylor, James W. Greene, G. K. Rudolph, William C. Warren, the Rev. H. Philbrook Morrell, and John R. Shillady, of Buffalo; Louis M. Antisdale, O. S. Adams, Roy C. Kates, Duncan Tillson, Francis B. Mitchell of Rochester; Joseph T. McNally, James T. Glynn, Frank W. Clark of Albany; George L. Priest, the Rev. C. W. Heizer of Ithaca; John Moore, Milo Shanks, F. E. Gannett of Elmira; James H. Potts, William Connors, Francis W. Joslin of Troy; Edward H. O'Hara, Walter E. Gardner of Syracuse; W. D. McKinstry of Watertown; George W. Dunham, W. W. Canfield of Utica; James A. Clary of Jamestown, and John Kennedy of Batavia.

Law May Forbid Wisconsin "Prom."

MADISON, Wis., March 20.—The existence of the "junior prom" at the University of Wisconsin was threatened by the State Senate to-day, when it ordered engrossed a bill prohibiting the holding of class dances at the university.

HEAR RAILROAD SIDE TO-DAY.

Witnesses Ready to Answer Firemen in Wage Arbitration.

The members of the Conference Committee of the Eastern railroads met for several hours yesterday afternoon at th Waldorf-Astoria Hotel, Elisha Lee, Chairman of the committee, presiding, to prepare for the hearing of the witnessss on the side of the railroads in the arbitration of the firemen's demands. The testimony on behalf of the railroads will begin at 9 A. M. to-day, and witnesses will be called to offset the testimony of the witnesses for the firemen that the revenues of the railroads had increased a great deal more, relatively, than the wages of the firemen.

The witnesses to appear, including a number of railroad officials, will be examined by Mr. Lee and cross-examined by President Carter of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen.

There was a report yesterday that the Toledo, St. Louis & Western Railroad, which at first intended to get out of the present arbitration proceedings, would now remain rather than risk being adjudged in contempt by the courts. Mr. Lee said last evening:

"No report of the kind has reached me. If it was so, I believe I would be the first to make the announcement. I hope the report is true."

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Holeproof Hosiery
For Men, Women and Children
6 Pairs, Guaranteed to Wear 6 Months
A box of these famous guaranteed hose will prove a most welcome gift to any man, woman or child—one that will carry with it the true Easter spirit, one whose pleasure and use will be lasting—for
They Will Wear All Spring and Summer
For Men, 6 pairs, $1.50; Mercerized, $2; Silk Lustre, $3
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If there are fathers and mothers who think they know their boys, I want them to read "What My Boy Knows" —a father's confession in the April American Magazine

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"With the tone you can't forget"
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Style A	Baby Grand Piano	Ebonized Case, Mahogany Case,	$950 $1100
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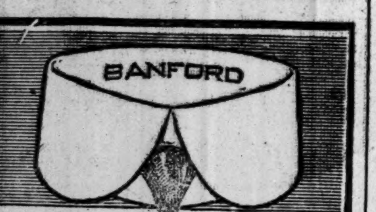

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LICENSEBUREAU USED FOR MAYOR'S DEFENSE

Citizens' Union Charges It Revoked Permits for Newsstands in Curran's District.

EXAMINED OWNERS IN SECRET

Licenses Restored After They Had Been Quizzed About Curran by Gaynor's Personal Counsel.

Charges that the Mayor's Bureau of Licenses has been active in assisting Mayor Gaynor in the preparation of his defense to the libel suit for $100,000 brought against him by Alderman Henry H. Curran, Chairman of the Aldermanic Committee which is investigating the police, are contained in letters made public yesterday by Joseph O. Hammitt, Secretary of the Citizens' Union.

This activity has taken the form of the revocation of the stand licenses of news dealers in Alderman Curran's district, Mr. Hammitt writes, and by the subsequent examination of these dealers, in which Charles C. Lockwood, one of the Mayor's lawyers, participated, before the licenses were restored.

That the Citizens' Union has kept a close watch over Mr. Lockwood's activities appears from one of Mr. Hammitt's letters, in which he refers to a stenographic report of one of Mr. Lockwood's long private conversations. Mr. Hammitt promises that this stenographic report will be made public in due time. He would not deny that it had been obtained with the help of a dictograph.

On March 17 Mr. Hammitt wrote a letter addressed to the Mayor concerning the activity of the License Bureau men, in which he said:

Laid Facts Before the Mayor.

In referring to this matter at all we are concerned only with the apparent abuse of official power, and this letter must not be construed as expressing any opinion as to the merits of the pending libel suit. The facts, according to our information, are as follows:

Recently men having badges and claiming to be Inspectors of the Mayor's Bureau of Licenses approached numerous licensed proprietors of street stands in the Twenty-sixth Aldermanic District, represented by Alderman Curran, and took from the stand proprietors their licenses. They informed the people from whom these licenses were taken that if they desired them back they should appear at a certain time at the offices of the Mayor's Bureau of Licenses, 57 Centre Street.

The proprietors of these street stands who had thus been temporarily deprived of their licenses were received in rooms in the building occupied by the Mayor's Bureau of Licenses. One by one, and in most cases after having been kept waiting for an hour or two, they were taken into the office of the Chief of the bureau. There they were examined as to matters relating to the issues involved in the libel suit. Thereafter their licenses were returned to them.

Present, assisting in such examinations, was Mr. Charles C. Lockwood, an attorney, whose office is at 85 Nassau Street, who appears to be acting in preparing your case for trial. The nature of the examinations indicates that the only purpose was to secure evidence for use in the libel suit.

We have already brought the matter to the attention of Mr. James G. Wallace, Jr., the Chief of the Bureau of Licenses, and he has declined to give any explanation.

If our information is incomplete in any particular we should be glad to be advised of any further evidence. Meanwhile, it is unnecessary to add that immediate action should be taken to stop such practices as above outlined. We deem it only proper to give you an opportunity to reply to this letter before taking any further action.

Gaynor Curt and Skeptical.

The Mayor's reply was:

March 18, 1913.

Sir: Your letter of March 17 is at hand. I know nothing of the matters mentioned therein, and never heard of them, nor am I disposed to take your word in respect of them from what I know of you, and especially in view of the evidence now before me in reference to the taking of the school site on Driggs Avenue. Yours very truly,

W. J. GAYNOR, Mayor.

Mr. Hammitt then wrote the following reply to the Mayor:

March 20, 1913.

The Hon. William J. Gaynor, Mayor,
City Hall, New York City:

Sir: We have your letter of March 18. You say you never heard of the matters mentioned in our letter of the 17th. But you have heard of them now, and you have ample means to verify their correctness. We suggest that you inquire of your own personal counsel and from other sources of information equally open to you. It should be easy for you to ascertain whether your representatives are or are not putting you in the position of abusing your official power in the promotion of your private affairs.

For your further information, we add that we have been informed:

Involves Mayor's Personal Counsel.

That your counsel, Mr. Lockwood, accompanied by Alexander Frank, an Examining Inspector in the office of the Commissioners of Accounts, interviewed a Greek named Andrew X. Alexakis, at 208 West Twenty-eighth Street, last Friday evening, March 14; that their discussion related to the Curran libel suit, Alexakis being approached with a view to his becoming a witness at the trial; that on the same occasion Alexakis was engaged by your personal counsel to act at the office of the Mayor's Bureau of Licenses on Monday, March 17, as interpreter in the examination of a standkeeper from Alderman Curran's district, for which he was to receive pay; that the examination itself was apparently intended to assist your counsel in preparing your case in Mr. Curran's libel suit against you; and that in fact, the examination of the standkeeper on Monday at the office of the Bureau of Licenses was conducted, not by an official of the bureau, but by your personal counsel.

A stenographic report of the interview of March 14, made at the time, gives further details. Your truly,

CITIZENS' UNION OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK,
J. O. HAMMITT, Secretary.

P. S.—I note what you say about Driggs Avenue; but do not propose in this correspondence (which I am conducting for the Citizens' Union and by direction of its Executive Committee) to be led into a discussion of any side issue personal to myself. I am ready to discuss the Driggs Avenue matter at any time and in any proper way, but must request that you make public any further communication you send me on that subject in order that I may hold you responsible for any statement you make.

J. O. HAMMITT.

Mayor Permitted to Amend Answer.

Mr. Hammitt explained last night that the Driggs Avenue matter to which the Mayor referred was the condemnation by the city for a school site of a plot of land in Brooklyn. Part of the plot, some land in which he had a part interest, was sold to the city at a private sale. He said that he had in no way influenced the selection of the land in question for a school site and had received less at private sale than the owners of corresponding property which the city had acquired for the same site at condemnation.

Supreme Court Justice Platzek signed an order yesterday allowing the Mayor to amend his answer to Alderman Curran's suit to plead additional matters in justification, mitigation, provocation, and privilege in respect to his utterances about graft in newsstand licenses, with which he attempted to connect the Alderman. Justice Platzek said:

"Discretion to allow amendments to pleadings should be exercised broadly and liberally, but of course not arbitrarily. Here the plea of justification is only attempted to be amplified. The law is well settled that justification must in all respects be as sweeping as the libel complained of. There is also a well-recognized rule in law that where one is sued for pecuniary damages he places his life work and conduct under fire. It is the judgment of this court that the ends of justice will be best conserved by allowing the amendments, so that all the facts and circumstances may be presented to the court and jury on the trial free from technicality."

The trial will probably begin Monday.

MAYOR NOT AT LIBEL HEARING.

His Office Staff Disclaims Responsibility for Pulitzer Speech.

For two hours yesterday afternoon Howard Taylor, counsel for The New York World, attempted to drag from subordinates of Mayor Gaynor testimony to substantiate Ralph Pulitzer's charge that the Mayor was guilty of criminal libel. Mayor Gaynor did not appear in person to answer a summons by Magistrate Kernochan for the hearing held in the library of the Board of City Magistrates in the old Police Headquarters Building on Mulberry Street. Stephen C. Baldwin represented him.

It was Mr. Taylor's theory that the Mayor could be held guilty of libel for remarks about the late Joseph Pulitzer, because he had been accessory before the fact of publication of his speech of Feb. 4 last before the South Brooklyn Board of Trade. Mr. Taylor in his outline charged that the Mayor had sent his stenographer to report the speech and to transmit copies to newspaper reporters to insure its publication in two papers named, The Sun and The Tribune.

His two hours of questioning brought forth nothing to substantiate this theory. Mr. Taylor did his best to tangle up James Matthews, the Mayor's executive secretary, and recalled him to the stand several times. Mr. Matthews insisted that the Mayor had given no instructions to him to have stenographers report the speech in question, and that their attendance was a matter of custom and routine. The fourth time Mr. Matthews took the stand Mr. Taylor showed his exasperation. He asked:

"You've had a conversation with Mr. Baldwin since the speech?"

Mr. Matthews said that he had.

A Tiff Between Counsel.

"What did he tell you to testify to?" demanded Mr. Taylor.

Mr. Baldwin jumped to his feet. "Your Honor," he protested, "I think this is an unwarranted insult."

"Let us have no more of this," cautioned Magistrate Kernochan.

There was another brush between counsel when Mr. Baldwin objected to a question about the exceptions, if any, to the custom of having the Mayor's stenographers report his speeches. Mr. Baldwin had invariably prefaced his objections with the remark that inasmuch as the proceedings were in the nature of an examination he would not press them too strongly.

"Don't apologize; don't apologize," interrupted Mr. Taylor. "If you're going to object, object. If you don't want to object, don't object."

"I want you to *object*. I have asked you to object," put in Magistrate Kernochan, to Mr. Baldwin's relief.

Mr. Taylor derived some comfort from the testimony of Lieut. William Kennell, the Mayor's bodyguard, that he had been instructed by either Robert Adamson, the Mayor's secretary, or by Mr. Matthews to inform reporters assigned to the City Hall that Mayor Gaynor was to speak in Brooklyn and that his speech would be taken down by official stenographers. Mr. Adamson testified that he was out of town on Feb. 4. Mr. Matthews, recalled, testified that he had no recollection of instructing Lieut. Kennell to communicate to the reporters.

Stenographers Assigned by Diary.

From the testimony of Sidney R. Keir and Louis A. Merrill, confidential and executive stenographers, respectively, to the Mayor, it appeared that the speech had been transcribed on the typewriter of a reporter named McLaughlin of The Brooklyn Times, with paper and carbons furnished by McLaughlin, in the reporters' room of the Kings Copnty Court House. McLaughlin, both stenographers testified, took the sheets as fast as they were run through the typewriter and divided them among his colleagues, who had been present at the dinner, and who had led the stenographers to the place of transcription. The stenographers swore they had no advance conversation with the Mayor about the speech.

Both the stenographers and Messrs. Adamson and Matthews stated that it had long been the custom of the Mayor's office to have the stenographers report the Mayor's speeches at dinners. The stenographers learned of the speaking assignments through a diary kept in Mr. Adamson's office and on which Messrs. Adamson, Matthews, and Kohler made notations. Neither Mr. Adamson nor Mr. Matthews could tell yesterday in whose handwriting the notation of the South Brooklyn speech was made on the diary.

Two reporters for The World were called as witnesses. One of them swore Mr. Matthews had told him about the dinner in advance, and the other told of the speech and the position of the Mayor and the stenographers. The reporters from The Sun and The Tribune, who were present at the dinner, also testified about the transcription of the speech.

In pressing his examination of Messrs. Adamson and Matthews, Mr. Taylor brought out that manifold copies of the Mayor's speeches were kept in a special book at the City Hall for future reference.

Magistrate Kernochan announced at the close of the hearing that he would take briefs from Messrs. Taylor and Baldwin, and fixed April 5 as the date for receiving them. Should he decide that a case has been made out, he might issue a warrant. On the issuance of a warrant the defendant could waive examination and have his case sent direct to the Grand Jury.

To make the record complete, Mr. Baldwin conceded that Joseph Pulitzer was dead; that Ralph Pulitzer was his son, and that Mr. Pulitzer the elder had been the chief owner of The New York World.

TEMPERANCE CAUTION IN WILL

Mr. Mapes Asked His Children Never to Drink or Gamble.

An expression of his disapproval of gambling and the use of alcoholic beverages is made by William A. Mapes in his will, which was filed yesterday in the Surrogates' Court for probate.

"I desire to express in my will the solemn wish, and I also ask that each of my children will refrain from the use of alcoholic beverages and never gamble or take chances in any betting or gambling scheme and in no way encourage any of the above vices, but on the contrary do what they can to discourage all such vices."

In another clause Mr. Mapes sets aside the sum of $1,000, the income of which is to be expended by his daughter, Bertha Mapes, "in the cause of temperance reform at her discretion."

Ida C. Mapes, the widow, receives the income from $4,000, and the residue is divided between three children; Bertha, William A, and Howell Mapes.

CITY COLLEGE GETS LEWISOHN LIBRARY

Ambassador von Bernstorff the Chief Guest at the German Day Festival.

1,500 VOLUMES IN GERMAN

Institution a Melting Pot, Says Visiting Diplomat—Lewisohn Gives Library Key to Finley.

German day exercises were held at the City College yesterday, and the chief guest of the occasion was Count von Bernstorff, the German Ambassador. Among the other guests were Adolph Lewisohn, Andrew Carnegie, Seth Low, Controller Prendergast, Prof. Eucken, M. J. Drummond, Karl Bunz, Baron von Helmholdt, and Prof. Learned of the University of Pennsylvania. An assembly of the students and guests was held at noon. At the conclusion the presentation of the German library by Mr. Lewisohn took place.

The assembly was opened by President Finley's speech of welcome to the Ambassador as a representative of "Goetheland and "Schillerland."

Prof. Eucken spoke in German on German literature and the sympathetic regard in which the Americans held it.

President Finley then introduced Controller Prendergast as one of Irish origin. Mr. Prendergast said that he intended to say to the Ambassador in private that he thought there was alogether too much German in the affair. He welcomed the Ambassador in the name of the English, German, French, Scotch, and Irish of the city. He spoke of the inspiration that the city and America had obtained from Germany, which was doing great work for the benefit of civilization.

Seth Low Lauds Germany.

Seth Low, the next speaker, said that it was a great honor to see the representative of the Kaiser and the German people, and that it was especially a privilege to see him in a hall of learning, because Germany had taught or was teaching the world two important lessons. The first was that in her higher institutions of learning she had permitted her professors to learn and teach the truth as they saw it, *no* matter how it might differ from public opinion. In the second place she had established continuation schools.

Mr. Carnegie was introduced by Dr. Finley as the American who had stood before more Kings than any other citizen. Mr. Carnegie said that he then stood in the presence of 3,000 kings. The differences between the Kings he had stood before, and so often behind, and the kings he met every day in the American citizen, he said, were slight. He then told the story of the American citizen who refused a hereditary title on the ground that it was reducing his rank.

When called on, Count von Bernstorff said:

"I wish to thank you with a few words for the reception you have given me today. When President Finley was good enough to come to ask me to return to the college, he did not have to employ those powers of persuasion we know so well in him, with the result that it is very difficult for anybody to refuse him anything.

"I was very pleased to see that the students loved the study of German, which I saw by the enthusiasm with which you greeted your professor of German, and I also wish to thank you for the beautiful songs I heard to-day which came to me as a breath of air from my own country.

"I have read that the Prince of Orange after the seige of the City of Leyden offered to give some return for the citizens' sufferings, and offered either to remit their taxes or to give them a university. The people of the city showed their fine valor and discretion in asking for a university. This sentiment is the same in the United States, as they have endowed with great liberality the universities and colleges. This seems to me especially important because education is not unrelated to the belief in popular government.

"This institution is one of the melting pots of the United States, where the sons of citizens of other countries are educated to be Americans, and where they are educated to know that it is education that gives the man his position in life. Education has freedom in its train."

The library consists of about 1,500 volumes of German literature of all kinds. Mr. Lewisohn has given an additional fund to complete the library. One particularly fine group is a set of the Weimar edition of Goethe.

At the exercises in the library Prof. Werner described the gift in detail. Mr. Lewisohn then presented the key of the library to Dr. Finley.

In the evening Count von Bernstorff was the guest of honor at a dinner given by Mr. Lewisohn in the ballroom at Sherry's. Dr. Finley was toastmaster, and those who spoke, in addition to the host and the guest of honor, were Mayor Gaynor, John Purroy Mitchel, Provost William H. Carpenter of Columbia, Chancellor Brown of New York University, S. W. McCall, and Prof. Eucken. The Mayor was introduced by Dr. Finley as the greatest everyday American philosopher. The Mayor indulged in some good-natured chaffing of Count von Bernstorff, saying:

"What pleases me most about you, Mr. Ambassador, is that you can handle the English language so musically. That's more than some of our newspaper writers know. 'Made in Germany'—that phrase somehow sticks in my mind. You were made in Germany, Mr. Ambassador, but I would almost take my oath that he was made in New England—he acts a good deal like it."

The Mayor concluded with a tribute to the City of New York, saying:

"In spite of all the diversity of opinion and all of the loose statements being made, we have here as many things worthy of emulation and of pride as can probably be found in any city of Europe."

COLLEGES IN A GERMAN BUND.

Seven Institutions at Birth of New Organization at Columbia.

Seven colleges and universities were represented yesterday at a meeting at Columbia University for the purpose of organizing what is to be known as "The Intercollegiate Bund of German Clubs," or in German the "Verband academische Deutsche bereine Americas." There will be a second meeting to-morrow morning, the representatives meantime being the guests of the Columbia German Verein.

The objects of this bund are the promotion of good fellowship between the universities of America and Germany, to encourage the study of the German language and German customs, with a view of more closely linking the two Nations in ties of sympathy and friendship.

The charter members of the bund are Harvard, Columbia, Yale, Pennsylvania, Williams, Wesleyan, Brown, Johns Hopkins, Swarthmore, Valparaiso, Temple, Pennsylvania State, Syracuse, De Pauw, Michigan, Minnesota, and Middlebury. Delegates present at yesterday's meeting were William E. Quinby, Harvard; Russell L. Beatty, Columbia; Karl L. Llewellyn, Yale; Louis Baker, Pennsylvania; Guy De Lagerberg, Williams; Noel E. Bensinger, Brown; Henry Wood, Johns Hopkins; Howard M. Buckman, Swarthmore; Williams Bohleber, Valparaiso; S. A. Andrews, Temple, and B. A. Ladd, Pennsylvania State. Monroe Curtis of Columbia was Chairman and Gunther Keil, also of Columbia, Secretary.

Whole Town to See Ball Game.

ALEXANDRIA, Va., March 20.—This little city believes it is entitled to recognition as the home of the genuine baseball fan. On March 31, when the Washington Americans are to play a local athletic club, the public schools will be closed and business generally suspended in order that the whole town may attend the game.

KING'S CHINA WORTH LITTLE.

Set of Plate, a Gift of George IV., Appraised at $25.

According to the appraiser's report upon the estate of Mrs. Ann Shaw Jones, who died in New York on April 24, a set of royal Worcester plate, given by the Prince of Wales, afterward King George IV., to Mrs. Jones's great grandfather, William Pinkney of Maryland, then Minister to the Court of St. James's, is now worth only $25. Mrs. Jones took great care to specify in her will that this plate, which is marked with the English royal crown and the letters "G. R.", should pass to her daughter, Miss Beatrice L. Pinkney Jones, and upon her death to one of her brothers. Two miniatures by the English artist Stag, which were bequeathed on the same terms the appraiser was not able to find.

The estate of Mrs. Jones amounted to $5,459.37, which was left in trust to her sons, Edward Bradley Jones and Campbell Pinkney Jones, the income to be given to her daughter during life.

Strike Amid Easter Rush.

BOSTON, March 20.—Nearly 1,000 women's tailors and custom dress makers took advantage of the Easter rush to strike for higher wages to-day. Sixty shops were affected, and Back Bay tailors in particular, who had promised many gowns for Sunday, found themselves in a serious predicament. The strikers demand a working week of 48 hours, better sanitary conditions, and more pay.

Lifts Off the Flames

Pyrene fights fire by separating it from the substance burning. Its gases surround the flames completely and smother them.

RECOGNITION
Brass and nickel-plated Pyrene Fire Extinguishers are the only one-quart Fire Extinguishers included in the lists of approved Fire Appliances issued by the National Board of Fire Underwriters.

Pyrene
FIRE EXTINGUISHER
Broadway and 36th Street
NEW YORK.
Telephone Greeley 3461.

A Spring Shoe for Business Wear That is a Beauty.

Stylish, but not extreme, this new Cammeyer model is bound to win favor. Made of Fine Gun Metal Calfskin, Single Sole, or Black Wax Calfskin, Double Sole.

$5.50

Cammeyer
Stamped on a Shoe means
Standard of Merit
6th Ave. at 20th St

Whitman's
Super Extra Chocolates

The Gift that Gives Most Easter Joy is

Whitman's
Fussy Package

A special assortment made up to please people who like chocolates without any cream centers. Contains a careful selection of nut and hard-center chocolates to suit critical tastes. One dollar a pound, in half- to five-pound boxes.

Whitman's "1842" Bitter Sweets	An assortment of bitter-coating, creamy-center chocolates. 80c a pound in one- and two-pound boxes.
Pink of Perfection Chocolates (or Confections)	A gift package in three sizes and two assortments. One dollar a pound in one-, two- and five-pound boxes.
The Sampler Package	An assortment from ten of the most favored packages of chocolates and confections. One dollar a box.

At any of the 150 Whitman agencies throughout Greater New York
STEPHEN F. WHITMAN & SON, Inc., Philadelphia, U. S. A.
Makers of Whitman's Instantaneous Chocolate

Distancing the Field

In January and February the volume of automobile advertising carried by New York's three leading automobile mediums was as follows:

	Agate Lines.
THE NEW YORK TIMES	129,834
Second Newspaper	116,457
Third Newspaper	90,627

For March, up to and including Thursday, March 20th, the record is:

	Agate Lines.
THE NEW YORK TIMES	21,828
Second Newspaper	16,455
Third Newspaper	10,719

The total net paid metropolitan sale of these three leading automobile mediums is 250,000 copies. Of this TOTAL THE NEW YORK TIMES sells 73%.

Of these three leading automobile mediums THE NEW YORK TIMES is the only newspaper which surpasses its last year's record.

The final test of the efficiency of a medium in any given line is the volume of business it CONTINUES TO CARRY in that particular line.

THE NEW YORK TIMES
"All the News That's Fit to Print."

VOGEL BROS. Established 1857
56 Years Young

Open Saturday Night Until 11 O'Clock

The Opening of the New Season Marks a New Epoch at The House of Vogel Brothers

Friends of Vogel Brothers will hardly recognize this famous old clothing landmark, which has been transformed by the builders into New York's best equipped, cheeriest and most modern men's store. Everything is new, except the familiar faces of the salesmen who have served you these many years. And newest of all are the resplendent stocks that form

Our 56th Easter Review

—stocks crackling with crisp style and smartness—new Spring Suits and Overcoats at $12.50 to $30 that meet the exacting requirements of the most critical—a style, a fabric, a size and a price for every man—unquestionably the most complete, best styled and most moderately priced collection of high class clothing for men and young men that has ever been gathered under one roof.

VOGEL BROTHERS
42 St. at 8 Ave.

Van Houten's Cocoa

Not the Cost per Can—But the Cost per Cup.

of Van Houten's
Just use ½
So

AT ALL GROCERS

ESTABLISHED 1845
MARK CROSS
TRADE MARK
LONDON
Actual Makers
89 Regent Street
Goods Purchased in London Charged to Home Account at English Prices.

Some advertisers talk like a book—but you can shut up a book.

"Sac de Riqueur"
The Latest Cry From Paris

A Beautiful Model, Black Silk and Satin Striped, Lined with Delicate Ribbed Silk, on Gold Plated Frame. One Compartment Contains Gold Plated Silk Covered Opera Glasses, Card Case, Handkerchief Pocket. The Other Part of Bag Has Fixed Money Compartment. Large Gold Plated Ring at Top for Carrying. Most Attractive and Unique—Complete............... $17.50

HANDBAGS in all the Most Beautiful Leathers and Colors to Match Spring Gowns.

MANY SMALL NOVELTIES Low in Price and Most Attractive.

MARK CROSS
World's Greatest Leather Stores
Up-Town { Near 26th Street 210 Fifth Avenue
Downtown—253 Broadway Opposite City Hall
Boston—145 Tremont Street
Agencies Throughout the World

Tecla Gems

THE TECLA COMPANY

send home selections of their jewels, upon request. This affords an opportunity to examine, at leisure, the marvellous "Tecla" creations.

TECLA
NEW YORK 398 Fifth Avenue
PARIS 10 Rue de la Paix
LONDON 7 Old Bond Street
BERLIN 15 Unter den Linden
Philadelphia Walnut St. at 16th
Washington F St. at 11th, N. W.
St. Louis Locust at 10th
Atlantic City 1913 Boardwalk
Boston 416 Boylston Street
Nice 16 Avenue Masséna
Vienna 2 Kärnthnerstrasse
Rome 144 Corso Umberto
NO OTHER BRANCHES OR AGENTS

NEW SERIAL BY
CONAN DOYLE
THE POISON BELT" Begins in the April
STRAND MAGAZINE
Now on sale. 15 cents a copy. $1.50 a year

Smoky Fireplaces
Made to Draw
Cooking Odors
Carried Out of the House
Payment Conditional on Success
FREDERIC N. WHITLEY Engineer and Contractor,
211 Fulton Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.
Heating—Ventilating—Air Filtration

$55.00 to Pacific Coast
Lackawanna Railroad
From March 14th to April 14th, inc.
Ticket Offices, Broadway, at 42d, 28th, Howard & Wall Sts. Bkln., 505 Fulton St.

Times Censored Want Advertising has started many people on the direct line to success. Try a "Situation Wanted" advertisement next Sunday. Bring it to the Times B[illegible] to-morrow night.—Adv.

URGES NEW SCHOOLS FOR ADVANCED PUPILS

City's Expert Points Out Advantages of Intermediate Schools for 7th and 8th Year Pupils.

SURE RELIEF FOR CONGESTION

Economy Also, as It Would Admit of More Schools, with Fewer Teachers and Gymnasiums.

The establishment of intermediate schools, consisting entirely of seventh and eighth year pupils, is urged in a report of Dr. Frank P. Bachman, assistant Superintendent of the Schools of Cleveland, Ohio, made public to-day by the Committee on School Inquiry of the Board of Estimate and Apportionment, which employed Dr. Bachman as one of eleven educational experts under Prof. Paul H. Hanus of Harvard to investigate the New York City public school system. Dr. Bachman recommends the establishment of such intermediate schols as more efficient than are schols having all grades, more economical, and better able to adapt instructnon to the varying needs of pupils and to fit them for high school or vocational school or business training.

At present there are only three such schools in the city, all in Manhattan, and they were established in 1905 and 1907, in a measure as an experiment, to relieve congestion. Dr. Bachman declares that although these at once proved their value for this purpose, none have been organized since.

Though the City Superintendent and the Board of Education are both favorable to intermediate schools and to increasing the number of them, Dr. Bachman points out that certain associate and District Superintendents and Principals regard them unfavorably, and that the unsupported opinions of the latter have prevailed.

Dr. Bachman figures out the difference in cost between the two kinds of schools by considering the number of schoolrooms required, the number of teachers, and the equipment and supplies needed for the instruction of a given number. Comparing the two kinds of schools, he finds that the intermediate schools require 5 per cent. fewer regular classrooms, 27 per cent. fewer manual training shops, 17 per cent. fewer cooking rooms, and 18 per cent. fewer gymnasiums. The difference of 38 rooms required in favor of the intermediate schools, he declares, represents a saving of from 6.75 to 8.70 per cent. in rooms, or $400,000 in original investment, and an annual difference of 6.88 per cent. in cost of upkeep and operating expenses.

He finds also tnat 5.33 per cent. fewer regular class teachers, 8.01 per cent. fewer manual training teachers, and 8.01 per cent. fewer cooking teachers—the three kinds of teachers employed—are required to instruct a given number of pupils in intermediate schools than in schools having all grades. Combining these results, he finds that the intermediate schools require fewer teachers than schools having all grades by 5.36 per cent. As before, this difference represents a difference in annual cost of not less than $35,000 in favor of the intermediate schools.

In equipment, too, he declares there would be a saving in the intermediate schools by from 19.11 per cent. to 27.32 per cent. in shops, from 6.31 to 17.10 per cent. in cooking rooms, and 18.17 per cent. in gymnasiums.

This difference in cost, he declares, would enable the city—if 20,000 seventh and eighth year pupils could be brought into intermediate schools—to save immediately enough to provide for the erection of a school building of thirty-nine rooms, and for the total annual cost of operating such a school.

Taking up the relative efficiency of the two types of schools, Dr. Bachman found that more seventh and eighth year pupils fail in the regular all-grade schools than in the intermediate schools. Judging this by a record of first and second term pupils in the high schools he found that the graduates of all-grade schools showed 68 per cent. successes and 32 per cent. failures in the first term, and 72 per cent. successes and 28 per cent. failures in the second term; while the graduates of the intermediate schools showed in the first term 70 per cent. successes and 30 per cent. failures, and in the second term 82 per cent. successes and 18 per cent. failures.

He enumerated also these advantages of the intermediate school opportunities:

"Different courses of study may be offered to meet the needs of three classes of pupils: Those who plan to go to the general high school or college; those who look forward to entering a vocational high school, and those who must leave school as soon as they are legally exempt from further attendance. Moreover, adaptation of instruction can be made to meet the separate and common educational needs of the two sexes, and also to meet the high school requirements.

Dr. Bachman recommends that immediate studies be made of "localities where conditions seem favorable for the establishment of intermediate schools, and that such schools be established where conditions are found to be favorable; that when established such schools be so planned and conducted as not only to serve their present purpose, but also to aim at the fuller realization of the educational opportunities they may afford as outlined in the report; that pains be taken to maintain co-operating relations between contributing schools and intermediate schools, on the one hand, and effective articulation between intermediate schools and high schools and vocational schools, on the other; that the peculiar opportunity to develop systematic vocational guidance be fully utilized, and, finally, that the Bureau of Investigation and Appraisal be charged with the duty of making the investigations concerning the establishment of intermediate schools, and of their efficiency and economy when established.

RETURN DIAMOND NECKLACE.

Senders Enclose Advertisement Offering Reward, but Don't Ask for It.

A diamond necklace, belonging to Mrs. George N. Robinson of 97 Park Place, Brooklyn, and lost by her a week ago, was mysteriously returned to her on Monday. Following the discovery of the loss of it her husband inserted advertisements in the newspapers, offering a reward of $250 for its return. Mr. Robinson also employed a private detective agency.

Mrs. Robinson said last night that the necklace was returned to her by special delivery letter at noon on Monday. The envelope containing it was addressed to her husband, and it was received by her daughter Helen. In a smaller envelope enclosed in a larger one was a copy of the advertisement, but there was no information in the envelope as to the identity of the person who returned the necklace.

Mrs. Robinson also said that the reward had not been paid, and that no one has called to ask for it. She said that she and her husband went to the theatre on Friday night and then went to a restaurant in a taxicab. Mrs. Robinson said she did not discover the loss of the necklace until she had returned home. She said she had no idea where it was lost.

ANOTHER TEACHER HID HER MARRIAGE

Mrs. Keen, on Leave, Admits She Wed in June, 1912, Without Telling School Heads.

ONLY ONE OF MANY, IT IS SAID

Mrs. Rodman De Fremery Asserts That Five Per Cent. of the Teachers Here Are Married.

Another woman teacher in the Wadleigh High School has married without notifying City Superintendent Maxwell "forthwith" of that fact, as one of the bylaws of the Board of Education says that a woman teacher must do. She is known on the school records as Josephine Rice, and is prominent in the work of the Interborough Association of Women Teachers, of which Miss Grace C. Strachan, District Superintendent of Schools, is President. Miss Strachan has said that she approves the action of the Board of Education in denying the request of Mrs. Katherine C. Edgell of the Erasmus Hall High School, Flatbush, for a year's leave of absence, without pay, in which to bear and rear a child.

Miss Rice's marriage antedates that of Mrs. Henrietta Rodman De Fremery, another teacher in the Wadleigh School, by some months. The secret of the Rice wedding was discovered by District Superintendent Darwin L. Bradwell, whose duty is to look after the doings of high school teachers. He learned, in some way, possibly through one of the anonymous communications which, according to Commissioner Abraham Stein, some trusted confidant of a newly married woman teacher almost invariably sends the official, that Miss Rice in June, 1912, was married to a Mr. Keen. Mr. Bardwell thereupon wrote to Miss Rice asking if this information was correct. She replied that it was.

City Supt. Maxwell then directed Thomas E. Bussey, a clerk to the Board of Superintendents, to send Mrs. Rice-Keen one of the blanks to fill out with the name of her husband and the date of the marriage. This blank has not been returned by Mrs. Rice-Keen. She has not been at the Wadleigh High School for some time, due, it is said, to the fact that she has serious trouble with her eyes.

Mr. Bardwell said that some time ago he heard of another woman teacher in a high school who had married, without notifying the City Superintendent. A letter was sent to her, asking if the report was true, and in reply she sent in her resignation.

Mrs. Solomon De Fremery told a reporter for THE TIMES last night that in her opinion 5 per cent. of the women teachers in the public schools here were married. With regard to her denunciation, as unfair and unjust, of the board's by-law which requires a woman teacher to announce her marriage, but does not require a man teacher to do the same, Department of Education officials said yesterday that the cases were not identical. Men teachers do not change their names when they marry; women teachers do. The requirement that a woman teacher shall notify the City Superintendent of her marriage was necessary to keep the pay roll straight, it was said. Mrs. Rodman De Fremery's contention is that the notice is really required to block the promotion of women teachers who marry. The board cannot remove nor demote a woman teacher because she marries, but it can and does prevent her promotion, she asserted.

One of the officers of the Department of Education said yesterday that by withholding checks from women teachers, who were suspected of having married, the board would compel them to reveal the truth, as married teachers could not legally sign their maiden names to checks. The teachers might appeal to the courts and that would force a settlement of the question.

NEW SYDENHAM HOSPITAL.

$100,000 from Guggenheim to be Used in Construction—Cost $350,000

The Directors of the Sydenham Hospital decided last night to erect a new six-story modern hospital on the present site. This was made possible by a gift of $100,000 from Isaac Guggenheim, the banker of 763 Fifth Avenue. Mr. Guggenheim gave the money with the stipulation that the hospital remain non-sectarian.

Mr. Guggenheim and Dr. Robert Kunitzer, the medical director of the hospital, returned together yesterday from a trip to the Pacific Coast. In addressing the Directors Dr. Kunitzer said that Mr. Guggenheim had no objections to the use of the money in the erection of a new building which is to contain 200 beds. It will cost $350,000, and the Directors have promised to raise the additional $250,000 needed. The site of the present hospital is in 116th Street between First and Second Avenues. It contains seventy-two beds.

Can't Go "Dead"

The Entz Electric starter used on Franklin cars has only three main parts, the motor-generator, the switch, and the storage battery.

Both the magneto and starter are controlled by the switch.

Since the switch is left on while running, the starter is always ready to act. This keeps the engine from stalling; it cannot go "dead" in traffic or other tight places.

Why have a starter that does less?

FRANKLIN MOTOR CAR CO.
Glenn A. Tisdale, Manager
73rd Street and Amsterdam Avenue

1% Per MONTH UPON PLEDGE OF PERSONAL PROPERTY
THE PROVIDENT LOAN SOCIETY OF NEW YORK
MANHATTAN
Fourth Avenue, cor. 25th Street.
Eldridge St., cor. Rivington St.
Seventh Ave., bet. 48th & 49th Sts.
Lexington Ave., cor. 124th St.
Grand St., cor. Clinton St.
East 72d St., bet. Lexington & 3d Avs.
East Houston St., cor. Essex St.
BRONX
Courtlandt Ave., cor. 148th St.
BROOKLYN
Graham Ave., cor. Debevoise St.
Pitkin Ave., cor. Rockaway Ave.
1/2 PER CENT. CHARGED UPON LOANS REPAID WITHIN TWO WEEKS FROM DATE.

EASTER NOVELTIES
Imported Baskets. Fancy Boxes.
Table Ornaments.
Our Latest Novelty,
THE NEW EAGLE EGG
Designed expressly by Louis Repetti FOR THIS SEASON.
ALSO
"A full line of unexcelled caramels,"
Bon Bons and Chocolates, Ice Cream and Ices.
Ladies' Luncheon and Tea Room.
LOUIS REPETTI
Only Retail Store, 46 West 125th Street.

PLEASURE
BUSINESS
CHICAGO TO SAN FRANCISCO

THE SUN'S RIVAL

Reduces the time from Chicago to San Francisco by one business day. Arrives San Francisco 9:30 the third morning—just 64 hours and 30 minutes from Chicago. Effective April 1, 1913.

The only daily extra-fare train from Chicago to California. The only exclusively first-class train from Chicago to San Francisco. Its equipment is the quintessence of luxury.

Overland Limited

It is equipped with barber-shop and baths—it carries a ladies' maid, stenographer and valet—in short, it has all the elegance, comfort and convenience of your favorite club, or even of your own home. *A maximum of extra comforts for a minimum of extra fare $10.* It is a new train of new, all-steel cars with roomy berths, spacious drawing-rooms and compartments, and a dining-car service of the highest standard. Over a double-track system of 90-lb. steel rails, ballasted with Dustless Sherman Gravel, guarded every inch of the way by Automatic Electric Block Safety Signals.

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THE OVERLAND ROUTE

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"Like a Globe-Wernicke Desk"
usually signifies that satisfaction to the user which only perfect mechanical construction can insure.
Costs no more than the ordinary kind.
The Globe-Wernicke Co., 380 Broadway
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Desks, Chairs, Tables and Filing Cabinets in Wood and Steel
Also Sectional Bookcases

You don't have to wait until you feel you can afford a $100 or $200 Victrola—you can buy a Victrola for $15, $25, $40, $50, $75

Any Victor dealer in any city in the world will gladly play any music you wish to hear.

Victor Talking Machine Co., Camden, N. J.

Victor
"His Master's Voice"
REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.

Victor-Victrola IV, $15
Oak

Victor-Victrola VIII, $40
Oak

Wholesale Landay BROS Retail
Authorized Distributors of the Victor Talking Machine Co.

At Last

Just received, a limited quantity of the *New Style* **Victor Victrolas** which, beside being the most *wonderful musical instruments in the world,* are made complete with

The Victor Automatic Brake

It stops the Victrola *immediately* after the selection is finished.

You are cordially invited to our daily demonstrations of this latest feature of the **Victor Victrola.**

Telephone Murray Hill 3700

Landay BROS

Landay BROS
Special Easter Records

Landay has a *special* assortment of *Records* for *Easter* that should be in your collection *now.*

Victor Records, 60 cents up
42nd Street Store Open Evenings

27 W. 34th St., bet. 5th & 6th Aves.
400 Fifth Ave., at 37th Street.
563 Fifth Ave., cor. 46th Street.
153 W. 42nd St., near Broadway.

LIPTON WANTS HIS DEFI RECONSIDERED

Dodges Only Point at Issue in Request for America's Cup Yacht Race.

RELATES TO LENGTH OF BOAT

Would Have New York Yacht Club Accept His Interpretation of Deed of Gift and Repudiate Their Own.

BELFAST, Ireland, March 20.—A request was sent to-day by cable by the Royal Ulster Yacht Club asking the New York Yacht Club for a reconsideration of its refusal of Sir Thomas Lipton's challenge for the America's Cup. This was accompanied by a long statement from Sir Thomas Lipton, with which the committee of the Irish club signified its agreement.

The committee hopes that the harmonious relations of the two clubs will be further cemented by another successful series of races, and therefore requests the New York Yacht Club to reconsider its challenge.

Sir Thomas Lipton's statement is as follows:

"I deeply regret that the New York Yacht Club has been unable to accept my challenge. After reading the explanation given of its refusal, I can only conclude that the challenge and the intentions of the challengers have been misinterpreted. The deed of gift says:

"'The competing yachts or vessels, if of one mast, shall be not less than sixty-five feet nor more than ninety feet at the water line.'

"The deed of gift also states that there shall be no time allowance.

"It must be presumed that the framers of the deed of gift intended that some reasonable meaning should be attached to their words, and they could never have contemplated such an absurdity as a challenger of sixty-five feet being met by a ninety-foot defender.

"The deed of gift also requires that ten months prior to the race the challenger shall communicate the dimensions of his yacht, 'which dimensions shall not be exceeded.' If the real meaning of the words quoted is that the challenger is the person to fix, within the limitation of the deed of gift, the dimensions of the competing yachts, and that both yachts are to be of that dimension, then the deed at once becomes intelligible and reasonable.

"I submit that this is the true interpretation of the deed of gift.

"It was on this understanding that I challenged, and I repudiate the idea that any attempt has been made to impose limitations or restrictions not within the deed of gift.

"I venture to disagree from the statement made by the New York Yacht Club that the present challenge does not differ in principle from the challenge I sent to America in 1907. The 1907 challenge asked for a variation from the deed of gift in order to permit of a race under the universal rule. No such variation is asked for in this case, and I fail to see that there is any analogy between the two challenges.

"I fully understood the decision of the New York Yacht Club in 1907 to permit no variation from the deed of gift, despite mutual agreement on the clause, but I maintain that this has no bearing whatever upon my present challenge.

"The New York Yacht Club states that it would have accepted with pleasure an unconditional challenge. The only conditions I ask are those of the deed of gift, for I cannot conceive that the framers of that document, after taking pains to prohibit all time allowance, contemplated races between such ridiculous extremes as yachts of sixty-five and ninety feet.

"If upon reconsideration, which I am sure the New York Yacht Club will be good enough to give this matter, it accepts my interpretation of the deed of gift, I shall be happy to remove from my challenge the words to which it objects.

"My reason for selecting a seventy-five-footer is that a yacht of this dimension represents the largest type of cutter now racing in any part of the world.

(Signed) "THOMAS J. LIPTON."

LONDON, March 20.—Yachting World says that the New York Yacht Club's refusal to accept Sir Thomas Lipton's challenge has caused great disappointment all over the country.

"Indeed," adds the journal, "disappointment can hardly be said adequately to express the feelings of British yachtsmen in the matter. Indignation, in fact, would be nearer the mark.

"The action of the holders in refusing another contest after the lapse of ten years displays lack of sportsmanship, and we feel must be regretted by American yachtsmen as a body, as much as it is on this side of the Atlantic."

The cabled request from the Royal Ulster Yacht Club for a reconsideration of Sir Thomas Lipton's challenge for the America's Cup was received by the New York Yacht Club yesterday, but the club officials declined to give out the text of the cable request. A meeting of the Cup Committee of the New York Yacht Club was held yesterday afternoon and a reply cabled to the request. This answer, together with the request, will probably be made public to-day. The Cup Committee consists of the following: Commodore Dallas B. Pratt, Lewis Cass Ledyard, E. D. Morgan, Cornelius Vanderbilt, Henry Walters, C. Ledyard Blair, and Rear Commodore J. P. Morgan, Jr. It is possible that definite action was taken on the request, but it is probable that a special meeting of the club members will be held to take up the matter.

Recent dispatches from London have said that Sir Thomas might modify the terms of his recent unsuccessful challenge, eliminating the objectionable clause which sought to limit the defender to seventy-five feet water line. This evidently the British yachtsman has not done, as he still maintains that the New York Yacht Club did not properly interpret the spirit of Sir Thomas's recent challenge. Sir Thomas also says the deed of gift gives him the right to challenge with any boat between sixty-five and ninety feet, but in his recent challenge Sir Thomas Lipton expressly stated that

"In forwarding this challenge I am desired by the committee to say that it is sent on condition that the cup be defended by a yacht with a length on load water line not exceeding 75 feet."

This stipulation left the New York Yacht Club no alternative but to make it mandatory that the defending yacht should conform to the challenging vessel. And in view of these conditions the New York Yacht Club left no room for any misunderstanding in its declination of the challenge, as is shown by the following clause in its reply to Sir Thomas Lipton:

"The question whether the New York Yacht Club should accept a challenge for the America's Cup which imposes upon the yacht selected to defend the cup limitations or restrictions in respect to size, power and type other than such as are implied in the limits of dimensions expressed in the deed of gift, is no longer an open one, and we have supposed that Sir Thomas J. Lipton fully understood that such a challenge could not be accepted by it."

The subject of challenges for races for the America's Cup and the terms and conditions upon which such races shall be sailed has been so much confused by discussion of rules of measurement, types of vessels, &c., that a plain statement of what is, after all, rather a simple matter, may lead to a better understanding of it.

For nearly thirty years races for this cup have been held only between vessels specially built to compete for it, and no attempt was ever made by any challenger to impose any conditions respecting the size, power and type of the defending vessel until after the matches between the Reliance and Shamrock III.

The deed of gift provides no limitation except that single-masted vessels sailing for the cup must be not less than sixty-five feet nor more than ninety feet in length upon the water line.

Each contesting party is left absolutely free to select within these limits a vessel of such size, power and type as it may deem proper. The club holding the cup may not dictate the size, power and type of the challenging vessel, and it is equally impossible for the challenging club to require its vessel to be met with a yacht as it may prescribe.

BELMONT

AN ARROW Notch COLLAR

"Get the knack of the NOTCH"

15c. each—2 for 25c.

TOO ROUGH FOR ROWING.

Two Columbia Crews Driven Off Hudson by Choppy Water.

A third attempt by Coach Rice to get his crews out on the Hudson for their first outdoor work of the Spring proved more successful yesterday morning, when he was able to send his first and second 'Varsity octets out for a two-mile spin in the shells. But even this short row was on the whole unsatisfactory because of the rough water, which greatly handicapped the sweepsters. The men were kept at the training quarters at Edgewater for most of the afternoon, but the water continued rough, and finally they were sent home, to report to-day for a fourth trial on the river.

In addition to the veterans, the entire freshman squad of fifty candidates reported in the morning at the Columbia barge, which is moored at Edgewater, but Coach Rice had to abandon any idea of sending the youngsters out on the river either in the morning or afternoon, and this, although he intended to boat them in barges.

The two veteran eights were sent out together in the morning, with the rain as an additional damper to their spirits. Skirting the west shore for the protection of the Palisade bluffs, Coach Rice took the eights for about a mile up stream. There the crews struck rougher water and they had to turn back and scurry for the float, with the coxswains busy bailing out the water.

The boating order of the two eights as they were sent out yesterday follows:

'Varsity—Williams, bow; Ruprecht, 2; Claghorn, 3; Bissell, 4; Hadsell, 5; Rothwell, 6; F. Miller, 7; Downing, stroke, and Bird, coxswain.

Second 'Varsity—A. Ball, bow; Lauber, 2; B. Ball, 3; Sanborn, 4; J. Miller, 5; Peterson, 6; Herkert, 7; MacCarthy, stroke, and Moorehouse, coxswain.

GARDEN CITY GOLF MEETING.

Club Votes to Raise Membership to 350—Improvements Planned.

A ray of hope to the long list of applicants who have been waiting for several years to become members of the Garden City Golf Club, broke through the clouds last night when the club at a reconvened meeting at Delmonico's voted to increase the number of regular members from 300 to 350. Incidentally, the signing of a new lease for the club's property was authorized, the initiation fee raised from $100 to $200, effective May 1, the six months' subscribing members were abolished, and provision made for week-day membership, and material improvements to the clubhouse and course approved.

The new financial plan will permit of these improvements to the course and clubhouse, the latter to be enlarged by the addition of more locker rooms and bathing facilities and made more in keeping with the requirements of the club. The fair green is worn out in several places, while the water pipes laid to different parts of the course are in such condition that a new water system must be installed. A large expenditure, provided for last night, is therefore necessary. The club will have conditions of the best for the National amateur championship to be held there in September.

R. H. Robertson, President of the club, presided. There were nearly a hundred members present, and there was a dinner previous to the meeting.

AIKEN POLO VICTORY.

Camden Team Vanquished in Southern Circuit Cups Match.

Special to The New York Times.

AIKEN, S. C., March 20.—In the first round of the annual polo tournament for the Southern Circuit Cups this afternoon on the Whitney Field, Aiken won from Camden by a score of 13½ to 6½. It was one of the best-played games seen on this field in many years. Owing to the recent rains the field was a bit soggy, which made the play slow at times, but it was exceptionally fast during most of the game. The Camden players, having traveled all night, were not up to their best form, and under different conditions the score might have been otherwise. They all played well, Perkins and Edwards exceptionally so, both being very sure on the ball.

The Aiken team played much better to-day, Tuesday's game having given them a chance to work together a little, and all showed marked improvement in their teamwork and positions. Le Boutillier, when mounted on his good ponies, played exceptionally well. Hunt played a very steady game. The summary:

AIKEN.	H'cap.	CAMDEN.	H'cap.
1—L. Hunt	3	1—E. Y. Claussen	1
2—T. Le Boutillier	2	2—D. L. Edwards	1
3—E. W. Hopping	3	3—Godfrey Preece	1
Back—W. L. Goodwin	2	Back—A. Perkins	1
Total	10	Total	4

Aiken—Goals earned, 15; lost by penalties, 1½. Total score—13½. Camden—Goals earned, 14; allowed by handicap, 6; lost by penalties, ½. Total—6½.

Referee—Devereux Milburn.

There was a practice game for members, in which Devereux Milburn and three Phippses and several others participated. The first team beat the second four by a score of 8 to 3.

RAIN AT HOT SPRINGS.

Boston and Pittsburgh Ball Players Welcome a Rest.

Special to The New York Times.

HOT SPRINGS, Ark., March 20.—A very heavy rainfall this afternoon prevented the Pirates and Red Sox players from holding their afternoon practice games between Regulars and Yannigans of the respective teams. Both teams have had a week of very strenuous work besides playing two fast exhibition games. Managers and players welcomed the shower, which meant a layoff and rest. To-morrow and Saturday, the third and fourth games of the exhibition series will be played.

Arthur Butler, who was reported as being quite ill last night, is resting easy to-night. His case has been diagnosed as ptomaine poisoning. Byrnes's accident, Butler's sickness, McCarthy being accidentally spiked, will force Clarke, Manager of the Pirates, to use a badly patched lineup in to-morrow's game. Jake Stahl will play first to-morrow in order to give Janvrin a tryout at short, and Carlstrom a chance to show what he can do on the third sack. Probable pitchers are: O'Brien, Foster, and Brant for Boston; Camnitz, Adams, and O'Toole for Pittsburgh.

Sam Crawford Signs for $5,000.

DETROIT, Mich., March 20.—It was officially announced here to-day that Sam Crawford, veteran right fielder of the Detroit American League Baseball Club, has signed his 1913 contract. President Navin said the contract calls for a $5,000 salary, which is the same as the 1912 agreement.

C. C. N. Y. Opens with Fordham.

The City College baseball team will open its season with Fordham to-morrow at Fordham. Coach Jack Gillespie of the Newport News team has developed the team to a point not reached so early in recent years. Manager Soons has arranged two more games with Brooklyn College, one in Brooklyn on April 16, the other at C. C. N. Y. on April 23.

Exhibition Baseball Results.

At Lexington, Va.—Holy Cross, 2; Washington and Lee, 1.

At Wilmington, N. C.—Philadelphia Nationals, 5; Baltimore, 1.

At Athens, Ga.—Boston Nationals, 6; University of Georgia, 0.

YANKEES TROUNCE JERSEY CITY TEAM

Chance's Men Pound Skeeters for 16 Hits and 14 Runs in Bermuda Game.

HAMILTON, Bermuda, March 20.—The Yankee regulars avenged yesterday's shut-out at the hands of the Jersey City team by giving the Skeeters a severe trouncing in to-day's game. Chance's men pounded the ball to all parts of the lot and, aided by some wildness by the two Jersey City pitchers, finished on the heavy end of a 14 to 1 score. The game was originally scheduled for to-morrow, but Manager Chance decided that the team should rest on Good Friday.

Long George McConnell and Slim Caldwell did the boxwork for the Yankees, and both were almost invincible. McConnell got away to a poor start, and the Skeeters pushed a run across the plate in the first inning through the combination of a pass and some timely stickwork. Then the big fellow tightened, and during the remainder of his term on the rubber the Skeeters were blanked. Caldwell took up the burden in the fifth inning, and continued the high grade of pitching where McConnell had stopped. From the second inning to the finish the only thing in doubt was the size of the score, as the Yankees made the game safe in the early chapters.

Manager Chance loaned Paddy Green to the International Leaguers, as Manager Schlafly was short of pitchers in good enough condition to work. The chance was eagerly grasped by the New York manager, as it served to give his young boxman more work, and that is what the youngsters need. Green had plenty of speed, but his control was very bad. He walked five of the Yankees during the four innings, and these passes played a prominent part in the seven runs which these chapters produced. He settled down after the first inning and held the Yanks scoreless for two innings, but was touched up again in the fourth, after which he retired in favor of Viebahn, one of Manager Schlafly's regular boxmen. The regulars gave Viebahn the same sort of a greeting as the Yannigans handed him in the two games that he worked against them last week, adding seven more runs in his first two innings on the mound.

Chance used the same line-up as in yesterday's game, playing first base himself, but he failed to get a place among the leading stickers of the day. He again took care of all that came his way at first base. Midkiff, at short, continued the sensational work which he has been showing for the past several days, and starred alike in the hitting and the fielding. Besides making some clever stops on the field, Midkiff tore off three hits, all of which figured in the run getting.

Bert Daniels captured the batting laurels of the day. The Yankee speed artist treated himself to three hits, one of them a long home run drive, and another hit was good for two bases. "Pep" Young was another member of the three-hit class, with Daniels and Midkiff. Bob Williams, who replaced Sweeney behind the bat after Big Ed had worked for five innings, obtained two hits during his short time in the game, getting one safety on each trip to the plate. For the visitors Wells did the best stickwork, he also getting a trio of safe swats.

The Regulars and the Skeeters will play another game on Saturday. The score by innings:

New York	5	0	0	2	4	3	0	0	..	—14	16	2
Jersey City	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—1	8	3

Batteries—McConnell, Caldwell, and Sweeney, Williams; Green, Viebahn, and Crisp, Tee.

GIANTS AT FAREWELL BALL.

Game with Marlin High School To-day Will Conclude Stay in Texas.

Special to The New York Times.

MARLIN, Texas, March 20.—The series of practice games between the New York regulars and recruits closed this afternoon with a battle in which the second team was victorious, 10 to 5. There will be practice to-morrow, but the Giants will play the Marlin High School in the afternoon. The last few hours here are to be full of activities. Yearly the Giants are the guests at a farewell ball in Marlin, and this function came off to-night with éclat and ginger. To-morrow there is to be a fish fry for the departing ball-players.

To-day's game was with conditions consisting of hot, windy, and dusty weather. Tesreau and Ames paired off as opposing pitchers for five innings, and for once Tesreau was bumped with unrestricted freedom by the second team, which not only outhit the regulars but outfielded them.

The young players were prominent in the hitting. Groh, Cooper, Thorpe, Robertson, Evers, and Torrey all batted hard.

Evers, who is a mere wisp of a man, slammed the ball for a clean home run to left field off Tesreau. This lad has looked pretty good in his work the last few days. Other home run makers were Crandall, playing right field in Murray's place, and Wilson, whose hitting has been prodigious here. In the wind and dust the fielding of the second team was especially commendable. Groh and Cooper were the stars. Groh jumped and speared a liner and accomplished a double play. Cooper pedaled out full tilt with the two liners and snatched them with his gloved hand. The score by innings:

										R.	H.	E.
Regulars	2	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	—5	10	3
Second	2	1	0	5	1	1	0	0	..	—10	14	0

Batteries—Tesreau, Kirby, Meyers, and Hartley; Ames, Schupp, and Wilson.

The following additional games have been booked for the second team next week: In Austin, Monday, Tuesday, and Wednesday; in Waco, Thursday, and Friday.

LOOKING FOR A DRY SPOT.

Brooklyn Ball Players Forced Into South Carolina to Practice.

Special to The New York Times.

AUGUSTA, Ga., March 20.—After the pitchers and catchers had worked out in the local Y. M. C. A. gymnasium this morning Manager Dahlen had Capt. Jake Daubert assemble other Brooklyn players and tried to find some place where they could work in the open. After looking over Augusta, the men hiked across the Savannah River into South Carolina, where they put in their time on a piece of ground about 200 feet square.

The rain of yesterday left both Warren Park and Allen Park unfit for practice. Dahlen visited the former place at noon, and, after looking the field over carefully, cancelled the game scheduled for to-morrow with the Newark International Leaguers. The Jerseymen, however, will run up here from Savannah in time to play a game on Saturday.

It has rained very little to-day, and unless it should start up during the night Warren Field will likely be in condition for some kind of a work-out to-morrow. The weather of the past week is getting on the nerves of the men. Just when they were going nicely the flood came, and after this had subsided rain set in. The men have not been on their own grounds in over a week. If the weather would become favorable for three or four days in succession the players would be in much better shape than they were at this time last Spring, when they had to contend with everything in the weather line except a flood.

MAJOR LEAGUERS IN SOUTH.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., March 20.—Collins and Baker each got a home run in to-day's game between the Philadelphia Americans and the Nashville team of the Southern League. Collins's drive came with the bases full in the sixth inning. The visitors got thirteen hits off four pitchers and won the game 11 to 8. The locals got a dozen hits of Durning, Wyckoff, and Pennock, Philadelphia recruit pitchers.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., March 20.—Rain prevented the game between the Chicago National League team and the Chattanooga Southern League Club.

MOBILE, Ala., March 20.—The Cleveland Americans this afternoon defeated Mobile by a score of 7 to 3. O'Neill and Chapman each made a three-base hit. Cullup pitched five innings and Steel four for Cleveland.

NEW ORLEANS, March 20.—In a fast game to-day, New Orleans defeated the Detroit Americans, 3 to 1. Howell and Klawitter [illegible] for Detroit, dividing the innings. [illegible] left for Gulfport to-night, [illegible] Saturday for a series.

SCHULTZ WINS WITH FOILS.

Captures Long Island Championship After Triple Tie.

Otto Schultz of the Central Y. M. C. A. won the Long Island championship at foils in a close competition against nine other competitors at the Crescent A. C. in Brooklyn last night. At the end of the final round Schultz was tied with Cyrus Smith of Poly Prep at P. S. Barnard of the Crescent A. C. The new Olympic system of scoring was used, and Schultz, was awarded the title and gold medal for having the least number of touches scored against him.

Schultz, Barnard, Smith and Vlymen of the Central Y. M. C. A. reached the finals after many spirited engagements in the preliminary. Each foilsman fenced three bouts in the final and Schultz, Barnard, and Smith each won two.

Smith of Poly Prep, the youngest fencer in the tournament, had an excellent chance of winning the title until he faced Schultz in the final bout. Schultz had a decided advantage in reach, and he had no trouble in thrusting through his smaller opponent's defense. Schultz won the final bout easily by five touches to one by Smith.

The bouts were fenced with five contestants on each of two strips. On the first strip Barnard went through with a clean slate, winning all four encounters against Schultz, Straukamp, Valentine, and Hurley. Schultz also qualified for the finals on this strip with victories over Hurley, Valentine, and Straukamp.

On strip No. 2 the foilsmen to qualify were Vlyman and Smith. Each fencer won three bouts. Vlymen won from Smith, Kelly, and Wessel, while Smith scored over Martin, Wessel, and Kelly.

The entries were as follows:

Crescent A. C.—P. G. Barnard, W. F. Straukamp, James F. Hurley, C. A. Kelly, and William Wessel.

Central Y. M. C. A.—H. T. Vlymen, A. L. L. Martin, and O. Schultz.

Polytechnic Preparatory School.—S. Valentine, Jr., and C. P. Smith.

The judges were John Allaire, Turn Verein; Dr. De Witt C. Smith, Crescent A. C.; Dr. T. A. Buys, Crescent A. C.; Edward B. Meyer, Fencers Club; George Reimherr, Turn Verein; H. L. Follett, Seventh Regiment.

The summaries:

Strip No. 1.—O. Schultz, Central Y. M. C. A., defeated S. Valentine, Jr., 5 to 2; P. G. Barnard, Crescent A. C., defeated W. F. Straukamp, Crescent A. C., 5 to 4; James F. Hurley, Crescent A. C., defeated S. Valentine, Jr., Poly Prep, 5 to 2; P. G. Barnard, Crescent A. C., defeated O. Schultz, Central Y. M. C. A., 5 to 4; P. G. Barnard, Crescent A. C., defeated S. Valentine, Jr., 5 to 3; O. Schultz, Central Y. M. C. A., defeated J. F. Hurley, Crescent A. C., 5 to 2; W. F. Straukamp, Crescent A. C., defeated S. Valentine, Jr., Poly Prep, 5 to 4; P. G. Barnard, Crescent A. C., defeated J. F. Hurley, Crescent A. C., 5 to 2; O. Schultz, Central Y. M. C. A., defeated W. F. Straukamp, Crescent A. C., 5 to 1; W. F. Straukamp, Crescent A. C., defeated J. F. Hurley, Crescent A. C., 5 to 3.

Strip No. 2.—H. T. Vlymen, Central Y. M. C. A., defeated C. P. Smith, Poly Prep, 5 to 1; C. P. Smith, Poly Prep, defeated A. L. L. Martin, Central Y. M. C. A., 5 to 4; H. T. Vlymen, Central Y. M. C. A., defeated C. A. Kelly, Crescent A. C., 5 to 3; William Wessel, Crescent A. C., defeated A. L. L. Martin, Central Y. M. C. A., 5 to 2; William Wessel, Crescent A. C., defeated C. A. Kelly, Crescent A. C., 5 to 2; H. T. Vlymen, Central Y. M. C. A., defeated William Wessel, Crescent A. C., 5 to 0; C. P. Smith, Poly Prep, defeated C. A. Kelly, Crescent A. C., 5 to 3; A. L. L. Martin, Central Y. M. C. A., defeated C. A. Kelly, Cresecent A. C., 5 to 4; C. P. Smith, Poly Prep, defeated William Wessel, Crescent A. C., 5 to 3.

Final Round—P. G. Barnard defeated O. Schultz, 5 to 4; C. P. Smith defeated H. T. Vlymen, 5 to 4; O. Schultz defeated H. T. Vlymen, 5 to 4; C. P. Smith defeated P. G. Barnard, 5 to 4; P. G. Barnard defeated H. T. Vlymen, 5 to 3; O. Schultz defeated C. P. Smith, 5 to 1.

Final Score—Schultz, 5 points; Barnard, 7 points; Smith, 8 points.

WINS CLEMENS MEDAL.

Frank W. Tuttle of Yale Best in Novice Fencing Tournament.

Frank W. Tuttle of Yale carried off the Clemens' Medal in the open novice fencing tournament held at Columbia University last night. S. A. Cook of Yale was second best, losing only to Tuttle in the final round robin series.

Eight men were entered in the tournament, representing Yale, Columbia and several of the local fencing clubs. The foilsmen showed surprisingly good form for the novice class, and several of the final bouts were spiritedly contested. Dr. Clemens presented the medal to the winner. The summaries:

First Strip.—H. W. Bond, New York Military Academy, defeated W. Tuttle, 7 to 4, and I. Freedman, 6 to 5; F. W. Tuttle, Yale, defeated C. Montgomery, 9 to 4, and I. Freedman, 5 to 2; C. Montgomery, Arrow A. C., defeated H. W. Bond, 7 to 6; I. Freedman, Columbia, defeated C. Montgomery, 4 to 3. Qualifying for final: H. W. Bond and F. W. Tuttle.

Second Strip.—O. F. Smith, Fakers Club, defeated S. A. Cook, 7 to 5, and J. G. Hayes, 3 to 2; S. A. Cook, Yale, defeated J. S. Baldwin, 9 to 5, and J. G. Hayes, 3 to 2; J. S. Baldwin, Columbia, defeated O. F. Smith, 9 to 5; J. G. Hayes, New Rochelle Y. M. C. A., defeated J. S. Baldwin, 6 to 2. Qualifying for final: O. F. Smith and S. A. Cook.

Final, Round Robin.—F. W. Tuttle, Yale, defeated H. W. Bond, 8 to 3; S. A. Cook, 5 to 4, and O. F. Smith, 8 to 4; S. A. Cook, Yale, defeated O. F. Smith, 7 to 4, and H. W. Bond, 9 to 5; O. F. Smith, Fakers Club, defeated H. W. Bond, 8 to 6, and H. W. Bond, New York M. A., lost all bouts.

Judges—P. Allison, New York A. C.; C. G. Bothner, New York Turn Verein; S. Pitt, Fencers Club; J. McLoughlin, New York A. C.; L. Vautier, West Point.

Byers Wins Billiard Tournament.

The final game of the amateur handicap three-cushion carrom billiard tournament at Doyle's Billiard Academy was decided last night, Charles Byers defeating Harry Goldman for first place in the tournament by the score of 28 to 22 in forty-five innings. Both contestants were playing at the scratch mark of 28. This evening there will be a rapid-fire three-cushion carrom billiard tournament at Doyle's, with sixteen contestants.

Wireback Wins from Moore.

PITTSBURGH, Penn., March 20.—Joseph Wireback of Pittsburgh to-night defeated John Moore of Kansas City, 50 to 47, in 100 innings of a National Three-Cushion Billiard League game. Moore had a high run of 6 and Wireback 5.

Princeton Defeats Trinity, 7 to 2.

Special to The New York Times.

GREENSBORO, N. C., March 20.—Rodgers held the Trinity College team to two hits in five innings to-day, and Princeton won, 7 to 2. The game was called on account of rain. Princeton hit the ball hard. Bunched hits in the second and fourth innings netted all their runs. Wall was substituted in the third inning, when Rheem had one of his fingers badly mashed. The "Tigers" played a snappy game, in the field, and there was a great improvement in their work over yesterday. The score:

PRINCETON.	AB	R	H	PO	A	TRINITY.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Moore, rf.	3	1	1	0	0	Litchf'd, lf.	3	1	1	0	0
Worthington, 3b.	2	0	1	1	1	And'son, ss.	1	0	0	0	1
Greene, lf.	3	0	1	0	0	Spence, cf.	2	0	0	0	0
P'd'ton, cf.	3	1	0	0	0	T'pson, 2b.	2	0	0	1	3
Reed, ss.	3	0	0	0	1	Pat'son, 1b.	1	0	0	3	0
Rhoades, 1b.	2	1	1	9	0	Siler, 1b.	1	0	0	5	1
Gill, 2b.	3	2	1	3	2	Adams, rf.	1	0	0	0	0
Rheem, c.	1	0	0	0	1	Baird, 3b.	2	0	0	0	2
Wall, c.	2	1	1	2	0	Maddox, c.	2	1	1	6	1
Rodgers, p.	1	1	1	0	7	Fitzg'd, p.	2	0	0	0	1
Total	23	7	7	15	12	Total	17	2	2	15	9

Errors—Anderson, Thompson, Baird, Maddox, Worthington, Gill.

Trinity	0	0	0	2	0—2
Princeton	0	3	0	4	0—7

Three-base hit—Gill. Two-base hits—Maddox, Litchfield, Greene. Struck out—By Fitzgerald, 5; by Rhoades, 1. Bases on balls—Off Fitzgerald, 3; off Rhoades, 1. Hit by pitched ball—Anderson, 2; Rhoades. Stolen base—Pendleton. Double play—Maddox and Siler. Time of game—One hour and twenty-five minutes. Umpire—Mr. Sissen.

Third Baseman Byrne Recovering.

HOT SPRINGS, Ark., March 20.—Bobby Byrne, third baseman of the Pittsburgh Nationals, who was hit on the head by a pitched ball by Joe Wood of the Boston Americans during a practice game here yesterday, was pronounced out of danger to-day.

HYLAND WINS TRAP SHOOTING HONORS

Crescent Athletic Club Men Hosts for a Day of Sport in Rain and Fog.

After five shoot-offs, William Hyland of the Queens Club of Queens, L. I., won the big invitation shoot of the Crescent Athletic Club at Bay Ridge yesterday. The event was at 100 targets and brought fifty-two of the best-known gunners of the metropolitan district to the firing line. The gunners started to shoot in a driving rain and finished the event in a fog that enveloped the targets almost as soon as they were thrown from the traps.

Owing to the liberality of the Handicapping Committee, an unusually large number of nimrods were able to return full scores of 100 targets. Those who tied for the prize were A. W. Church, C. W. Billings, T. Lenane, Jr., and W. B. Ogden, New York Athletic Club; C. M. Camp, Marine and Field Club; T. R. Chapman, Queens Club; W. S. Silkworth, Bergen Beach Gun Club; S. P. Hopkins, Crescent Athletic Club, and William Hyland, the final winner of the prize.

These gunners shot off at twenty-five targets for the prize. At the end of the fourth shoot-off Hyland, Camp, Silkworth, and Ogden all were still tied. In the fifth shoot-off Hyland continued his good work and won from the representative of the Marine and Field Club. Silkworth took third and Ogden fourth prize.

There also was a team shoot that was won by the representatives of the New York Athletic Club. Each organization named its five best net scores for the trophy. The scores of the Winged Foot nimrods were: R. L. Spotts, 91; T. Lenane, Jr., 88; C. W. Billings, 88; A. W. Church, 87, and D. F. McMahon, 84. It gave them a total of 438 targets. The Crescent Athletic Club finished second with a total of 432 targets. Then came the Bergen Beach Gun Club, the Queens Club, and the White Plains Gun Club. The scores:

A. W. Church, New York A. C., (15,) 100; T. Lenane, Jr., New York A. C., (15,) 100; C. M. Camp, Marine and Field Club, (30,) 100; T. R. Chapman, Queens G. C., (30,) 100; W. Hyland, Queens G. C., (25) 100; W. S. Silkworth, Bergen Beach G. C., (12,) 100; S. P. Hopkins, Crescent A. C., (25,) 100; C. W. Billings, New York A. C., (15,) 100; W. B. Ogden, New York A. C., (20,) 100; J. F. James, Crescent A. C., (12,) 99; R. L. Spotts, New York A. C., (8,) 99; E. H. Lott, Crescent A. C., (12,) 99; H. H. Shannon, Queens G. C., (15,) 99; H. Boulton, Rumson C. C., (10,) 99; A. Blake, Crescent A. C., (12,) 98; J. C. Jackson, Bergen Beach G. C., (20,) 98; G. F. Pelham, New York A. C., (15,) 98; C. S. Medler, White Plains G. C., (18,) 97; C. R. James, Crescent A. C., (12,) 96; D. F. McMahon, New York A. C., (12,) 96; A. Corlies, Crescent A. C., (10,) 96; J. F. Simonson, Queens G. C., (12,) 96; Dr. Sauer, Bergen Beach G. C., (10,) 96; G. S. K. Remsen, Bergen Beach G. C., (15,) 95; N. L. Herrick, Rockaway G. C., (8,) 95; F. B. Stephenson, Crescent A. C., (8,) 95; A. E. Ranney, New York A. C., (15,) 94; P. Von Boeckman, Bergen Beach G. C., (10,) 94; Z. C. Offutt, White Plains G. C., (15,) 94; Dr. R. J. Jones, New York A. C., (12,) 94; J. H. Hendrickson, Queens Club, (8,) 92; C. R. Pulis, Crescent A. C., (18,) 92; T. H. Lawrence, White Plains G. C., (12,) 92; C. D. Sayre, Marine and Field Club, (30,) 91; P. J. Collins, Bergen Beach G. C., (25,) 91; B. M. Shanley, New York A. C., (10,) 91; M. R. Guggenheim, Bergen Beach G. C., (25,) 91; F. S. Hyatt, Crescent A. C., (20,) 91; C. W. Berner, Crescent A. C., (22,) 90; G. G. Stephenson, Jr., Crescent A. C., (20,) 89; W. Simonson, Queens Club, (14,) 89; M. A. Kelsey, Queens Club, (20,) 87; W. L. Grall, Bergen Beach G. C., (20,) 88; J. H. Ferrill, Rockaway G. C., (30,) 86; H. O. Allyn, White Plains G. C., (15,) 86; W. S. Beckley, Jr., White Plains G. C., (25,) 88; E. Von Lengerke, Bergen Beach G. C., (10,) 86; Dr. Brown, New York A. C., (15,) 85; J. M. Kissam, Queens Club, (30,) 82; P. R. Towne, Marine and Field Club, (20,) 81; O. Kepler, Queens Club, (25,) 80, and H. T. Spooner, Crescent A. C., (15,) 74.

Team Shoot, 500 Targets.—Scratch—New York A. C., T. Lenane, Jr., 88; C. W. Billings, 88; A. W. Church, 87; R. L. Spotts, 91; D. F. McMahon, 84. Total—438. Crescent A. C., J. F. James, 87; A. Corlies, 86; E. H. Lott, 87; A. Blake, 86; F. B. Stephenson, 86. Total—432. Bergen Beach Gun Club, W. S. Silkworth, 88; Dr. Sauer, 86; P. Von Boeckman, 84; G. S. K. Remsen, 80; J. C. Jackson, 78. Total—416. Queens Club, H. H. Shannon, 84; J. H. Hendrickson, 84; J. F. Simonson, 84; W. Simonson, 75; W. Hyland, 75. Total—402. White Plains Gun Club, T. H. Laurence, 80; C. S. Medler, 79; Z. C. Offutt, 70; H. O. Allyn, 71; W. S. Beckley, Jr., 63. Total—372.

Shoot-off for Individual Prize, 25 Targets.—First shoot-off—W. Hyland, 25; C. M. Camp, 25; C. W. Billings, 25; W. B. Ogden, 25; W. S. Silkworth, 25; S. P. Hopkins, 23; T. Lenane, Jr., 22; A. W. Church, 21.

Second Shoot-off.—W. B. Ogden, C. M. Camp, W. Hyland, W. S. Silkworth, and C. W. Billings, all tied with 25 targets.

Third Shoot-off.—C. W. Billings went out in the third shoot, others again tied at 25 targets.

Fourth Shoot-off.—All tied again at 25 targets.

Fifth and Last Shoot-off.—W. Hyland, 25; C. M. Camp, 24; W. S. Silkworth, 23, and W. B. Ogden, 22.

Olympic Games Pictures.

Stockholm and the Olympic games is the subject of an illustrated lecture to be delivered by Martin T. Durkin next Tuesday night in the Yorkville Casino, East Eighty-sixth Street, during the progress of which motion pictures and colored slides will be shown which depict the movements of the members of the American Olympic team from the time they started for Stockholm until after the sports were concluded. Training scenes and important incidents aboard the Finland, and a few of the extraordinary sights at Antwerp, where the team tarried for several days en route to Stockholm, as well as interesting features in connection with the latter city, which is one of the most beautiful in the world, will be among the pictures portrayed. Members of the American Olympic team and many who viewed the sports, after witnessing the pictures, have asserted that they had really not seen either the City of Stockholm or the games until they viewed them through the result of the work of Mr. Durkin's camera. The coloring of the slides has been done by leading artists in that branch of the art, and the motion pictures are said to be the best ever displayed.

Paul Jones Beats His Own Record.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., March 20.—John Paul Jones, Cornell's track captain and American amateur record holder for the mile, clipped four-fifths of a second off his board track record at Cornell in the midweek meet to-day when he covered the thirteen laps in 4 minutes 21 1-5 seconds. He ran the same distance last week in 4:22.

The members of Cornell's champion intercollegiate basket ball team were awarded the 'Varsity "C," an unusual honor, by the Athletic Council to-day. This is the first time that a basket ball team has been thus honored. The men who got the "C's" were Cross, Lunden, Capt. G. C. Halsted, H. C. Halsted, and Haeberle.

Fifteen-Mile Professional Race.

The fifteen-mile professional footrace for the championship of the world, to be decided under the auspices of the Monument Club at Celtic Park May 4, has attracted as entries to date the title holder, Willie Kolehmainen, holder of the Marathon record, and supposed to be invincible at all distances from ten miles upward; Tom Longboat, the Onondaga Indian, who beat Kolehmainen in Edinburgh a year ago; Billy Queal, the American champion; Harvey Cohn, the ex-amateur, and others of like ability. The entry of A. F. Wood, the Englishman, who made the world's record of 1 hour 18 minutes 15 seconds in the Monument race a year ago, is expected any day.

New York Billiardist Wins.

BOSTON, March 20.—New York defeated Boston in the National Billiard League three-cushion match here to-night, H. Goldman of the former city winning from C. Warren of Boston, 50 to 37. Goldman's playing averaged .48, with a high run of 4. Warren's high run was 3, and his average .35.

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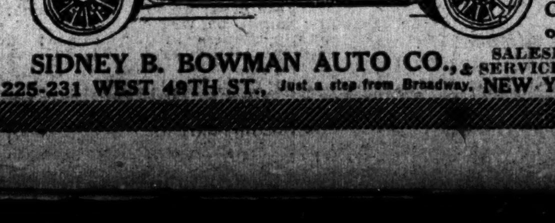

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CROWDS JAM FIGHT CLUB.

Britton Beat Young Brown at Opening of Atlantic Garden to Boxing.

The Atlantic Garden, at Canal Street and the Bowery, was opened last night as a boxing club, and it held as large a crowd as could be jammed within its four walls. The gathering was treated to some high class action in all the ten-round bouts, in the principal of which Jack Britton outpointed Young Brown of the east side.

Long before the time of the bouts to begin, hundreds of enthusiasts gathered at the Bowery entrance of the club, and by the time the bell rang for the first bout the selling of general admission tickets had been stopped. Only the reserved seats could be purchased after that hour, and hundreds who paid the higher prices for seats were forced to stand during the bouts. The crowd became so large in front of the building that special policemen were sent to keep them back, and they were kept busy as the crowd, made up to a great extent of youngsters, continued to gather around the entrance as often as they were dispersed.

Fire Commissioner Joseph Johnson was at the ringside and he took personal charge of the task of keeping the aisles clear as required by the city fire regulations. He was successful in preventing any blockades in the close vicinity of the ring, but at the extreme end of the hall, on the Elizabeth Street side, the only aisle was frequently congested. Bleacher seats on three sides of the hall and the balcony on two sides held capacity crowds, also the arena section. And hundreds stood.

The main event, between Jack Britton and Young Brown, was a decisive victory for Britton on points, but Brown showed a far greater desire to set the pace than did the shifty Chicagoan. Britton traveled as much at a backward clip as he did in his recent battle with Packey McFarland, despite the fact that he outpointed Brown in every round of the bout. No matter how well things were going his way, Britton was always ready to back away, and as a result his punches lost much of the steam that they would otherwise have carried. At the finish Brown's left eye was partly closed, but he had more fight in him at the finish than Britton showed at any stage of the contest. Jack pushed his left hand against Brown's face about as often as he pleased, and at rare intervals he showed that his right arm was not disabled. But no matter how fast the punches came they were never fast or hard enough to slow Brown up. The little east sider, handicapped by three inches in height and reach, carried the battle to Britton all the way.

Britton began his backing tactics in the first round, and showed that he had much respect for the punch such as sent Matt Wells to the floor in a Brooklyn ring some time ago. In the second round Jack showed more of an inclination to start something, but he was always set to retreat when Brown moved toward him. At times he landed four and five blows in rapid succession as Brown bored his way in, but seldom did he stand still and shoot over his punches. When they came to close quarters Britton did practically all the clinching that the bout produced. As a boxer he rated even further ahead of Brown than Packey McFarland ranked above him at the Garden two weeks ago, but as a fighter and a willing mixer and in aggressiveness all the honors of the battle belonged to Brown.

In the eighth round and again in the tenth Brown set a pace that brought all kinds of noise from his followers and he landed often enough on Britton's face to make the later back away and cover up. But they were only flashes, as Britton held the upper hand most of the way.

The ten-round, semi-final was an interesting clash between Young Kurtz of Newark and Joe White of Boston. Kurtz weighed 149½ pounds and White weighed 145 pounds. Both boys were jarred several times during the bout by the stiff wallops of the other, but Kurtz was the more aggressive and did the harder and cleaner hitting. White made two strong rallies, but the Jerseyite was entitled to eight of the ten rounds.

In the opening ten-round bout Billy Gould outpointed Patsy White.

SLEEPY HOLLOW CLUB.

Golf House and Links to be Ready Fully Equipped by May 1.

Announcement is made by the Executive Committee of the Sleepy Hollow Country Club of Scarborough-on-the-Hudson that the golf course will be ready for play May 1, and the Butler Wright house, now fully equipped as a golf headquarters, will then be opened. It is the intention to have in the house a simple but adequate service. Six tennis courts will be opened for play as soon as the weather permits, and it is proposed to hold tournaments during the season, announcement of the schedule of which will be made later.

The Metropolitan Golf Association has fixed the dates June 12, 13, and 14 for the formal opening tournament, the programme of which will be announced shortly. It has been arranged to have an orchestra at the clubhouse during the Spring and Summer on Wednesdays, Saturdays, and Sundays, as well as on special occasions.

$8,000 Offer to McFarland.

Special to The New York Times.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., March 20.—An offer of $8,000 as his share will be made to Packey McFarland for a return bout with Jack Britton here, it was announced to-day. Dan Morgan, manager of Britton, will guarantee this sum to the stockyards boy, but he stipulates that the bout must be a twenty-round affair. McFarland received a guarantee of $7,000 for his recent ten-round bout with Britton in New York.

Kilbane Goes West to Train.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, March 20.—Accompanied by Mrs. Kilbane and their two children, Jimmy Dunn, his manager, and Cal Delaney, his sparring partner, Johnny Kilbane, featherweight champion, left here to-day for Vernon, Cal., to start training for his championship fight there on April 15, with Johnny Dundee of New York.

Bradhurst Runner First.

The Dominican Lyceum held its weekly road race over a distance of four miles last night, and the event attracted a field of twenty-two athletes, respresenting the majority of the metropolitan clubs. H. Parkinson, a Bradhurst Field Club runner, was returned the winner in the time of 23:25, but his victory was by no means an easy one. J. Hopkins of the St. Bartholomew's Club proved a worthy contender for the first honors from the beginning of the race until the field entered upon the last miles of its journey, when Hopkins slackened up in his pace, while the Bradhurst runner apparently took on more speed, until at the finish line he had an advantage of about one city block on his adversary. Hopkins finished second in 24:05, with J. Heydet, a clubmate, third in 24:35. Following is the order of the finish of the first ten runners:

H. Parkinson, Bradhurst Field Club, 23:25; J. Hopkins, St. Bartholomew's Club, 24:05; J. Heydet, St. Bartholomew's Club, 24:35; P. Donnelly, Millrose A. C., 24:37; F. Kreser, West Harlem A. C., 25:15; J. Lynsky, Dominican Lyceum, 25:59; T. Barney, unattached, 26:34; J. Gannon, Dominican Lyceum, 27:02; F. Gilroy, Dominican Lyceum, 27:10, and C. Treanor, Uno Club, 27:15.

Sunday School A. L. Games.

The third indoor athletic games of the season for members of the Sunday School Athletic League will be held on Saturday, April 5, at the Armory of the Second Battalion Naval Militia in Brooklyn. Twenty-two events are on the programme divided into divisions for five classes of athletes including midgets, boys, juniors, intermediates, and seniors. The midget events will be for boys 80 pounds and under; boys, 95 pounds and under; juniors, 110 pounds and under; intermediates, 130 pounds and under, and seniors, unlimited weight.

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GOOD SHOOTING FOR TITLE.

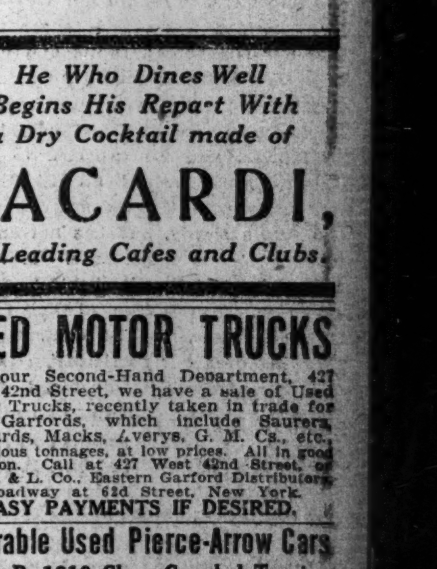
High Scores in Tournament for Indoor Championship.

There was a marked improvement i the quality of the shooting and the number of contestants in the 100-shot indoor gallery championships of the Unite States yesterday at Zettler's Rifle Club 159 West Twenty-third Street. Amon the competitors were several newcomer from the German and Italian shootin societies, who made creditable score The best work was done by W. A. Tewe of Jersey City, a former champion, wh turned in a card of 2,464. This is th third best card of the tournament. W. Baal of Jamaica, L. I., scored 2,462 point and J. W. Hessian of Bridgeport, Conn., who was a member of the South Ameri can team two years ago, tallied 2,44 points. The scores:

H. Bahn, Jersey City, 2,351; J. W. Hessian, Bridgeport, Conn.; 2,444; M. Jacquier, New York City, 2,383; C. Cannizarro, New York City, 2,196; W. A. Tewes, Jersey City, 2,464; S. Busch, New York City, 2,327; A. Mondelli, New York City, 2,337; J. Woeckener, New York City, 2,303; M. Baal, Jamaica, L. I., 2,462; F. Busch, Jr., New York City, 2,36 C. Oltman, New York City, 2,363.

International Soccer at Exposition.

Secretary Cahill of the American Amateu Football Association announced last night tha at the request of a committee representin the association, headed by Dr. G. R. Manning, President, Commissioner James E. Sullivan ha yesterday agreed to recommend that a troph for an international series of soccer footbal games be offered by the Panama-Pacific Ex position. Mr. Sullivan's consent to the pla was won when the A. A. F. A. officials wer able to assure him that not only teams fro New York and several other American citie would be sent to San Francisco, but that Aus tralia, Canada, and probably England als would send representative teams.



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NEW YORK, FRIDAY, MARCH 21, 1913.

OUR TRADE WITH CHINA.

In giving notice of the withdrawal of our Government from the Chinese loan arrangement of the six-Power group, President WILSON promised the support of the Administration to "legislative measures necessary to give American merchants, contractors, and engineers the banking and other financial facilities which they now lack, and without which they are at a serious disadvantage as compared with other industrial and commercial rivals." This is reassuring, for the rivalry for the trade of China will be keen. The advantages which Mr. KNOX and the Taft Administration hoped, under the loan agreement, to secure for American merchants and manufacturers must be secured in some other way. It is not a matter that can be left to take care of itself, for it is obvious that our position now is one of serious disadvantage. We are remote from the Chinese market, and should England, Germany, France, Russia, and Japan, the five Powers remaining in the group, conclude the loan according to the agreement which has been reached, they would enjoy all the favors flowing from that arrangement. Moreover, the rivalry we must meet is that of skilled and energetic traders, with much larger experience and with greater success in foreign markets than we have had. We are glad to know that Mr. WILSON sees the necessity that the Administration should give all proper aid to American merchants, manufacturers, and contractors. "This is its duty," he says.

It is, in fact, the duty of our Government in its foreign relations to promote the expansion of our trade and commerce. There are some in this country who, evidently without taking the trouble to think very seriously upon such matters, have sought to damn this branch of diplomatic duty with the words "dollar diplomacy," and the phrase has been accepted by those who are perhaps more ignorant and equally thoughtless. If diplomacy may not concern itself with trade, then, pray, why have we through diplomatic negotiations entered into scores of treaties of amity, commerce, trade, and navigation with other nations? There is not a nation of commercial importance with which we have not made such treaties, with many of them we have made several treaties of commerce and navigation, one replacing the other. We do not maintain our diplomatic establishment and send Ambassadors, Ministers, and Consuls abroad merely for the convenience of persons traveling for pleasure. It is the business, the chief business, of our consular and diplomatic representatives to keep a watchful eye upon the interests of our exporters and importers, to secure fair treatment for American trade, and to see to it that our commercial rights and privileges are nowhere unfairly abridged. In the last fiscal year we imported from China commodities valued at $29,573,732, and we exported to that country goods valued at $24,361,199. Our trade with the Oriental Republic has grown slowly, and has not as yet become of due importance. It is of mutual interest that it should be much expanded. The Wilson Administration will, of course, not be content with throwing over our participation in the loan arrangement, it must put something in its place. Whether the amendment of our banking laws or an early recognition of the Chinese Republic would so far favor our merchants and win the favor of the Chinese as to secure for us advantages equal to or greater than those we should have enjoyed through participation in the loan is for the Administration to judge. But, as Mr. WILSON says, it is its duty to do something.

The circumstances of Mr. HUNTINGTON WILSON's resignation of the Assistant Secretaryship of State are regrettable. It was, of course, an oversight that he was not informed of the President's intention to give public notice of our change of policy. Courtesy would seem to have required that an officer of the Government who had been actively concerned with the policy in question should have been informed of its abandonment. It will be assumed that the foreign Governments associated with us in the group were notified of the action to be taken. To have [illegible] of the change in our policy would have been a rather brusque departure from international and diplomatic usage.

PLAYING WITH FIRE.

If the women who are trying to frighten their countrymen into giving them votes are really guilty of the crimes of arson committed in England in the last twenty-four hours, the Home Secretary, Mr. REGINALD MCKENNA, will have more to answer for at the bar of public opinion than he has yet been charged with. Through his paltering and feeble policy in dealing with the women who have committed destructive acts he has undoubtedly emboldened the suffragettes to a show of fresh violence. But, incidentally, the public mind has been worked up to such a state that it is now willing to accept any charge against these hysterical women.

They have been accused of arson before this. One woman was on trial in London for this crime yesterday. According to the reports she bore herself in court like a maniac. Arson is not a crime to be lightly considered, like window smashing in a mood of hysterical excitement. A person convicted of arson loses the right to vote if he possesses it when the crime is committed. If any of the women are convicted for burning Lady WHITE's house on the Thames, or the Somersetshire golf buildings, they will be barred perpetually from voting in any event. Proof of their crimes, too, will destroy all the chances of woman suffrage in England for many years, and only a short time ago the victory of the "votes for women" party seemed almost secured.

A SLANDER ABOUT THE SPHINX.

A sigh of relief passed around the earth after the denial of the reports that Prof. REISNER had discovered that the Egyptian mystery called the Sphinx was hollow. It had seemed that while so many of the idols of man are remarkable chiefly for their hollowness, the Sphinx of Gizeh, which is not related in any way to the renowned puzzle editor of The Boeotia Daily News, who committed suicide when the late King OEDIPUS guessed the answer to his foolish riddle, was as solid as the rock of Gibraltar itself. But Prof. REISNER was credited with the discovery of internal works which would justify the theory that the human-headed lion was neither a monument nor a menace, but merely a building of a strangely unsuitable type of architecture which sheltered temples with hotel accommodations for pilgrims and easy banking facilities.

The Marconi dispatch from Cairo in yesterday's TIMES stamped this yarn as another fabrication of the restless and malicious radicals who are determined that nothing that is old shall be regarded with reverence. To start on its rounds the wicked falsehood that the Sphinx was a hollow mockery, the ruins of some unprofitable real estate speculation in a remote age, was easy enough; but these are the days of quick communication throughout the world, when a lie is soon overtaken by the truth. The wireless telegraph told Egypt about the slanders against the venerated Sphinx, and Egypt bestirred itself to look into the matter. Finding there was no matter about the Sphinx that could be looked into it set the truth speeding by wireless, and the slander is refuted.

Refuted, that is to say, as well as any slander can be. Years hence some foolish people will remember that they read somewhere of the hollowness of the Sphinx; a lie can never be wholly killed. By the prompt use of the Marconi wireless service this snake has been scotched, but it will live feebly to do harm. We are sorry for the Sphinx and will miss no opportunity to set it right; there is no solider thing in the world than the Sphinx. For its own part, it will bear up serenely. It has seen too much through the ages to mind one slander more or less.

MR. WILLCOX'S SIGNATURE.

Nobody objected to the appearance on the dual subway contract of the name of Mr. WILLCOX, not even those who objected to the contract itself. This only partially states the case, for everybody affirmatively approved the fitness of the appearance of the signature where it belonged, although it was appended after the ending of the official relations of the signer. There is more than personal significance in this fact, and it honors others than Mr. WILLCOX in honoring him. It is a testimony to the cleanness of the entire difficult business, even more than to the efficiency with which it was accomplished.

From beginning to end there was no taint of politics for profit, nor of unworthy finance. There were such ignoble suggestions made, but they were repudiated in such sweeping fashion as to show that the people will take care of those who truly serve them. While placing the honorable transaction of the business in the first place it is fitting to note also the efficiency which was shown. It is not only the largest city undertaking ever proposed, but the dual subway makers completed the work with the respect and the co-operation of those whom they brought to terms. The local transit companies had been thought invincible on their own grounds, and they were regarded as public enemies by some. Those taking this view wanted the city to sink tax money in a bottomless pit of uneconomic competition [illegible] what they regarded as unearned increment. The dual subway makers preferred to regard the two companies as allies, and to respect their property instead of ruining it. This would not have been to the advantage of either the city or the farepayers. The dual subway makers preferred to assume a limited risk, and to offset it by the millions to be saved by those who will pay a single nickel instead of two, and by the millions to be added to tax valuations.

THE DEMOCRATS AND THE TARIFF.

Whatever may be the outcome of the dealing with the tariff by the Democratic leaders, it cannot be denied that they have gone about their business in a practical and forehanded manner. There are considerable differences between members of the party in both the House and the Senate and in a general way between the House and the Senate. The majority in the House is large, in the Senate it is small. There may indeed be some support in the Senate from the Progressives, but it is not likely to be very dependable.

It follows, therefore, that, if possible, the whole strength of the Democrats in each house must be brought to the support of any plan of revision, if it is to be successful. To attain this end, the revision bills, after careful preparation by Mr. UNDERWOOD's committee and conference with the President, will be submitted to a Democratic caucus. If indorsed there, as they probably will be, each bill will be taken up by the House, and while it is under discussion in the House it will be informally considered by the Democrats of the Senate committee. Any differences that may develop will be adjusted, if practicable, before the bill reaches the Senate. In all this process of consultation and deliberation the President expects to take an active part. It is his conviction that it is his duty so to do, not only because he has an important function in connection with legislation, but also, and even more, because he is the responsible leader of his party. It is a sound conviction.

SECRETARY GARRISON'S POSITION.

The statement of Secretary GARRISON of his view of the needs of the army is clear and gratifying because it shows that the opponents of intelligent army reform in Congress are no more likely to control this Administration than they did the last. Mr. GARRISON undoubtedly speaks for the President as well as for himself and his department. He does not urge a present increase of the regular army. As a matter of fact, no such increase was urged by his predecessor, or is favored by Gen. WOOD, the Chief of Staff. The fact, however, that we have only a skeleton army of about 35,000 trained men, apart from the forces in our outlying possessions, and the coast defenses, which could not be called upon for other service, makes urgent some intelligent plan for meeting an emergency. The Secretary of War points out that the quick filling up of the skeleton companies of infantry and cavalry with raw recruits would decrease their efficiency by more than 50 per cent. In his own phrase "we are not even prepared to prepare."

The Secretary's plan is to spare no efforts to develop an effective reserve. Obviously he favors the short enlistment plan. A competent young man who has served in the army two years and returned to civil life will be as good a soldier when called upon as one who has served a longer term of enlistment. If there is to be a seven years' term the Secretary would divide it into three years with the colors and four in a reserve force, with an option to the enlisted man to retire from active service in two years, "if he has "proved himself efficient and suffi-"ciently educated and equipped mil-"itarily."

By this means, and by "working up "the magnificent material we have in "the National Guard," a process which is already in operation but is susceptible to improvement, a reserve force equal to any emergency will be constituted. The further suggestion of a volunteer soldiery, distinct from the National Guard, but drawn from the body of citizens, is not yet worked out. Mr. GARRISON merely advises that "a "workable and adequate scheme should "be provided so that volunteers may "be readily called, officered, equipped, "and trained when necessity arises." Such a scheme, if it is to be practical, would, it seems, entail some additional expenditure, but the money would be well spent.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Dr. Trudeau on the Seeley Bill.

An inquiry was recently addressed to Dr. E. C. TRUDEAU of Saranac Lake, asking what he thought of the Seeley bill making it illegal for any except the registered graduates of hospital training schools to describe themselves as "nurses" when seeking or taking employment as attendants of the sick. The reply elicited, coming as it did from a man of Dr. TRUDEAU's experience and eminence, ought to have, and doubtless will have, much weight with the intelligent and thoughtful members of the Legislature. If they give it the attention it deserves, there can be no question as to what action they will take on this effort, at once indefensible and reprehensible, to create a monopoly injurious to public interests.

The regular registered nurse, Dr. TRUDEAU says, will not take care of tuberculous patients if she can help it, and even when she will it is but rarely that the victims of this long malady can afford to pay the $25 a week which is the least she will accept. At Saranac Lake, therefore, it has been found necessary to use unregistered nurses, and these have proved to be efficient, especially after they have received some training, partly through service and partly from instruction, in caring for consumptives. After a year or two of this work these women are not eligible for registration, indeed, but they are certainly "nurses" and have a right to add to that ancient and honorable title any qualification which without deception expresses their superiority to the untaught attendant.

Nobody can deny either the utility or the competency of the regularly trained hospital graduate, and none would object to protecting her from rivals who falsely pretended to be her equals in her own field. It would be quite another thing, however, to give her the exclusive use of a common word like "nurse," for that would simply mean putting into her not too considerate hands another implement for compelling the payment of fees in many cases cruelly burdensome. The fully trained nurses aspire to recognition as occupying a position analogous to that of the doctor, but they do not justify the aspiration by confessing and acting upon the duty of giving their services to all who need them, regardless of whether payment is to follow or not. When the registered nurses do that it will be quite time enough for them to insist that there are no nurses except themselves.

Doubts Her Story of Hardship.

Among those whose attention has been called to the letter signed "A Victim of Social Conditions," recently printed on this page, is Mrs. ADOLPH BOLL, manager of the Junior League House and member of the Joint Board of Managers of all the New York hotels and homes for working women. In Mrs. BOLL's opinion, the experiences of the "Victim," if truthfully described, were exceptional rather than illustrating those of any large class, and she gave it as her conviction, based on long and careful observation, that no woman temperamentally fit to hold a job of any kind, and well enough to be out of a hospital, ever goes without work!

The worst case Mrs. BOLL remembered was that of a very young girl who had learned something of stenography and typewriting, but was too illiterate, generally, to hold good positions long. This girl, because of her evidently good character, was allowed to get quite heavily in debt for board while she had only occasional short-time employment, but always she paid something on account from her scanty earnings. A few months ago even she obtained steady employment and she is now out of debt and laying up money.

This testimony is in surprising contrast to that often given by those in or in contact with the lower grades of woman's work—so much different that one avoids with some difficulty the impression that it is the product of observations confined almost or quite exclusively to the more successful and intelligent girls—girls of the kind, for example, that can afford to live in Junior League House. It apparently ignores such possibilities as would have arisen in the "worst case" mentioned, if its heroine, instead of being allowed to run up a board bill, had been forced to go hungry. Periods of unemployment would then have been tragical. The girl's appearance and her small competency would have rapidly deteriorated, and it might well be that soon she would be unable to get any work at all.

The answer to that, perhaps, is that such a girl as the one described can always get assistance. At least one would be glad to think so, and can hope if not believe it.

A Case Far Out of the Common.

In almost all its details the Musica episode is unlike most others in which there has been on a large scale wrongful obtaining and use of money. Though the record of the family is not clean as to all its members, they were obviously of the class regardful of public opinion and desirous of public respect. The father and the elder sons have been conducting a business the reverse of petty, and they were thoroughly appreciative of the need to keep their financial credit high. Usually, when merchants of their sort resort to nefarious methods, it is not to accumulate a fund on which to live after flight into exile beyond the reach of extradition, but in a last desperate effort to carry hopefully started undertakings to success. Usually, too, the money wrongfully obtained is all, or almost all, lost before exposure threatens.

How the MUSICAS expected to escape immediate arrest, traveling, as they did, in a group so easily identified, is beyond comprehension. The wonder is that they got so far before the detectives overtook and seized them. The claim that only two of the fugitives knew that the journey was not one of pleasure and sightseeing lacks all plausibility. Even the youngest of the daughters, though she may not have known much about the reasons for the flight, must have been aware that she was carrying more money than custom or honest necessity required and must have drawn inevitable inferences from the abandonment of the family name.

One of the detectives is quoted as saying that the capture was effected not because so large a party was easily followed but because one of its members used a borrowed instead of a boughten trunk—a trunk in some way unlike common trunks, and therefore noticed by all who handled it. That is a queer circumstance. Queer, also, is it that the old father's agony of mind seems to come chiefly from the thought that the family will be disgraced in the eyes of Brooklyn neighbors. That fear is strangely belated, but it is not so hard to understand, in spite of its queerness.

OUR CHANGEABLE WEATHER

Furnished Editorial Grist Eighty-four Years Ago.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

That history repeats itself and that there is nothing new under the sun are two well-known sayings, and never better exemplified than in the appended coincidental excerpt from The New York Mirror, published in this city eighty-four years ago.

Referring to the weather—always a safe topic upon which to make conversation—we have had a wonderful Winter. I have noted allusions in the local papers as follows: "Jan. 6, 1913, the warmest since the same date 1878," "Dec. 20, 1912, warmest day since 1882," &c. Well, here is an editorial article written under the date of Dec. 19, 1829:

> THE WEATHER.
>
> Perhaps on the whole surface of the globe there is no climate so variable and fickle as that of these United States. Two or three months ago it was as cold and chilly as December or January; now, in December, it is actually as mild as May, and the ladies are to be seen fluttering along Broadway as gay as butterflies and as brilliant and many-colored as the rainbow. But this is not all—the South and the North appear to have changed places, for we find a St. Louis editor complaining of the frost being so severe in that latitude that "a house on the edge of a volcano would be no bad thing." If our climate continues changing as rapidly for ten years to come as it has done for the ten last past, we should not be surprised to find skating in June and green peas in January.

I have heard it cited in recent years that the great amount of electricity in the air might be responsible for the atmospheric changes in our climate; but there was no electricity in the air eighty-four years ago. WILLIAM SEYMOUR.

New York, March 17, 1913.

PUBLIC HEALTH EXPERTS

Are Being Prepared at City College, Prof. Winslow Points Out.

The College of the City of New York.
Biological Laboratories.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I have read your editorial comment on the demand for sanitary experts in this State. Your paper is rendering a distinct service to the cause of public health by its attitude toward the subject.

There is one minor point, however, which it seems to me requires correction, and that is your statement that "it could with truth be said that the engineering schools have been as slow as the medical to realize the need to make provision to meet the new demand." This may be true of many engineering schools, but exception should be made of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology of Boston, where, under Prof. W. T. Sedgwick, a strong and vigorous department of public health has been developed, which is training not only engineers and bacteriologists, but local health officers and experts on many different lines of public health. Graduates of this school are leading in public health campaigns all over the country.

In our own city two experiments are being tried which promise well for the future meeting of the demands that are being made. At the College of the City of New York, which many of us believe has for one of its chief functions the training of experts for city service, there are already courses offered which equip men either for the work of public health bacteriologists or for positions as Inspectors or local health officers. One course now given is, I think, unique in that it is given in co-operation with the New York City Department of Health, the students spending fifteen half-days during the term in actual inspection work in company with the Inspectors of the city Health Department as they go on their regular rounds.

At Teachers College, Columbia University, there is another definite and purposeful beginning at public health training, designed here particularly for the public health nurse, who is coming to occupy such a central position in the movement. Prof. Adelaide Nutting has planned for comprehensive developments along this line, and there are given courses in municipal sanitation, industrial hygiene and sanitation, tuberculosis work, and infant mortality work. Here, too, the cooperation of the City Health Department has been freely given, and in particular Dr. W. H. Park and Dr. S. Josephine Baker have given practical courses.

C.-E. A. WINSLOW.

New York, March 17, 1913.

THE SUFFRAGIST ADVANCE.

College League's Secretary Recounts the Year's Victories.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In a recent editorial, entitled "A Discouraging List of Backsliders," you note as discouraging to "reform," radical and otherwise, the fact that Massachusetts, Maine, and Nebraska Legislatures have defeated the woman suffrage amendment.

Even apart from the fact that you fail to mention this year's suffrage victories, which must necessarily be listed to determine the status of the movement, the defeats mentioned are so little like defeats that we exult over them. In Nebraska the House vote which defeated the amendment was 45 to 50. In Maine the bill passed by a splendid majority, 23 to 6 in the Senate and 89 to 53 in the House. As the Maine Constitution requires a two-thirds majority in each House for an amendment referendum, in spite of the convincing vote in our favor the measure could not be put before the voters.

And this is not taking into account the fact that five States—Montana, Nevada, North and South Dakota, and Michigan—have this year passed suffrage bills placing themselves upon our active campaign list. In Nevada the bill passed with but three, in Montana with but two dissenting votes in each House.

In New York the suffrage amendment has this year passed the Assembly by a vote of 125 to 5, and the Senate with only two dissenting votes. In Iowa the amendment carried by a vote of 81 to 26 in the House and 31 to 15 in the Senate. In New Jersey the vote in favor of suffrage was 46 to 5 in the Assembly and 14 to 5 in the Senate. In these three States the suffrage amendment must be approved by the next Legislature before it can be submitted to the voters. In Arkansas a suffrage bill, which passed the Senate 19 to 9, is now pending in the House. In Minnesota the suffrage bill, which passed the House by a vote of 80 to 37, was defeated in the Senate by only three votes. The Pennsylvania House has passed a suffrage bill by a vote of 131 to 70. The Senate has not yet acted on this bill. The West Virginia Senate voted 16 to 3 in favor of suffrage, while the House was also in favor by a vote of 58 to 26. The bill was lost because a two-thirds vote was necessary.

To the suffragists, therefore, the legislative year is not an evidence of backslide, but of splendid advance, the herald of our inevitable world-wide victory.

FLORENCE ELLINWOOD ALLEN,
Assistant Secretary National College Equal Suffrage League.
New York, March 17, 1913.

Signs of Spring.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

To those who cannot go out into the country these early Spring days it may be of interest to know of the little messages and signs of her coming that we heard and saw the other afternoon.

A bluebird's sweet note came to us from far above as we stepped from the car, and close by, perched on the tip of a small tree, a little song sparrow warbled its wonderful little song. As we walked down the road to the lake other signs appeared. A red maple just beginning to blossom, and the catkins of the alder bushes swinging in the breeze.

As we neared the lake the croak of the frogs filled the air, each seeming to be trying to outdo his brother. A boy came whistling along with the funniest little bull terrier frisking about him.

Near the shore of the lake we found several curious insects swimming about. We were not long in finding them to be the nymphs of the damsel fly. And in a little inlet close by a solitary whirligig was to be seen.

Over our heads we heard the harsh cry of the bluejay, and, looking up, saw him perched on a high limb, monarch of all he surveyed. And now we knew Spring was really here, for down by our feet were the skunk cabbages bravely showing their heads.

MARY A. VALENTINE.
Staten Island, N. Y., March 18, 1913.

An Anti-Suffragist Compliment.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

As an anti-suffragist I beg to thank Miss Elizabeth Robins for the following statement in her article in the current number of McClure's Magazine: "The antis are filling the void with Cassandra prophesies of the evils that suffrage will bring." Of course Miss Robins would not have employed this comparison had she paused to remember that a peculiarity of Cassandra's prophecies was that every one of them was fulfilled in every particular; but even an unintentional compliment should be acknowledged, and I am glad to express my appreciation of this unexpected tribute to the antis' perspicacity and farsightedness. M. T. S.

New York, March 18, 1913.

Another Complaint.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

If you don't quit handing out—for 1 cent—so much interesting reading matter I will have to commute from Poughkeepsie or Albany instead of twenty-odd miles out in order to read your paper. How do you expect a man, during thirty-five minutes' ride on the train, to read and digest twenty-four pages of the best stuff possible to be presented in a daily newspaper, as was the case in this morning's issue?

New York, March 19, 1913. O. M. J.

Journalist Praises the Times.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I became very much used to reading THE TIMES every day while in newspaper work because it is one of the very few newspapers which make one feel that it is thoroughly dependable. We used to cut the very "stuffins" out of it to make fillers, and that fact I am sure indicates that THE TIMES is a mighty interesting paper. J. L. MEYER.

Battle Creek, Mich., March [illegible], 1913.

THE LOYAL FIREMEN.

Mr. Fagan Tells How a Railroad Group Pleads for Pay.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Of commanding interest to the people at large is the controversy between the fifty-four Eastern railroads and their firemen over the wage scale. The firemen, under the leadership of Mr. Carter, the President of their Brotherhood, had an opportunity in New York during the past week to present their side of the situation to the arbitrators. I was present at a number of the sessions, and I listened to the stories of the witnesses.

The issues in this controversy are very clearly defined. They relate to wages, to working conditions, and to the meaning or function of management. While, of course, attention is directed in the main to the wage issue, it will be well for the public to keep a watchful eye on the problems of service and management, which, as it seems to me, are being sadly neglected in the general scramble for more money and less work. At any rate, I think the attitude of Mr. Carter and the firemen toward the office and function of the railroad manager, as propounded by the witnesses at these hearings, will introduce to public attention certain strange and noteworthy features of the philosophy of labor on the railroads.

The stories of these firemen on the witness stand go to show that labor on the railroads to-day is divided into groups, and that each group is in the field exclusively in its own interests. Each is willing to fatten itself at the expense of any or all of the other groups. This conduct is justified by the knowledge, derived from experience, that the other brother groups will in their turn be well able to take care of themselves. It thus becomes the business of railroad managers to satisfy the demands or needs of the individual groups regardless of the effect of such action on other groups, or on the service. The position and demands of the firemen at these hearings, given in the form of a running story according to my interpretation, is something like this:

"Mr. Manager, I would like to call your attention to a few of my grievances. And first, as you are well aware, you are in the habit of calling me two hours or so before the time set for the departure of my train in order that I may have time to prepare for my journey. Part of this preparatory business consists in cleaning up, looking carefully over my part or interests in the engine, and putting certain necessary tools on board. Now, I want you to cut out all this dirty work. You seem to think that if I am excused from this kind of work the first thing you will know I won't be able to tell the difference between the tender and the smokestack. But you are dead wrong. The stiff examinations you put me through in the office will take care of that. You understand, I am not quizzing you about the pay I receive for the service, I simply want to 'shake it' altogether, and to give you a lesson in management. You heard what Mr. Carter, my chief, said to you a few minutes ago.

"Do you, Mr. Manager, ever call a conductor to come down and clean or look over the passenger coaches before starting on his trip? Or, better still, do you suppose a Superintendent sweeps out his office in the morning before he tackles his desk-work? I guess not.

"But now there is another point I want you to explain to me. You know quite frequently you hold or delay me in the yard before starting, and again at the end of my trip, anywhere from two to four hours at a time. This is simply scandalous. Of course you pay me for this time, in a way, and you also tell me that my freight train is not the only concern on the road, and that the manager and the yardmaster have at all times passenger trains and perishable freight to take care of. But on the other hand I notice, when I am getting near the 16-hour limit, the yardmaster gets a move on in my interests. Again, then, in the words of my chief, I put this plain proposition to you and to the arbitrators: 'Don't you think that if these railroads were to be fined for delaying us, the firemen, at terminals—in other words, if the railroads were compelled to pay us double time for these delays—the firemen would then be given the preference they deserved?'

"Again, I want to ask you about those so-called superheated engines—good things for the firemen, we are told, less coal to shovel than on other engines when you haul the same tonnage. But the trouble is you don't give the firemen the benefit of this improved process, as you certainly ought to; you simply pile on the tonnage, and you make the fireman shovel the limit anyway. You tell me that managers are justified in getting the best effort out of both men and machines. This fact, however, doesn't lessen our hardship, and, by the way, you seem to be dead set against looking at anything through the eye of a fireman. You see, Mr. Manager, I am calling your attention and that of the board to our hardships and responsibilities in order to justify our demand for a substantial wage increase.

"And while we are about it we may as well take up the matter of promotion. Why should a fireman have to wait from 14 to 17 years for promotion? This I consider to be a fair average of the waiting period for the whole country. I am aware the Pennsylvania management quotes the average age of all enginemen on that system at 43 years; the average age when employed as firemen at 23 years; the average age when employed as engineman at 29 years. This makes six years the average waiting period. But I am speaking for myself, and I have waited 14 years, and still there is nothing in sight. The manager doesn't look upon this as a hardship, and he informs me that station agents, tower men, telegraph operators, track men, and so forth, are all in the same box in this respect, and that the labor organizations to quite an extent are responsible for this state of affairs. In reply I say the firemen are speaking for their group in this matter. We look upon these long waits, which we call 'starvation period,' as a hardship, and we insist on having all our hardships expressed in terms of wages. Delays, hot weather, dirty engines, examinations, discipline, and so forth, are all hardships, and most of this trouble is due to poor management.

"For example, you have such a multitude of rules. Your methods of examination on these and other matters are very inconvenient. And, again, we are away from our homes very much longer than is really necessary and your 'rest houses' and 15-cent beds are simply fierce. You don't even keep tools enough on hand to supply the engine service. As for the equipment which we are called upon to describe when we are explaining our hardships, it is usually either leaky or cracked. In fact, everything points to slack or indifferent management and to more pay on account of the hardships that follow in its train. But on top and in spite of all these uncomfortable circumstances I wish to assure the managers and the arbitrators that we, the employes, are personally very proud of our respective railroads. For example, I have been sitting here for nearly half an hour finding fault with the Lake Shore service and management; the fast freights are seldom on time; certain rules from the managers' side are seldom observed, and on all roads there seems to be a general conspiracy to take it out of the firemen; nevertheless, I wish to assure the arbitrators that there are not fifty men on the Lake Shore who are not personally proud of the road and its management."

Such, then, is a reasonable presentation of the firemen's arguments, drawn almost wholly from the sworn statements of the witnesses. After the firemen, the switchmen, the trainmen, and the enginemen have kept up these methods of assault for a year or two longer by this group method of attack, what, it may well be asked, is likely to be the situation or function of a manager, and what, judging from the accident records of today, will be the nature of the service?

I have purposely refrained so far in this letter from looking into the questions of discipline that are involved in these controversies. Discipline on the railroads, to which the people must look for safety in operation, cannot keep clear of its mechanical surroundings. Its personal intentions and uses are doomed. It cannot exist in the absence of authority which must be backed and emphasized by public opinion. On the railroads it is going, it has almost gone the way of all flesh. Unless all signs fail, discipline is now about to become a great *insurance feature* of labor on the railroad. So much cash from the labor exchequer if you are penalized by being laid off for a week, so much for two weeks; if for sixty days your wages loss will be made good to you in full. Personally, I am tired of studying and investigating such matters. Perhaps one of the Public Service Commissions might be induced to ask the railroad brotherhoods for information on the subject of discipline. Insurance against discipline is surely the limit of imposition on the good nature, the common sense, and the safety rights of the American people. JAMES O. FAGAN.

Waltham, Mass., March 19, 1913.

"KICKING" A VIRTUE.

Philosopher Preaches the Necessity of Discontent.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

As a frequent visitor to the main Public Library and also two branch ones, I have often observed many men of middle age, and beyond, who consult the atlases with almost feverish zest. Perhaps they are trying to locate Utopia. Most of us who have pedaled to about that period of life through drab-hued fens feel the need of discovery of a realm that shall be a gradual introduction to the dazzling splendor of celestial felicitude, which we feel we deserve as compensation.

But if Utopia does exist, exploration doubtless would disclose a character of climate, society, investments, graft, or other condition at variance with fancied description. It is my conviction that if there remained nothing to complain of in life it would be an intolerable bore. We are born and die kicking, and it seems as though nature designed that the interim should be occupied by the same gentle exercise. If there were no cause for complaint or worriment then it would furnish an excellent one. To be free from all concern would be akin to prolonged childhood, or dull as the average millionaire through inheritance. Chronic complaisance is next door to insipidity.

Then at another view, say, an introspective one, and alternating between mild back-handed kicks in self-reproach, we are very proud of ourselves. Now, if life were as smooth as a skating rink and pride did not have an occasional fall we would all of us be continuously offensive instead of only in occasional instances. The kick is the safety valve for the pressure of our emotions, and deserves respect and honorable mention. Editorially THE TIMES is a superb kicker. It rarely expresses unbounded satisfaction with any act or project, and either is apprehensive of a leak or foretells dire disaster, and by such course endeavors to serve virtuous ends. Political parties pretend to nominate the best men, and those elected to appoint assistants for the highest efficiency. The public appreciates that there are no best men, and cheerfully proceeds to criticize all in power with a view to improvement. To kick, then, is a virtue. Now, all together.

POLONIUS RICKRACKS.
New York, March 19, 1913.

The Price of Virtue.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

If the virtue of girls is dependent on $8 a week (the minimum wage) about which Chicago is loudly clamoring, then, indeed, our standard of morality has fallen very low. The investigating committee has proved nothing beyond the "fact" that girls paid less than $8 a week cannot maintain their respectability, but must resort to immoral living in order to keep up appearances. This seems a strange reason for transgression, a devious winding from the path of virtue.

Is virtue to be maintained by dollars and cents? Are department stores to be made houses of refuge for the weak-fibred, weak-kneed girls who have no morals excepting those that are bought and paid for? The State would do well to establish houses of rectitude for such young women, instead of thrusting them upon the stores to keep straight at $8 a week.

Chicago is digging a pit for its wage-earning girls, into which many will heedlessly fall. She is showing them how immorality is more lucrative than honest labor, discouraging their efforts at bread winning, and her loud, clamorous cry of virtue at a price will make more converts to a life of shame and ease than to a "living wage" life of toil and struggle. LALLA BLOCK ARNSTEIN.

Knoxville, Tenn., March 17, 1913.

Cat Licenses Urged.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It becomes more and more evident that the licensing of cats is imperative. Day after day we are hearing the diabolical news that a hungry cat has caught and eaten a bird, and it is high time that human beings were made responsible for the actions of their pets, even to the paying of fines for each square meal eaten by pussy. And why not? If the people who own cats will not voluntarily give them enough to eat, so that they will not need to forage for themselves, they should certainly be compelled to pay for the food which nature furnishes and the cat secures by her own exertions.

Well-fed cats rarely bother to catch birds. Natural instinct may make their chins quiver a bit as a bird flits across their vision, but a lifetime spent among well-fed cats has proved to the writer that such will rarely kill birds, chickens, or even mice, for that matter. Every one knows that to keep a cat a good mouser it must not be fed from the kitchen; also every one who is not deaf, dumb, and blind knows that farmers and farmers' wives expect their cats to hustle for themselves, at least to the extent of supplementing the scraps from the table. LURANA SHELDON.

New York, March 18, 1913.

American Women Overdressed?

To the Editor of The New York Times:

After reading the opinion of the great French artist Helleu regarding the American women in the magazine section of THE SUNDAY TIMES I would like to point out that although his statements seem to be quite true, from my observation of American women I find that they have a tendency to overdress themselves, thereby losing a great deal of their charm. In European cities instead women are not as attractive as their American sisters, but they know how to dress with admirable simplicity, adding much to their appearance.

New York, March 17, 1913. RENE CRISI.

Relief by Contrast.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It seems to me that A. C. Worth's remedy for "curing colds by friction" is very similar to the following: "A man visiting an insane asylum saw a patient striking himself on the head with a hammer handle. When asked why he did this the patient answered, 'Oh, it feels so good when I stop.'" A. E. LOW.

Brooklyn, N. Y., March 17, 1913.

STRAUS FOUNTAIN AWARD TO LUKEMAN

With Evarts Tracy, Architect, Sculptor Wins in Contest Including 59 Designs.

HE'LL GET $10,000 FOR WORK

Four Other "Next Best" Designs Get Prize Money from $500 Down to $100 Each.

From a collection of fifty-nine models submitted by different artists in the competition for a design for a memorial fountain to be erected in Straus Park, 106th Street, Broadway, and West End Avenue, in honor of the late Mr. and Mrs. Isidor Straus, who perished on the Titanic, the jury representing the Memorial Committee and the National Sculpture Society announced yesterday that it had selected the design of Augustus Lukeman, sculptor, 145 West Fifty-fifth Street, and Evarts Tracy, architect, 244 Fifth Avenue. The memorial fountain is to be erected at a cost of $20,000, and it is to be executed in granite and bronze.

The plot on which the fountain is to be erected is triangular in shape, bounded on the west by West End Avenue, on the south by 106th Street, intersecting West End Avenue at right angles, and on the east by Broadway. The competitors were at liberty to give the plot any treatment they chose, and the result was that the winning design followed closely the shape of the triangle.

In his design Mr. Lukeman has conceived of a basin occupying the centre of the triangle, and on the south end of the basin a low pedestal about 4 feet in height, on which a figure reclines as though looking into the water.

In the rules for the competition the committee had specified that the design should, in a manner, reflect the unostentatious but purposeful character of the citizens to whose memory it was to be erected, and that any features that might be termed loud or spectacular should be avoided. It was further required that the fountain should primarily present an object of beauty, without necessarily containing an allegorical expression of any particular theme or subject. The competitor was to provide in his design a panel or device on which there might be an inscription setting forth the fact that the fountain was erected in memory of the late Mr. and Mrs. Isidor Straus, citizens in high esteem in the community, who lost their lives in the disaster which befell the passengers and crew of the steamer Titanic.

The competition was under the auspices of the National Sculpture Society, 215 West Fifty-seventh Street, and the competitors were required to deliver their designs on March 12 or 13. The Committee on Award consisted of Herbert Adams, Henry Bacon, Karl Bitter, representing the National Sculpture Society, and Felix M. Warburg and Capt. Joseph B. Greenhut, with Supreme Court Justice Samuel Greenbaum as alternate, representing the Memorial Committee. The committee will make its report to the Memorial Committee on or before March 25, and the installation of the design will be under the direction of a committee not connected with the Committee on Award or the Memorial Committee, or otherwise interested in the competition.

The contract is to be let for the actual design of the fountain to the successful contestant, providing the Art Commission approves, and for his work as a sculptor, designer, and modeler he is to get $10,000.

For the next best designs submitted in the competition the committee made these awards:

Second Prize, $500—Henry Hering, sculptor, 118 East Twenty-eighth Street, and Charles A. Platt, architect, 11 East Twenty-fourth Street.

Third Prize, $300—Anton Schaaf, sculptor, 1,931 Broadway, and Albert R. Ross, architect, 16 East Forty-second Street.

Fourth Prize, $200—Furio Piccirilli, sculptor, 467 East 142d Street, and Lord & Hewlett, architects, 345 Fifth Avenue.

Fifth Prize, $100—Harriet W. Frishmuth, sculptor, 35 Park Avenue; Alexander Desерty, Harold M. Bowdoin, architects, 507 Fifth Avenue.

The models are now on exhibition in the rooms of the National Sculpture Society. The committee issued this statement:

"To make a selection out of fifty-nine designs was a task of considerable difficulty, as justice had to be done to the artistic, sentimental and topographical problems, and their treatment by the competitors. The committee felt that anything mainly monumental would be undesirable, first because of the modest character of Isidor and Ida Straus; second, it would have reduced the available park space to too small an area, and third, the immediate background of an apartment house did not lend itself as a proper frame for anything rising high from the ground.

"The committee in reaching its determination eliminated the idea of attempting to memorialize some of the splendid qualities of Isidor and Ida Straus, but accepted the suggestion which has endeavored to embody in this little park, surrounded by the restless hum of traffic, a scheme of peaceful contemplation over a sheet of water, leaving it to the meditative public to muse over the sacrifice that the same element demanded in the Titanic disaster."

Sale to Aid Union Settlement.

The cake and hat tables at the sale for the benefit of the Union Settlement on Monday, from 12 o'clock to 7, at the residence of Mrs. Thomas Satterthwaite, 7 East Eightieth Street, will have many members of the Women's Auxiliary in attendance. Mrs. Raymond Hoagland, Mrs. W. Adams Brown, Mrs. Leonard Kellogg, Mrs. William S. Edgar, Mrs. John Finley, Mrs. R. I. Jencks, and the Misses Eleanor Lockwood, Lisa and Clover Todd and Mary C. Edgar will assist. No admission fee will be charged, and both hats and cakes will be priced reasonably. The Misses Fuller, in costume, are to sing ballads during the afternoon.

Mrs. Groner to Give "Thes Dansants"

A series of "Thés Dansants" will be given by Mrs. Groner during Easter week in the green room of the Hotel McAlpin. Professional dancers will entertain the tea drinkers during an intermission, the Castles dancing on Monday and Maurice and Florence Walton and the Cansinos appearing on different afternoons during the week.

Miss Dorothy Wheeler Engaged.

The engagement has been announced of Miss Dorothy Birdseye Wheeler, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur de Forest Wheeler of Stratford, Conn., to Kenneth Trinimingham, son of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Trinimingham of Pembroke, Bermuda. No date has been set for the wedding.

John T. Robinson Weds Miss Wenzel

John T. Robinson, a lawyer, of Elmhurst, and Miss Elsie Wenzel of Penfold Road, Elmhurst, were married on Wednesday in Philadelphia by the Rev. Dr. C. E. Grammer, rector of St. Stephen's Episcopal Church. Mr. Robinson is a member of the Queens County Bar and is a Trustee of the Queens Borough Public Library. Mrs. Robinson recently inherited $50,000 from her brother.

The Sale of the
Rare Americana
Collected by the late
E. N. CRANE
of Newark, N. J.
will be held March 24-28
at the
Richmond Co.'s Rooms
19 East 45th St., N. Y. City.
Books on View 10 A. M. to 6 P. M.

SOCIAL NOTES.

Mrs. Frederic C. Penfield will entertain at tea next Wednesday afternoon at her home, 787 Fifth Avenue.

Charles Barnett Bradley, who is to marry Miss Constance Zerrahn in Milton, Mass., on April 5, is giving his farewell bachelor dinner to-night at Delmonico's.

The Misses Ella and Constance McCall of 321 West Eighty-sixth Street are sailing to-morrow on the George Washington for France.

The Metropolitan Branch of the Over-Seas Club will give a masquerade ball on Easter Monday at 131 East Fifty-eighth Street.

Mr. and Mrs. E. LeB. Gardner and Miss Adelaide B. Gardner, who spent the Winter at the Hotel Gotham, left yesterday for their country place at Ridgewood, N. J.

Many dinners are to be given preceding the Easter costume ball which is to be given at Sherry's on next Monday night, in aid of the Jewell Day Nursery. Tickets may be obtained from Mrs. Arthur M. Dodge, 563 Park Avenue.

A novelty at Thé Dansant, which is to be held on Friday afternoon, March 28, at the Plaza, in aid of the Chapel Fund of the Catholic University in Washington, D. C., will be competitive dancing, in which young society women and men will dance for prizes. Applications are being sent to Russell K. Dougherty at the Plaza. Miss Annie Leary is Chairman, Mrs. Francis Burrall Hoffman, treasurer, and Mrs. Andrew Dougherty, secretary of the local auxiliary.

Mrs. Joel Ellis Fisher and Miss Vieva Fisher, who sailed on Wednesday for Bermuda, will return to New York on March 31.

Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence Phipps, who went abroad some time ago, have been in Naples, as has also Mrs. G. R. Schieffelin.

POSE AS ANGELS OF CHARITY.

Society Girls to Represent Famous Pictures in Tableaux.

Well-known society girls will appear in the series of tableaux, "Angels in Art," that are to be presented at the Little Theatre for the benefit of the Chrystie Street House on April 25 and 26. Sixteen famous paintings by old masters will be presented, and among those who will appear are the Misses Dorothy Morrison, Frances Henry, and Edna Shethar in Melozzo da Forli's "Angels Making Music." Mrs. Arnold Furst will be "The Angel of the Annunciation" after Simone Martini, and Miss Bessie Martin is booked for Luca del Robbia's "An Angel."

Mrs. Stanley W. Dexter will arange the tableau of Carpaccio's "Musical Angels," and the Misses Eugenia Stein and Amy Schermerhorn wil take charge of Benozzo Gozzoli's "Angels Singing Praises." Mrs. J. Van Vechten Olcott will manage Raphael's "Angels Making Music," and Mrs. Hugo Reisinger will have Luca Signorelli's painting of the same title. Mrs. Walter E. Lambert will be responsible for "The Young Tobias" and "The Three Archangels," and other paintings represented will be Albrecht Durer's "Child Angels at Play" and "Angels Carrying Flowers," by Fra Angelico da Fiesole.

Brigadier General Bacon Dies.

Brig. Gen. John M. Bacon, U. S. A., retired, died on Wednesday night at Portland, Ore. He was born in Kentucky in 1844 and served in the civil war from 1862 to 1865. In 1866 he was appointed Captain in the Ninth Cavalry of the regular army, and later was appointed aid de camp to Gen. William T. Sherman. During the uprising of the Indians in 1869 he took part in many battles, one of which was a running fight for forty miles at the head waters of the Brazos River. He was brevetted Lieutenant Colonel for his services there and later at Rio Pecos. In 1897 he became Colonel of the Eighth Cavalry. At the opening of the war with Spain he was appointed Brigadier General of Volunteers.

James Carew Russell.

James Carew Russell, aged 59 years, died at his home, 236 Henry Street, Brooklyn, on Wednesday. He was senior member of the firm of Williams, Russell & Co. of New York, and was for many years a manager of the Coffee Exchange. He was a member of the New York Chamber of Commerce and Downtown Association and of the Brooklyn, Hamilton, and Crescent Athletic Clubs, and a Trustee of the North River Savings Bank. He is survived by his mother and two sisters.

Paul Selby Dead.

CHICAGO, March 20.—Paul Selby, the veteran editor, died last night at the home of his son-in-law, the Rev. Harmon Johnson, at Riverforest, near Chicago. He was the last of the Illinois editors who issued the call for the Decatur meeting which led to the formation of the Republican Party in the State. Mr. Selby was at one time editor and owner of The Illinois State Journal at Springfield.

Samuel Bigelow Is Dead.

BOSTON, March 20.—Samuel A. Bigelow, former President of the National Hardware Association, died here to-day of heart disease, aged 73 years. He was the first President of the New England Iron and Hardware Association and was known as "the Dean of the Hardware Trade in New England."

Obituary Notes.

JAMES BRICKER, 69 years old, since 1882 Superintendent of Transportation for the Philadelphia transit system, is dead in that city.

Mrs. EMMA BUCHBINDER, a member of the Ladies Aid Society of the German Hospital and Dispensary Association, died on Tuesday in her home, 239 Old Bergen Road, Jersey City.

Dr. LORENZO WAITE, 85 years old, is dead in his home, in Pittsfield, Mass. He was a graduate of Union College and the Berkshire Medical College.

ADOLPHE EHLERMANN, a grocer of 4,702 New Utrecht Avenue, Bay Ridge, is dead, aged 31.

ALEXANDER McKAY RUSSELL, a bank cashier of Yonkers, died on Wednesday in his home, 200 Elm Street, Yonkers, aged 30.

JACOB DENG, a retired shoe merchant, is dead in his home, 129 Reid Avenue, Brooklyn, aged 69.

OLIVER D. SMITH, who had been a member of the Connecticut General Assembly, died on Wednesday in his home, at Groton, Conn., aged 88.

HENRY C. SOOP, a lawyer of Kingston, N. Y., died yesterday, in his seventy-first year. He was born in Albany., and for many years had business and professional affiliations at Albany.

OTTO STOECKERT, one of the senior members of the orchestra of the Metropolitan Opera House, died on Tuesday at his home, 112 Seventy-third Street, Brooklyn, after an operation. Mr. Stoeckert, who was a flautist, was 51 years old and had been in the orchestra for twenty-six years.

Mrs. GRACE DOWNEY, wife of Archibald St. John Downey, a former resident of Flushing, has died at Grand Rapids, Mich. She was 22 years old. Mr. Downey is manager of a roofing company.

JAMES McGOWAN, a civil war veteran, died on Wednesday at 20 West Twenty-second Street, Whitestone, L. I., aged 85 years. He was one of the organizers of the Ironmolders' Union of America, and was employed by the Gibson Iron Works for more than forty years. He is survived by a sister, Mrs. Bridget Hester, and a niece, Mrs. Emma Hester.

RODNEY P. WHALEN, 61 years old, for 45 years foreman in the Hodgman Rubber Company's factory at Tuckahoe, died Wednesday night of pneumonia. He was twice elected Tax Collector, and had been a member of the Tuckahoe Board of Health.

EDWYN SANDYS WETMORE PENTREATH, for fifteen years Archdeacon of Columbia, Diocese of New Westminster, British Columbia, died on Wednesday at Pasco Robles, Cal.

GEORGE F. RAY, 78 years old, died at Greenwich, Conn., yesterday. He had served as Town Selectman and Burgess of the borough, and for twelve years was Warden of the borough.

Mrs. ELIZA DUNKERLY, 72 years old, one of the oldest residents of Paterson, N. J., died Wednesday at her home in East Twenty-second Street.

Mrs. JULIA A. HERRICK ALLEN, widow of Elisha H. Allen, died on Wednesday at her home, 116 West Eighty-second Street, on her 74th birthday. She was born in Macdougal Street, in this city, and was educated in the old Spingler's Institute, in the neighborhood of Fourteenth Street. Mrs. Allen is survived by two daughters, Mrs. Edmund Dwight, and Mrs. Wilbur C. Fisk, and four sons, E. Hunt, William F., Robert H., and John Appleton Allen.

WILLIAM J. JONES, 68 years old, died yesterday at Remsen, N. Y., after a long illness. He had been connected with the Appraiser's Stores for the past twenty years. A native of Wales, he was known at the Welsh Eisteddfod as the Arch Recitator.

The Right Rev. Mgr. DENIS O'CALLAGHAN, permanent rector of St. Augustine's Catholic Church in South Boston, died last night. He was 72 years old on Tuesday, and was taken ill while saying mass last Sunday.

SOLOMON HOFFHEIMER, for thirty years a traveler for the tobacco importing firm of Hamburger Brothers & Co. of 228 Pearl Street, died yesterday. He was a member of the Free Sons of Israel, the B'Nai B'rith, and other benevolent organizations. He leaves a wife, three daughters, and a son. He was 80 years old, and resided at 1,476 Lexington Avenue.

TO DANCE TO AID THE BLIND.

Army Officers Will Give the Tango at Miss Holt's Fete.

Competitive dancing for prizes will be a feature of the sixth annual fête to be given by Miss Winifred Holt at the Hotel Astor next Tuesday evening for the New York Association for the Blind. Major Gen. Barry, commander of the Eastern Department, and other officers from Governors Island will attend the entertainment, which is called "The Private Opening of the Panama Canal."

Four of the younger officers in Gen. Barry's party are experts in the Argentine Tango dance, and are eager to match their skill against the younger dancers of society. The contest will be held in the intermissions between the tableaux of "Panama Through the Centuries."

The young women who will appear in the Spanish group are the Misses Marjory Greenfield, Dorothea Parsons, Eloise Talcott, Eugenie Bissell, Katherine Glover, and Marjorie Dodge. Loyal Farragut will appear as a Spanish monk and Heinrich Mein, the baritone, will be chief of the buccaneer group. Boxes have been taken by Mrs. James Roosevelt, Miss Jennings, Mrs. J. Mahlenberg Bailey, Mr. and Mrs. Paul Warburg, Mr. and Mrs. Felix Warburg, Mrs. Bourke Cockran, Mr. and Mrs. Seth Low, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph F. Auerbach, and Mr. and Mrs. Thomas W. Lamont.

RIKERS SUED FOR $25,000.

Mrs. MacFarland of Brooklyn Seeks Damages for Slander.

Asserting that an employe of Riker's & Sons drug firm assaulted and slandered her, Mrs. Emily H. MacFarland of 900 St. Marks' Avenue, wife of the President of the Union League Club of Brooklyn, has started a suit to recover $25,000 damages from the drug company. The suit came up in the Supreme Court, Brooklyn, yesterday, before Justice Kelby on a motion made by the attorney for the defendants to strike out the assault charge in the suit. Decision was reserved.

According to the complaint of Mrs. MacFarland, she and her daughter were in a drug store owned by the defendants in Fulton Street, Brooklyn, on Jan. 23 last, when a woman clerk seized her as she was going out of the place and accused her of taking an eyebrow pencil from one of the counters. Mrs. MacFarland indignantly denied the accusation and her daughter supported ner mother in her denial of the charge.

In spite of efforts made by Mrs. MacFarland to prevent a scene, she says, she was next accused of not paying for the sodas which she and her daughter had drunk. Mrs. MacFarland and her daughter went into the drug store to get sodas, and were about to pay for them, when they were stopped by the employes of the firm, the complaint recites.

The answer filed by the drug house makes a general denial of the charges preferred by Mrs. MacFarland, but, because Mrs. MacFarland bases her action on the ground of slander as well as for assault, the drug firm seeks to have the case threshed out on the former charge, and for that reason has asked the courts to modify the complaint.

WAITS IN VAIN FOR GAYNOR.

Jewish Writers' Union Gets No Visit, Speech or Letter.

The Jewish division of the Newspaper Writers' Union, which won its strike against The Jewish Morning Journal, Daily News and Warheit, celebrated the victory with a concert and meeting in Cooper Union last night.

Many of the 1,000 persons present were attracted by the promise that Mayor Gaynor would address them on the subject of "The right of newspaper writers to organize," and paid from 25 cents to $1 for seats. But the Mayor did not attend, though the long programme was extended and the entertainers and talkers kept marking time in the hope that the Mayor would appear. Heinrich Charles, President of the Union, finally stepped forward with an apology and this criticism of the Mayor:

"The Mayor assured me that he would be here, or would write a letter if he could not come. Mayor Gaynor has not come nor has his letter. I think he has been influenced to stay away, and it shows that he is not the fearless man we thought him to be."

President Charles intimated that Mayor Gaynor had fallen a victim to the influence of the press. Then he adjourned the meeting.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

GRAY.—A son, March 19, Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Gray, Lincoln Park, Yonkers, N. Y.

Confirmed.

HYMAN.—Mr. and Mrs. Samuel I. Hyman, 981 Park Av., announce the Bar Mitzvah of their son George M., on Saturday, March 22, at Congregation Kehilath Jeshurun, 117 East 85th St. Services at 9 A. M.

Married.

Brooklyn.

BERGMAN—WINOKUR.—March 16, Annie Winokur to Frank Bergman.

DIXON—FOWLER.—March 19, Alice M. Fowler to Percy A. Dixon.

FORTGANG—KITTAY.—March 16, Rose Kittay to Louis Fortgang.

LIFTIZ—ZIMMERMAN.—March 16, Sarah D. Zimmerman to Dr. Maurice Liftiz.

Died.

ALLEN.—On March 19, suddenly, at her late residence, 116 West 82d St., New York City, Julia A. Herrick, widow of Elisha H. Allen, aged 74. Funeral services on Saturday, March 22, at 10 A. M. in the Chapel of the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church, entrance 55th St. Interment at convenience of the family.

BERGEN.—On Thursday, March 20, Maria Bergen, daughter of the late John Bergen. Funeral service at her late residence, 1,271 Bedford Av., Brooklyn, at 2 P. M., Saturday, March 22. Relatives and friends invited. Interment private.

BRENNAN.—On March 20, Josephine M. Brennan, widow of John F. Brennan. Funeral from Dargeon's undertaking establishment, 787 2d Av., 10:30 A. M., Saturday, March 22. Interment Calvary Cemetery.

CARLEY.—On Wednesday, March 12, 1913, at Hot Springs, S. D., Grace C., wife of Francis D. Carley. Funeral services will be held at St. Bartholomew's Church, Madison Av. and 44th St., on Friday afternoon, March 21, at 2 P. M. Funeral private.

CASEY.—John A., suddenly, at his residence, 148 Lawrence St., Brooklyn, aged 83 years. Funeral services from his late residence on Friday morning at 10:30 A. M., thence to Church of St. Charles Borromeo, Sydney Place, Brooklyn, at 11 o'clock. Interment Holy Cross Cemetery.

CHAPMAN.—At his home, No. 72 John St., Englewood, N. J., on Thursday, March 20, 1913, Henry W. Chapman, beloved husband of Kate Chapman. Notice of funeral later.

CLARK.—At sea on board SS Grosser Kurfuerst, on March 9, 1913, John Mitchell Clark, beloved husband of Sarah Wood Clark and son of the late Caroline Howard and the late Right Rev. Thomas March Clark, Bishop of Rhode Island. Funeral services will be held at Grace Church, Broadway and 10th St., on Saturday, March 22, at 2 P. M. Interment at Newport, R. I.

CONWAY.—On March 19, 1913, Bridget Conway, aged 65 years. Funeral from Stephen Merritt's Chapel, 223 8th Av., Saturday, 2 o'clock.

DE NIKE.—At Saranac Lake, March 20, William H., son of James and late Elizabeth J. Hastings. Notice of funeral hereafter.

DEVINE.—At Middletown, N. Y., March 19, Louis E., beloved husband of Elizabeth Devine (nee Nevin) and brother of John, Dominick, and Peter Devine. Funeral Saturday, March 22, at his late residence, 120 Highland Av., Middletown, N. Y. Interment Rhinecliff, N. Y.

FURBUSH.—Suddenly, at White Plains, N. Y., Wednesday, March 19, Ann M. Furbush, in her 63d year. Funeral services from the residence of Robert F. Smith, 44 Church St., White Plains, N. Y., Saturday evening, 8 P. M.

FREDERICKS.—March 19, 1913, Anna A. Fredericks, aged 42 years. Funeral from Stephen Merritt's Chapel, 223 8th Av., Saturday afternoon, 1:30.

GOODWIN.—Suddenly, at Plainfield, N. J., on Wednesday, March 19, 1913, Edwin Pratt, beloved husband of Louise Dorlon Goodwin, in his 64th year. Services at his late residence, 155 Rockview Av., North Plainfield, on Friday, March 21, at half-past 3 P. M. Carriages will meet express train leaving foot of Liberty St., New York City, (C. R. R. of N. J.,) at 2 o'clock.

GOODWIN.—

Sons of the Revolution, in the State of New York. Office of the Society, Fraunces Tavern, corner Broad and Pearl Streets, New York, March 20, 1913.

The members of this Society are requested to attend the funeral services of their late associate, Edwin Pratt Goodwin, at 155 Rockview Av., North Plainfield, N. J., at 3:30 o'clock, on Friday, March 21.

EDMUND WETMORE, President.
M. R. DROWNE, Secretary.

Died.

GORDON.—At his residence, 27 Columbus Av., Edward Gordon, husband of the late Elizabeth Gordon, nee Flanagan. Funeral services at the Paulist Fathers Church, 60th St. and Columbus Av., on Friday, March 21, at 2:30 P. M. Relatives and friends invited to attend. Interment Calvary. Wilmington (Del.) papers please copy.

HELD.—On Tuesday, March 18, Anna Hartwig Held, nee Neumann, in her 57th year. Funeral will take place on Friday, March 21, at 1 P. M. from the Chapel of Jacob Herrlich's Sons, 332 East 86th St.

HOWARD.—On Wednesday, March 19, Maria E., widow of the late Lymon B. Howard. Services at her late residence, 90 Greene Av., Brooklyn, on Saturday evening, March 22, at 8 o'clock.

JONES.—On Wednesday, March 19, 1913, at Remsen, N. Y., William J. Jones, aged 68 years, husband of Sarah E. Jones and father of Dr. David H. Jones. Funeral Saturday, March 22, 1913. Interment at Utica.

LEVY.—On Thursday, March 20, Florence, daughter of the late Jane and Henry Levy, at her residence, 1,292 Madison Av. Funeral at the convenience of the family.

MAEDER.—On Thursday, March 20, 1913, Lillian Schofield, beloved wife of Alfred J. Maeder. Funeral service at her late residence, 40 Rutland Road, Brooklyn, Saturday, March 22, 3 P. M. Kindly omit flowers. Providence, R. I., papers please copy.

MILLER.—At New Rochelle, N. Y., March 19, 1913, Alice Baker, wife of Harvey Miller. Funeral services at her late residence, 56 Hillcrest Av., New Rochelle, on Friday, at 5 P. M. Interment Binghamton, N. Y. Binghamton (N. Y.) papers please copy.

PENTREATH.—At Paso Robles, Cal., on Wednesday, March 19, The Ven. Edwyn Sandys Wetmore Pentreath, D. D., Archdeacon of Columbia, Diocese of New Westminster, (British Columbia.) Burial at Vancouver.

RUSSELL.—On Wednesday, March 19, 1913, after a short illness, James Carew Russell, son of Rebecca Carew Russell and the late W. S. S. Russell. Funeral service at late residence, 236 Henry St., Brooklyn, 10 A. M., Saturday. Interment at Norwich, Conn. Kindly omit flowers. Norwich papers please copy.

RUSSELL.—

To the Trustees of the North River Savings Bank: It is with regret that we have to announce the death of our late associate, Mr. James C. Russell, who departed this life on Wednesday, March 19, after a short illness. See daily papers for notice of funeral.

ADOLPHO H. FISCHER, President.
GEORGE T. CONNETT, Sec. and Treas.

SIMON.—Julia Simon. Funeral THE FUNERAL CHURCH, West 23d St., Campbell Building, Friday, 2 o'clock. Motor cortege.

STRAUSS.—Aaron B., in his 57th year, at 511 West 143d St. Services Thursday evening at 8:30 P. M. Funeral Friday morning, private. Interment at Kingston, N. Y.

WESTERVELT.—On March 20, 1913, at her residence, 7 West 50th St., Alice H., wife of John C. Westervelt and daughter of the late Leonidas Doty of Buffalo, N. Y. Funeral services at her late residence on Saturday, March 22, at 3 P. M. Interment at Buffalo. Kindly omit flowers. Buffalo papers please copy.

BECK.—Pauline, 147 West 142d St., March 18. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

BEHRENS.—Albert, 610 East 84th St., March 18, aged 52.

BLAISDELL.—William, 502 West 142d St., March 19.

BROWNING.—Albert, March 18. Funeral 131 East 125th St., to-day, 2 P. M.

CAMPBELL.—John, March 18. Funeral 1,705 2d Av. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

CONNAUGHTON.—Jennie, 318 West 142d St., March 19. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

DORAN.—Julia, 342 East 53d St., March 18. Funeral to-day, 1:30 P. M.

FITZPATRICK.—William J., 354 St. Ann's Av., Bronx, March 19, aged 33.

GILLEN.—Thomas, March 18. Funeral 1,777 3d Av., to-day, 1:30 P. M.

GOLDEN.—Thomas F., 1,105 Park Av., March 18. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M.

HICKEY.—Daniel, 1,095 Park Av., March 19. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

HOGG.—Maria, 307 East 74th St., March 19, aged 40. Funeral to-morrow.

HORNOF.—Thomas, 351 East 83d St., March 18, aged 50. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M.

LALLY.—Thomas, 1,853 3d Av., March 19. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

LANE.—Patrick, 224 East 95th St., March 19. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

McCOURT.—Bridget, 863 8th Av., March 19. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

McGUIRE.—Roger, 239 East 6th St., March 19. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

MALLOY.—James P., 508 10th Av., March 19. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

MANNING.—Patrick, 883 10th Av., March 18. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

MILLER.—Gretchen, 760 10th Av., March 19. Funeral March 23.

O'CONNOR.—Keyran J., 108 East 116th St., March 17. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

O'CONNOR.—Morris F., 823 East 213th St., March 19. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.

PENDER.—Frank, 265 1st Av., March 18. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

QUINN.—Patrick, 221 Lexington Av., March 19. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

ROCHE.—Minnie, 319 East 49th St., March 18. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

SEARL.—Adelheid, 442 East 137th St., March 18.

STIEFEL.—Phillip, March 19, aged 87. Funeral 220 East 15th St., to-day, 10 A. M.

TILLEY.—Charles F., 210 West 104th St., March 19. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

TUOMEY.—John A., 154 West 52d St., March 18. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

WEST.—Robert, March 19. Funeral 535 2d Av., to-day, 2 P. M.

Brooklyn.

ALVERS.—John A., 11 McDougal St., March 19, aged 51. Funeral to-morrow, 2:30 P. M.

ATKINS.—John, 555 Quincy St., March 20, aged 79. Funeral private.

BALSIS.—Peter, March 19. Funeral 106 Water St., to-morrow, 2 P. M.

BILLS.—Joseph C., 114 Noble St., March 19. Funeral to-morrow.

BRAUN.—John, Jr., 314 Jefferson St., March 13. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

BROCKAWAY.—William H., 1,161 50th St., March 19.

BURBANK.—Mary J., 546 Lafayette St., March 19. Funeral service to-day.

CAHILL.—Austin J., Jr., 119 Elmwood St., March 19, aged 18.

CAMPBELL.—Amanda, 166 South 4th St., March 18.

DAVIS.—Henry, 1,451 Bedford Av., March 19, aged 68. Funeral March 23, 2 P. M.

DONALDSON.—Ellen, 130 Park Av., March 18. Funeral to-day.

DOOLEY.—Loretta M., 106 Bedford Av., March 19.

FITZGERALD.—Michael, 84 North Oxford St., March 19. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.

FORAN.—Johanna, 38 Clarkson St., March 18. Funeral to-morrow.

FORD.—Anne C., 50 Cambridge Place, March 20, aged 78. Funeral to-morrow.

FORKER.—Emily M., 1,335 St. John's Place, March 18.

GAFFNEY.—Jane E., 385 Baltic St., March 19, aged 55. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

GRASS.—William, 565 49th St., March 19. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

HALPIN.—William, 25 Marion St., March 18, aged 39. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

HOERNEMAN.—Bertha, 442 Bleecker St., March 18, aged 59. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

HOWELL.—Martha E., 399 Bainbridge St., March 18. Funeral service to-day.

HUGHES.—William E., 584 Vanderbilt Av., March 19. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

KENNEDY.—Edward, 341 East 3d St., March 19.

LOWRY.—Margaret J., 469 4th St., March 19. Funeral private.

McGRATH.—Catherine, 175 Lefferts Av., March 19. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

MARTIN.—Walter, 627 54th St., March 19, aged 20. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

MOWELL.—Ellen E., 87 Hicks St., March 19. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

MURPHY.—Amanda, 166 South 4th St., March 18.

NILSON.—Capt. John, 212A 44th St., March 18.

O'LEARY.—Denis, 100 Bergen St., March 18. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

PROTZMANN.—William, 531 East 4th St., March 20, aged 65. Funeral March 23.

SCHOMAKER.—Carsten, 708 Bedford Av., March 19, aged 63. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

SCOTT.—John J., 66 North Oxford St., March 18.

SMITH.—John R., 1 Nassau Place, March 19, aged 43. Funeral to-morrow, 2:30 P. M.

VAN BENSCHOTEN.—Jennie R., 104 East 19th St., March 20. Funeral March 23.

WEHR.—Dorothea, 535 45th St., March 18, aged 74. Funeral to-day.

WHEELEN.—Joseph, 189 Front St., March 18.

Hoboken, Jersey City, and Newark.

APPELL.—Amanda, 309 Orange St., Newark, March 19. Funeral, March 23.

BROMLEY.—Ruth E., 268 Forest St., Jersey City, March 19, aged 7. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

CUFF.—Annie V., 132 Romaine Av., Jersey City, March 19.

CULBERT.—Delia, 160 Woodlawn Av., Jersey City, March 19, aged 48.

EARLS.—Amelia, 52 High St., Newark, March 19, aged 62. Funeral service to-day.

GLINZ.—Frederick, 122 Hudson St., Hoboken, March 19, aged 53. Funeral to-morrow.

KING.—Katharine R., 16A Clendenny Av., Jersey City, March 20.

LEIDY.—Lucy E., 13 Pamrapo Av., Jersey City, March 19, aged 48. Funeral to-day.

McCONNELL.—Annie, 18 Railroad Place, Newark, March 19. Funeral to-morrow.

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6-cylinder—superb—saves railroad expense—all cemeteries, any distance—at almost horse rates.

CEMETERIES.

THE WOODLAWN CEMETERY
233d St. By Harlem Train and by Trolley.
Office, 20 East 23d St., N. Y.

Died.

OVEREND.—Robert A., 278 Summit Av., Jersey City, March 20, aged 48.

QUENAN.—Raymond, 111 Morris Av., Newark, March 20, aged 22 months.

ROBINSON.—Elizabeth, 360 18th Av., Newark, March 19. Funeral to-day.

SCHLATTER.—Henry, 395 Clinton Av., West Hoboken, March 19, aged 66.

STODDARD.—William K., Newark, March 19. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

WEISS.—Bernard, Newark, March 20, aged 25.

WILSON.—Hiram N., 239 Pacific Av., Jersey City, March 19. Funeral to-day.

WOODRUFF.—Alfred S., 161 Chadwick Av., Newark, March 19, aged 48.

Long Island.

DELANEY.—Mary D., Jamaica, March 18. Funeral to-day.

HEALY.—Bridget, Woodhaven, March 18. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M.

KRAMPE.—Laura, Long Island City, March 19, aged 66.

WHITSON.—Rhoda, Huntington, March 18. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

WILLIS.—Obadiah, Hempstead, March 18, aged 58. Funeral service to-day.

Westchester County.

DEMMLER.—Henry J., Hastings, March 18, aged 8 months. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

RUSSELL.—Alexander McK., 200 Elm St., Yonkers, March 18. Funeral to-morrow.

WILLIAMS.—Henry F., 44 South 12th Av., March 18, aged 78.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

THE MIDDLE COLLEGIATE CHURCH,
2d Ave. and 7th St.
Rev. JOHN G. FAGG, D. D., Minister.
Service on Good Friday at 8 P. M.
Dr. Fagg will preach.

THE MARBLE COLLEGIATE CHURCH,
5th Ave. and 29th St.
Rev. DAVID JAS. BURRELL, D. D., Minister.
Services on Good Friday at 4 P. M.
"The Seven Last Words of Christ." A Lenten Cantata by Theodore Dubois will be rendered by the choir.

THE COLLEGIATE CHURCH OF ST. NICHOLAS,
5th Ave. and 48th St.
Rev. MALCOLM JAMES MACLEOD, Minister.
Service on Good Friday at 11 A. M.
Rev. Mr. Macleod will preach.
Quartette accompanied by Harp and Violin.

THE WEST END COLLEGIATE CHURCH,
West End Ave. and 77th St.
Rev. HENRY EVERTSON COBB, D.D., Minister
Service on Good Friday at 8 P. M. Dr. Cobb will preach. Selections from the "Messiah" will be rendered by the choir.

ST. GEORGE'S CHURCH
is on East 16th St., near 3d Av.
GOOD FRIDAY.
Passion Service, 12 to 3.
Story of the Cross, 8 P. M.
ALL SEATS FREE.

MADISON AV. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Northeast corner of 73d St.,
Rev. HENRY SLOANE COFFIN, D. D., Pastor.
Good Friday Service Friday at 5 P. M.

UNION METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH,
48th St., west of Broadway.—Good Friday service 8 o'clock to-night. Rev. Dr. J. Lewis Hartsock preacher. Public invited.

THE Palace THEATRE OF New York
BROADWAY AT FORTY-SEVENTH ST.
Management of MR. FRANK THOMPSON.
COMMENCING
Monday Matinee, March 24
LA NAPIERSKOWSKA
in an ARABIAN PANTOMIME.
THE ETERNAL WALTZ
An operetta in two scenes by LEO FALL.
Cast including CYRIL CHADWICK and MABEL BERRA.
HY MAYER Famous Cartoonist. | OTA GYGI Violin Virtuoso.
The London Palace Girls
SPEAKING TO FATHER
A comedy by
GEORGE ADE
Played by MILTON POLLACK & CO.
THE KING'S JESTER
Comedy by
ED. WYNN & CO.
4 Vanis Athletes. | McIntyre & Harty A Singing Comedy Duo.
Performance Daily, 2:30 and 8:15.
Box Office Open 10 A. M.
PRICES
Evenings:
ORCHESTRA............$1.50, $1
BALCONY..............$1, 75c.
GALLERY..............50c., 25c.
BOXES & LOGES..$2, $1.50, $1
Matinees:
ORCHESTRA..............$1
BALCONY..........75c., 50c.
GALLERY..................25c.
BOXES & LOGES..$1.50, $1, 75c.
SMOKING IN THE BALCONY.

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE
To-day at 1. Spec'l Mat. Parsifal. Fremstad; Jorn, Buers, Witherspoon, Goritz. Con. Hertz.
To-night at 8. Tales of Hoffmann. Hempel, Bori; Macnez, Gilly, Rothier, Reiss, Segurola. Polacco.
Sat. at 2. Girl of the Golden West. Destinn; Caruso, Amato, Gilly, Reiss, Didur. Toscanini.
Sat. 7:30. Pop. prices. Meistersinger. Gadski; Ortus, Buers, Braun, Goritz, Reiss. Con. Hertz.
Sun. Eve. Concert, 50c. to $1.50. Fremstad, Cox; Braun. Henriette Bach, Violiniste. Ent. Orch.
Next Mon. at 8. Cyrano. Alda; Martin, Amato, Reiss, Griswold, Hinshaw. Cond. Hertz.
Wed. at 7:30. Walkuere. Gadski, Fremstad, Homer; Jorn, Braun, Ruysdael. Cond. Hertz.
Thurs. Pop. Price Mat. at 2. Rigoletto. Hempel; Macnez, Gilly, Rothier. Cond., Sturani.
Thurs. at 8:15. Tosca. Farrar; Caruso, Scotti, Pini-Corsi, Rossi. Cond. Toscanini.
Fri. at 8. Boris Godunoff. Homer, Case, Maubourg; Didur, Althouse, Rothier, Segurola, Bada, Reiss. Cond. Toscanini.
HARDMAN PIANO USED.

B·F·KEITH'S NEW YORK THEATRES
UNION SQ. B'way & 14th St. | Dr. Herman, Reine Davies, Edison's New Talking Pictures and 10 Star Acts.
COLONIAL B'way & 62d St. Mat. Daily, 25c. | Maurice & Florence Walton, Taylor Holmes, Cliff Gordon, Alice Fischer, Little Parisienne, Edison's Talking Pictures.
ALHAMBRA 7 Av. & 126 St. | Hermine Shone, Murphy & Nichols, Peter, Edison's Talking Pictures, and Others.
BRONX 149 St. 3d Ave. Daily Mats., 25c. | Willard Mack & Marjorie Rambeau, Harry Gilfoil, & Edison Talking Pictures.
HARLEM OP. HO., 125th St., nr 7th Av. Stock Co. in "The Spendthrift." High Class Vaudeville Between Acts. Mat. Daily.

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Society of New York.
WALTER DAMROSCH..........Conductor
New Aeolian Hall, 34 W. 43d St.
SUNDAY EVENING, MARCH 23.
Orchestra Pension Fund Concert.
GERMAINE SCHNITZER
EDMOND CLEMENT
and Symphony "Pathetique" Tschaikowsky.

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Carnegie Hall—Easter Sunday Eve., 8:15.
Victor Herbert
and his Orchestra.
Idelle Patterson Soprano Soloist. GAELIC SOCIETY
FEIS CEOIL. Tickets Now on Sale at Box Office.

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MAR. 20-29. ADMISSION 25c.
Indians, Scenic Booths, Mountains, Resorts, &c.
Wonderful Kinemacolor Views, No Extra Charge
46TH ST. AND LEXINGTON AV.
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AEOLIAN HALL, Sunday Aft., Mch. 23, at 3
Farewell Piano Recital. Leopold
GODOWSKY
Tickets at Box Office Knabe Piano.
MANAGEMENT R. E. JOHNSTON.

Carnegie Hall, NEXT TUES AFT., at 3.
Last Song Recital This Season. SPECIAL PROGRAM. Sembrich
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FRANK LA FARGE at the Piano (BALDWIN).
Tickets $1.00, $1.50, $2.00, $2.50, now at Box Office.

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Tel. 3026-3027 Greeley.
Few Seats left for "Damaged Goods" this afternoon.

WILLIAM MORRIS' N. Y. THEATRE B'way, 45 St. 10c., 15c., 25c.
Continuous 1 P. M. to 11 P. M.—Bond & Co., Dublin Trio, Lulu Coats & Co., and 6 others. Wonderland upstairs, 10c., Broadway's Coney Island.

What Happened to Mary?

OLYMPIC E. 14th St. Phone 1260 Stuy. Mat. To-day. Seats 25c.
TO-NIGHT, COUNTRY STORE. | ROBINSON'S CRUSOE GIRLS.

HIPPODROME
6 Av., 43d-44th. Daily Mats. 2. Best Seats $1. Ev. 8.
GYPSY LIFE. Plunging Horses MAMMOTH NEW CIRCUS.
In addition to the Great Spectacle,
UNDER MANY FLAGS

Princess 39th, Bet. B'way & 6th Ave. Evgs. 8:45. Mat. To-morrow 2:30.
Smartest New York Playhouse.
"THE LITTLE PRINCESS THEATRE WILL JUST GIVE YOU A PINCH OF EVERYTHING: A BIT OF COMEDY—A DASH OF FARCE—AND A FLAVOR OF 'ORRORS—AND SOME OF US ARE MATURE—WE MAY NOT LOOK IT, BUT WE ARE: OH, WE ARE.—Alan Dale in The New York American.

WEBER & FIELDS' 44th Thea. Beg's Thurs., MAR. 27
Nine-Star Revival THE GEISHA
GREATEST CAST EVER ASSEMBLED.
James T. POWERS | Lina ABARBANELL | Alice ZEPILLI
Frank POLLOCK | Pauline HALL | Edwin STEVENS
Georgia CAINE | Carl GANTVOORT | Charles KING
Seats Ready Monday, 9 A. M.

48TH ST. Theatre. E. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Last Matinee To-mor. 2:15.
BEST FUN—ASK ANY ONE.
WILLIAM COLLIER in Never Say Die. Last Week.
NO PERFORMANCE TO-NIGHT.
Beg'g MON., MAR. 24. | FRANCIS WILSON in his latest comedy THE SPIRITUALIST. | Seats Now on Sale.

SUNDAY EVE., MARCH 30, at 8:30 P. M.
FIRST PUBLIC LECTURE
in NEW YORK CITY
by
Helen Keller
and MRS. JOHN MACY
Tickets 75c to $2. May be secured by mail from
J. B. POND LYCEUM BUREAU,
Metropolitan Life Building, New York.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES.
EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Eves. 8:20. Mats. To-mor. & Wed. 2:20.
"Delightful Comedy, Delightfully Acted."—Times.
LIBERTY HALL WITH JOHN MASON
KNICKERBOCKER. Broadway and 38th St. Eves. 8 sharp. Matinees To-mor. & Wed. 2.
JULIA SANDERSON in THE SUNSHINE GIRL | with JOSEPH CAWTHORN
"CHOCK FULL OF THRILLS."—Eve. Mail
H. B. WARNER THE GHOST BREAKER
200 GALLERY SEATS RESERVED 50c.
LYCEUM 45th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. To-mor. & Thur. 2:30
GARRICK 35th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. To-mor. & Wed. 2:30.
The Conspiracy
CRITERION B'way, 44th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-mor. & Wed. 2:15.
Robert Hilliard in "THE ARGYLE CASE."
HUDSON W. 44 St., nr. B'way. Eve. 8:20. Mats. To-mor. & Wed. 2:20.
The Poor Little Rich Girl
THE MASTER MIND EVERY LINE AMUSES AND THRILLS AT THE HARRIS THEATRE
POPULAR MAT. THURS. Regular Mat. To-mor.
FULTON. Eves. 8:45. Last Mat. To-mor., 2:45.
LAST WEEK RUTH ST. DENIS Japanese and Hindoo Dances.
NEXT MONDAY—Seats Now on Sale.
An Old-Fashioned Love Story.
WHAT HAPPENED TO MARY.
PARK 59 St. Col. Circle. SEATS NOW. BEGINNING NEXT MON. MAT.
Eva Tanguay And Her Novelty Company
New Amsterdam W. 42 St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-mor. & Wed.
OH! OH! DELPHINE
The Last Word in Musical Comedy
LIBERTY West 42d St. Evenings at 8:15. Last Matinee To-morrow, 2:15.
LAST 3 TIMES MILESTONES
GAIETY B'way & 46 St. Eves. at 8:30. Mats. To-mor. & Wed. 2:30.
FOR LAUGHING PURPOSES ONLY.
"STOP THIEF" A Farce by Carlyle Moore.
GLOBE MONTGOMERY & STONE. MATINEE TO-MORROW. ELSIE JANIS. THE LADY OF THE SLIPPER.

GEO. M. COHAN'S THEA., B'way & 43. Eve. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:20.
MAY IRWIN in the Farce WIDOW BY PROXY | Hear her sing "Two-Lip Salve" and "Over the Garden Wall."
ASTOR B'way 45th St. | Beginning NEXT MON. Seats Now on Sale.
"A MAN'S FRIENDS."
GRAND OP. HO., 23 St., 8 Av. Mat. Sat. FINE FEATHERS. All Star Cast.
Next Week—"MILESTONES." All Star Cast.
JOSEPH AND HIS BRETHREN at the CENTURY THEATRE | Evs. 8, on the minute. Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2 on the min. 8th Av. & 62d St.
EVERYMAN With Edith Wynne Matthison | Last 2 Weeks
Children's Thea., Century Thea. Bldg. Evs. 9. Mats. To-mor., Tues. & Thur. 3.
F. F. PROCTOR'S N. Y. THEATRES | ALL HEADLINERS
5th AVE. B'way & 28th St. Mat. 25c. Ev. 25c-$1. | Edwards Davis & Co., Belle Story, Eddie Leonard & Mabel Russell, Edison Talking Pictures, and 8 Big Acts.
23D ST. nr. 6th Av. 58TH ST. & 3d Av. 125TH ST. Lex. Av. | Wonderful Kinemacolor Pictures in natural colors, in addition to the World's best Vaudeville at Modest Prices. Continuous Daily 11 A. M. to 11 P. M.
BELASCO West 44th St. Eve. 8:15. Mats. To-mor. & Thurs., 2:15.
Years of Discretion
REPUBLIC West 42d St. Eve. 8:10. Mats. To-mor., Tues. & Wed., 2:10.
A Good Little Devil
CORT 48th St., E. of B'way. Tel. Bryant 46. Eves. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15. | Laurette Taylor 'Peg o' My Heart.'
NO PERFORMANCE TO-NIGHT.
ELTINGE West 42d St. Evenings at 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15.
WITHIN THE LAW
LITTLE THEATRE, 44th St., west of B'way.
Two Recitals Request Programs | Wed. Aft., M'ch 26, at 4. Fri. Ev., M'ch 28, at 8:45
MATINEE AND EVENING OF INTIMATE SONGS.
JULIA CULP
COENRAAD V. BOS at the Piano.
Tickets $3.00, on sale only at Mgt. Antonia Sawyer, Metropolitan Opera House Bldg., 1425 B'way.
Carnegie Lyceum, 57th St., 7th Av., 25c to $1.00. Twice Daily, incl. Sundays, 3:15 & 8:30 P. M.
PANAMA CANAL—BALKAN WAR
See KING OF GREECE entering conquered SALONICA, Portraits of Crown Prince, etc. IN KINEMACOLOR.
BERKELEY THEATRE, 23 West 44th St. Next Mon. Aft., 3:30. Prices $1 & $2. Song Recital.
THE GREAT GERMAN LIEDER SINGER,
Paul Reimers
LYCEUM THEATRE 45 St., B'way. NEXT MON. AT 3. | Last Matinee this year—KITTY Cheatham
IRVING PLACE THEATRE
To-night—BRANDT-CHRISTIANS in MUTTERLANDSTRASSE. Sat. Mat., Gab. Schilling's Flucht.
Religious Motion Pictures BERKELEY THEA. 23 W. 44th st. (Pop. Prices)
To-night 8:30, PASSION PLAY OF 1910.
Organ Recitals. Boy Choir. Mixed Quartet.
COLUMBIA B'way & 47th Burlesque Mat. To-day. THE GAYETY GIRLS
MURRAY HILL. Evs. 8.15. Mat. To-day. Burlesque THE MERRY WHIRL.
HAMMERSTEIN'S Ev. 50, 75c, $1. D'ly Matinees 25 & 50c. | Primrose & Dockstader's Minstrels & 12 Vaudeville Acts.
BIJOU B'way and 30th St. Eves. 8:30. MATINEE EVERY DAY, 2:30.
PAUL J. RAINEY'S AFRICAN HUNT
EDEN MUSEE WORLD IN WAX. 55 West 23d St. CINEMATOGRAPH Each Hour. GEORGE HOLDEN in Magic at 3 and 9.

What Happened to Mary?

BROOKLYN AMUSEMENTS.
B. F. KEITH'S ORPHEUM Daily Mat. 25c. | WILLIAM H. THOMPSON MACART & BRADFORD. Edison's Talking Pictures & 10 Star Features.

CHARITY.

PUBLIC HOUSING CONFERENCE.

Prof. Charles F. Chandler, President of the Tenement Economies Society, will present methods of the C. O. S. in defeating Assembly Tenement Bill 1,775, necessary to reduce rents and promote health and morality in economic open-stair structures for low-wage earners. Illustrated lecture March 26, 1913, at 8:15 P. M., 318 East 88th St. (Other notices given here.)

WINTER GARDEN B'way & 50th. Evs. 8. Phone 9260 Columbus.
$1.50 Mat. To-mor. 2. | The HONEYMOON EXPRESS with GABY DESLYS, Al. Jolson
Sunday Night Concert—Entirely New Star Acts.
LYRIC 42d St., W. of Broadway. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-mor., Mon. & Wed. 2:15.
SAM BERNARD ALL FOR THE LADIES.
3 MATINEES NEXT WEEK MON., WED. & SAT.
Playhouse 48th St., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Matinee To-morrow 2:15.
Extra Matinee Easter Monday. LITTLE WOMEN
NO PERFORMANCE TO-NIGHT.
CASINO B'way & 39th Beginning SAT. NIGHT Seats Now
Gilbert-Sullivan Company All-Star Revival of
THE BEGGAR STUDENT
39TH ST. Theatre, near B'way. Eves 8:15. Matinee To-morrow 2:15.
THE FIVE FRANKFORTERS
William Collier's COMEDY 41st, E. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Matinee To-morrow 2:15.
FANNY'S FIRST PLAY
MAXINE ELLIOTT'S | Thea., 39th, bet. B'way & 6th Av. Evs. 8:30. Matinee To-morrow 2:30.
ROMANCE
EXTRA MATINEE NEXT MONDAY.
"THE NEW PRINCESS THEATRE will be an objective point for people who are seeking a smart and exceptional entertainment. A very engrossing blend of suspense and fun, with the thrill of the unexpected to give it a flavor."—Adolph Klauber in The Times.
MANHATTAN OPERA HOUSE | 34th St. & 8th Av. Evs. 8. Mats. 2.
Evs. & Sat. Mat. 25c. to $1.50. THE WHIP Wed. Mat. 25c. to $1.
500 ORCHESTRA SEATS AT $1.00.
Extra Mat. Next Monday, 25c. to $1.00.
WEST END. Beg'g NEXT MONDAY | Seats on Sale.
TRENTINI in THE FIREFLY

MADISON SQUARE GARDEN TWICE DAILY
FOR A SHORT SEASON—BEGINNING
TOMORROW AFT.
AT 2:15. NIGHTS 8:15. Doors open 1:15 and 7:45.
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And the ENTIRELY NEW EDITION
1250 CHARACTER SPECTACLE
CLEOPATRA
A VERITABLE WONDERLAND OF IMPORTED SENSATIONAL ARENIC STARS
CONGRESS OF THE MOST REMARKABLE FREAKS IN THE WORLD.
Admission to Everything 25c & 50c Reserved Seats 75c., $1, $1.50.
Private box seats, $2.50. Children under 10 half price afternoons. Box Office open 9 A. M. to 9 P. M.
BRANCH TICKET OFFICES
(Same Prices as at Madison Square Garden)
BROADWAY OFFICES { 1460 Broadway (near 42d St.) Lehigh Valley Ticket Office. Gimbel Bros. Store. John Wanamaker's.
DOWNTOWN: World Information Bureau.
HARLEM OFFICE { 121 W. 125th St. (near Lenox) N. Y. Central Ticket Office.

HOUSE SOLD OUT
3 Months Before 2d Berlin Performance
"A Choral Service"
By OTTO TAUBMANN
—First Performance in America—
Carnegie Hall, Friday, Mar. 28, 8:15 sharp
Oratorio Society of New York
Founded by Leopold Damrosch, 1878
LOUIS KOEMMENICH, Conductor
with
Mr. Putnam Griswold (Metropolitan Opera Co.), Miss Mildred Potter, Miss Inez Barbour, Mr. John Young, Choir of Boys, N. Y. Symphony Orchestra. Also
Die Meistersinger Finale, Act. III. Mr. Griswold & Chorus.
Tkts. 75c to $1.50 at Box Office or 1 W. 34 St.

What Happened to Mary?

HOTELS.

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Bretton Hall
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Between Riverside Drive and Central Park.
Large rooms, large closets and all comforts of the best New York Hotels at one-third less price. Within ten minutes of shopping and theatre centres. Subway station at the door.

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Single Rooms, $1.50 and $2.00 a day.
Single Rooms, with Bath, $3.00 a day.
Parlor, Bedroom and Bath, $4.00 to $5.00 a day.
Parlor, two Bedrooms, Bath, $7.00 a day.
Concessions to permanent guests; also unfurnished apartments.
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ROOMS WITH RUNNING WATER, $1.00 & $1.50 PER DAY.
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300 ROOMS WITH PRIVATE BATH, $1.50 & $2.00 PER DAY.
PARLOR, BEDROOM AND BATH, $2.50 & $3.00 PER DAY.

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Fountain of Youth
It's at the Cafe Boulevard. The unique, piquant dinner with the foreign flavor at seventy-five cents, with a Cabaret that appeals to all the senses and will make you desire to join in the dancing which opens for the guests at 10:30.
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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Prices Irregular in Narrower Trading—Three-Day Holiday a Factor.

Trading on the Stock Exchange dropped back into decided dullness yesterday, to which result the coming of the three-day holiday contributed to an important extent. Were it not for the fairly active trading operations in United States Steel and Reading, which between them contributed about 40 per cent. of the day's total, the great dullness of the market as a whole would have been even more apparent. American Smelting, reports regarding a suit against which under the Sherman law were the immediate cause of the downward movement in the market on Wednesday, was much quieter yesterday, but unsettled, and it closed at a small net loss. The Stock Exchange had under inquiry the origin of the reports which were published by news agencies on Wednesday that it had been announced at Washington that suit would shortly be filed against this company. This development in respect to Wednesday's reports naturally made the incident one of much discussion yesterday, but it had practically ceased to be a market factor.

The further declines in some of the industrial issues, notably in the common stock of one of the concerns of this class, added to the Stock Exchange list last year, kept alive the discussion of the market position of this group of stocks. What was heard yesterday regarding the state of the business of this particular concern was altogether at variance with what has been seen in the market for the company's shares. Perhaps at the bottom of the situation, which has lately borne fruit in the heavy declines of the company's shares, was the failure at the time of organization to supply sufficient working capital, an omission which it was lately determined to make good by an issue of notes. The experience through which the market is now passing with respect to these shares should serve to emphasize the need of the greatest conservatism in the organization and financing of concerns of this kind. Large earnings are important, but so, too, is a treasury position strong in proportion to the demands which the company's business makes upon its means of financing. Count should be taken of both sides of the problem in organizing industrial concerns. Nor is the need of this less when securities of previously privately owned concerns are floated in the general market.

The majority of standing call loans were renewed at 4½ per cent., although these renewals carry over until next Monday. In the afternoon there was an upturn which carried the call rate to 5½ per cent. Abroad money rates were showing a tendency to ease, and this seemed true at Berlin as well as at London, according to the private advices received by bankers here. The tendency in this direction shown in the English market was attributed rather to the feeling very widely held that money will be considerably cheaper in April, and to the feeling also that the European markets may have overprepared for the demands which they still have to meet before the current month runs its course. The Bank of England's showing yesterday, however, was hardly one which was suggestive of overpreparation. The week's demands for gold by Germany were reflected in the English Bank statement by a loss in gold, and though total deposits decreased the percentage of reserve fell to the lowest rate quoted at this date in many years. The Bank of France reported an increase of a little less than $2,000,000 in gold, but, of course, the bulk of the gold lately taken in this market for Paris had not yet reached its destination when this week's statement was made up.

Preliminary estimates of the cash movements so far this week indicated that most of the gold outflow, if not all of it, had been offset by the net inflow from the interior after deducting from the gain from this source the loss to the Sub-Treasury on the ordinary operations between that institution and the banks. It remains to be seen, however, to what extent these preliminary estimates which covered only the movement up to the opening of business yesterday may be affected by yesterday's currency receipts and shipments and by those which may occur to-day. The census report on the ginning of cotton issued yesterday showed that the expectation of a 14,000,000-bale cotton crop has been exceeded by at least 295,000 bales. The yield is considerably larger than in any past year, with the single exception of 1911, which produced the abnormal crop of over 16,000,000 bales.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call loaned on Stock Exchange collateral at 4½@5½ per cent., with the last loan at 5 per cent. Most of the day's business was done at 4½ per cent.

Time money rates were 5½@6 per cent. for sixty and ninety days, 5½@5¾ per cent. for four months, and 5¼@5¾ per cent. for five and six months.

Commercial paper was quoted at 6 per cent. for the best names.

Clearing House exchanges, $290,483,635; balances, $10,221,023; Sub-Treasury debit balance, $33,425.

The local banks have lost $11,685,000 on their Sub-Treasury operations since Friday.

FOREIGN RATES.

Discount rates abroad yesterday were: London, 5@5⅛ per cent. for short bills and 4⅞@4 15-16 per cent. for three months' bills; Paris, 4 per cent., and Berlin, 6 per cent. Money was 4½@4¾ per cent. in London and 5½ per cent. in Berlin.

The Paris check rate on London was 25 francs 28 centimes, and the Berlin check rate on London was 20 marks 47½ pfennigs.

Foreign exchange rates at the points noted were quoted as follows at the close of business yesterday:

CABLE AND SIGHT RATES.

London—Cable, $4.8810; demand, $4.8720.

Paris—Cable, 5.17½ less 1-16; check, 5.18⅛ less 1-16.

Berlin—Cable, 95 7-16; check, 95¼ plus 1-32.

Switzerland—Cable, 5.18¾ less 1-16; check, 5.19⅜ less 1-16.

Holland—Cable, 40.22; check, 40.16.

SIXTY AND NINETY DAY BILLS.

London—Bankers', sixty days, $4.82¾; ninety days, $4.81.

London—Commercial, sixty days, $4.82⅜; ninety days, $4.80⅝.

Paris—Commercial, sixty days, 5.22½ less 1-16; ninety days, 5.24⅜ less 1-32.

Berlin—Commercial, sixty days, 94 3-16; ninety days, 98¾ less 1-32.

DOMESTIC EXCHANGE RATES.

Boston, par; Chicago, 25c premium; St. Louis, 25c premium; St. Paul, 45c premium; San Francisco, 30c premium; Montreal, 62½c premium.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver was unchanged in London at 26 3-16d, and unchanged in New York at 56⅝c per ounce.

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

	Wednesday. Bid.	Wednesday. Asked.	Thursday. Bid.	Thursday. Asked.
4½s, May, 1957, inter..	103⅝	104	103⅝	104
4½s, Nov., 1957, inter..	103⅝	104	103¾	104
4½s, May, 1917, inter..	101	102	101	102
4½s, Nov., 1917, inter..	101	102	101	102
4½s, Mar., '30-60, inter.	99¾	100	99¾	100
4¼s, Mar., 1962, inter..	98½	98⅝	98½	98⅝
4¼s, Sept., 1960, inter.	98½	98⅝	98½	98⅝
4s, May, 1959, inter....	95	95½	95	95½
4s, Nov., 1958, inter....	95	95½	95	95½
4s, May, 1957, inter....	95	95½	95	95½
4s, Nov., 1956, reg....	93¼	94¼	93¾	94¼
4s, Nov., 1955, reg....	93½	94½	93¾	94½
4s, Nov., 1936, reg....	94	95½	94	95½
4s, 1918-1919, inter....	97½	100	97½	100
3½s, Nov., '54-55, inter.	82½	83½	82½	83½
3½s, May, 1954, coup..	82½	83½	82½	83½
3½s, 1950-1954, reg....	83	84½	83	84½

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Mr. Wilson and Chinese Loan.

Bankers who have paid close attention to the Chinese loan heard with mingled feelings of satisfaction and regret yesterday of the resignation of Huntington Wilson as Assistant Secretary of State. They felt that his protest against the hasty action of the new Administration was made necessary by Mr. Bryan's disregard of his services, but, as the man who had reorganized the foreign department, his loss is expected to weaken the Consular Service. Mr. Wilson had made a thorough study of China and her position, and his advice was constantly sought by Secretary Knox.

⁂

Mr. Wilson's Rise.

A banker who has enjoyed an intimate acquaintance with the retiring Assistant Secretary told yesterday how Mr. Wilson gained his position in the department almost by accident. He had received a Consular appointment to Rumania, where the duties were light, but in his anxiety to get into a position with more work he effected an exchange with Spencer Eddy, who had been transferred from Rumania to Argentina and wanted to get back. Upon leaving office, Elihu Root told his successor of a plan for reorganizing the work of the Department of State which Wilson had drawn up and which Secretary Root had vainly urged upon Congress. This plan called for the creation of a new position, to be known as Permanent Under Secretary, so as to leave the Secretary free to handle the broader policies. Mr. Knox thought well of the plan, and, as the man to whom he offered the post of Assistant Secretary declined it, in the belief that he was to be put under the new Under Secretary, Mr. Wilson was made Assistant Secretary. Incidentally, the new post suggested was never created.

⁂

Mellen to Remain.

Like President Brown of the New York Central Lines, President Mellen of the New Haven is asked every little while when he is going to resign. In a moment of impatience Mr. Mellen once answered a reporter by saying "Yes," he was going to do it, but he didn't say when. Mr. Mellen a few days later explained that he fully intended to quit some day. A report printed yesterday was that Mr. Mellen would leave the New Haven as soon as his indictments, brought under the Grand Trunk-New Haven controversy, were disposed of, and that Howard Elliott, who succeeded him on the Northern Pacific, was being talked of as his successor in New Haven. Both Mr. Mellen and the company's bankers gave unqualified denials to this story yesterday.

⁂

Baltimore & Ohio at Par.

One of the inconsistencies in the stock market, which is largely made up of inconsistencies, is that Baltimore & Ohio stock, paying 6 per cent. with great regularity, should sell at 100, when Erie common, which never paid a dividend, and in the estimate of "ticker statisticians" never will, sells at 27. The Baltimore & Ohio's market price has not responded very readily to the improvement in the company's position. In February this road did $560,000 more business than in the corresponding month of last year, although the increase in net was only $28,000. For the eight months the gross earnings increased nearly $8,000,000, and the net $1,991,000. Friends of the Baltimore & Ohio give it credit for having expended money on a liberal scale to maintain the property at a high standard. When a road makes use of prosperity to bury a considerable share of its surplus earnings in improvements to roadbed and structures it is able to scrimp on maintenance costs to some extent when lean periods arrive.

⁂

Brooklyn Union Gas Dividends.

The Brooklyn Union Gas Company is not disposed to accede to the demands of W. Bourke Cockran, Jefferson M. Levy, and Thomas Read, representing the minority holders, that the present dividends of 8 per cent. per annum be increased to make up for the years when less than 6 per cent. was paid out. The company is now paying 6 per cent. as a regular dividend and the other 2 per cent. as an extra, and despite the demands of the minority, who say that earnings are twice the dividend requirements, a Director of the Brooklyn Union says that the company may have difficulty in maintaining the 8 per cent. disbursement if costs of operation continue to advance. It is said that coal, oil, and labor have all advanced considerably in recent years.

⁂

The Brokers' Holiday.

Practically every exchange in the world will be closed to-day, and most of those with which this country is concerned will not reopen until Monday. The New York Stock Exchange closes for Good Friday and the day following by petition of the members when there are no special reasons for disturbing the custom. The grain exchange will be open to-morrow. The holiday in London extends till Tuesday, for which reason many of the brokers here will not return to their offices until that day. The banks do not recognize Good Friday as a holiday, and the weekly bank statement will be issued at the usual hour to-morrow.

STOCK MARKET AVERAGES.

The average quotations of twenty-five leading railroad and twenty-five industrial issues and of these two groups of stocks combined:

1913.

RAILROADS.

	High.	Low.	Mean.	Last.	Changes.
Mar. 10..	85.21	84.26	84.73	84.56	— .58
Mar. 11..	85.33	84.71	85.02	85.06	+ .50
Mar. 12..	85.70	84.96	85.33	85.11	+ .05
Mar. 13..	85.53	84.90	85.21	85.49	+ .38
Mar. 14..	85.47	84.88	85.17	85.29	— .20
Mar. 15..	85.29	85.05	85.17	85.11	— .18
Mar. 17..	85.21	84.86	85.03	84.93	— .18
Mar. 18..	84.92	84.55	84.73	84.63	— .30
Mar. 19..	84.70	84.16	84.43	84.56	— .07
Mar. 20..	84.73	84.21	84.47	84.51	— .05

INDUSTRIALS.

	High.	Low.	Mean.	Last.	Changes.
Mar. 10..	60.10	59.54	59.82	59.70	— .57
Mar. 11..	60.33	60.02	60.17	60.23	+ .53
Mar. 12..	60.63	59.96	60.29	60.09	— .14
Mar. 13..	60.21	59.75	59.98	60.14	+ .05
Mar. 14..	60.21	59.86	60.03	60.07	— .07
Mar. 15..	60.16	60.04	60.01	60.07	..
Mar. 17..	59.95	59.72	59.83	59.76	— .31
Mar. 18..	59.57	58.92	59.24	59.00	— .76
Mar. 19..	58.98	57.83	58.40	58.45	— .55
Mar. 20..	58.67	58.20	58.43	58.37	— .08

COMBINED AVERAGE.

	High.	Low.	Mean.	Last.	Changes.
Mar. 10..	72.55	71.90	72.27	72.13	— .57
Mar. 11..	72.83	72.36	72.59	72.64	+ .51
Mar. 12..	73.16	72.46	72.81	72.60	— .04
Mar. 13..	72.87	72.32	72.59	72.81	+ .21
Mar. 14..	72.84	72.37	72.60	72.68	— .13
Mar. 15..	72.72	72.54	72.59	72.59	— .09
Mar. 17..	72.58	72.29	72.43	72.34	— .25
Mar. 18..	72.24	71.73	71.98	71.81	— .53
Mar. 19..	71.84	70.99	71.40	71.50	— .31
Mar. 20..	71.70	71.20	71.45	71.44	— .06

March Range to Date.

	High.		Low.	
Railroads	86.98	Mar. 1	84.16	Mar. 19
Industrials	62.02	Mar. 5	57.83	Mar. 19
Comb. average	74.53	Mar. 5	70.99	Mar. 19

March Range in 1911 and 1912.

RAILROADS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
1912........	94.22	Mar. 27	89.98	Mar. 1	93.61
1911........	94.92	Mar. 28	91.91	Mar. 4	93.89

INDUSTRIALS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
1912........	69.26	Mar. 27	62.60	Mar. 1	68.01
1911........	66.60	Mar. 1	64.17	Mar. 4	65.75

COMBINED FIFTY STOCKS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
1912........	81.74	Mar. 27	76.29	Mar. 1	80.81
1911........	80.72	Mar. 28	78.04	Mar. 4	79.82

This Year's Range to Date.

	Open.	High.		Low.		Last.
Railroads..	86.98	91.41	Jan. 9	84.06	Feb. 25	84.51
Industrials.	66.76	67.08	Jan. 2	57.83	Mar. 19	58.37
Comb. av..	78.79	79.10	Jan. 9	70.99	Mar. 19	71.44

Year's Range in 1912.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
	Jan. 2.	Oct. 4.	Dec. 16.	Dec. 31.
Railroads	91.43	97.28	88.39	90.27
	Jan. 2.	Sept. 30.	Feb. 1.	Dec. 31.
Industrials	64.00	74.50	61.74	66.13
Combined av.	77.51	85.82	75.24	78.10

Year's Range in 1911.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
	Jan. 3.	June 28.	Sept. 23.	Dec. 30.
Railroads	91.79	99.61	84.40	91.37
	Jan. 3.	June 5.	Sept. 25.	Dec. 30.
Industrials	62.05	66.76	54.75	63.83
	Jan. 3.	June 26.	Sept. 25.	Dec. 30.
Combined av.	77.37	84.45	69.57	77.60

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Curb Trading Dull and Weak—United Cigar Stores Sells Off.

Transactions in unlisted securities yesterday showed a small total with losses general. United Cigar Stores closed at 95½, a decline of a point. Tobacco Products preferred sold down from 89 to 87½, with the close at the low, showing a loss of 1¼. Standard Oil of New Jersey declined to 357, where it closed, showing a loss of 2 points.

⁂

Transactions reported yesterday were:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
100..	Brit.-Am. Tob..	22¼	22½	22¼	22½
300..	Emerson-Brant..	50	50	48	48
7,000..	Manhat. Transit.	1¾	1¾	1 9-16	1 9-16
3,000..	*Mays Oil	22	23	22	23
1,000..	S. O. of N. J...	357	358	357	357
225..	†Tob. Prod. pf..	89	†89	87½	87½
1,200..	U. C. S. Co., Am.	96½	96⅝	95½	95½

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
725..	Alaska Copper..	5⅝	5¼	5⅝	5¼
100..	Bessie Gold D..	13	13	13	13
2,850..	*Big Four	86	88	86	88
1,200..	Braden Copper..	8½	8⅝	8½	8⅝
2,200..	Brit.-Col. Cop...	3	3	3	3
100..	‡Buffalo Mines..	2¼	2¼	2¼	2¼
1,000..	Canadian G. S..	16	16	16	16
1,500..	*C. O. D. Con...	7	7	6	6
600..	Con. Ariz. Sm...	5-16	5-16	¼	¼
5,000..	Dia. Black B...	2½	2½	2½	2½
2,550..	El Paso Con....	5⅝	5⅝	5⅛	5¼
200..	Florence	52	52	52	52
1,500..	Giroux Min.....	3	3	2 15-16	2 15-16
400..	Gr.-Cananea	7⅝	8	7⅝	7⅝
200..	Halifax Ton...	1 3-16	1 3-16	1 3-16	1 3-16
300..	Kerr Lake......	3¼	3 3-16	3¼	3 3-16
1,100..	McKin.-Dar.....	2	2 1-32	2	2
300..	Nevada Hills....	1¼	1¼	1¼	1¼
800..	Nipising M. Co.	9⅝	9⅛	9	9⅛
100..	*North B. Dev...	7-16	7-16	7-16	7-16
200..	Stewart........	1½	1 9-16	1½	1 9-16
360..	Tono. Min..	5 11-16	5 11-16	5 9-16	5 9-16
3,700..	Tono. Ext....	2 1-32	2 1-16	2 1-32	2 1-32
2,500..	Tono Merger....	87	89	87	88
2,700..	West End Con...	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
2,000..	*Wettlauf. S. M.	12	13	12	13

LISTED PROSPECT—MINING COMPANY.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
200..	*N. J. Mines Co.	16	16	16	16

BONDS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
$10,000..	B. R. T. 5% notes	94⅞	94⅞	94⅞	94⅞
5,500..	West. Pac. 5s.	81⅝	81⅝	81⅝	81⅝

*Sells cents per share. †Odd lots. ‡Ex div.

⁂

Issues not traded in were quoted thus:

INDUSTRIALS.

	March 20. Bid.	March 20. Asked.	March 19. Bid.	March 19. Asked.
Allied Securities Co....	83	85	83	85
Am. Writing Paper......	1½	2	1½	2
Bay State Gas	⅜	½	⅜	½
Borden's Con. Milk....	114¼	115¼	114¼	115¼
Borden's Con. Milk pf..	105	106	105	106
Brown Shoe	54	56	54	56
Brown Shoe pf	94	96	94	96
Burns Brothers	40	44	40	44
Cluett-Peabody	58	61	58	61
Cluett-Peabody pf	99	101	99	101
Con. Rubber Tire.......	15	20	15	20
Con. Rubber Tire pf....	..	79	..	79
Continental Can	51	54	51	54
Continental Can pf.....	93	97	93	97
Em.-Brant. pf	90	95	92	97
Havana Tobacco	3½	4	3½	4
Havana Tobacco pf......	7	10	7	10
Houston Oil	17½	19	17	19
Houston Oil pf	59	65	59	65
Inter. Rubber t. c.....	8	9	8	9
Leh. Val. C. S. Co....	190	200	190	200
Marconi of Am., new..	4¾	5¼	4¾	5¼
National Sugar	97½	99	97½	99
New York Trans.........	4	5	4	5
Oil Fields of Mexico...	1¾	2	1¾	2
Otis Elevator	81	85	81	85
Otis Elevator pf.......	97	99	97	99
Penn. Textile	24	25	24	25
Puebla Sm. & Ref....	2 1-16	2½	2 1-16	2 3-16
R. J. Reynolds	260	270	260	270
Tobacco Products.......	110	130	110	130
‡United Cigar Stores Co. of Am. pf........	110	114	110	115
U. S. Light & Heat..	9	11	9	11
U. S. Light & Heat pf.	60	70	60	70
Willys Overland	62	66	62	66
Willys Overland pf.....	92	97	92	97

MINING STOCKS.

	March 20. Bid.	March 20. Asked.	March 19. Bid.	March 19. Asked.
Alaska Gold Mines....	13½	13⅞	13½	13⅞
*Beaver Con	39	41	39	41
Bessie Gold D. pf......	12½	13⅛	12½	13⅛
*C. O. D. Con.........	6	7	6	7
Davis-Daly Copper	1⅛	1⅝	1⅛	1⅝
*Diamond F. Daisy....	3	4	3	4
First National	1⅞	2⅛	1⅞	2⅛
*Greenwater	4	5	4	5
La Rose Con..........	2¾	2⅞	2¾	2⅞
Mason Valley	7	7½	7	7½
Mines of America......	2⅝	2⅞	2⅝	2⅞
Ohio Copper	⅝	¾	⅝	¾
Pacific Smelters	⅛	3-16	⅛	3-16
South Utah M. & S....	¼	⅜	¼	⅜
Tri-Bullion	⅜	½	⅜	½
Tularosa	½	¾	½	¾
Tuolumne Copper	2⅞	3	2¾	3
United Copper	¼	¾	¼	¾
United Copper pf......	..	8	..	8
Yukon Gold Mines..	2 15-16	3 1-16	2 15-16	3 1-16

LISTED PROSPECTS—MINING COMPANIES.

	March 20. Bid.	March 20. Asked.	March 19. Bid.	March 19. Asked.
Chesterfield Copper ...	3	4	4	5
Lightning C.-G. Drain.	2⅞	3	2⅞	3⅛

BONDS.

	March 20. Bid.	March 20. Asked.	March 19. Bid.	March 19. Asked.
Adams Express 4s.....	79	80	79	80
Braden Copper 6s......	170	180	170	180
Canada Southern 5s..	105¾	106¼	105¾	106¼
Chicago Elevated 5s....	97	97½	97	97½
Havana Tobacco 5s.....	61	63	61	63
Mason Valley 6s.......	93	95	93	95
N. Y. City 4¼s, 1960....	98⅜	98½	98⅜	98½
N. Y. City 4¼s, 1962....	98⅜	98⅝	98⅜	98⅝
N. Y., N. H. & Hartford 5% notes.........	100	100¼	100	100¼

*Sells cents per share. †Odd lots.

STANDARD OIL QUOTATIONS.

	Wednesday. Bid.	Wednesday. Asked.	Thursday. Bid.	Thursday. Asked.
Anglo-Am. Oil.........	18	19	18	19
Atlantic Refining	615	625	610	618
Borne-Scrymser	300	330	300	330
Buckeye Pipe Line......	160	165	160	165
Chesebrough Mfg........	670	680	665	680
Colonial Oil	125	130	125	135
Continental Oil	1,700	1,775	1,700	1,800
Crescent Pipe Line.....	60	64	60	65
Cumberland Pipe Line..	75	80	76	82
Eureka Pipe Line.......	365	375	360	375
Galena-Signal Oil	290	300	292	298
Galena-Signal Oil pf..	142	148	142	146
Indiana Pipe Lines.....	127	133	127	130
National Transit	47	49	47	48
New York Transit.......	325	330	327	332
Northern Pipe Line.....	110	115	110	112
Ohio Oil	123	125	124	126
Prairie Oil & Gas......	322	325	320	325
Solar Refining	600	615	605	630
Southern Pipe Line.....	250	255	250	255
South. Penn. Oil.......	890	910	890	910
*S. W. Penn. Pipe L..	160	165	160	165
Standard Oil (Cal.)....	174	176	173	175
Standard Oil (Ind.)....	320	324	320	322
Standard Oil (Kan.)....	540	555	540	555
Standard Oil (Ky.).....	405	420	400	420
Standard Oil (Neb.)....	310	330	310	330
Standard Oil (N. J.)...	358	360	357	359
Standard Oil (N. Y.)...	615	620	610	620
Standard Oil (Ohio)....	273	285	270	285
Swan & Finch	200	220	200	220
Union Tank Line........	67	70	66	68
Vacuum Oil	180	185	178	183
Washington Oil	29	32	28	32
Waters-Pierce Oil ...	1,450	1,550	1,400	1,550

*Ex div.

TOBACCO STOCKS.

	March 20. Bid.	March 20. Asked.	March 19. Bid.	March 19. Asked.
British-American	22½	22¾	22⅝	22⅞
Conley Tinfoil	280	290	280	290
Johnson Tinfoil & Met..	175	185	175	185
J. S. Young	170	180	170	180
MacAndrews & Forbes..	195	200	195	200
P. R.-Am. Tobacco......	240	250	240	250
R. J. Reynolds.........	260	270	260	270
R. J. Reyn. pf., w. i..	115	120	115	120
Tobacco Products	115	130	115	130
Tobacco Co. pf.........	86½	88½	90¼	91¼
United Cigar Stores....	95⅝	96	96⅜	96¾
United Cigar Stores pf.	110	115	110	115

SHORT TERM NOTES.

		—Maturity—	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Amal. Copper.	5	Mar. 15,'15	97⅝	98¼	5.92
Am. Loco.....	5	Oct., 1913	99½	100⅛	4.25
Am. Loco.....	5	Oct., 1914	99	100	5.60
Ann Arbor ...	5	May, 1913	98	99	8.50
Austrian Govt.	4½	July, 14-15	97¼	97¾	5.96
Balt. & Ohio..	4½	June, 1913	99⅝	99⅞	5.00
Bos. & Maine..	5	Feb. 3, '14	98⅛	99¼	6.00
Brooklyn R. T..	5	July, 1918	94⅞	95⅜	6.05
Ches. & Ohio..	4½	June, 1914	98½	98⅞	5.50
Chi. & W. I...	5	Sep., 1915	98⅝	99¼	5.25
Chi. Elev. Rys.	5	July, 1914	96¾	97¼	7.25
C., H. & D....	4	July, 1913	99¼	99⅝	4.25
Erie	6	Apr. 8, '14	99¾	100¼	5.75
Erie	5	Oct., 1914	99	99¾	5.10
Erie	5	Apr., 1915	97½	98¼	5.95
Gen. Motor ...	6	Oct., 1915	98⅝	99¼	6.25
Gen. Rub. Co..	4½	July, 1915	96	96¾	6.80
Hocking Val...	4½	Nov., 1913	99¼	99¾	4.90
Hudson Cos....	6	Oct. 15, '13	96½	97¼	8.00
Illinois Central.	4½	July, 1914	99½	99¾	4.90
Int. & Gt. N..	5	Aug., 1914	96⅝	97½	6.70
Int. Harvester.	5	Feb. 15,'15	99¼	99⅞	5.20
K. C. Ry. & L.	5	Sep., 1913	88	92½	50.00
K. C. R. & L.	6	Sep., 1912	88	91½	..
Lac. Steel Co..	5	Mar., 1915	93⅞	94⅜	7.80
L. S. & M. S..	4½	Mar. 15,'14	99	99⅛	5.12
M. S. R., K.C.	5	May, 1913	93	96	31.00
Mex. M. Com..	4½	Sep., 1913	97	98½	7.80
Mich. Cent....	4½	Mar., 1914	99¼	99⅝	5.12
Minn. & St. L.	6	Feb., 1914	97½	98½	7.50
Mo., K. & T...	5	May, 1913	99⅝	99⅞	6.50
Mo. Pacific...	5	June, 1914	96	96¾	7.85
Mont. Tr. & P.	6	Apr., 1915	99½	99¾	6.95
N. R. of Mex..	4½	June, 1913	98	99	9.50
N. Y. Central.	4½	Mar., 1914	99	99¾	5.05
N. Y. Central.	4½	May, 1915	98¼	98⅞	5.05
N.Y.,N.H.&H..	5	Dec., 1913	99¾	99⅞	5.62
St. L. & S. F.	5	June, 1913	99	100	5.60
St. L. & S. F.	6	Sep., 1914	99	100	6.00
Seaboard A. L.	5	Mar., 1916	98¼	98¾	5.45
Southern Ry...	5	Feb., 1916	98⅜	98¾	5.25
Sulz. & Son...	6	June, 1916	97¼	98⅝	6.35
U. S. S. R. M.	5	Aug., 1914	98	100	5.00
Union Typew..	5	Jan., 1916	96	97¼	6.05
Utah Co......	6	Apr., 1917	99½	100¼	5.99
Westing. Elec.	5	July, 1913	99½	100¼	4.50
Westingh. Elec.	6	Aug., 1915	99¾	100¼	4.00
West. Md......	5	July, 1915	97	98½	5.50

STOCKS OUT OF TOWN.

BALTIMORE.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
100..	Citizens' Bank	42¼	42¼	42¼
30..	Fidelity & Deposit....	150	149	149
210..	Fidelity & Dep. rts....	9¼	9	9
675..	Hous. Oil com. t. c....	19¼	19	19
75..	Hous. Oil pf. t. c.....	62	62	62
300..	United Rys.	23	23	23
20..	Union Trust	63	63	63

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000..	Carolina Central 4s....	91¾	91¾	91¾
5,000..	Con. Coal 6s, notes....	99½	99½	99½
7,000..	United Rys. inc........	62½	62½	62½
30,000..	United Rys. notes....	100	100	100

BOSTON.

MINING.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
80..	Adventure	2½	2½	2½
5..	Algomah	1	1	1
1,045..	Amal. Copper...........	68¼	67⅝	67⅞
100..	Am. Zinc	28½	28¼	28¼
70..	Arizona Com'l..........	3⅝	3½	3½
50..	Boston & Corbin........	6½	6	6½
110..	Butte & Balaklala......	2	2	2
206..	Butte & Superior.......	30½	29¾	30
60..	Calumet & Arizona......	62½	62	62½
11..	Calumet & Hecla......	451	450	451
30..	Chino	37¾	37½	37½
476..	Copper Range...........	43¾	43	43¾
60..	Daly-West	3½	3½	3½
120..	East Butte	12	11¾	12
300..	Giroux	3	3	3
60..	Granby	57¼	57	57
385..	Greene-Cananea	8	7¾	7¾
50..	Hancock	19	19	19
35..	Indiana	13¼	12¾	13¼
6..	Island Creek pf.........	86	86	86
60..	Isle Royale	24¼	24	24
110..	Lake	15	14¾	14¾
90..	La Salle	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞
50..	Mass. Con	4¼	4¼	4¼
100..	Mayflower	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝
10..	Mohawk	48¾	48¾	48¾
10..	Nevada Con..............	16¾	16¾	16¾
10..	Nipissing	9¼	9¼	9¼
100..	North Butte	26½	26½	26½
10..	North Lake	1½	1½	1½
185..	Old Colony	5	4¾	4¾
55..	Old Dominion............	46	46	46
12..	Osceola	90	89	89
241..	Pond Creek	23½	22¾	23
30..	Quincy	65	65	65
25..	Shannon	10½	10½	10½
20..	Shattuck	23½	22¾	22¾
50..	Tuolumne	3	3	3
50..	Union Copper Land.......	1¼	1¼	1¼
81..	U. S. Smelters..........	41	40¾	41
21..	U. S. Smelters pf.......	48¼	48¼	48¼
75..	Utah Apex	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
50..	Utah Con................	9	9	9
180..	Victoria	1½	1½	1½
10..	Wolverine	60¼	60¼	60¼

RAILROADS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
18..	Atchison	100⅜	100⅜	100⅜
3..	Boston & Albany.......	208	208	208
23..	Boston Elevated	107⅝	107	107
27..	Boston & Lowell.........	195	190	195
422..	Boston & Maine..........	70	69	70
21..	Fitchburg pf............	107	107	107
25..	Mass. Elec. pf..........	75	75	75
1,020..	N. Y., N. H. & H.......	118¼	116	118¼
25..	Old Colony R. R........	165	165	165
30..	West End St. R. R.....	77⅝	77⅝	77⅝
40..	W. End St. R. R. pf..	94	93	94

TELEPHONES.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
2,332..	American	131⅝	130¾	131⅝
150..	Mexican	3¼	3¼	3¼
103..	New England	146	144½	146

MISCELLANEOUS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
78..	Am. Agr. Chem. pf.......	97	96¾	97
55..	Amoskeag pf.............	97	97	97
144..	Am. Sugar	112	111¼	112
49..	Am. Sugar pf............	113	112	112¾
150..	Am. Wool pf.............	79⅜	79⅛	79⅛
25..	East Boston Land........	12¼	12¼	12¼
6..	Edison	277	277	277
204..	General Electric........	136⅞	136¼	136⅞
74..	Mass. Gas	89	88½	88½
45..	Mass. Gas pf............	95¼	95	95
5..	McElwain pf.............	102	102	102
413..	North Texas rights......	50c.	48c.	50c.
70..	Pullman	157	156½	157
75..	Reece Buttonhole........	16	16	16
60..	Swift	105½	105	105½
145..	United Fruit	167	165	166½
298..	United Shoe Mach........	49¾	49	49½
67..	Un. Shoe Mach. pf.......	27½	27½	27½
2,262..	U. S. Steel.............	59⅝	58⅜	59¼
308..	U. S. Steel pf..........	107⅝	107	107¼

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$2,000..	Am. Agr. Chem. 5s.....	100	100	100
28,000..	Am. Tel. & Tel. 4s.....	86⅝	86¼	86⅝
1,000..	A. T. & T. 4½s full pd.	102½	102½	102½
13,000..	A., G. & W. I. 5s......	59	59	59
11,000..	C., B. & Q. jt. 4s......	93⅞	93¾	93⅞
3,000..	C. J. & S. Y. 5s. 1915.	99	99	99
1,000..	N. E. Cot. Yarn 5s....	90¼	90¼	90¼
3,000..	Un. Fruit 4½s, 1925....	93⅞	93⅞	93⅞

BOSTON CURB CLOSING PRICES.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Alaska G...	13½	13⅞	Houghton...	4½	5
Begole	1¼	1⅜	La Rose...	2⅝	2⅞
Bohemia	1⅝	2	Majestic ...	41	44
Boston Ely	60	70	Mex Metals	1	1 1-16
Butte Cent.	6	6⅛	Nev. Doug.	2¼	2½
Butte & L...	25	30	Nev. Utah..	2	5
Cactus Cop.	6	10	New Baltic	1¼	1⅜
Calaveras...	2⅞	3	Ohio	70	72
Chief Cons	1¼	1⅜	Oneco	1¼	1⅜
Corbin Cop.	70	75	Raven	14	16
Cons. Ariz.	25	35	R. I. Coal.	8	16
Davis-D ...	1 3-16	1¼	South Lake.	6	7
First Nat..	1 13-16	2	S.W.Miami.	3	3½
Hollinger...	16½	17½	U. V. Ext.	65	70

CHICAGO.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
300..	American Can	31	30	30
50..	American Can pf......	120¼	120¼	120¼
50..	Am. Shipbuilding	50	50	50
50..	American T. & T......	130¼	130¼	130¼
90..	Chicago Pneu. Tool...	49	49	49
180..	Chi. Rys., Series 2....	22½	21¾	21¾
234..	Com. Edison	140	140	140
50..	Corn Products Ref....	10¼	10¼	10¼
100..	Goodrich	30¼	30¼	30¼
100..	Hart S. M. pf........	95	95	95
20..	Montgomery Ward pf.	107⅜	107⅜	107⅜
15..	People's Gas	109⅝	109⅝	109⅝
10..	Public Service	79	79	79
37..	Public Service pf.....	98½	98½	98½
3,209..	Sears-Roebuck	183¼	178¼	181¼
112..	Swift & Co............	105⅛	105⅛	105⅛
200..	U. S. Steel...........	59⅝	59	59
100..	Union Carbide	173	170	173

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$25,000..	Chicago Ry. 5s......	98⅝	98½	98½
1,500..	Chicago inc. 4s......	47	47	47
11,000..	Com. Edison 5s........	101¾	101⅜	101¾
1,000..	Ogden Gas 5s..........	95	95	95

PHILADELPHIA.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
180..	Amal. Copper	68	67½	67⅝
100..	American Ice	24	24	24
100..	American Rys.	39	39	39
70..	American Rys. pf.....	102	101¾	101¾
25..	Baldwin Locom. pf....	104½	104	104
260..	Cambria Steel	49⅞	49⅝	49⅝
44..	Electric Storage Bat.	51¼	51	51
10..	General Asphalt	37	37	37
25..	Ins. Co. of N. A......	21½	21½	21½
145..	Keystone Tel. pf......	44¼	44	44
10..	Lehigh Nav. stock....	87⅞	87⅞	87⅞
20..	Lehigh Nav. ctfs......	87½	87½	87½
13..	Lehigh Valley.	76 11-16	76 11-16	76 11-16
275..	Lehigh Valley Tran..	19	18¾	19
55..	Lehigh Valley pf.....	34¼	34	34¼
415..	Penn. R. R........	59⅜	59 3-16	59 5-16
22..	Penn. Salt Mfg. Co..	105⅞	105⅞	105⅞
10..	Phila. Co.	44¾	44¾	44¾
225..	Phila. Electric	22⅜	22⅛	22⅜
125..	Phila. R. T. ctfs......	24¼	24	24¼
1,060..	Reading	77 11-16	77 1-16	77½
3,005..	Tonopah Belmont	7	6¾	6 13-16
20..	Union Pacific	147⅞	147⅞	147⅞
151..	Union Traction	49⅞	49¾	49¾
90..	United Gas Imp Co....	87¼	87	87
8,285..	U. S. Steel...........	59⅝	58⅝	59¼
30..	U. S. Steel pf........	107⅝	107⅝	107⅝
10..	Utah Copper	50¼	50¼	50¼
50..	Warwick Iron & Steel.	10¼	10¼	10¼
20..	West J. & S. S........	56⅜	56⅜	56⅜

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$7,000..	Beth. Steel 5s.......	83⅝	83⅜	83⅝
3,000..	Elec. & Peo. 4s......	85	85	85
2,000..	Harwood Elec. 6s....	100	99¾	100
10,000..	Inter-State Ry. 4s....	58	58	58
1,000..	Lehigh Valley 4½s....	102⅝	102⅝	102⅝
1,000..	Lehigh V. gen. col. 4s	94⅝	94⅝	94⅝
2,000..	Phila. Co. 1st 5s......	99	98⅞	99
1,000..	Phila. con. 5s........	91¾	91¾	91¾
1,000..	Phila. Electric 4s.....	80½	80½	80½
12,000..	Penn. & Md. Steel 6s.	103	103	103
2,000..	Read. deb. term. 5s..	114	114	114
2,000..	Reading gen. 4s.......	96¼	96¼	96¼
4,000..	United Ry. gold 5s....	73¼	73¼	73¼
1,000..	York Ry. 1st 5s.......	94½	94½	94½

PITTSBURGH.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
50..	Am. Sewer Pipe.......	10¼	10¼	10¼
60..	Crucible Steel	15¾	15¼	15¾
90..	Crucible Steel pf.....	92	92	92
45..	Harbison Walker	48	48	48
20..	Independent Brew. pf..	30¼	30¼	30¼
47..	Mfrs. L. & Heat......	52	51½	52
150..	Nat. Fireproofing	6	6	6
140..	Natl. Fireproofing pf.	26⅜	26	26
280..	Ohio Fuel Oil.........	17	17	17
25..	Oklahoma Gas	68	68	68
25..	Pitts. Plate Glass....	100	100	100
700..	Pure Oil	14⅞	14¾	14⅞
75..	Pittsburgh Brewing ..	10¾	10½	10½
10..	Pittsburgh Brew. pf..	36¼	36¼	36¼
50..	Pitts. Silver Peak....	59	59	59
200..	Tonopah Extension ...	2	2	2
20..	Westingho'e Machine.	24	24	24
683..	Westinghouse Elec....	31¼	31¼	31¼
10..	Westinghouse Elec. pf.	58⅝	58⅝	58⅝

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$8,000..	Indpt. Brewing 6s....	82	82	82
42,000..	Pitts. Coal deb. 5s...	90	89⅞	90

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 20.—The Treasury statement, issued to-day, gives receipts and expenditures for yesterday and for the elapsed periods of the month and of the fiscal year as follows:

	March 19.	Month.	Fiscal Yr.
Customs	$1,991,276	$17,831,819	$240,718,860
Internal rev...	758,847	15,233,580	222,883,648
Corp. tax	8,273	871,435	4,075,841
Miscellaneous .	352,033	2,946,994	39,335,047
Total receipts..	3,109,930	36,883,280	507,013,392
Expenditures..	1,913,108	33,320,324	496,071,827
Surplus	1,196,822	3,562,955	10,941,565

*Deficit.

These figures exclude Panama Canal and public debt transactions.

The condition of the United States Treasury at the beginning of business to-day was: Working balance, $80,719,361; in banks and Philippine Treasury, $42,787,750; total of general funds, $148,846,881.

BOURSES OF EUROPE

London Market Quiet—Prices Weaker in Berlin, but Firm in Paris.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Friday, March 21.—The Times in its City article to-day will say:

"There was little alteration in the rates for money. The Bank was not asked for as much assistance as on Wednesday, the demand for money being somewhat less keen. Discount quotations were finally unchanged, after being weaker for a short time. Continental exchanges moved in favor of London. The Bank return showed a reduction of £1,090,000 ($5,450,000) in the reserve. Four hundred sixty-four thousand pounds ($2,320,000) in gold arrived from abroad, but £535,000 ($2,675,000) in notes and £1,019,000 ($5,095,000) in coin were taken out for holiday purposes.

"The stock markets opened quiet and steady, but after the execution of early orders transactions soon began to dwindle and business came to a standstill. Apart from the renewed buying of consols and the buoyancy of Canadian Pacific, Union Pacific, and Southern Pacific stocks, there were few features of interest. A few foreign railway stocks, which had been depressed of late, rallied to a small extent. Chartered shares hardened after the recent decline, and copper shares were bought."

PARIS, March 20.—Prices were firm on the Bourse to-day.

Three per cent. rentes, 87 francs 62½ centimes for the account.

BERLIN, March 20.—Although the money market was slightly easier, prices were somewhat weaker on the Boerse to-day.

LONDON CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

	London.	N. Y. Equiv.	N. Y. Close.	Net Ch'ge.
Consols, money..	73 11-16	..	..	+1-16
Consols, account..	73⅞	..	..	+1-16
Amalgamated ...	70⅛	68⅝	68⅛	+ ½
Atchison	103⅞	100⅝	101	— ¾
Balt. & Ohio.....	102½	99½	100	— ½
Canadian Pac.....	230	224	223¼	+ ⅞
Ches. & Ohio.....	73	71⅛	71½	— ⅝
Chi. Gt. West.....	15	14⅝	..	..
St. Paul	111	108¼	108¼	..
Denver	20	19½	..	..
Erie	27¼	26¾	26¾	..
Erie 1st pf........	44¾	43½	..	..
Illinois Central...	125	121⅞	..	..
Kansas & Texas..	25	24⅜	24	+ ⅜
Louis. & Nash....	136¼	132⅞	132½	+ ⅝
N. Y. Central....	108⅞	105⅞	105⅝	+ ⅜
Norf. & West.....	107	104⅝	104	+ ¼
Ontario & West..	30¼	29½	29½	..
Pennsylvania	60⅝	118⅜	118⅜	..
Reading	79⅝	155¼	155⅜	— ⅛
Southern Ry......	25⅝	25	25	..
Southern Pac.....	102⅛	99⅝	99⅝	+ ¼
Union Pacific	151⅞	147⅞	147⅝	+ ¼
U. S. Steel	61¼	59⅝	59½	+ ⅛
Wabash	4¼	4⅛	..	..

Exchange, 4.8720.

BANK OF ENGLAND.

LONDON, March 20.—The weekly statement of the Bank of England shows the following changes:

Total reserve decreased	£1,090,000
Circulation increased	535,000
Bullion decreased	555,394
Other securities increased	180,000
Other deposits increased	127,000
Public deposits decreased	1,142,000
Notes reserve decreased	1,381,000
Government securities	Unchanged

The proportion of the bank's reserve to liability this week is 40.45 per cent.; last week it was 41.47 per cent.

Rate of discount unchanged at 5 per cent.

BANK OF FRANCE.

PARIS, March 20.—The weekly statement of the Bank of France shows the following changes:

	Francs.
Gold in hand increased	9,366,000
Silver in hand increased	2,916,000
Notes in circulation decreased.....	34,775,000
Treasury deposits decreased	3,325,000
General deposits increased	45,400,000
Bills discounted decreased	45,300,000
Advances decreased	2,725,000

Four-Day Holiday on Paris Bourse.

PARIS, March 20.—The Bourse will be closed to-morrow, Saturday, and Monday.

WESTERN ELECTRIC GAINING.

Earnings Equivalent to 32 Per Cent., Against 21 Last Year.

The annual report of the Western Electric Company for the year ended Dec. 31 shows a surplus for dividends earned of $4,853,000. This is equivalent to 32.36 per cent. on the $15,000,000 of capital stock. Last year the company earned 21.87 per cent.

Gross sales last year amounted to $71,727,000, as against $66,211,000 for the previous year. President H. B. Thayer says that the sales to companies of the Bell Telephone system did not differ materially from those of the previous year, the increase being made in sales to other domestic customers and to foreign companies. The company had 24,564 employes on Jan. 1, 1913.

PUBLIC UTILITY SECURITIES.

	Bid.	Asked.
American Light & Traction. com....	350	360
American Light & Traction pf......	105	108
Adirondack Electric Power com....	14	17
Adirondack Electric Power pf......	50	55
American Gas & Electric com......	80	84
American Gas & Electric pf........	44	46
American Power & Light com.......	70	74
American Power & Light pf........	81	84
American Public Utilities com.....	60	63
American Public Utilities pf......	74	76
Appalachian Power Co. com........	17	19
Appalachian Power Co. pf.........	64	65
Cities Service com................	112	118
Cities Service pf.................	86	88
Commonwealth P. R. & L. com......	67	70
Commonwealth P. R. & L. pf.......	89	91
Denver Gas & Electric Gen. 5s.....	94	96
Electric Bond Deposit pf..........	74	76
Electric Bond & Share pf..........	99¼	101
Empire District Electric 5s.......	..	81
Empire District Electric pf.......	..	84
Federal Light & Traction com......	30	32
Federal Light & Traction pf.......	79	82
Federal Utilities Co., Inc., com....	..	40
Federal Utilities Co., Inc., pf.....	70	75
Gas & Electric Securities com.....	130	140
Gas & Electric Securities pf......	92	96
Lincoln Gas & Electric	28	32
Montana Power Co. com............	43	45
Montana Power Co. pf.............	100	101
Montgomery L. & W. P. 5s.........	82	86
Northern States Power com........	21	23
Northern States Power pf.........	83⅛	85
Ozark Power & Water Co. com......	58	62
Pacific Gas & Electric com........	57	59
Pacific Gas & Electric pf.........	90	92
Republic Ry. & Light Co. com.....	24	26
Republic Ry. & Light Co. pf......	76	80
Standard Gas & Electric com......	17½	18½
Standard Gas & Electric pf........	47	49
Tennessee Ry., L. & P. Co. com....	20	21
Tennessee Ry., L. & P. Co. pf.....	75	76½
Union Rwy. Gas & Electric com....	60	63
Union Rwy. Gas & Electric pf......	88	90
United Light & Rys. com..........	77	81
United Light & Rys. 1st pf........	80	82
United Light & Rys. 2d pf.........	73	75
United Utilities Co. com..........	37	40
United Utilities Co. pf...........	100	102
Utah Securities	20	22
Utilities Improvement com.........	64	67
Utilities Improvement pf..........	74	77
Western Power com................	19	22
Western Power pf.................	49	52

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alpha Con..........	.01	Mexican	.72
Andes	.03	Occidental Con......	.70
Best & Belcher......	.03	Ophir	.15
Bullion	.01	Overman	.29
Caledonia	1.70	Potosi	.03
Confidence	.35	Savage	.05
Con. Cal. & Va......	.17	Seg Belcher	.06
Con. Imperial	.01	Sierra Nevada	.07
Gould & Curry.......	.03	Union Con...........	.10
Hale & Norcross.....	.06	Utah Con............	.04
Kentucky Con........	.01	Silver Bars.........	.56⅝

TONOPAH.		Comb. Fract.	.06
Belmont	6.75	Diamondfield D......	.03
Jim Butler	.86	Diamondf'd B. B.....	.02
McNamara	.19	Florence	.50
Midway	.52	Goldf'd C. M.......	2.97½
Mizpah Exten........	.65	Goldf'd Merger......	.25
Montana	1.60	Jumbo Exten.........	.28
North Star	.30	Lone Star	.02
Rescue Eula	.13	Silver Pick	.06
Tonopah Exten.......	2.00	Vernal	.13
Tonopah Merger......	.87	Nevada Hills........	1.22½
West End	.03	Round Mountain......	.44
GOLDFIELD.		MANHATTAN.	
Atlanta	.16	Manhattan Con.......	.07
Booth	.06	Manhat. Big Four ...	.86
C. O. D.............	.06		

COLORADO.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. Jackpot	7½	7⅝	Jackpot	5⅞	6¼
Elkton	59½	59⅝	McKinney......	64⅛	65½
El Paso......	500	525	Old Gold......	2⅝	3
Findlay	4½	5	Portland	98	99
Gold Dollar	11⅛	11¾	Vindicator.....	95⅛	98
Isabella	11½	12	Raven B. H	6	7

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True Investment

Insist on safety, reasonable market and fair income, such as can be obtained in solid mortgage bonds on good properties.

Remember that every chance for large profit is balanced by an equal chance for large loss.

My business is that of a *consulting broker, with nothing to sell but service.*

Correspondence Invited.

C. M. Keys
35 Nassau Street, New York

INACTIVE

For Sale

50 American Chicle Pfd.
25 Am. Speaking Teleph.
50 Borden's Milk Com.
100 H. R. Worth. Pump Pfd.
50 National Fuel Gas
100 Otis Elevator Com.
50 Royal Bak. Pow. Pfd.
75 Sen Sen Chiclets
100 Safety Car Htg. & Lg.

Lown & Ross
10 WALL ST. Phone Rector 1608.

STANDARD OIL

We Issue Weekly Summary Of Available Public Information On Standard Oil Issues. This Service Supplied On Application.

CARL H. PFORZHEIMER
Phones 4860-1-2-3-4 Broad. 25 Broad St., N. Y.

CONSERVATIVE INVESTMENTS
Municipal Bonds yielding 4.25% to 4.75%.
List on application.

R. M. GRANT & CO.
NEW YORK Bankers CHICAGO
31 Nassau St. 111 W. Monroe St.

Outside Securities Department

Semet-Solvay Process
Bucyrus Company
Hale & Kilburn
Dallas Electric

CHAS. H. JONES & CO.,
20 Broad St., New York
Municipal, Railroad and Corporation Bonds.
Telephone 3155 Rector. Cable "Orientment."

New Jersey Municipal Bonds.

Outwater & Wells
15 Exchange Place. Tel. 2030 Jersey City
Jersey City, N. J.

We Have For Sale a First Mortgage Guaranteed 5% Bond To Net 5.15%.

W. E. R. SMITH & CO.
20 BROAD ST., NEW YORK.

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Ocean Steamship 5s, Due 1920

Gilman & Clucas
1st Nat'l Bk. Bldg. New Haven, Ct.
34 Pine St. New York.

Amer. Light & Traction Com.
International Nickel Com.
Cumberland Corp. Common
United Lt. & Rys. Co. Com.

Lamarche & Coady
'Phone 3669 Broad
25 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK.

CONSOLIDATED RUBBER TIRE CO.
(Kelly-Springfield Tires.)
Batavia Rubber (Tire) Co. Pfd. & Com.
Goodyear Tire & Rubber Pfd.
Fisk Rubber Co.
Ajax-Grieb Rubber Co.
Walpole Tire & Rubber Co.

GEO. V. COX
Tel. 5215 Rector. 20 Broad St., N. Y.

Public Utility Securities Yielding Over 5%
Circular on Request

Meikleham & Dinsmore
Engineers and Bankers
437 Chestnut St. Philadelphia 25 Broad St. New York 35 Congress St. Boston

Pana Gas and Elec. 5s
Jerseyville Illum. 5s
Duluth R. L. and Winnipeg 5s

A. E. FITKIN & CO.
25 Broad Street. Broad 560.

W. N. COLER & CO.,
BANKERS,
Established 1870.
43 CEDAR STREET, NEW YORK CITY.
NEW YORK CITY and other high grade municipal bonds.
Special circulars on request.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Thursday, March 20, 1913.

Total sales March 20, 1913	243,003
From Jan. 1, 1913	20,225,673
Same period last year	26,623,163

Closing. Bid.	Closing. Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
140	150	10	Adams Express	145	145	145	145	...
67½	67¾	14,800	Amalgamated Copper	68⅛	68⅝	67¼	67½	— ⅝
25½	25⅞	300	Am. Beet Sugar	26¼	26¼	25½	25½	— ½
128	133	100	Am. B. S. & F. pf. x d.	129	129	129	129	— ¼
29¾	30	7,800	Am. Can	30¼	31	29⅜	29¾	— ½
120	120½	1,050	Am. Can pf	120¼	120½	120	120½	+ ½
48½	49	200	Am. Car & Foundry	48¼	48¼	48¼	48¼	+ ¼
43	45	200	Am. Cotton Oil	43¼	43½	43¼	43½	+ ½
..	..	1	Am. Exch. Nat. Bank	234	234	234	234	...
162	170	175	Am. Express	164⅞	164⅞	164⅞	164⅞	— ⅜
23⅞	24½	300	Am. Ice Securities	24	24¼	23⅞	24¼	+ ⅝
9⅞	10	100	Am. Linseed	9⅞	9⅞	9⅞	9⅞	...
34¼	35	500	Am. Locomotive	34½	34½	34¼	34¼	— ¼
65¼	65⅝	5,250	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	65½	66	65	65½	— ⅜
100⅞	101	400	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf.	101⅛	101¼	101	101	+ ⅛
171	173	100	Am. Snuff	171	171	171	171	—2
32	33	150	Am. Steel Foundries	32½	32½	32½	32½	— ⅛
111	113	100	Am. Sugar Refining	111¾	111¾	111¾	111¾	+ ¼
112½	114	100	Am. Sugar Ref. pf.	113	113	113	113	— ½
131¼	131⅜	2,984	Am. Teleph. & Teleg.	131¼	131½	130¼	131½	...
78½	79½	260	Am. Woolen pf.	79⅜	79⅜	79¼	79¼	+ ¼
35½	35¾	200	Anaconda Copper Co.	35½	35½	35½	35½	— ¼
100⅝	100⅞	1,100	Atch., Top. & S. F.	101	101	100¾	100¾	— ¼
99½	100	300	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf.	100	100	99⅝	99⅝	— ⅜
122⅞	123	400	Atlantic Coast Line	122½	123	122½	122⅞	— ⅛
46½	47	200	Baldwin Locomotive	46⅝	47	46⅝	47	...
103½	103⅞	320	Baldwin Loco. pf.	104	104	103⅞	103⅞	— ⅛
33	34	500	Bethlehem Steel	33	33⅛	33	33	...
68	68¾	200	Bethlehem Steel pf.	68⅜	68⅜	68¼	68¼	+ ¼
127	130	100	Brooklyn Union Gas	130	130	130	130	+1½
87	87⅜	900	Brooklyn Rapid Tran.	87½	87½	87	87⅞	+ ⅜
8	8¾	400	Bruns. Ter. & Ry. Sec.	8	8	8	8	— ⅛
27¼	28	800	Butterick Co.	28⅛	28⅛	27⅜	27⅜	— ⅞
46¾	47	2,200	California Petroleum	47⅛	47¼	46¼	46¾	— ¼
76½	77½	100	California Pet. pf.	76⅞	76⅞	76⅞	76⅞	— ⅛
223	223⅛	2,300	Canadian Pacific	223	224	222⅝	223½	+ ⅜
24½	25	600	Central Leather Co.	25	25	24½	24½	— ½
71	71¼	5,320	Chesapeake & Ohio	71½	71¾	70¼	71⅛	— ⅜
10	20	100	Chicago & Alton	10	10	10	10	— ⅛
108¼	108¾	1,100	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	108½	108½	108	108	— ⅛
38½	38¾	3,500	Chino Copper	37¼	38½	37	38½	+1⅛
31½	32½	100	Colorado Fuel & Iron	32	32	32	32	+ ⅝
130	131	700	Consolidated Gas	130¼	130¼	129¾	130	— ¼
10⅛	10¼	500	Corn Products Ref.	10¼	10¼	10	10¼	+ ⅛
63½	65	100	Corn Products Ref. pf.	63⅝	63⅝	63⅝	63⅝	— ⅛
16¼	16¾	825	Distillers' Securities	16½	16½	16	16¼	— ¼
26⅝	27	400	Erie	26⅝	26⅞	26⅝	26⅞	+ ⅛
33	34	100	Federal M. & S. pf.	34	34	34	34	+1
180	185	73	General Chemical	180	180	180	180	...
136½	137	200	General Electric	136⅛	136⅛	136	136	...
3	3⅛	1,700	Goldfield Consol.	3	3	2⅞	3	...
30	31	900	Goodrich (B. F.) Co.	30½	31	30	30¼	— ¼
125¾	126¼	1,200	Great Northern pf.	125¾	126⅜	125¾	126¼	+ ¼
42½	43½	100	Guggenheim Explor.	43	43	43	43	— ⅛
121½	122	100	Illinois Central	122	122	122	122	+1
15¾	16	300	Inspiration Con. Cop.	16	16	16	16	+ ⅜
16⅝	16⅞	400	Inter.-Met. v. tr. cfs.	17	17	16⅝	16⅝	— ⅝
57	57½	800	Inter.-Met. pf.	58	58	57	57¼	— ¾
8½	9	300	Int. Steam Pump	9	9	8⅞	8⅞	+ ¾
64	66	100	Kresge (S. S.) Co.	65	65	65	65	...
100¼	100½	200	Laclede Gas	100¼	100¼	100¼	100¼	— ¼
152½	153	1,200	Lehigh Valley	153¼	153¼	152	152¾	— ¼
133½	133¾	200	Louis. & Nash	132⅝	133	132⅝	133	+ ½
127	129	50	Manhattan Elevated	127	127	127	127	...
69	70	700	May Depart. Stores	71	71	69¾	69¾	—1½
3½	4	100	Mercantile Marine	3¾	3¾	3¾	3¾	— ¼
62¼	62½	9,975	Mexican Petroleum	64½	64½	61½	62⅝	—1⅝
128	130	100	M., St. P. & S. S. M. ex d	128¾	128¾	128¾	128¾	— ¼
24⅜	24½	100	M., K. & T.	24¼	24¼	24¼	24¼	+ ¼
36⅜	36⅝	1,200	Missouri Pacific	36¾	36¾	36⅛	36⅝	+ ⅛
114¼	116	300	Nat. Biscuit Co.	115	115	115	115	+1
13¾	14¾	200	Nat. En. & S. Co.	13⅞	14	13⅞	14	+ ⅛
45¾	46½	400	National Lead Co.	46	46	45¾	45¾	+ ¼
104¼	104½	100	National Lead Co. pf.	104½	104½	104½	104½	...
16½	16¾	200	Nevada Consol. Cop.	16⅝	16¾	16⅝	16¾	+ ¼
72	74¾	100	N. Y. Air Brake	72	72	72	72	+3
104½	105½	400	N. Y. Central ex d.	104½	104½	104½	104½	+ ⅛
118	118½	1,100	N. Y., N. H. & H.	117½	118⅜	117½	118¼	+2½
29⅜	30	200	N. Y., O. & W.	29½	29½	29½	29½	...
103¾	104⅛	1,700	Norfolk & Western	104¼	104¼	103¾	104	...
114⅞	115	1,700	Northern Pacific	114½	114⅞	114½	114⅞	+ ¼
24	25	1,100	Pacific Mail	25⅛	25⅛	24½	24½	—3
118⅜	118½	7,512	Penn. Railroad	118⅜	118⅞	118⅛	118½	+ ⅛
109⅝	110	300	People's Gas, Chicago	110½	110½	109½	109½	— ¼
19	20	300	Pittsburgh Coal	19	19	19	19	...
81½	82½	400	Pittsburgh Coal pf.	82	82	81⅛	82	+ ½
24¾	25¼	600	Pressed Steel Car	25	25	25	25	+ ¼
156½	157⅛	200	Pullman Company	157⅛	157⅛	157	157	— ½
4	7	100	Quicksilver pf	4	4	4	4	...
30	30½	950	Railway Steel Spring	27½	31	27½	30	+2½
97	98	200	Ry. Steel Spring pf.	98	98	98	98	...
17⅝	17⅞	400	Ray Consol. Copper	17¾	17⅞	17⅝	17⅞	— ⅛
155⅜	155½	40,900	Reading	155⅝	156	154¾	155½	+ ⅛
89	90	200	Reading 2d pf.	90	90	90	90	...
24	24⅝	600	Rep. Iron & Steel	24⅝	24⅝	24½	24½	— ¼
83¾	85	400	Rep. Iron & Steel pf.	84	84¼	84	84	—1¼
20½	20¾	2,200	Rock Island Co.	20¾	20¾	20⅛	20¾	— ¼
35¾	36¼	2,100	Rock Island Co. pf.	35¾	36	34⅞	36	+ ¾
45½	47	5,280	Rumely (M.) Co.	53	53	45¼	45½	—9½
85½	87	420	Rumely pf. ex d.	87	87	86	86	—1⅜
24	25	500	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf.	24⅛	25	24½	25	+ ½
72	74	223	St. L. S. W. pf.	73½	73½	73	73	—1⅞
181	182	2,650	Sears, Roebuck & Co.	183	184	178	181½	— ¼
33⅝	34	200	Sloss-S. Steel & Iron	33⅞	33⅞	33	33	—1½
98⅝	99	4,000	Southern Pacific	99¾	99¾	98⅛	98¾	— ⅝
24¾	25¼	100	So. Ry. extended	25	25	25	25	...
80½	81	100	So. Ry. pf. extended	80½	80½	80½	80½	+ ¼
87½	93	100	Studebaker Co. pf.	89	89	89	89	...
33½	34	1,000	Tennessee Copper	33⅞	34	33	33¼	— ¼
109	112	300	Texas Co	109	110½	109	110½	+1⅝
18	18¼	100	Texas & Pacific	18	18	18	18	— ¼
23	25	210	T., St. L. & W. pf.	23⅛	23¾	23½	23¾	— ¼
89¼	93	200	Underwood Typew.	89½	89½	89¼	89¼	+ ⅝
4½	5⅛	200	Union B. & P. Co.	4⅝	4⅝	44⅝	4⅝	+ ⅛
29¾	33	100	Union B. & P. Co. pf.	30	30	30	30	— ¼
147¼	147⅜	18,600	Union Pacific	147½	148¼	146¾	147¼	— ⅜
83⅜	83¾	100	Union Pacific pf	83½	83½	83½	83½	...
45	45½	900	United Cigar Mfrs.	46	46	44¼	44¼	—1¾
..	56	100	U. S. C. I. P. & F. pf.	52	52	52	52	—1
59¾	60	850	U. S. Rubber	60	60	59⅝	59⅝	— ⅛
59⅜	59½	53,900	U. S. Steel	59⅜	59¾	58⅝	59⅜	— ⅞
107⅛	107½	365	U. S. Steel pf.	107½	107½	107⅜	107½	+ ⅛
50¾	51	1,600	Utah Copper	50⅛	51	50¼	51	+ ¾
65½	66	600	W. U. Telegraph ex d.	66¼	66¼	65½	65¾	...
62	62¼	1,200	Westinghouse E. & M.	62	62	62	62	...
116¼	117	100	Westinghouse 1st pf.	117	117	117	117	...
86¾	87	3,900	Woolworth (F. W.) Co.	88	88	86	86⅞	+ ⅛

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE.

Total sales March 20, 1913	$1,459,500
From Jan. 1, 1913	130,719,500
Same period last year	208,964,000

City of Tokio 5s	
500	86½
11,000	86½
Rep of Cuba 5s	
1,000	101
N Y City 4s, 1957	
1,000	95¼
N Y City 4s, 1959	
2,000	95¼
N Y City 4¼s	
7,000	99⅞
2,000	100
Adams Express 4s	
500	78½
Am Sm Secur 6s	
2,000	102⅛
Am Tel & Tel conv 4½s rects, full paid	
30,000	102⅝
22,000	102½
rects, 50 per cent paid	
7,000	102½
Am T & T col 4s	
7,000	86½
Am Writing P 5s	
3,000	87½
Atch, Top & S Fe gen 4s	
18,000	95
3,000	95⅛
3,000s20f	95
conv 4s, 1960	
9,000	99⅜
1,000	99½
3,000	99⅜
5,000	99¼
conv 5s	
3,000	101
2,000	101¼
Balt & O gold 4s	
20,000s20f	95
conv 4½s, sub rects, full paid	
2,000	94⅜
5,000	94¼
5'000	94½
10,000	94⅜
5,000	94¼
7,000	94⅜
Beth Steel 5s	
3,000	95½
Beth Steel 1st & ref mtge 5s	
2,000	84
20,000	83½
B'klyn City 1sts	
1,000	102¼
B'klyn Rap Tran ref conv 4s	
1,000	86½
10,000	86¾
4,000	86⅝
20,000	86½
15,000	86⅜
Cal G & Elec 5s	
2,000	95
Car Cent 4s	
1,000	91⅞
Cent Leather 5s	
2,000	94¼
Ches & O conv 4½s	
2,000	90½
Chic, Bur & Qy joint 4s	
33,000	94
1,000	94⅛
Denver Div 4s	
2,000	98
Ill Div 3½s	
1,000	84¼
Chic, Mil & St P gen 4s, Ser A	
1,000	96
5,000	96½
conv 4½s	
1,000	102
2,000	101¾
sub rects, full paid	
16,000	101⅝
53,000	101½
3,000	101⅝
Chic, Mil & P Sd 4s	
5,000	92½
15,000	92
Chi & N W con 7s	
1,000	104⅞
Mil, Sparta & N W 1st 4s	
1,000	93⅜
Chic, R I & Pac Ry ref 4s	
1,000	83¾
Chic, R I & Pac R P 4s	
1,000	61¾
9,000	61⅝
1,000	61¾
Cin, D & I 5s	
2,000	98¼
Col Indus 5s	
2,000	78½
Col & So 1st 4s	
2,000	92½
Del & H conv 4s	
7,000	96¾
Den & R G 1st & ref 5s	
1,000	79¼
5,000	80
Dist Secur Corp 5s	
6,000	65
1,000	64½
Du Pont de Nem Powder 4½s	
13,000	86
Erie 1st con 4s	
5,000	84
Erie 1st gen 4s	
2,000	73⅛
2,000	73
12,000	72½
2,000	72¾
25,000s20f	73
Erie (Penn) col trust 4s	
5,000	89⅛
Erie conv 4s, Ser A	
1,000	75
Series B	
10,000	69¼
Gen Elec deb 5s, temp rects, full paid	
2,000	103¼
Gen Motors 6s	
1,000	98⅝
1,000	98½
5,000	98¾
Gt Nor ref 4¼s	
5,000	99
Gulf & Ship I 5s	
1,000	91½
Ill Cent ref 4s	
1,000	94
Indiana Steel 5s	
2,000	100¼
1,000	100⅜
Inter-Met 4½s	
7,000	78
10,000	77⅞
5,000	77¾
2,000	77⅞
10,000	77⅝
Interboro R T 5s	
1,000	103¼
Int Paper conv 5s	
2,000	87¼
1,000	87
K C, Ft S & M 4s	
5,000	74
Lack Steel 5s, 1915	
5,000	93
Lack Steel 5s, 1950	
1,000	75⅞
L S & M So 4s, 1931	
26,000	90⅝
5,000	90⅜
10,000	90¼
Liggett & M 5s	
1,000	97½
9,000	97¼
Lorillard Co 5s	
4,000	97¾
L & N unified 4s	
2,000	95⅞
L & N Pens Div 6s	
1,000	105¾
Minn & St L 1st & ref 4s	
2,000	60
Mo, K & E 1st 5s	
8,000	103½
Mo, K & T 1st & ref 4s	
1,000	75
Mo Pac 1st con 6s	
1,000	104¼
1,000	104½
Mo Pac conv 5s	
5,000	85¼
N Y Central gen 3½s, reg	
5,000	82½
N Y Cent deb 4s, 1934	
4,000	87½
L S col 3½s	
2,000 c	77¼
1,000	77¼
5,000	77⅜
5,000	77½
N Y G, E L, H & P col trust 5s	
5,000	102
N Y, N H & H conv deb 6s	
8,000	120
2,000	119¾
10,000	120
1,000	119¾
10,000	119½
10,000	119⅛
12,000	119
N Y & Queens Elec Lt & P 5s	
2,000	100
N Y Rys ref 4s	
1,000	74⅝
1,000	74⅝
adjustment 5s	
5,000	67⅝
2,000	57½
37,000	57⅝
10,000	57¾
2,000	57⅞
5,000	57¾
4,000	57⅝
21,000	57½
2,000	57¾
5,000	57½
15,000	57¼
N Y, Westchester & Boston 4½s	
2,000	94¾
Norfolk & So 1st ref 5s, Ser A	
5,000	98¼
Norf & W con 4s	
2,000	95
Norfolk & W conv 4½s, when is	
42,000	102⅝
35,000	102¾
Norfolk & W, Pocahon C & C 4s	
3,000	88
Northern Pac 4s	
2,000	96⅜
4,000	96¼
1,000	96
Ore R R & Nav con 4s	
1,000	91
Ore Short Line 1st con 5s	
500	104½
Ore Short L gtd ref 4s	
8,000	88⅝
Penn 4s, 1948	
5,000	101
Penn conv 3½s	
1,000	96⅝
Portland Ry, L & P 1st conv 5s	
1,000	95
Public Serv Corp skg fd 5s	
1,000	92
5,000	91¾
Reading, J Cent col 4s	
1,000	96
Rep Iron & Steel 5s, 1934	
6,000	102⅞
St L, Iron M & So, River & G 4s	
5,000	82¼
St L, Rocky M & Pac 5s	
10,000	76
St L & S F R R gen 5s	
6,000	79
St L S W con 4s	
3,000	79
Seaboard Air Line adjustment 5s	
1,000	72½
So Bell T & T 1st 5s	
1,000	99½
So Pac col 4s	
2,000	89¾
So Pac conv 4s	
10,000	89
2,000	88⅞
5,000	89
17,000	88⅞
So Pac 1st ref 4s	
5,000	91
1,000	90⅞
Southern Ry 1st 5s	
12,000s10f	104½
2,000	104½
So Ry gen 4s	
8,000	77⅛
5,000	77¼
So Ry, M & O col 4s	
2,000	84
Stand Mill 1st 5s	
1,000	89
Tex Co conv 6s	
2,000	98
1,000	97½
Third Av 1st 5s	
2,000	106
Third Av adj 5s	
16,000	70¾
Tor, H & Buff 4s	
5,000	88
Underground Elect Rys of London income 6s	
10,000	87
Un Pac 1st 4s	
5,000	97
10,000	96½
500	96⅛
Un Pac conv 4s	
10,000	92
22,000	91½
12,000	91
Un Pac 1st & ref 4s	
500	93
2,000	92¾
United Railroads of San Fr 4s	
11,000	62
U S Steel Corp s fund 5s	
25,000	100¾
2,000	100⅞
85,000	100¾
registered	
10,000	100½
Va-Car Ch 1st 5s	
1,000	96
5,000	95½
1,000	95
Va I, C & C 5s	
1,000	94½
Va S W 1st 5s	
10,000	107
Wabash 1st 5s	
3,000	103⅛
Wabash R R ref & ext 4s	
5,000	55½
5,000	55¼
10,000	55½
5,000	55¼
8,000	55
5,000	55⅜
10,000	55
1,000	54¾
5,000	54½
Cent Trust ctfs of depos	
50,000	51
Wab, Pitts Term 1st, Cent Trust ctfs	
1,000	23
West Shore 4s	
1,000	97
Westingh E & M 1st cv s f 5s	
4,000	90¾
Wheel & L E 1st con 4s	
3,000	80¼

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

At the Metal Exchange yesterday trading was quiet and copper was unchanged. Tin was up ⅛, five tons of May sold at 46.00 and five tons of June at 45.75. Spelter was weak at a recession of ten points in the bid and five points in the asking price.

The closing bid and asked prices follow:

Standard copper—	—Thursday.— Bid.	Asked.	—Wednesday.— Bid.	Asked.
Spot	14.00	14.75	14.00	14.75
March	14.00	14.75	14.00	14.75
April	14.00	14.75	14.00	14.75
May	14.00	14.62½	14.00	14.62½
Lead	4.30	4.40	4.30	4.40
Spelter	6.15	6.30	6.25	6.35
Tin	46.00	46.25	45.90	46.07½

On the London Metal Exchange yesterday, the following table of prices obtained for spot and future deliveries of copper and pig tin. These figures compare with Wednesday's closing quotations:

	Thursday. £	s.	d.	Wednesday. £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	64	5	0	64	2	6
Copper, futures	64	12	6	64	7	6
Pig tin, spot	210	5	0	210	0	0
Pig tin, futures	206	15	0	206	10	0

The market was steady. Spanish pig lead £16, up 2s 6d. Spelter £24 10s, unchanged. Cleveland warrants 64s. 10½d. unchanged.

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	100⅝	101
2s, c, 1930	100¾	..
3s, r, 1918	102⅝	103¼
3s, c, 1918	102⅝	103¼
4s, r, 1925	113⅝	114½
4s, c, 1925	113⅝	114⅝
Pan 2s, r, 1936	100⅝	101
Pan 2s, r, 1938	100⅝	101
Pan 3s, r, 1961	102⅝	103⅛
Pan 3s, c, 1961	102¾	103¼

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Allis-Chalm	..	¼
Do 3d pd.	3	3½
Do pf, 3d paid	7	10
Am Ag Ch.	52½	53¾
Do pf.	96¾	99
A B S pf.	78	88
A B S & F, ex div.	89	94
Am Cities.	44	45
Do pf.	..	75¼
A C & F pf.	113	115
Am Coal.	70	100
A C Oil pf.	92	96
Am C Pr.	80	90
Do pf.	100	109
A H & L.	4⅛	4⅝
Do pf.	24¼	27
Am Lin pf.	26	28
Am Loc pf.	105	106
Am Malt.	9	11
Do pf.	50½	52
A S pf, B, ex div.	83	84½
Am Sn pf.	101½	105
A T & C.	59	64
Am Tob.	239	240½
Do pf, n.	101	104
A W W pf.	95½	96½
Am Woolen	16⅞	19
A W P pf.	26	28
Ann Arbor.	15	30
Do pf.	50	80
Assets Real.	105	109
Balt & O.	100	100¼
Do pf.	82	83½
Batopilas M.	1⅛	1½
B, R & P.	100	113
Do pf.	122	150
Canada So.	59	64
Case (J. I.) pf.	99¼	100¼
C C & C.	..	91
Cent L pf.	93⅛	94¼
C R R of N J.	320	350
C & S A T	..	112
C & A pf.	25½	40
Chi Gt W.	14⅛	15⅛
Do pf.	28	28½
C, I & L pf.	50	80
C, M & St Paul pf.	137	138½
Chi & N W.	133	133½
Do pf.	181	187
Chi, St P, M & Om.	120	140
Do pf.	140	150
C, C, C & St L.	53	57
Do pf.	90	95
Col & So.	26	27½
Do 1st pf.	68	70
Do 2d pf.	60	70
Crex Carpet	75	85
Cuba R R pf.	94	..
Cub-Am S.	..	40
Do pf.	85	92
Del & Hud.	157	159
D, L & W.	396	400
D & R G.	18¾	19¼
Do pf.	32	33
D M & Ft D	2½	5
D & Co pf.	97½	98
Det & M.	105	..
Do pf.	100	..
Det Un R.	..	80
D, S S & A.	5	8
Do pf.	11½	14
Du P de N Pow pf.	90½	95
Erie 1st pf.	43½	44
Do 2d pf.	33½	34½
F M & S.	12	18
Gen Ch pf, ex div.	100	108
Gen Motors.	29	32
Do pf.	75	77½
G & S Tel.	115	..
G'drich pf.	95	98
Gt N Ore ctfs	33¾	35
G. W. Helme.	168½	175
Do pf.	106	118
Hav El pf.	..	99½
Hock Val.	..	150
Homestake.	98	105
Inger-Rand.	105	..
Do pf.	92	..
Int Agric.	5	29
Do pf.	72	80
Int Harv.	104½	107
Do pf.	110½	112
Int H, N J.	105½	106½
Do pf.	110	113
Int H Cor.	105⅛	106½
Do pf.	110	116
Int Paper.	10¼	10½
Do pf.	43	44
I S P pf.	32	37
Iowa Cent.	8	10
Do pf.	17	22
Kayser, (J,) ex div.	87	89½
Do 1st pf.	102½	109½
K C, Ft S & M pf.	71	73
Kan C So.	24	24½
Do pf.	59¼	60
K & D M.	6	..
Do pf.	45	..
Kresge (SS) pf.	97¼	99½
Kn I, C, pf.	75¾	80
Lack Steel.	43¾	45
L E & W.	8⅛	10¾
Do pf.	23	28
Lake Shore, ex div.	455	500
L-W Bis.	30½	35½
Do 1st pf, ex div.	98¼	..
Do 2d pf.	91	92½
L & M, ex div	221	223
Do pf, ex div.	108¼	114
Long Island	39	42
Mackay Cos	80	81
Do pf.	65	67½
Man Beach.	1	4
M Dep Sts pf.	99½	103
Mer M pf.	16	17
Mex Pet pf.	94½	95½
Miami Cop.	22¾	23
Mich Cent.	..	190
M & St L.	..	18½
Do pf.	..	43
M, St P & S S M pf, ex div.	137	146
M, St P & S S M l l, ex div.	80	83
Mo, K & T pf.	60	63
Mor & Es.	165	175
N, C & St L, ex r.	130	145
Nat Bis pf.	116	118½
Nat En pf.	83	93
Nat Rys of M 1st pf.	56	60
Do 2d pf.	23	24
N Cent C.	40	60
N Y, C & St L.	55	57
Do 1st pf.	97	..
Do 2d pf.	80¼	85
N Y Dock.	..	19
Do pf.	30	42
N Y, L & W.	115	125
N O T & L.	70½	..
Norf South.	42⅛	45
N & W pf.	82⅜	84
North Am, ex div.	75¾	77
Ont Mining	2¼	2½
Pabst B pf.	106	110
Pac Coast.	80	95
Do 1st pf.	80	100
Do 2d pf.	80	100
Pac T & T.	35	36¼
Do pf.	90	98
Peo & E.	10½	15
P Lorillard.	170	175
Do pf.	..	113
Pett Mull.	20	24
Do 1st pf.	90	97
Phelps-D.	197½	..
Phila Co.	88	98
P, C, C & St L.	96¾	100
Do pf.	100	120
Pitts St pf.	95	100
Pr St C pf.	96	97
Pub S Cor.	115	117¼
Quicksilver.	3	4
R R Sec, I C stk cts.	..	85
Rdg 1st pf.	90¼	91
R G M Co pf.	97½	105
St L & S F	13	17
Do 1st pf.	50	58
St L & S F, C & E I new ctfs.	47½	49
Do pf ctfs	..	103
St L S W.	30¼	32
Seab A L.	18	19
Do pf.	43¼	44
S-S S & I pf.	90	95
So P R S.	..	70
Do pf.	..	107½
So Ry, M & Ohio ctfs.	68	77
Stand Mill.	35¼	38½
Do pf.	63	63¾
Studebaker.	28½	30
T P L Tr.	91	95
Third Av.	35¼	35¾
T, P & W.	15¼	..
Tol R & L.	2⅜	..
Tol, St L & West	9	12
Do pf.	23	25
T C R T, ex div.	102½	103¼
Do pf, ex div.	136½	145
Und T pf, ex div.	109	112
Un C M pf.	100	103
Un Dry G.	97	98
Do pf.	100⅛	105
Un Rys In.	25	26
Do pf.	47½	48½
U S C I P.	12½	14½
U S Exp.	50	55
U S Ind A.	25½	35
Do pf.	90	95
U S R & I.	68	68¾
U S R & R.	1	1⅞
Do pf.	3	6
U S R 1st pf.	104⅛	105
Vand R R.	..	85⅛
Va-Car Ch Co.	31¾	33
Do pf.	107¾	109
Va I, C & Coke	47	51
Va R & P, ex div.	51¾	54
Do pf.	89	..
Vulcan Det.	16⅝	21
Do pf.	90½	95
Wabash	3⅝	3¾
Do pf.	10½	11½
W F Exp.	110	115
Weym-Bru.	240	300
Do pf.	107	125
West Md.	40	41
Do pf.	57½	61
Wh & L E.	5½	6½
Do 1st pf.	19	21
Do 2d pf.	9	10
Wis Cent.	46	50
W'w'th pf.	110	112½

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

CENTRAL OF GEORGIA—	1913.	Increase.
2d week March	$305,800	$3,700
July 1-March 14	10,167,000	*55,100
CHESAPEAKE & OHIO—		
2d week March	710,518	*11,626
July 1-March 14	25,153,340	1,432,262
CHICAGO GREAT WESTERN—		
2d week March	306,791	23,840
From July 1	9,988,249	831,935
DETROIT UNITED—		
1st week March	210,126	30,414
July 1-March 7	2,040,556	315,662
TOLEDO, PEORIA & WESTERN—		
2d week March	26,182	2,513
July 1-March 14	1,087,786	53,813
TOLEDO, ST. LOUIS & WESTERN—		
2d week March	89,597	1,861
July 1-March 15	3,036,105	236,339

*Decrease.

BALTIMORE & OHIO for February—

	1913.	1912.	1911.
Gross	7,362,870	6,802,614	5,913,433
Net	1,602,404	1,573,693	1,465,756
8 mos. gross	68,216,212	60,295,120	59,323,126
8 mos. net	19,726,646	17,735,515	15,968,474

The foregoing does not include outside operations, which, as estimated, will show a deficit in net in February, 1913, of $74,468, compared with a deficit of $31,852 for February, 1912.

Miscellaneous Earnings.

BETHLEHEM STEEL for the year ended Dec. 31—

	1912.	1911.	1910.
*Net mfg. prof.	$4,846,814	$4,605,410	$4,396,439
Other income	267,626	187,303	127,702
Total income	5,114,440	4,792,713	4,524,141
Int. on notes and adv.	159,437	210,886	185,294
Int. fd. debt	1,844,478	1,654,700	1,486,956
Depreciation	790,578	675,000	670,000
†Exting.	256,306	213,148	180,279
Total deduc.	3,050,798	2,753,734	2,522,529
Surplus	2,063,640	2,038,979	2,001,612
Disc. on sec.	854,354	......	......
App. for addi. & working cap.	7,500,000	......	......
Prev. surplus	7,308,667	5,269,688	3,268,076
P. & L. surp.	1,017,954	7,308,667	5,269,688

*After deducting expenditures for ordinary and extraordinary repairs and maintenance, approximately $2,712,000.

†Provision for extinguishment of mining investments, amortization of patents, &c.

AMERICAN PUBLIC UTILITIES for February—

	1913.	1912.	Increase.
Gross	$210,529	$181,200	$29,329
Net	99,358	73,093	26,265
Five mos. gross	1,075,045	948,076	126,969
Five mos. net	535,524	465,360	70,164

REECE BUTTON HOLE MACHINE COMPANY for the year ended Dec. 31: Gross earnings, $894,274; net earnings, $441,976; dividends, $110,000; balance, $331,976.

SAN JOAQUIN LIGHT & POWER CO. for January—

	1913.	1912.	Increase.
Gross	142,175	108,573	33,601
Net	89,436	62,294	27,142
Surplus	50,417	24,230	26,187
6 mos. gross	786,445	575,938	210,506
Net	501,837	305,843	195,994
Surplus	269,591	89,933	179,657

WELSBACH CO. for the year ended Dec. 31—

	1912.	1911.	Increase.
Gross profits	875,772	750,611	125,161
Deductions:			
Depreciation	56,589	60,347	*3,758
Bond interest	332,804	328,914	3,890
Sinking fund	105,360	105,360	......
Total deductions	494,753	494,621	132
Surplus	381,020	255,990	125,030
Preferred div.	85,750	85,750	......
Surplus	295,270	170,240	125,030
Common div.	70,000	35,000	35,000
Surplus	225,270	135,240	90,030

*Decrease.

The Trustees under the mortgage have purchased since last report for account of the sinking fund, including purchase March 1, 1913, $251,400 of the company's collateral trust 5 per cent. bonds, making a total purchase of these bonds to date by the Trustees under the mortgage of $2,833,800.

WESTERN ELECTRIC CO. for the year ended Dec. 31—

	1912.	1911.	†1910.
Gross sales	71,727,329	66,211,975	68,375,150
Other income	1,194,010	337,293	486,305
Total income	72,921,339	66,549,268	68,861,455
Mfg. costs, exp., &c.	67,211,339	62,414,067	63,442,286
Net earnings	5,710,000	4,135,201	5,419,169
Charges	856,735	854,909	884,893
Surplus	4,853,265	3,280,292	4,534,276
Dividends	1,500,000	1,500,000	1,700,000
Reserve	2,000,000	800,000	1,150,000
Employ. ben.	285,855	......	......
Surplus	1,067,410	980,292	1,684,276

†Thirteen months ended Dec. 31.

BETHLEHEM'S BEST YEAR.

Earns 7 Per Cent. on Preferred and 6.86 on Common.

The Bethlehem Steel Corporation had a balance of $2,063,640 available for dividends at the close of the fiscal year ended on Dec. 31, 1912, as set forth in the annual report issued yesterday, which was equivalent to 7 per cent. on the preferred and 6.86 per cent. on the common stock. This was the best showing the corporation has ever made. In respect to profits after the payment of runing expenses and bond interest, net earnings in the past year were very little changed from the year before. Gross income showed an increase of $200,000, from $4,605,410 in 1911 to $4,846,814 in 1912.

The corporation handled business during the year which totalled $47,030,504, as compared with $28,607,561 in 1911, a gain of more than 60 per cent., and orders on hand at the close of the fiscal period were estimated at $29,282,182, which was a gain of nearly $13,500,000 over the record at the end of the previous year.

An item which has not appeared in other annual reports was the designation of $7,500,000 as applied to additions and additional working capital. This amount was taken from the surplus account. The balance sheet showed an increase in the property account of more than $4,000,000, and the funded debt was increased in the year to the extent of about $6,000,000. Total assets and liabilities were listed at $84,418,952.

Commenting on the year's business, President Schwab said:

"The unfavorable business conditions prevailing during the latter part of 1911 extended through the first half of 1912, notwithstanding which the earnings of your corporation and its subsidiary companies, amounting to $5,114,439.98, were again the largest since its incorporation.

"The greater part of the surplus accumulated from earnings since the formation of your corporation has been put back into the business, either for extensions and additions to plants and properties or as working capital which, while constantly fluctuating, has necessarily increased business of the enlarged plants."

FINANCIAL NOTES.

H. H. Pond, now Assistant Secretary of the Plainfield Trust Company, and a former President of the New Jersey Bankers' Association, has been appointed a Vice President of the Mechanics and Metals National Bank. Mr. Pond will enter on his new duties at about the time of the removal of the bank to its new quarters at 50 Wall Street.

Preparations are being made by the Houston Oil Company of Texas to open nine additional Wells. There wells are now in operation in the Saratoga district.

The Reorganization Committee of the Allis-Chalmers Company announces that the new company will take over the properties at an early date. The committee has called for the payment of the balance due on the assesments levied under the plan.

The issue of $19,000,000 Missouri, Kansas & Texas two-year 5 per cent. secured gold notes, recently purchased by Speyer & Co., has been approved by the Public Utilities Commission of Kansas.

At auction yesterday $16,000,000 of Pere Marquette Railroad Company 5 per cent. fifty-year general mortgage improvement bonds were sold to the protective commitee representing the holders of notes under which the bonds were held at collateral, for $6,400,000. Proceedings will shortly be instituted to foreclose on the bonds and so bring about a reorganization of the railroad.

Stockholders of the Galena Signal Oil Company, meeting at Franklin, Penn., approved an increase in the capital stock from $8,000,000 to $12,000,000. The new shares are to be distributed May 15 as a 50 per cent. stock dividend.

G. D. Mildrum, manager of the New York office of Hotchkin & Co. of Boston, announces that they have purchased the brokerage business of W. H. Quaw & Co.

Frederick Herreshoff and J. Clark Moore, Jr., have been elected members of the New York Stock Exchange, having bought the memberships of Willis S. McCornick and C. Randolph Snowden. The membership of the late Francis L. Eames has been posted for transfer to Alexander H. Brown, that of the late R. P. Doremus to Armitt Brown, and that of Frederick B. Alexander, formerly of Mitchell & Co., to Leon Moyse. E. S. Connor of the former firm of Connor & Co. has been granted an extension of time of six months to straighten out his business affairs.

The Railway Steel Spring Company has declared a dividend of 2 per cent. on the common stock, payable May 20 out of the 1912 surplus. This is the first dividend on the common stock since 1908.

The appointment of receivers for the United Copper Company has been followed by the formation of a protective committee for the holders of preferred stock, consisting of Dudley Olcott, Edwin T. Rice, and J. Terry West. The Central Trust Company of New York and the Old Colony Trust Company of Boston are depositaries. L. K. Thorne is Secretary of the committee and Huntington, Rhinelander & Seymour, counsel.

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

Prices on the Consolidated Stock Exchange rallied toward the close after having reflected heaviness in the early afternoon. The advance in United States Steel above 59 gave encouragement to traders who were optimistically inclined. The belief that the bank statement was likely to make an unfavorable showing was an adverse influence in the afternoon. There was little inclination, however, on the part of traders to operate aggressively on the eve of the holidays. Baltimore & Ohio changed hands on the 9:30 o'clock opening call at 100⅛, subsequently selling at 100, this representing the only market for that stock in Wall Street during the day.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
2,970	Amal. Copper	68	68½	67¼	67⅝
40	Am. Beet Sug.	26	26	25¾	25¾
680	Am. Can	30¼	30⅞	29½	29⅞
10	Am. C. & F.	48⅜	48⅜	48⅜	48⅜
160	Am. Ice	23⅞	24	23¾	24
2,980	Am. Smelting	65⅜	66	65	65½
10	Anaconda Cop.	35¼	35¼	35¼	35¼
30	At., T. & S. F.	100⅞	100⅞	100⅞	100⅞
30	Balt. & Ohio.	100⅛	100⅛	100	100
170	Brook. R. T.	87½	87½	87	87
30	Can. Pacific	223¾	223¾	223¼	223¾
10	Cent. Leather.	24½	24½	24½	24½
220	Ches. & Ohio.	71	71	70⅛	70⅞
80	C., M. & St. P.	108	108⅜	108	108⅜
10	Chino Copper.	37⅞	37⅞	37⅞	37⅞
10	Col. F. & I.	32	32	32	32
110	Dist. Securities.	16¼	16¼	16	16
40	Erie	26⅞	26⅞	26⅝	26⅝
20	Goodrich Rub.	29⅜	29⅜	29⅜	29⅜
40	Gt. North. pf.	125⅞	126	125⅞	126
140	Inter.-Met	17¼	17¼	16⅞	16⅞
160	Inter.-Met. pf.	58	58	57⅜	57⅜
540	Lehigh Valley.	153	153⅝	152	152¾
220	Mex. Pet	63⅜	63⅜	61⅝	61⅝
80	Mo. Pacific	36½	36⅝	36¼	36¼
20	Nat. Lead	46¼	46¼	46	46
20	Nevada Cons	16½	16½	16½	16½
160	N. Y. Central.	104⅝	104⅝	104⅝	104⅝
10	N. Y., O. & W.	29⅝	29⅝	29⅝	29⅝
20	North. Pacific.	114½	114½	114½	114½
40	Pacific Mail	24⅜	24⅜	24⅜	24⅜
40	Ray Consol	18	18	17⅞	17⅞
5,520	Reading	155¼	156	154¾	155⅝
110	Rock Island.	20⅜	20¾	20⅜	20¾
250	Southern Pac.	99⅜	99¾	98⅛	98¼
4,110	Union Pacific.	147⅝	148¼	146¾	147½
140	U. S. Rubber.	60⅛	60⅛	59⅞	60
4,600	U. S. Steel	59¼	59⅞	58⅝	59⅝
20	Utah Copper.	50	50	50	50
100	West. Union	65½	65½	65½	65½
23,950					

MINING STOCKS.

1,100	Atlanta	.17½	.17½	.17	.17
800	Goldfield Con.	3.12½	3.12½	3.00	3.00
800	Jim Butler	.87½	.87½	.87	.87
500	Jumbo Ext	.29	.29	.29	.29
200	Mexican	.68	.68	.68	.68
300	Midway	.51½	.51½	.51½	.51½
300	Nevada Hills	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.25
1,200	Silver Pick	.07½	.07½	.07½	.07½
300	Tonopah Bel.	7.00	7.00	6.75	6.75
400	Tonopah Ext.	2.05	2.05	2.05	2.05
900	Tonopah Mer.	.88	.88	.87½	.87½
6,800					

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Convertible Bonds yielding 4% to 7% and **Increasing in Value**

Exchangeable at maturity for Income Bonds and Stock.

17 years' Results show the largest average returns with increased security.

Booklet showing Actual Investments and Results for 10 to 15 years will be mailed on request for No. 1442-T.

New York Realty Owners
489 FIFTH AVE., NEW YORK.

UNITED COPPER COMPANY

To the Holders of Preferred Stock of the United Copper Company:

In view of the recent appointment of Receivers of the United Copper Company, it is important that immediate and united action be taken to protect the rights of the preferred stockholders of the Company, looking toward a reorganization of the company, and a saving of its assets and of the equities in its subsidiary companies.

The undersigned, at the request of the holders of a large amount of the preferred stock, have consented to act as a Committee for the protection of the interests of all preferred stockholders who shall become parties to an agreement, dated March 15th, 1913, between the undersigned; the holders of such preferred stock, and the Depositary, the Central Trust Company of New York.

All preferred stockholders are hereby requested to deposit their certificates of stock with Central Trust Company of New York, 54 Wall Street, N. Y. City, or with the Old Colony Trust Company of Boston, No. 17 Court Street, Boston, Mass.,

ON OR BEFORE APRIL 15TH, 1913.

All certificates of stock must be properly indorsed in blank.

The Central Trust Company of New York will issue transferable certificates of deposit therefor, and the Old Colony Trust Company of Boston will issue temporary receipts, to be thereafter exchanged for such certificates of deposit.

Copies of the Deposit Agreement may be obtained from the Central Trust Company of New York or the Old Colony Trust Company of Boston.

Dated New York, March 20th, 1913.

DUDLEY OLCOTT, Chairman,
EDWIN T. RICE,
J. TERRY WEST,
Committee.
LANDON K. THORNE, Secretary.
HUNTINGTON, RHINELANDER & SEYMOUR, Counsel, 54 William Street, New York City.

To the Holders of the Six Per Cent. Collateral Gold Debentures of the Buffalo Railway Company

Pursuant to the provisions of the Indenture or Trust Agreement of the Buffalo Railway Company to the Metropolitan Trust Company of the City of New York, as Pledgee, dated April 1, 1897, notice is hereby given that on the first day of April, 1913, the International Railway Company (formed by consolidation of the said Buffalo Railway Company and other companies) will redeem all of the Six Per Cent. Collateral Gold Debentures issued under and secured by the said Indenture or Trust Agreement, at the price or sum of One hundred and five dollars for each and every One hundred dollars of par value thereof upon presentation of the debentures together with all unmatured coupons thereto attached at the office of the said Metropolitan Trust Company of the City of New York, Pledgee as aforesaid, No. 49 Wall Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York. Interest on the said debentures shall cease on the said first day of April, 1913.

Dated February 26, 1913.

INTERNATIONAL RAILWAY COMPANY,
By E. G. CONNETTE, President.

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the foregoing notice has been served on the Metropolitan Trust Company of the City of New York, as Pledgee under the Indenture or Trust Agreement therein mentioned, and that in accordance with said notice all of the said Six Per Cent. Collateral Gold Debentures of the Buffalo Railway Company have been called for redemption at the office of the said Pledgee.
Dated February 26th, 1913.

METROPOLITAN TRUST COMPANY OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK,
By BEVERLY CHEW, 2 V.-President.

PACIFIC ELECTRIC RAILWAY CO.

Refunding Mortgage Fifty Year Gold Bonds

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to the provisions of Section 9, Article fourth, of the Mortgage from this Company to the United States Mortgage and Trust Company, Trustee, dated September 1, 1911, this Company has set apart out of the net income derived by it from the lines of railroad therein mortgaged, the sum of $10,000 in the year 1912, to be used to redeem said bonds, and that bonds issued under the said mortgage will be redeemed therewith. Bids are hereby invited for the surrender of said bonds at prices to be named by the bidders, subject to the provisions of the mortgage in respect thereof, to the amount of $10,000 in the Sinking Fund.

Such bids should be presented to this Company at its office in the City of Los Angeles, California, on or before the first day of April, 1913, at 12 o'clock noon, and should be endorsed "Bids for surrender of Pacific Electric Railway Company's Refunding Mortgage Fifty Year Gold Bonds."

PACIFIC ELECTRIC RAILWAY COMPANY,
By PAUL SHOUP, President.
Los Angeles, Cal., February 27, 1913.

CITY CENTER 6% GOLD BONDS
Denominations
$500 — $1,000
SAFE INVESTMENT
Send for Circular No. 542
Founded 1855. Capital $1,500,000

GREENEBAUM SONS BANK AND TRUST COMPANY
Chicago

Assets Realization Company
CAPITAL AND SURPLUS $11,000,000

Temporary financial aid to large enterprises pending permanent financing.

Correspondence Invited
NEW YORK 25 Broad St. PHILADELPHIA Lafayette Bldg.
CHICAGO First National Bank Bldg.

The Royal Bank of Canada
Invites Enquiries in Regard to Every Description of Banking Business in Canada and the West Indies
London, Eng., Branch, 2 Bank Building, Princes St., E. C.
NEW YORK AGENCY, Cor. William and Cedar Sts.
Total Assets....$180,660,000.00

American Bank Note Company
70 Broad St., New York

COLUMBIA-KNICKERBOCKER TRUST COMPANY
Capital $2,000,000
Surplus $7,000,000

CHARTERED 1864
UNION TRUST CO. OF NEW YORK
80 BROADWAY
Fifth Ave. & 38th St. Fifth Ave. & 60th St.
Capital & Surplus, $8,700,000.
Allows Interest on Deposits

WANTED—Bond salesman for New York City banks and private investors; only experienced man apply. Farson, Son & Co., 115 Broadway, New York City.

SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS.

The Franklin Society
Founded 1888. Under supervision New York State Bank Department. Accounts of $10 or more opened on or before March 31st earn from April 1st. Begin now or write for booklet A.
38 Park Row, New York City.
4½%

1912 COTTON CROP NEXT TO LARGEST

Census Bureau's Preliminary Estimate Places It at 14,295,500 Bales.

2,000,000 SHORT OF 1911

Figures Are for Equivalent 500-Pound Bales—December Estimate Was 13,820,000.

WASHINGTON, March 20.—The second largest cotton crop ever grown, amounting to 14,295,500 equivalent 500-pound bales, including linters, was produced by the farmers of the United States during 1912, according to the Census Bureau's announcement made to-day in the preliminary report of the total production of cotton as returned by ginners and delinters.

The number of running bales, counting round as half bales and including linters, was 14,076,430.

The crop compares with 16,250,276 equivalent 500-pound bales in 1911, 12,005,688 in 1910, 13,587,306 in 1908, 13,595,498 in 1906, and 13,679,954 in 1904. Comparisons of running bales are 16,109,349 in 1911, 11,965,962 in 1910, 13,432,131 in 1908, 13,305,265 in 1906, and 13,679,310 in 1904.

The Department of Agriculture's Bureau of Statistics on Dec. 12 estimated the total production of the 1912 crop, not including linters, at 13,820,000 bales of 500-pounds each.

Round bales included in the production figures are 81,528 for 1912, 101,554 for 1911, 112,887 for 1910, 242,305 for 1908, 268,219 for 1906, and 296,151 for 1904.

Sea Island cotton produced during 1912 amounted to 73,641 bales, compared with 119,293 bales in 1911, 90,368 in 1910, 112,539 in 1905, 104,317 in 1904, and 104,953 in 1902.

Linter bales included in the total amounted to 605,704 compared with 556,276 for 1911, 397,628 for 1910, 313,478 for 1909, and 346,126 for 1908.

The average gross weight of the bale for the crop, counting round as half bales and including linters, was 507.8 pounds for 1912, compared with 504.4 pounds for 1911, 501.7 pounds for 1910, 496.6 pounds for 1909, and 505.8 pounds for 1908.

Ginneries operated for the 1912 crop numbered 25,267 compared with 26,349 for 1911.

Production of States in equivalent 500-pond bales, including linters, with comparisons for other years and the Department of Agriculture's December estimate, which does not include linters, follow:

ALABAMA.—Total production, 1,380,765 bales, compared with 1,757,207 bales in 1911, 1,223,285 bales in 1910, 1,049,776 bales in 1909, and 1,374,140 bales in 1908. Department of Agriculture estimated 1,330,000 bales, exclusive of linters.

ARKANSAS.—Total production, 825,169 bales, compared with 972,296 bales in 1911, 847,874 bales in 1910, 734,084 bales in 1909, and 1,058,689 bales in 1908. Department of Agriculture estimated 854,000 bales, exclusive of linters.

FLORIDA.—Total production, 53,874 bales, compared with 85,081 bales in 1911, 60,049 bales in 1910, 54,947 bales in 1909, and 63,221 bales in 1908. Department of Agriculture estimated 68,000 bales, exclusive of linters.

GEORGIA.—Total production, 1,849,303 bales, compared with 2,845,799 bales in 1911, 1,820,610 bales in 1910, 1,853,276 bales in 1909, and 1,980,077 bales in 1908. Department of Agriculture estimated 1,701,000 bales, exclusive of linters.

LOUISIANA.—Total production, 393,314 bales, compared with 403,482 bales in 1911, 255,733 bales in 1910, 264,676 bales in 1909, 486,350 bales in 1908, and 694,066 bales in 1907. Department of Agriculture estimated 435,000 bales, exclusive of linters.

MISSISSIPPI.—Total production, 1,092,552 bales, compared with 1,252,322 bales in 1911, 1,306,068 bales in 1910, 1,120,676 bales in 1909, and 1,704,972 bales in 1908. Department of Agriculture estimated 1,109,000 bales, exclusive of linters.

MISSOURI.—Total production, 58,319 bales, compared with 101,189 bales in 1911, 62,159 bales in 1910, 47,070 bales in 1909, and 64,532 bales in 1908. Department of Agriculture estimated 59,000 bales, exclusive of linters.

NORTH CAROLINA.—Total production, 891,880 bales, compared with 1,104,781 bales in 1911, 726,850 bales in 1910, 615,562 bales in 1909, and 663,167 bales in 1908. Department of Agriculture estimated 878,000 bales, exclusive of linters.

OKLAHOMA.—Total production, 1,074,149 bales, compared with 1,062,096 bales in 1911, 558,955 bales in 1910, 566,069 bales in 1909, and 706,815 bales in 1908. Department of Agriculture estimated 1,039,000 bales, exclusive of linters.

SOUTH CAROLINA.—Total production, 1,215,973 bales, compared with 1,684,096 bales in 1911, 1,191,929 bales in 1910, 1,126,049 bales in 1909, and 1,195,235 bales in 1908. Department of Agriculture estimated 1,184,000 bales, exclusive of linters.

TENNESSEE.—Total production, 299,538 bales, compared with 479,145 bales in 1911, 349,476 bales in 1910, 259,719 bales in 1909, and 359,859 bales in 1908. Department of Agriculture estimated 280,000 bales, exclusive of linters.

TEXAS.—Total production, 5,120,252 bales, compared with 4,447,648 bales in 1911, 3,172,488 bales in 1910, 2,607,492 bales in 1909, and 3,913,084 bales in 1908. Department of Agriculture estimated 4,850,000 bales, exclusive of linters.

VIRGINIA.—Total production, 24,385 bales, compared with 29,891 bales in 1911, 14,815 bales in 1910, 10,095 bales in 1909, and 12,326 bales in 1908. Department of Agriculture estimated 24,000 bales, exclusive of linters.

ALL OTHER STATES.—Total production, 16,036 bales, compared with 24,417 bales in 1911, 17,797 bales in 1910, 5,891 bales in 1909, and 5,439 bales in 1909.

The Census Bureau announced that the statistics of the report for 1912 were subject to slight corrections in the full report to be published about May 1.

NO ATTACK ON SMELTERS.

Exchange Committee Learns Rumors of Federal Suit Were Not Malicious.

The Committee on Business Conduct of the New York Stock Exchange completed yesterday an investigation into the source of reports which went the rounds of the Street on Wednesday that the Attorney General was about to bring a suit against the American Smelting and Refining Company under the Sherman law. As a result of the rumors, the stock of the Smelting and Refining Company was forced sharply down in the market, and the Stock Exchange authorities set out to discover whether they had been set afloat for stock jobbing purposes. The committee announced yesterday afternoon that it was positive that members of the Exchange were not involved, for it had been proved to the satisfaction of the Board of Governors that news dispatches from Washington were the direct cause of the sensational stories.

Donald G. Geddes, Chairman of the Business Conduct Committee, which came into existence when the Exchange began its reform movement earlier in the year, said that one of the news ticker agencies had inquired fully into a dispatch from Washington. The committee had been assured that the report had been published in good faith. It came from a reputable Washington news bureau, and the correspondent believed the report to be true and considered it premature at the most.

The fact that Attorney General McReynolds reiterated denials that a dissolution suit was being considered was lost sight of when a dispatch from Washington said that William Loeb, Jr., Managing Director of the American Smelting and Refining Company, was in conference with the Attorney General. Mr. Loeb was quoted as saying that he did not believe a suit was in prospect, because the Government had never in similar proceedings given any intimation of its intentions until plans were fully formed.

It was said yesterday that the Smelting Company's management had asked the Stock Exchange to run down the source of the rumors.

GULF OIL CAPITAL SWELLED.

Stockholders Vote Increase from $15,000,000 to $60,000,000.

Stockholders of the Gulf Oil Corporation, which controls the Gulf Refining Company, have voted to increase the capital stock from $15,000,000 to $60,000,000, and to permit an immediate increase in the outstanding stock from $11,208,200 to $33,624,600.

The Directors will declare a cash dividend of 100 per cent. on the present outstanding stock, and holders will be offered the right to subscribe to the extent of 200 per cent. of their holdings at par. The proceeds of the new stock will be used to pay off outstanding indebtedness, for betterments and improvements, and to provide additional working capital. It is [illegible]

RAILROADS PLEAD POVERTY.

Attorney for Mellen Lines Says They Can't Meet Current Bills.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, March 20.—William H. Coolidge, counsel for the New Haven and Boston & Maine Railroads, told the Massachusetts legislative Committee on Railroads to-day that the New Haven Road did not have money enough to pay its debts.

"We haven't money to pay our bills," said he, "not to speak of improvements entailing heavy expenditures. Our railroad has capital approximating $1,000,000,000, but we haven't cash to pay all the necessary bills. We have a floating debt of $60,000,000. This must be paid off before we can make any improvements.

"If the Legislature wishes to treat us fairly, it should pass some bills to enable us to issue securities to pay our debts."

Mr. Coolidge said the decline in the stock of the two roads was due to criticism and the restrictive laws bearing upon the issuance of securities.

Orders have been sent out from the general offices of the New Haven Road to stop all work on the scenic railway and the hotel on the summit of Mount Washington. This project was to cost about $3,000,000.

OPPOSED TO 5-CENT CALLS.

Telephone Company Wants Rate-Fixing Left to Service Commission.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., March 20.—Representatives of the New York Telephone Company before the Senate Committee on Miscellaneous Corporations asserted today that, inasmuch as the State and National Governments had adopted the policy of regulating the telephone service, the Duhamel bill, providing that the rate for each telephone communication of not more than five minutes between any two points in New York City should not exceed 5 cents was unfair and unjust. The question, according to Frank H. Bethell, Vice President of the company, should be left for the consideration of the Public Service Commission of the Second District, which has jurisdiction over telephone rates.

In the last twenty years, Mr. Bethell said, the minimum annual telephone charge had been decreased from $120 to $48 in Manhattan. He said the company had just made reductions between New York and New Jersey and Long Island points which decreased its earnings $600,000. Another decrease of $600,000 a year was caused, he said, by the Public Service Commission's order of two years ago lowering rates between certain parts of Manhattan and Brooklyn from 10 to 5 cents a call.

Mr. Bethell said the earning power of the $50,000,000 invested in telephone property would be destroyed and the employment of 10,000 persons would be endangered if the Duhamel bill were passed.

PASS ONE CHILD LABOR BILL.

Senate Adopts Measure Barring Youngsters from Canneries.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, March 20.—One of the bills recommended by the State Factory Investigating Committee to prevent child labor in cannery sheds was passed by the Senate to-day. The measure prohibits the employment of children under 14 years of age in or for factories. Boys of 12 years of age or over may be employed on their parents' farms to gather produce for not more than six hours a day during July and August.

When the fifty-four-hour bill was passed last year the canneries were excepted. Since then the commission has found that women were permitted to take children from 6 to 8 years of age to the cannery sheds and allow them to help with the work. In the busy season these children were allowed to work in the early morning and late at night.

COMMODITIES MARKETS.

Grains Higher—Cotton Declines.

Wheat prices moved within a comparatively narrow range, with final prices showing a net advance of ⅛c to ⅝c. Corn closed ¼c to ⅜c net higher, and oats ⅛c to ¼c net higher. Cotton steadied from an initial decline of 6 to 8 points, and closed at a net decline of 3 to 7 points.

⁂

WHEAT.

There was comparatively little change in underlying conditions in the wheat market, but operators were nervous regarding possible developments over the holiday, and shorts were disposed to cover. Prices moved within a comparatively narrow range throughout the greater part of the day, but near the close developed firmness, and final quotations were ⅛c to ⅝c net higher. The weather over the West was less favorable for the new crop. Temperatures were extremely low for this time of the year, and advices from Kansas indicated rather stormy conditions. This gave rise to fears of a crop scare, and was largely instrumental in causing the advance. The foreign markets were generally dull, with trading of a holiday character, as most of the foreign markets will be closed until next Tuesday. The foreign demand for cargoes was said to be quite active, and prices were firm, although the advance was checked by prospects of liberal world's exports. Receipts in the American Northwest were again moderate, and total interior receipts for the week showed a falling off of nearly 1,000,000 bushels from last week, although they were about 1,250,000 bushels ahead of the corresponding time last year. Clearance during the same time were 200,000 bushels larger than last week, and about 600,000 bushels larger than a year ago. The liberal clearances show very clearly that export sales have been larger than generally credited, and in some quarters it is believed that a fairly good export business is being done right along. Cash markets were steady, with fairly good milling demand reported in the Northwest for high-grade wheat. Argentine shipments amounted to 4,968,000 bushels, compared with 5,856,000 bushels last week and 4,912,000 bushels last year. Export sales for the day were four loads at outports. In the local market No. 2 red Winter wheat was quoted at $1.09½, elevator, and $1.11, free on board, afloat; No. 1 Northern Duluth, 99c, free on board, afloat.

WHEAT—FUTURE MARKETS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
New York.					
May	97 3-16	96 7-16	97 3-16	96¾	$1.06⅞
July	..	..	96⅛	96¼	1.04¼
September	..	..	95⅝	95½	..
New York Bonded.					
May	..	..	97⅛	96⅞	..
July	..	..	97⅛	96⅞	..
Chicago.					
May	90¼	89⅝	90⅛	89⅝	1.01⅜
July	89⅝	88⅞	89⅛	89⅛	98⅛
September	89¼	89	89⅛	88⅞	96⅛

CORN.

Prices in the corn market moved within a range of ½ to ⅝c, but after showing a slightly easier tone early, prices rallied, and at the close were ¼ to ⅜c net higher. Receipts at interior points were again small and showed a falling off of 680,000 bushels from last week and were about 26,000 ahead of last year. Cash markets were steady, although it was said that country offerings from both Iowa and Illinois were somewhat larger. Export sales were reported of thirty loads to Baltimore worked late on Wednesday. Export corn was quoted at 56⅞c, free on board, afloat.

CHICAGO—FUTURE MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	53⅛	52⅝	53⅛	52⅞	71⅝
July	54⅛	53⅞	54⅛	54	72
September	55⅛	54⅞	55⅛	55	72

OATS.

The oats market was a little easier early under selling by commission houses, but rallied and at the close was ⅛c to ¼c net higher. Shorts were fairly active buyers, and there appeared to be an absence of selling pressure from the country. The local cash market was firm; standard white quoted at 37½@38c; No. 3, 37c to 37½c; No. 4, 35½c to 36½c; natural white, 35½c to 36c; white clipped, 36c to 40, all track.

CHICAGO—FUTURE MARKET.

	High	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	33⅞	33¼	33⅝	33¼	53⅜
July	33⅛	33	33⅛	33	49⅛
September	33½	33⅛	33⅛	33⅛	42½

COTTON.

The final ginning report of the season was published by the Census Bureau at the opening of the cotton market yesterday, but failed to create any fresh interest of consequence, and trading was quiet. It may have been that the proximity of the Easter holidays interfered with any expansion of business, for the report of the Census Bureau was certainly not without its interesting features. It showed a total growth for the season of 14,076,000 bales, which was just about in line with expectations, but the figures included linters to the extent of 605,700 bales, when, generally speaking, it had not been anticipated that the linters would exceed 450,000 bales. Various theories were advanced to explain the record-breaking percentage of linters, and the only information that could be secured from Washington on the subject was that of the total 528,380 bales had been obtained up to March 1, and that 77,324 bales of linters were expected after March 1. Some thought that [illegible] of linters to improved machinery, and this view was strengthened by a report from a Southern oil mill that 7,000 tons less of seed had yielded 700 bales more linters than last year. With a total growth of over 16,000,000 bales last season, linters were only 556,000 bales. Bullishly disposed traders, partly because of the excessive proportion of linters and bollies, were inclined to place a very bullish construction on the census report, on the ground that it indicated a smaller supply of spinnable and tenderable cotton than had been anticipated at any previous time this season, but the total growth being in line with general expectations did not disturb previously existing bearish sentiment, which is based on the idea that there will be cotton enough to go around, and on the hope of a favorable new crop start.

The market opened steady at an advance of 1 to 3 points, in response to relatively firm cables. There was scattered realizing on the initial advance, and prices gradually eased off, with offerings becoming slightly heavier, following reports from Memphis of increased spot offerings. At a net loss of from 6 to 8 points, however, the market steadied on covering, and closed steady at a net decline of from 3 to 7 points. Liverpool reported a quiet pre-holiday market. Trading will not be renewed in Liverpool until next Tuesday morning, while the American markets will all be closed until Monday. Southern spot markets were generally unchanged. The weather was unsettled in the South, but local map readers do not expect any severe storms during the holidays.

The local market for spot cotton was steady and unchanged at 12.60 for middling upland; sales 2,100 bales; delivered on contract, 900 bales.

The range of contract prices in the local market was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
March	12.30	12.22	12.23@12.24	12.27
April	..	..	12.02@12.04	12.05
May	11.95	11.86	11.87@11.88	11.92
June	11.84	11.84	11.80@11.82	11.87
July	11.87	11.78	11.79@11.80	11.86
August	11.71	11.67	11.69@11.70	11.75
September	11.47	11.41	11.39@11.41	11.44
October	11.42	11.33	11.35@11.36	11.40
December	11.41	11.35	11.36@11.37	11.42
January	11.37	11.33	11.33@11.34	11.37

PROVISIONS.

The provision market was easier early, owing to commission house selling, prompted by a decline of 5@10 points in the hog market, but a good demand developed, and late in the session prices rallied sharply, closing at the top. Receipts of hogs at Chicago were 38,000; estimated for Friday, 24,000. Kansas City received 6,000 and Omaha 11,000.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
May	10.75	10.62	10.75	10.62	9.60
July	10.70	10.55	10.70	10.55	9.80
Ribs—					
May	10.85	10.72	10.85	10.75	9.30
July	10.70	10.62	10.70	10.60	9.42½
Pork—					
May	20.60	20.37	20.60	20.50	16.50
July	20.30	20.10	20.30	20.10	16.85

COTTONSEED OIL.

The volume of business in the cotton seed oil market was a little larger and prices were steadier, closing at a net advance of 2 to 4 points. Commission houses were on the buying side and sentiment was influenced by continued small offerings of crude oil and some evidences of improvement in the spot trade. Shorts seemed disposed to cover for over the holidays, and the recent upward tendency of the market had attracted a little more confidence to the buying side.

The range of contract prices in the local market was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	....	....	6.38@6.45	6.37
March	6.40	6.39	6.40@6.43	6.38
April	6.40	6.40	6.41@6.43	6.38
May	6.44	6.42	6.44@6.45	6.40
June	6.45	6.42	6.45@6.46	6.41
July	6.49	6.46	6.48@6.49	6.44
August	6.50	6.49	6.50@6.51	6.47
September	6.52	6.49	6.52@6.53	6.48
October	....	....	6.37@6.40	6.34

COUNTRY PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER.—Creamery, extras, 35½@36c; firsts, 34½@35c; seconds, 33½@34c; thirds, 32@33c; held, extras, 35c; firsts, 34@34½c; seconds, 33@33½c; thirds, 30@32c; State dairy, finest, 34@35c; good to prime, 31@33c; common to fair, 26@30c; process, extras, 27½@28½c; firsts, 26½@27c; seconds, 23@24½c; imitation creamery, firsts, 26@27c; factory, held, 23½@24½c; current make, firsts, 24c; seconds, 23@23½c; thirds, 21@22c; packing stock, held, 22½@23½c; current make, No. 2, 22@22½c; No. 3, 19@21½c.

CHEESE.—State, whole milk, held, colored, specials, 17¼@17½c; white, 17c; colored, average fancy, 16½@17c; white, 16½@16¾c; lower grades, 14@16c; fresh, colored, specials, 16c; white, 15@16c; colored, average run, 15@15½c; white, 15@15½c; undergrades, 12@14½c; Wisconsin, fresh, best, 15@15¼c; flats, fresh, best, 15@15½c; State, skims, held, specials, 13@14c; fair to choice, 10@12c; fresh, specials, 10½@11c; skims, fresh, choice, 9@10c; poor to fair, 5@8c.

EGGS.—Fresh gathered, extras, dozen, 19@20c; firsts, 18@18½c; seconds, 17½@17¾c; thirds, 17@17¼c; dirties, No. 1, 17@17¼c; dirties, No. 2, 16@16½c; checks, prime, 16c; under grade, 13@15c; refrigerator, best, 15@15½c; fair to good, 11@14½c; inferior, case, $2@$3; duck, Baltimore, 40c; Virginia, 36@39c; Western and prime Southern, 36@38c; far Southern, 30@35c; goose, $1@$1.10; State, Pennsylvania, and near by, hennery whites, good to large size, new laid, 23@24c; selected whites, defective in size or color, 20@22c; Western, gathered whites, 20@22c; State, Pennsylvania, and near by, hennery browns, 20@21c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 18½@19½c.

COFFEE.

First prices were 20 to 25 points higher, later cables indicated an easier tone, and the market lost a good part of the early gain. The close was 14 to 18 points net up on sales of 64,750 bags. Havre closed ¼f higher to ¼f lower, while Hamburg was ½ to ¾ pfennig higher. Brazilian cables, covering Wednesday's markets, showed a decline of 75 reis at Rio, while Santos was steady, unchanged. Spot coffee, Rio No. 7, 11⅛c.

Contract prices follow:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
March	..	..	11.20@11.25	11.06
April	..	..	11.29@11.32	11.15
May	11.50	11.34	11.39@11.40	11.24
June	..	..	11.49@11.50	11.33
July	11.67	11.58	11.59@11.60	11.42
August	..	..	11.67@11.70	11.50
September	11.83	11.71	11.75@11.76	11.59
October	11.79	11.79	11.73@11.75	11.57
November	..	..	11.73@11.75	11.55
December	11.79	11.67	11.70@11.71	11.54
January	11.75	11.75	11.69@11.71	11.58
February	11.77	11.71	11.69@11.71	11.53

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

BEEF.—The following are current wholesale market prices for Western beef cuts in New York City: Ribs, No. 1, 15½c; No. 2, 14c; No. 3, 11½c; loins, No. 1, 16c; No. 2, 14c; No. 3, 12c; rounds, No. 1, 12½c; No. 2, 11½c; No. 3, 10½c; chucks, No. 1, 12c; No. 2, 11½c; No. 3, 10½c.

SUGAR.—The New York sugar market will be closed to-day and to-morrow, and London will be closed to-day, to-morrow, and Monday. There was no change in the local market for refined sugar. Federal and Warner sold on a basis of $4.25 for granulated, the American quoted $4.35 and other $4.30.

The following prices are net, less 2 per cent. discount for cash: Crystal dominoes in cases of two-pound cartons, half or full size pieces, $7.50@$7.60; in cases of five-pound cartons, $7@$7.10; Eagle tablets, $5.65; cut loaf, $5.15; crushed, $5.05; Mold A, $4.70; XXXX powdered, $4.50; powdered, coarse powdered, and Eagle coarse granulated, $4.45; fruit powdered, Eagle, extra fine granulated, $4.35; Eagle, two, three and one-half, and five-pound cartons of fine granulated, $4.55; Eagle, two-pound bags, $4.65; three and one-half pound bags, $4.60; five-pound bags, $4.55; ten-pound bags, $4.50; twenty-five and fifty pound bags, and standard granulated, $4.40; fine granulated and Diamond A, $4.35; Confectioners' A, $4.20; No. 1, $4.10; Nos. 2 to 12 in five-cent ranges, $4.05@$3.55; Nos. 13, 14, and 15, $3.50.

The London market for beet sugar was quiet and unchanged, with March at 9s 11¼d and April and May at 10s. Some sugars were offered at the recent sales basis of $3.58, but refiners were slow to take any large lines at that price. Centrifugal was quoted at $3.58, muscovado at $3.08, and molasses sugar at $2.83.

MOLASSES AND SYRUPS.—Molasses ruled steady, quiet, and unchanged. Syrups were offered sparingly with the market steady and export demand fairly good.

Quotations: New Orleans centrifugal, common, 15@16c; fair, 17@20c; good, 21@26c; prime, 28@34c; New Orleans open kettle, 35@55c; syrups, common, 11@12c; medium, 14@17c; fancy, 18@22c.

RICE.—Primary markets were quite active and generally firm. The local trade was moderate with market steady at full but unchanged prices.

Quotations: Screenings, 4@4¼c; ordinary, 4½@4¾c; fair, 4½@5c; good ordinary, 5@5¼c; prime, 5¼@5½c; choice, 5¼@5¾c; head Japan, 4½@5c; Patna, 6⅝@7c.

FLOUR AND MEAL.—The flour market was inactive and nominally unchanged, with buyers and sellers apart.

Quotations: Spring patents, $4.50@$4.80; Winter straights, $4.55@$4.65; Winter patents, $4.80@$5.20; Spring clears, $4.30@$4.55; extra No. 1 Winter, $3.90@$4.20; extra No. 2, Winter, $3.80@$3.90; Kansas straights, $4.15@$4.30; fancy Spring patents, $5.30@$5.80. RYE FLOUR—Quoted: Fair to good, $3.50@$3.80; choice to fancy, $3.85@$4. BUCKWHEAT FLOUR—Quoted: $2.25@$2.35 asked, per 100 pounds. CORNMEAL—Quoted: Kiln dried, $3.05. BAG-MEAL—Quoted: Fine white and yellow, $1.30@$1.35; coarse, $1.25@$1.30. FEED—Quoted: Western Spring, $21@$21.50; standard middling, $21@$21.50; flour, $26.50; Red Dog, $28; bran, $21.50 bulk, $22.50 sacks; middling, $22.50@$28; Red Dog, $29; hominy chop, $22@$23 bulk, $23.20@$24.20 sacks; oilmeal, $29.50@$30.

OILS.—Linseed oil was unchanged. Refined petroleum was steady at $8.50 for standard white in barrels at New York.

Quotations: Standard white petroleum, barrels, New York and Philadelphia, $8.50; bulk, $4.80; standard white, cases, New York and Philadelphia, $10.80; water white, barrels, New York and Philadelphia, $9.50; bulk, $5.80; water white, cases, New York and Philadelphia, $11.80. Linseed Oil—American seed, city raw, 48@49c; out-of-town, raw, 47@48c; Calcutta, raw, 65c.

NAVAL STORES.—The market for spirits turpentine was somewhat firmer locally, and Savannah was steady. Resin was inactive, weak, and nominal. Tar held to a steady basis at $6 for oil barrels.

Quotations: Spirits turpentine, machine, barrels, 41c. Tar, $6@$6.50. Resin, common to good strained, $5.50; B, $5.50; D, $5.55; E, $5.60; G, $5.70; I, $5.80; K, [illegible] M, $7.10; N, $7.55; WG, $7.60; WW, $8.

STRONG SUPPORT FOR NEW PAWNSHOP BILL

Daily Transcripts of Pledges to the Police Would Decrease Theft, Says Waldo.

HELP TO BURGLARS' VICTIMS

Insurance Companies and Counsel of Pawnbrokers' Association Favor Measure Pending at Albany.

Police Commissioner Waldo, officials of burglar insurance companies, and counsel for the Pawnbrokers' Association of New York yesterday expressed themselves as strongly in support of the bill proposed by Senator Carswell and now pending before the State Senate at Albany, requiring pawnbrokers to keep more specific and detailed records of all articles pledged with them, and to furnish daily transcripts of such records to the Police Department. It was felt that such a law would do much to minimize sneak thefts and burglaries, by making it harder for crooks to dispose of their loot. For the first time, it was said, the matter of discovering stolen articles pledged in pawnshops would thus be put into the hands of the pawnbrokers themselves instead of the less effective method heretofore practiced of putting the search for such articles up to the police.

Heretofore it has been necessary for the Police Commissioner to send daily lists—known from their color as "green lists"—of stolen articles to the pawnshops of this city, thus leaving it to the honesty or discretion of pawnbrokers to recognize or fail to recognize any of the articles so reported that might have been taken in by them as pledges. Recently Commissioner Waldo stopped sending out such lists, and contented himself with depending upon the searching visits made by his detectives to pawnshops to find stolen goods. In this respect the police have always had inquisitorial powers in visiting loan shops, looking over the records, and picking out articles recognized as stolen, or articles that seemed suspicious to them. Suspicious pledges of the sort were reported to headquarters and detailed descriptive records of them kept. Similar records of articles reported stolen were kept, and often the two sets of records would find each other and the stolen article would be in this way traced.

Insurance Man Favors It.

William P. Learned, Superintendent of the Burglary Department of the Fidelity and Casualty Company of New York, asserted yesterday that he was heartily in favor of the Carswell bill as a measure likely both to prevent in a degree burglary and sneak theft, and to help victims recover stolen property.

"At present," he said, "pawnbrokers are obliged to record every article pledged, but are not compelled to make specific records or give specific descriptions of the articles. A plain gold watch, a hunting-case watch, or a jeweled watch or open-faced watch may be recorded simply as 'a gold watch'; a clustered diamond ring, or a ring of diamonds and pearls, or a solitaire diamond ring may be recorded simply as 'a diamond ring.' Pawnbrokers are not required to furnish to the police at present any copies or reports from such records. At present when a search is made by the police in pawnshops, and when, upon seeing an entry of a 'diamond ring,' the detective requests that the ring be shown, it is entirely possible for the pawnbroker to show any diamond ring he may have in his shop, and to pass it off as the one pledged. This makes almost insurmountable the difficulties of identifying stolen articles.

"A great proportion of stolen articles naturally finds its way into pawnbrokers' shops and second-hand shops; and this bill of Senator Carswell has been drawn to give the police department more control over shops and better means of identifying articles. In so far it makes it more difficult for stolen articles to be covered up in pawnshops. Anything that makes it more difficult for thieves to pawn articles decreases the profits to them of burglary and sneak theft.

"The bill is drafted along the lines of the Massachusetts law, which has been found to work advantageously and beneficially for a number of years, and is highly indorsed by the Massachusetts police authorities. Under this bill the pawnbrokers are obliged to keep definite records in a book approved by the Police Department and to report all pledges daily to the police. This enables the police to have direct and immediate supervision over articles taken in pawn daily, and greatly facilitates their work in following up burglaries and sneak thefts.

Would Help the Police.

Police Commissioner Waldo expressed himself strongly in favor of the proposed bill on the ground that it would keep the police far more posted than they were at present with the business of pawnshops and would enable them to have much fuller survey of all stolen articles or articles that caused suspicion of having been stolen, pledged in shops throughout the city. The bill would lessen the number of thefts, he said.

Michael J. Sweeney, counsel for the Pawnbrokers' Association, said that personally he saw no reason why pawnbrokers should object to the bill, except that it would probably entail the employment of one extra clerk in each shop to do the statistical work required in keeping detailed records of all pledges and submitting transcripts thereof to the police. The Police Department, he said, ought to know what goods are taken in in pawnshops of the city, and personally he believed the proposed bill would be a good measure in helping them to have such knowledge.

Some opposition to the measure was nevertheless voiced by pawnbrokers, who resented the great amount of extra clerical work it would arbitrarily impose upon them, and who said that most of the precautions forced upon them by the bill would prove useless as far as apprehension of crooks was concerned.

DIVIDENDS.

CONTINENTAL PAPER BAG CO.,
17 Battery Place, New York, March 19, 1913.
32nd Consecutive Common Stock Dividend.

A quarterly dividend of one and one-half per cent. (1½) on the common stock has been declared payable March 31st, 1913, to common stockholders of record at the close of business on March 26th, 1913. Checks mailed.

HILSON MUNSEY, Assistant Secretary.

CONTINENTAL PAPER BAG CO.,
17 Battery Place, New York, March 19, 1913.
51st Consecutive Preferred Stock Dividend.

A quarterly dividend of one and one-half per cent. (1½) on the preferred stock has been declared payable March 31st, 1913, to preferred stockholders of record at the close of business on March 26th, 1913. Checks mailed.

HILSON MUNSEY, Assistant Secretary.

THE NATIONAL PARK BANK OF NEW YORK.
March 20th, 1913.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS HAVE TO-DAY DECLARED a quarterly dividend of FOUR PER CENT. (4%) upon the Capital Stock of this Bank, payable on and after April 1st, 1913, to stockholders of record at close of business March 20th, 1913.

MAURICE H. EWER, Cashier.

THE MORTGAGE-BOND COMPANY OF NEW YORK,
No. 59 Liberty Street,
New York, March 20th, 1913.

The Board of Directors of this Company have declared a Quarterly Dividend of One and One-half Per Cent. (1½%) upon the capital stock, payable Tuesday, April 1st, 1913, to stockholders of record March 24th, 1913.

M. C. COGGESHALL, Treasurer.

COLUMBIA-KNICKERBOCKER TRUST COMPANY,
60 Broadway.
New York, March 20, 1913.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a Quarterly Dividend of Five per cent. on the Capital Stock of this Company, payable March 31st, 1913, to Stockholders of record at the close of business March 24th, 1913. The Transfer Books will not close.

L. W. WIGGIN, Secretary.

SEABOARD NATIONAL BANK.
New York, March 20, 1913.

The Board of Directors of this bank has declared the regular quarterly dividend of three (3) per cent., payable April 1, 1913, to stockholders of record on March 22, 1913.

C. C. THOMPSON, Cashier.

DIVIDENDS.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY COMPANY.
80 Church Street, New York, February 14, 1913.

A DIVIDEND OF TWO AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. (2½%) has been declared on the PREFERRED STOCK of this Company, payable on Thursday, April 24, 1913, to stockholders of record at the close of business Saturday, March 29, 1913.

R. D. LANKFORD, Secretary.

23 Wall Street, New York, February 14, 1913.

On April 24, 1913, the Voting Trustees for Preferred Stock Trust Certificates of the Southern Railway Company, WHICH HAVE ASSENTED TO THE EXTENSION AGREEMENT OF AUGUST 27, 1902, will be prepared to distribute the above dividend of two and one-half per cent. (2½%) when received by them, among the parties entitled thereto, as same appear of record on their books at the close of business March 29, 1913.

J. P. MORGAN & CO.,
Agents for Voting Trustees.

Hudson River Electric Power Co. First Mortgage Bonds.
Hudson River Power Transmission Company Refunding Bonds.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that, pursuant to decree of U. S. District Court for the Northern District of New York, dated March 7, 1913, made in the consolidated foreclosure cause, the holders of said bonds and of the coupons described in said decree will receive payment of the additional respective amounts directed by said decree to be paid thereon upon presentation to the undersigned, at its office No. 60 Broadway, New York, of the bonds and coupons for appropriate stamping.

March 7, 1913.

COLUMBIA-KNICKERBOCKER TRUST COMPANY, (successor by merger to Knickerbocker Trust Company,) Trustee.

AMERICAN CAN COMPANY.

A Quarterly Dividend of One and Three-quarters Per Cent. has been declared upon the Preferred Stock of this Company, payable April 1st, 1913, to stockholders of record at the close of business March 22d, 1913; and a further dividend of Twenty-four Per Cent. has been declared upon the Preferred Stock of this Company, payable April 1st, 1913, to stockholders of record at the close of business March 22d, 1913. Transfer books will be closed as to Preferred Stock from the close of business March 22d, 1913, to the opening of business April 1st, 1913. Checks will be mailed.

R. H. ISMON,
Secretary and Treasurer.

D. C. HEATH & COMPANY
BOSTON.
Preferred Dividend

The regular quarterly dividend of One and Three-Quarters Per Cent. has been declared by the Directors of this Corporation, payable April 1, 1913, to preferred stockholders of record March 25, 1913. Checks will be mailed.

WINFIELD S. SMITH, Treasurer.

OFFICES OF
ABBOTT & EATON
ENGINEERS AND OPERATORS,
Cleveland, O.

The Board of Directors of the Continental Gas & Electric Corporation has declared a quarterly dividend of 1½% on the preferred stock, payable April 1st, 1913, books closing March 25th, 1913.

GEORGE A. COULTON, Treasurer.

Assets Realization Company,
304 Lafayette Building,
Philadelphia, Pa., March 19, 1913.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a quarterly dividend of One and Three-quarters Per Cent. on the old preferred stock of this Company, and a dividend of Two Per Cent. on the new single class stock for the quarter ending April 1st, 1913, payable April 1st, 1913, to stockholders of record at the close of business March 29th, 1913. The transfer books will not close. Cheques will be mailed.

THEODORE FROTHINGHAM, Treasurer.

NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE IN NEW YORK
DIVIDEND

A Quarterly Dividend of TWO PER CENT. (2%) has been declared upon the Capital Stock of this Bank, payable on and after Tuesday, April 1, 1913. Transfer books will be closed Friday, March 21, 1913, at close of business and reopened Wednesday April 2, 1913, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

STEVENSON E. WARD, Cashier.
New York, March 20th, 1913.

CITY INVESTING COMPANY,
165 Broadway.
New York, March 20, 1913.

The Board of Directors of this company has declared a quarterly dividend of one and three-quarters per cent. upon the preferred stock, payable at its office on April 1st, 1913, to holders of preferred stock of record on the books of the Company at the close of business on Tuesday, March 25th, 1913.

GEORGE F. GUNTHER, Treasurer.

Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railway Co.
New York, March 12, 1913.

An extra dividend of SIX PER CENT. on the capital stock of this Company (including the $533,500 of stock known as "Michigan Southern & Northern Indiana Guaranteed Stock") has been declared payable on Monday, March 31st, 1913, to stockholders of record at the close of business on Friday, March 21st, 1913.

MILTON S. BARGER, Treasurer.

UNITED UTILITIES COMPANY.

A quarterly dividend (No. 9) of One and Three-quarters Per Cent. (1¾%) on the preferred stock of the United Utilities Company will be paid on April 1st, 1913, to stockholders of record at close of business March 22d, 1913. The preferred stock transfer books of the Company will close at the close of business March 22d, 1913, and will reopen April 2d, 1913.

E. B. TRACY, Secretary.
New York, March 13, 1913.

THE WASHINGTON WATER POWER COMPANY.
Spokane, Wash., March 15, 1913.

A quarterly dividend of two per cent. (2%) has been declared, payable April 1, 1913, to stockholders of record of March 15, 1913.

D. L. HUNTINGTON, President.

New York and Harlem Railroad Co.
New York, March 17th, 1913.

The Board of Directors of this Company has declared a dividend of 2 Per Cent. on the Preferred and Common Stock, payable on the first day of April, 1913, to stockholders of record at the close of business on March 21st, 1913.

MILTON S. BARGER, Treasurer.

PITTSBURGH COAL COMPANY.
Pittsburgh, Penn., March 19, 1913.

The Board of Directors has this day declared a dividend of one and one-quarter (1¼) per cent. on the Preferred Stock, payable April 25, 1913, to stockholders of record at the close of business April 15, 1913.

F. J. LE MOYNE,
Secretary.

STYLES & CASH,
135 West 14th Street.
New York, March 20, 1913.

A semi-annual dividend of five per cent. (5%) on the Capital Stock of this Company has been declared for the six (6) months ending Jan. 31, 1913, payable on April 1, 1913.

W. I. LINCOLN ADAMS, President.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE annual meeting of the stockholders of the RELIABLE ARC LIGHT CO. will be held at the office of the Corporation, at No. 108 East Houston Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 2d day of April, 1913, at 3 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of electing Directors and Inspectors of Election, and to adopt the by-laws of the Company; to issue shares of stock to those entitled thereto; to provide for the sale of shares of stock; to employ additional help, and for the transaction of all such other business as may properly come forth at said meeting.

Dated March 15th, 1913.

JOSEPH MILLER, Secretary.

SOUTHFIELD BRANCH RAILROAD COMPANY.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Southfield Branch Railroad Company will be held at its office, 475 Fifth Avenue, New York, N. Y., on Tuesday, the 1st day of April, 1913, at 12:30 P. M., for the purpose of electing directors for the ensuing year and transacting such other business as may be brought before the meeting.

Dated March 14, 1913.

W. S. JOHNSON,
Secretary.

Sterling Mountain Railway Company.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Sterling Mountain Railway Company will be held at its office, 475 Fifth Avenue, New York, N. Y., on Tuesday, the 1st day of April, 1913, at 12 o'clock M., for the purpose of electing Directors for the ensuing year and transacting such other business as may be brought before the meeting.

Dated March 14, 1913.

W. S. JOHNSON, Secretary.

OFFICE OF
Morgan's Louisiana & Texas R. R. & S. S. Co.
New Orleans, La., March 7th, 1913.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Morgan's Louisiana and Texas Railroad and Steamship Co. will be held at the Company's office, City of New Orleans, on Monday, April 7th, 1913, at 12 M.

ST. D. J. DeBLANC, Secretary.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

STATE OF NEW YORK, OFFICE OF THE Secretary of State, ss.:

THIS CERTIFICATE, issued in duplicate, hereby certifies that the F. M. BURGESS CONSTRUCTION COMPANY, a domestic stock corporation, has filed in this office on this 1st day of February, 1913, papers for the voluntary dissolution of such corporation under Section 221 of the General Corporation Law, and that it appears therefrom that such corporation has complied with said section in order to be dissolved.

WITNESS my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State at the [Seal of Secretary of State.] City of Albany, this first day of February, one thousand nine hundred and thirteen.

LUKE A. KEENAN,
Deputy Secretary of State.

J. K. LOUD & CO., NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION of Co-partnership.—Notice is hereby given that the copartnership of J. K. LOUD & CO., composed of J. K. LOUD and GEORGE SERGEANT, Jr., heretofore doing business at No. 1,790 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, has been dissolved by the retirement of the undersigned from said copartnership.

Dated New York, March 11th, 1913.

(Signed) GEORGE SERGEANT, Jr.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—The firm of NEESEN & SLADE, comprised of H. B. NEESEN and WALTER F. SLADE, doing business at 79 5th Av., New York City, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

H. B. NEESEN,
WALTER F. SLADE.

PROPOSALS.

KNOXVILLE RAILWAY & LIGHT CO.
Forty-Year Consolidated Five Per Cent. Gold Bonds of 1945.

Guaranty Trust Company of New York, successor to The Standard Trust Company of New York, Trustee, under the Indenture securing the above issue, dated September 1, 1905, HEREBY INVITES proposals for the sale of as many of the above bonds as can be purchased for the sum of Fifteen Thousand, Nine Hundred and Thirty-three Dollars and Thirty Cents ($15,933.30.) Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the Guaranty Trust Company of New York, STANDARD BRANCH, No. 25 Broad Street, New York City, until 12 o'clock M., Wednesday, April 2nd, 1913. Bonds offered at the lowest price (not exceeding 107½ and accrued interest) will be accepted proportionately and paid for on Friday, April 4th, 1913, upon delivery, together with accrued interest to that date.

GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK,
By WM. C. COX, Vice President.

VALVES.

Sealed bids will be received by the Board of Water Supply at its offices, seventh floor, 165 Broadway, New York, until 11 A. M. on Tuesday, April 8, 1913, for Contract 105 for furnishing, delivering, and installing bronze riser valves and appurtenances for the city tunnel of Catskill aqueduct in the City of New York.

At the above place and time the bids will be publicly opened and read. Pamphlets containing information for bidders and pamphlets of contract drawings can be obtained at the above address by depositing the sum of ten dollars ($10) for each pamphlet. For further particulars see Information for Bidders.

CHARLES STRAUSS, President,
CHARLES N. CHADWICK,
JOHN F. GALVIN,
Commissioners of the Board of Water Supply.
JOSEPH P. MORRISSEY, Secretary.

U. S. ENGINEER OFFICE, room 802, Army Building, 39 Whitehall St., New York City, March 18, 1913. Sealed proposals for dredging in Woodbridge Creek, Matawan Creek, Shoal Harbor and Compton Creek, and Shrewsbury River, N. J., will be received at this office until 12 M., April 18, 1913, and then publicly opened. Bids for any or all of these works will be considered. Information on application.

WILLIAM T. ROSSELL, Colonel, Engineers.

FORT TOTTEN, N. Y., March 15, 1913. Sealed proposals for general repairs to wharf, piling, caps, stringers, etc., will be received here until 2 P. M., April 15, 1913, and then publicly opened. Information furnished upon application to Quartermaster.

MASTER'S SALE.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—THE EQUITABLE TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, as Trustee, etc., complainant, vs. IMPROVED PROPERTY HOLDING COMPANY OF NEW YORK et al., defendants, in Equity No. 9-252.

In pursuance of a decree of foreclosure of the said court, dated March 6th, 1913, and entered in the above cause on March 7th, 1913, I, Arthur Berry, Special Master duly appointed by the court to make this sale, will sell on Friday, the 11th of April, 1913, at eleven o'clock A. M., at the north main entrance of the County Court House, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, at public auction, as directed by said decree, the following-described property, to wit:

(1) A certain indenture of lease made by Austen G. Fox to Henry Corn, dated August 19th, 1905, and recorded in the office of the Register of the County of New York in Liber 119 of Conveyances, Section 3, at Page 93, covering premises bounded and described as follows:

All those certain lots, pieces, or parcels of land situate, lying, and being in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point on the northerly side of 33rd Street, distant 192 feet 11½ inches, easterly along the same, from the corner formed by the intersection of the said northerly side of 33rd Street with the easterly side of Broadway; running thence northerly, in straight line, through the centre of a party wall, and at right angles, or nearly so, with the said northerly side of 33rd Street, 98 feet 9 inches, to the centre line of the block between 33rd and 34th Streets; thence easterly, along said centre line of the block, 63 feet 4½ inches; thence southerly, in a straight line, through the centre of another party wall, and at right angles, or nearly so, with the said northerly side of 33rd Street 98 feet 9 inches, to the northerly side of 33rd Street, and thence easterly along the said northerly side of 33rd Street, 63 feet 4½ inches to the point or place of beginning, be the said several distances and dimensions more or less. Said premises being now known by the Street Numbers 43, 45 and 47 West 33rd Street.

(2) That certain indenture of lease made by Union Trust Company of New York, as Trustee under the will of Laura Delano, deceased, to Henry Corn, dated March 16th, 1906, and recorded in the office of the Register of the County of New York, March 19th, 1906, in Liber 117 of Conveyances, Section 3, at Page 321, covering premises bounded and described as follows:

All those four certain lots, pieces or parcels of land, situate, lying and being in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, bounded and described as follows: Commencing at a point on the easterly line of Fifth Avenue, distant 59 feet 3 inches southerly from the southeasterly corner of Fifth Avenue and East 34th Street; running thence eastwardly, parallel with said East 34th Street and through a party wall so far as the same extends, 100 feet; thence southwardly parallel with Fifth Avenue 39 feet 6 inches; thence westwardly parallel with East 34th Street, 5 feet; thence southwardly again parallel with Fifth Avenue 39 feet 6 inches; thence westwardly again parallel with East 34th Street and to and through another party wall, 95 feet to the easterly line of Fifth Avenue; thence northwardly along said easterly line of Fifth Avenue, 79 feet to the point or place of beginning. Said premises being now known by the Street Numbers 341, 343, 345 and 347 Fifth Avenue.

(3) That certain indenture of lease made by Mary Bell to Henry Corn, dated January 20th, 1904, and recorded in the office of the Register of the County of New York, in Liber 98 of Conveyances, Section 3, at Page 354, covering the premises bounded and described as follows:

All that certain plot, piece or parcel of land situate, lying and being on the northwesterly corner of Fifth Avenue and 32nd Street in the Borough of Manhattan, in the City, County and State of New York, bounded and described as follows: Commencing at the corner formed by the intersection of the westerly side of Fifth Avenue with the northerly side of 32nd Street and running thence westerly along the northerly side of 32nd Street 123 feet 6 inches; thence northerly and parallel with Fifth Avenue 98 feet 9 inches; thence easterly and parallel with 32nd Street 23 feet 6 inches to a point distant 100 feet west of the westerly side of Fifth Avenue; thence southerly and parallel with Fifth Avenue 32 feet and 11 inches to a point distant 65 feet 10 inches northerly from the northerly side of 32nd Street; thence easterly and parallel with 32nd Street 100 feet to the westerly side of Fifth Avenue; thence southerly on the westerly side of Fifth Avenue 65 feet 10 inches to the point or place of beginning.

(4) That certain indenture of lease made by Samuel V. Hoffman, Farmers' Loan & Trust Company, and William H. Harris, as Trustee under the last will and testament of Eugene A. Hoffman, deceased, to Henry Corn, dated April 20th, 1906, and recorded in the office of the Register of the County of New York, in Liber 129 of Conveyances, Section 5, at Page 385, covering premises bounded and described as follows:

All those certain lots, pieces or parcels of land in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, now known by the Street Numbers 47, 49, 51, 53, 55, 57 and 59 West 42d Street, and Numbers 736, 738, 740, 742 and 744 Sixth Avenue, with the buildings and improvements thereon erected, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point formed by the intersection of the northerly side of 42nd Street with the easterly side of Sixth Avenue; running thence easterly along the northerly side of 42nd Street 208 feet to the land of Louisa M. Garry; thence northerly along said land of Louisa M. Gerry and parallel with Sixth Avenue or nearly so 100 feet and five inches, more or less, to the centre line of the block; thence westerly along said centre line of the block 208 feet to said easterly side of Sixth Avenue, and thence southerly along said easterly side of Sixth Avenue 100 feet and 5 inches, more or less, to the point or place of beginning. Be the said several distances and dimensions more or less.

(5) That certain indenture of lease made by Sarah M. Schieffelin individually and as Trustee, William N. Clark, Lawrence Clark and Ernest H. Crosby as Trustees of the last Will and Testament of Henry M. Schieffelin, deceased, to Henry Corn, dated December 31st, 1904, and recorded in the office of the Register of the County of New York, June 13th, 1905, in Liber 114 of Conveyances, Section 3, at Page 84, covering premises bounded and described as follows:

All those certain lots, pieces or parcels of land, with the buildings and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying and being in the Borough of Manhattan, in the City, County and State of New York, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at the corner formed by the intersection of the westerly side of Broadway with the northerly side of 27th Street; running thence northwardly along the westerly side of Broadway, 135 feet 10¾ inches to a point opposite the northerly wall of the building now erected on the premises hereby described; thence westwardly and at right angles to the westerly line of old Bloomingdale Road 78 feet 11 inches to a point in the westerly wall of the premises hereby described; thence southwardly and parallel with the westerly line of old Bloomingdale Road 25 feet and ⅛ of an inch; thence eastwardly and at right angles with the westerly line of old Bloomingdale Road 17 feet 2½ inches; thence again southwardly and parallel with the westerly line of old Bloomingdale Road 25 feet and ¼ of an inch; thence again southwardly and at right angles with 27th Street 58 feet and 6 inches, more or less, to the northerly line of 27th Street; and thence eastwardly along the northerly line of 27th Street 87 feet and 7 inches, more or less, to the point or place of beginning.

(6) That certain indenture of lease made by Henry S. Van Beuren, Frederick T. Van Beuren, Elizabeth S. Van Beuren, Emily A. V. B. Reynolds, Mary Elizabeth Mitchell, Louise Van Beuren Bond, Henry S. F. Davis, Michael V. B. Davis, and John W. A. Davis to Henry Corn, dated February 1, 1902, and recorded in the office of the Register of the County of New York, in Liber 80 of Conveyances, Section 3, at Page 421, covering premises bounded and described as follows:

All those certain lots of land, situate, lying and being in the Eighteenth Ward of the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, being part of the lands of the said parties of the first part, which taken together are bounded and described as follows: Beginning at the corner formed by the intersection of the northerly line of Fourteenth Street with the westerly line of the Fifth Avenue, running thence westwardly along the northerly line of Fourteenth Street one hundred (100) feet; thence northwardly and parallel to the Fifth Avenue to the lands heretofore leased by Henry S. Van Beuren and others to Henry C. Demorest, about one hundred and three (103) feet and three (3) inches; thence eastwardly along said lands, and part of the way through a wall along the southerly side of the land so leased as aforesaid, one hundred (100) feet to the westerly line of the Fifth Avenue; and thence southwardly along said westerly line of the Fifth Avenue one hundred and three (103) feet and three (3) inches to the point or place of beginning, be said several distances or dimensions more or less.

(7) That certain indenture of lease made by Mary R. Goelet, George De Witt, and Robert Goelet, as Trustees, under the last Will and Testament of Ogden Goelet, deceased, to Henry Corn, dated January 15th, 1903, and recorded in the office of the Register of the County of New York, in Liber 98 of Conveyances, Section 3, at Page 360, covering premises bounded and described as follows:

All that certain lot, piece or parcel of land, with the buildings and improvements thereon erected, situate in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at the corner formed by the intersection of the westerly side of Fifth Avenue and the northerly side of 16th Street; running thence northerly along the westerly side of Fifth Avenue 91 feet and 6 inches; thence westerly parallel with the northerly side of 16th Street 89 feet; thence northerly parallel with the westerly side of Fifth Avenue 6 inches; thence westerly parallel with the northerly side of 16th Street 69 feet 4 inches; thence southerly parallel with the westerly side of Fifth Avenue 92 feet to the northerly side of 16th Street; thence easterly along the northerly side of 16th Street 158 meet 4 inches to the point or place of beginning. Be the said several distances and dimensions more or less. Said premises being now known by the Street Numbers 110-112 Fifth Avenue and 1 West 16th Street.

Together with the appurtenances and all the estate and rights of the Improved Property Holding Company in and to each and all said premises under and by virtue of the aforesaid leases.

The Special Master will first invite separate bids upon each leasehold, the leasehold at 42d Street and Sixth Avenue being offered last; he will then offer the leaseholds in such combinations as may be requested by any qualified bidder; he will then invite bids on all of the above-described property as an entirety. Thereafter, any bidder shall have the right to raise his bid. The Special Master will accept provisionally the bid or bids which shall produce the highest proceeds of sale, provided that the accepted bid or bids for all the above-described properties shall not be less than $300,000.

The Special Master will receive no bid on any single leasehold from any one who, prior to the sale, shall not have deposited with him the sum of $5,000 in cash or in a check certified by a National or State Bank or Trust Company in the City of New York; and the Special Master will receive no bid for a lot consisting of more than one leasehold or for the entire property from any one who shall not have deposited with him prior to the sale the sum of $20,000, either in cash or in such certified check. Any bidder depositing the sum of $20,000 as aforesaid shall be entitled to bid on every leasehold and every combination of leaseholds, and on the entire property. The cash or check deposited by any bidder to qualify him to bid shall be held as a pledge that such bidder will make good his bid, if accepted by the Court.

In addition to the cash deposited on any bid at the time of the sale which shall be received as a part of the purchase price, the purchaser shall pay the remainder of the purchase price in thirty days after the confirmation of the sale.

The Special Master will require the purchaser or purchasers at such sale to pay to him in cash such proportion of their bid or bids as will produce the total sum of $200,000, except that he will accept the receivers' certificates mentioned in said decree in place of such cash at their face value, plus accrued interest. Any purchaser may satisfy and make good the balance of his bid in whole or in part in bonds duly certified under the mortgage made by Improved Property Holding Company of New York to Colonial Trust Company, as Trustee, dated June 1, 1906, (which mortgage is foreclosed by this decree) and coupons thereto appertaining. Such bonds and coupons will be received at such price or value as shall be equivalent to the sum which would be payable out of the net proceeds of the sale, if made wholly for money, to the holder or holders of said bonds and coupons for his or their just share or proportion of the net proceeds.

Current ground rents, taxes, water charges, insurance and rent under the sub-leases will be apportioned between the purchaser or purchasers and the receivers appointed in this cause, as of the date of the delivery of the instruments of conveyance, assignment or transfer by the Special Master, and credits allowed to and debits charged against the purchaser or purchasers on his or their bids, accordingly; and the leaseholds on the properties Number 320 Fifth Avenue and Numbers 1,161-1,175 Broadway will be sold subject to certain sums due the owners of the fee and the City of New York for ground rents, taxes and other municipal charges, as more fully set forth in said decree.

For a more particular description of the property to be sold and the terms and conditions of the sale, reference is hereby made to the decree of foreclosure, dated March 6th, 1913, entered by the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York, in the above-entitled cause on March 7th, 1913. Copies of said decree may be had at the offices of Messrs. Murray, Prentice & Howland, Solicitors for complainant, 37 Wall Street, New York, N. Y.

ARTHUR BERRY, Special Master.

Referees' Notices

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—ISABELLA C. MAY, Plaintiff, against HENRY CORN and ROSELLA CORN, his wife, and ORGANIZERS INVESTING COMPANY, Defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above entitled action, and bearing date the 26th day of February, 1913, I, the undersigned, the Referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction at the Exchange Salesrooms, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 26th day of March, 1913, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by BRYAN L. KENNELLY, Auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold and therein described as follows:

A lease made by James V. Coleman of the City of San Francisco, California, and Cecilia C. May and Isabella C. May, both of the City of Washington, District of Columbia, to Samuel Corn and Henry Corn, both of the City, County and State of New York, said lease bearing date the first day of July, 1893, and recorded in the office of the Register of the County of New York on the 4th day of October, 1893, in Section 3, Liber 24 of Conveyances at page 136, and also on the 7th day of June, 1894, in Section 3, Liber 29 of Conveyances at page 107, by which lease the following described premises were demised for the term of forty-two years and two months from the first day of March, 1894, that is to say:

ALL that certain lot, piece or parcel of land with the buildings thereon erected known as Number 139 (One Hundred and Thirty-nine) Fifth Avenue, situate, lying and being in the Eighteenth Ward of the City of New York, and bounded and described as follows, viz.:

BEGINNING at a point on the easterly line of Fifth Avenue distant fifty-seven feet six inches northerly from the corner formed by the intersection of the said easterly line of Fifth Avenue with the northerly line of Twentieth Street, and running thence northerly along said easterly line of Fifth Avenue thirty-two feet six inches; thence easterly parallel with the northerly line of Twentieth Street and part of the way through the centre of a party wall ninety feet; thence northerly parallel with the easterly line of Fifth Avenue two feet; thence easterly again parallel with the northerly line of Twentieth Street forty-eight feet; thence southerly again parallel with the easterly line of Fifth Avenue forty-four feet; thence westerly again parallel with the northerly line of Twentieth Street twenty-five feet; thence northerly again parallel with the easterly line of Fifth Avenue nine feet and six inches; thence westerly again parallel with the northerly line of Twentieth Street and part of the way through the centre of a party wall one hundred and thirteen feet to the point or place of beginning.

AND ALSO the right to use a certain lane or right of way twelve feet in width leading from the premises above described to Twentieth Street, and more particularly described in a certain deed made by William Jay and wife to Loring Andrews, bearing date the fourth day of October, 1851, and recorded in the office of the Register of the City and County of New York in Liber 582 of Conveyances, page 540, October 8th, 1851.

TOGETHER with all and singular the edifices, buildings, rights, members, privileges and appurtenances thereunto belonging, or in any wise appertaining.

AND ALSO, ALL the estate, right, title, interest, term of years yet to come and unexpired, property, possession, claim and demand whatsoever, as well in law as in equity, of the said parties of the first part, of, in and to the said demised premises, and every part and parcel thereof, with the appurtenances;

AND ALSO the said Indenture of Lease, and every clause, article and condition therein expressed and contained.

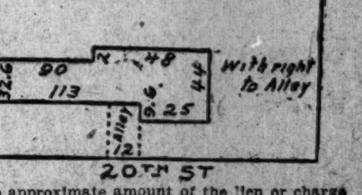
Said premises will be sold subject to existing tenancies and leases.

Dated, New York, February 28th, 1913.

PHELAN BEALE, Referee.

AGAR, ELY & FULTON, Attorneys for Plaintiff, No. 31 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

The following is a diagram of the property covered by the said Indenture of Lease, to be sold:



The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above described property is to be sold is Thirty-four thousand nine hundred and 64-100 Dollars ($34,900.64,) with interest thereon from the 14th day of February, 1913, together with the costs and allowance, amounting to Three hundred twenty-six and 51-100 (326.51) Dollars, with interest from February 28th, 1913, together with the expenses of the sale.

The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments and water rates or other liens which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the Referee is Seventy-eight and 72-100 Dollars, ($78.72,) and interest.

Dated, New York, February 28th, 1913.

PHELAN BEALE, Referee.

PLAN NEW ROUTE FOR HARLEM SHIP CANAL

Bill Offered to Provide Means to Overcome the State Cry of Great Poverty.

AND ELIMINATE A BAD BEND

Board of Trade Measure Aimed to Provide Means to Protect Hudson-East River Connections.

A plan to take land away on the north edge of Manhattan Island and dredge it out to for a new route for the Harlem ship canal is brought forward in a bill introduced in the Assembly at the instance of the New York Board of Trade and Transportation.

The chief feature of the plan is the method advocated to overcome Gov. Sulzer's plea of poverty on the part of the State, which would prevent the furnishing, at the State's cost, of the new route for the canal.

Under the plan advocated in the bill the State will be able, with the use of a small fund temporarily, to condemn a route for the new canal, and a little later will be able to put upon the market the land comprising the bottom of the present canal. From the sale of the land now under water it is estimated by those in favor of the bill, that the State will be able to pay the owners of all land it will be necessary to condemn, and in addition, be able to make a good profit.

The changing of the ship canal route has been urged for a long time by the Board of Trade and by shipping interests. About 2,000 feet east of the junction of the canal with the Hudson River, there is a sharp bend, and even short boats find it difficult to make this sharp turn without bumping into the banks.

With the new barge canal completed this bend in the Harlem canal would shut out entirely from the Hudson-East River connections all of the larger boats then expected to participate in the canal trade, unless in the meantime a new channel were dug.

United States Engineers Have Practical Plan.

The Board of Trade and Transportation, through previous efforts, has been able to secure the interest and co-operation of the United States Government. The United States army engineers have agreed to undertake the work of straightening the kink in the canal's route, provided they are given free use of the land for a new and straighter route without hindrance by injunction suits and private claims. The power of the army engineers to undertake this work they found already existed under their general authority to remove obstacles to navigation.

When an appeal was made first to the Legislature for a $2,000,000 appropriation for a new right of way the Governor protested that the State was too poor at this time to spend so much money on one small bend in a canal. It is now proposed to shovel the dirt from the new route into the present channel of the canal, and for the State to finance this new-made land in such a manner as to raise funds to pay condemnation claims.

Before the Senate Finance Committee yesterday Frank S. Gardner, Secretary of the Board of Trade and Transportation, explained some of the benefits to accrue to local commerce from the proposed change in the canal's route, and also the details of the novel financing plan which the State is asked to adopt.

"By going through the Harlem ship canal," said Mr. Gardner, "barges can reach East River points with a saving of 26 miles required to make the trip down the Hudson and back into the East River. This saving applies to all points on Long Island Sound, the east side of Manhattan, the Bronx, Queens, and Brooklyn.

"After 1915, when the barge canal is completed, the great stream of canal-boat traffic will have to fight its way down past the Battery through congested waters, past many unnecessary dangers, and at a large cost for fuel and running expenses unless action is taken now.

"We have proceeded in this case on the theory that the saving in passing through the Harlem Canal, capitalized at 4 per cent., would do much more than pay the cost of taking the sharp curve out of the route. The United States engineers have a fund of $850,000 available to dig a new channel. Careful surveys have been made by them. They have become convinced the work is practicable and ought to be undertaken by the Federal Government.

Now It's Up to the State.

"The Government has committed itself to the project and has available a $5,000 fund for preliminary work. All that remains, of course, is to provide the site, so that, in current slang, 'It's up to the State,' and it's time we knew what the State is going to do about it. Since the State has refused to finance the plan for securing a new route, our substitute will be found to be practicable, we believe.

"The United States Congress, we believe, will co-operate with us. The Federal Government owns the bend we hope to see abandoned for canal purposes, and as soon as it cedes title to the State, which we expect it to do, then let the State float a bond issue of $2,000,000 against this new State property.

"The property will be immensely valuable. It will be on the north fringe of Manhattan Island. It will front on a straightened out barge canal route with a growing traffic that will constantly enhance its value.

"We have proposed in amendments to the bill formerly introduced calling for a State appropriation new provisions to the effect that the State proceed to raise all the money required through the sale of certificates of indebtedness against the land ceded by Congress. This money, as raised from the sale of certificates, is to go into the State Treasury and is to be available at the call of the Special Appraiser of Canal Lands and the Canal Board. The Canal Board, under the amendments, is to be authority to sell land along the frontage of the new canal and use the money thus acquired in retiring the certificates of indebtedness.

"We have heard of other cases in which this plan has been used. It was used to finance the early stages of the building of the barge canal, and it has appeared in carrying out conservation projects.

"If Congress acts at its earliest opportunity it will be January, 1914, before the State can gain title to the present canal bottom. Then would follow the negotiations for a new right of way, which would reach 1916 before completion. In the meantime, it is probable that purchasers might be found for the State's land, and the entire fund raised without the selling of bonds as asked for. But in any event, no certificate could issue before January, 1916, and up to Jan. 1, 1917, not more than $30,000 would be required in cash. So that the State, in passing the enabling legislation at this time, is not committing itself to any rash or sudden call upon its credit or finances."

PRINTCLOTHS INACTIVE.

The slump in the local printcloth market continued yesterday, and there was again little feature to the day's activities. General conditions seem to be working entirely against the market, and offerings are much larger than was the case a week or ten days ago. Some second hands are beginning to let out goods, and this is expected to increase shortly, unless the market shows signs of recovering. There was some activity reported in 39-inch, 68-72s, at 5⅝ cents, but the general list showed little that was new. Voiles were in good request for spot and nearby delivery, and fancy crepes were also active. Fine yarn goods were in fair demand, and silk-filled, colored-yarn fabrics were well taken. The day's quotations follow:

27-inch, 50-52s	3 1-16c	38½-inch, 64-60s	5 1-16c
27-inch, 56-56s	3¼c	38½-inch, 64-64s	5¼c
27-inch, 64-60s	3⅝c	39-inch, 68-72s	5⅝c
28-inch, 64-60s	3⅝c	39-inch, 72-76s	6⅛c
28-inch, 64-64s	4c	39-inch, 80-80s	7¼c

Brown sheetings, Southern standard, 8c; brown sheetings, 4-yard, 56-60s, 6¾@6⅞c; denims, 9-ounce, 14@17c; tickings, 8-ounce, 13½c; standard prints, 5½c, and standard staple ginghams, 6½c.

$42,000,000 HUDSON BRIDGE.

Jersey Commission Favors That and $11,000,000 Tunnels.

The report to the Legislature of the New Jersey Bridge and Tunnel Commission was made public yesterday and, as told in THE TIMES yesterday, the commission favors a bridge across the Hudson from about Fifty-seventh Street, and tunnels in the lower part of the city. The cost of bridge and tunnels is $42,000,000 for the former and $11,000,000 for the latter.

The commission finds that the shore line here and in Jersey is unsuitable for a bridge except at Fifty-seventh Street, 110th Street or north of 179th Street, and of these points Fifty-seventh Street easily offers greater advantages in that it extends wholly across the city and is centrally situated.

The commission also advocates tunnel connections between Jersey and Staten Island under the Kill van Kull. The Manhattan tunnels should be placed at Canal Street and connect with Twelfth Street, Jersey City, the commission finds.

READ CHILDS'S LETTERS.

Lydia Robinson Examined Preliminary to Hearing of Will Contest.

The preliminary examination of Lydia Robinson, the young woman who claims a $15,000 legacy under the will of Irving W. Childs, was finished yesterday in the Surrogates' Court. Miss Robinson was ordered by the Surrogate to appear and tell of various conversations between Childs and Frederick H. Clarke, a lawyer who was bequeathed $75,000 under the will.

Miss Robinson, who said she accompanied Childs on a trip through Europe, also said that she first heard of Childs's marital difficulties six or eight months after she met him. She asserted that Childs had at various times shown her letters which he received from Clarke.

"Do you mean to say," said Attorney E. R. Leavitt, who represents Clarke, "that Mr. Childs gave you letters which he received from Mr. Clarke, his attorney, to read?"

"He either gave them to me to read or read them to me himself," Miss Robinson replied. She added that after she and Childs had been together about six months he allowed her to read all of his correspondence.

The examination was then concluded, and the testimony will be filed in the Surrogates' Court. It is expected that the trial of the will contest will begin next week.

SEEK TO BREAK MARKED WILL

Daughters Say Penciled Lines Show Intention to Change It.

Hearings in the contest of the will of Frank Crawford, who died last November, leaving an estate of about $40,000, were begun yesterday before Surrogate Cohalan. M. J. Horan, as special guardian for two daughters, Helen and Marion Crawford, who are named for bequests of $10,000 each, filed objections to probating the will. The document is marked and penciled, and it is the contention of the contestants that these lines were made by the testator for the purpose of changing the will.

Surrogate Cohalan said that, no matter how many lines were drawn through the will, that would not revoke it. There are only two ways, he said, in which a will may be revoked. One is to revoke it formally and the other is to destroy it. Even if the words "I revoke" were written at the end, that would not revoke it, he said.

"If you could destroy a will by putting pencil marks through it," the Surrogate held, "any dissatisfied heir could revoke it. We'd have regular gangs organized to steal wills end revoke them in this way."

The witnesses examined yesterday were William Adams and Henry C. Kayser, both of whom witnessed the execution of the will. They testified that when they witnessed it there were no pencil marks on it.

FIFTH SUIT FOR FAIR ESTATE.

Another Niece of Woman Killed in France Seeks Share of Property.

Mrs. Annie B. Leonard, niece of Mrs. Caroline D. Fair, who with her husband was killed in an automobile accident in France in 1902, filed in the Supreme Court yesterday the fifth of a series of suits brought against Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt, Jr., and Mrs. Hermann Oelrichs and others interested in the Fair estate. Mrs. Vanderbilt and Mrs. Oelrichs were sisters of Charles D. Fair.

The complaint filed in the new suit is the same as those in the suits filed last week by other nieces and a nephew. The complaint asserts that Mr. Fair's death preceded that of his wife. Mrs. Fair under her husband's will inherited practically his entire state, which was some $10,000,000.

GODDARD ESTATE $250,861.

Grandson of Wm. Cullen Bryant Had Real Estate Worth $96,875.

Frederick M. Goddard, a grandson of William Cullen Bryant, the poet, left an estate valued at $250,861.38, according to an appraisal filed yesterday in the Nassau County Surrogate's office at Mineola, L. I. The personal estate amounts to $161,810, and there is real property worth $96,875.

Mr. Goddard died on last Dec. 31 at his home in Roslyn. He left his entire estate to his widow, Minna Godwin Goddard, with the exception of $5,000 to a niece, Elizabeth Hurlburt Ludekins of New Dorp, S. I.

TO INVESTIGATE THAW FEE.

Bar Association Official Named to Conduct Inquiry Into Bribe Charge.

District Attorney Whitman appointed Einar Chrystie, counsel for the Grievance Committee of the Bar Association, yesterday, a Special Assistant District Attorney to conduct the Grand Jury investigation as to the $25,000 fee which Harry K. Thaw gave to John Nicholson Anhut, a lawyer.

After Anhut testified before the Albany Investigating Committee that Dr. Russell, at that time Superintendent of the Matteawan Asylum for the Criminal Insane, had asked for a bribe, and Dr. Russell had in turn testified that Anhut had offered him a bribe, Gov. Sulzer requested the Bar Association and Mr. Whitman to investigate.

FIELD STORE IN PITTSBURGH.

Chicago Company Has Option on H. C. Frick's $4,000,000 Plot.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, March 20.—Marshall Field & Co. of Chicago, may build in Pittsburgh one of the biggest department stores in America.

An option has been taken on the Frick property, covering two squares, lying between Fifth and Sixth Avenues and Grant Boulevard and Cherry Way. The tract is cut in two by Oliver Avenue. It is opposite the Frick and Carnegie Buildings, and is diagonally across the street from the Allegheny County Court House. H. C. Frick puts a $4,000,000 valuation on the land. It is regarded as the most valuable piece in Pittsburgh.

STOCK EXCHANGE BILLS UP.

One Directed at Insolvent Brokers and Hypothecation Advanced.

ALBANY, March 20.—Without opposition the Senate to-day advanced to the order of final passage the Stilwell bill, designed to prevent transactions by brokers after insolvency and the hypothecation of customers' securities.

Senator Elon Brown objected to the advancement of the two Stock Exchange reform bills, designed to prohibit bucket-shops and the manipulation of prices.

THE BUSINESS WORLD

DECREASE IN EXPORT TRADE.

In February It Was Nearly $5,000,000 Less Than a Year Ago.

WASHINGTON, March 20.—The export trade of the United States for the month of February fell off nearly $4,818,410, as compared with the exports for the same month last year, according to a report of the Department of Commerce. Exports for last month aggregated $194,025,916 as compared with $198,844,326 for February, 1912.

On the other hand the imports of the United States for February last exceeded the imports for the same month of last year. The total value of imports for last month was $149,569,214. For the same month a year ago they aggregated $134,188,438.

The excess of exports over imports for the past month was $44,456,702, while for the corresponding month of 1912 the excess amounted to $64,655,888. Of the imports that entered this country last month those that came in free of duty amounted to $79,913,002.

FURNITURE TRADE DULL.

Seasonable Quiet in Evidence—Leather Furniture Growing More Popular.

There is the usual lull among furniture manufacturers and retailers at present, although February was one of the largest months experienced locally in some time. Better ordering is expected immediately after Easter. From the standpoint of both manufacturer and retailer the volume of this year's business, both Eastern and Western, has been of the better grade goods. The sales each month have so far been larger than expected, but it is said that Fall sales will probably exceed them by at least 50 per cent.

It is reported that leather furniture will be featured for Fall because there is a greater tendency toward furnishing practical living rooms than using tapestried and brocaded furniture for drawing rooms. It is believed that loose cushions will be used more extensively than formerly. A new feature in cushions, shown by a local house, is one with each spring in a separate pocket, and said to be practically indestructible. It is claimed to afford the greatest resiliency and comfort, and will no doubt be well received.

LOCAL STATIONERS BUSY.

Manufacturers Running Plants to Capacity—Western and Export Trade Bigger.

Heavy business is reported by jobbers of stationery in this city, and the early months of 1913 are considerably ahead of last year. The principal factories are running full time to meet demands, and certain large manufacturers have recently enlarged their plants. Substantial reorders are coming, and those noted are in nearly all cases for the better grade paper. It is believed that the day of cheap materials is over, and that people are becoming educated to using better goods. Papeteries and tablets are having the largest call at the moment.

Dealers say that they are now shipping more goods to Western States than formerly. It is further said that export trade has increased about 33 1-3 per cent. during the last six months, which one well-known wholesaler attributed to the knowledge that American goods are produced about as cheaply as foreign.

TO DIVIDE WITH EMPLOYES.

Copartnership Planned at Heathcote Lace Factory of Tiverton, England.

According to recent advices from England contained in a daily consular and trade report, a scheme of copartnership is being considered by the work people employed at the lace factory owned by John Heathcoat & Co. of Tiverton.

Ian Heathcoat-Amory, explaining the scheme to the workers, said that the relations of the firm with their work people for the last 105 years had been of the happiest character, and the business was in a very strong position. For the purposes of the scheme the machinery and plant had been valued at their present worth, and to that sum would be added the amount of the ready money necessary for the proper working of the business. For the amount of this total it was proposed to issue preference shares entitling the owners to a cumulative preference dividend of 6 per cent., which might fairly be called the wages of capital.

At the end of each year, after the payment of this dividend, the balance of net profit would be equally divided between the owners of the business and the copartners. There would generally be a balance available for such dividend, but not in bad times. The copartners would include all workers over 25 years of age who were employed in the factories at Tiverton, Cullompton, or Exeter, or in the warehouses in London, and had worked for the firm for at least five years. The present owners would continue to own the business, with the risks and liabilities attaching to it.

According to the report the meeting received the announcement of the scheme with enthusiasm.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Collector Reversed on Willowware and Plaited Manila Hemp.

A controversy before the Board of United States General Appraisers yesterday between the Government officials at Port Townsend and George Borgfeldt & Co. was settled in favor of the importer. Plain willow waste paper baskets were assessed at 45 per cent. ad valorem under Paragraph 212 of the Act of 1909, as manufactures of willow. They were held dutiable at 35 per cent. under the provision for baskets in Paragraph 214.

Veit, Son & Co. imported manila hemp plaits in their natural condition. The Collector at New York assessed a high duty, while the importers asked 15 per cent. ad valorem as plaits under Paragraph 422. Judge McClelland sustained the protest.

CONSULAR TRADE NOTES.

A Peking dispatch in The North China Daily News says that the Chinese Government has arranged to employ Lieut. Bon, the French expert aviator, who recently visited Peking, and is now on his way to Paris, where he will purchase for China four monoplanes, four biplanes, and four multiplanes. He will then return to Peking and establish a military school of aviation.

The Russian hop harvest for 1912 has been estimated by growers at 4,914 tons, reports Consul John H. Grout of Odessa, less than half of which is classed as first quality, due to unfavorable weather. During 1912 first-class hops were quoted at $11.33 to $12.88 per pood, or $1.4 to 35.7 cents an avoirdupois pound.

The total production of coal in Belgium during 1912 amounted to 22,988,460 tons, against 23,125,140 tons in 1911 and 23,927,230 tons in 1910. This decrease was due to the strike in the Borinage district at the beginning of the year, and also to the limiting of the day's work to nine hours.

Rubber tapping has been started on Hawaiian plantations. On one plantation 8,000 six-year-old trees are reported to have yielded last year 1,260 pounds. An older plantation gave 5,700 pounds.

AMONG THE SHOPS.

Here and there unblocked Panama hats for women, priced at $5, are seen. They are woven of fine texture straw, and are excellent for motor wear.

Wooden easter eggs, hand carved and colored, and of Russian workmanship, are among the seasonable novelties shown. One, about three and a half inches long, and shaped and colored like an owl, is priced at 40 cents.

For feminine use semi-fitted coats of English tweed, very suitable for motor wear, may be had for $40. They are now being shown in Delft, sage, and mustard color. They are trimmed with four leather buttons, and the shoulders are cut a la raglan.

BUSINESS NOTES.

The American Fashion Company, publishers, 222 West Thirty-ninth Street, have leased the entire thirteenth floor of the Masonic Building, 71 West Twenty-third Street.

Van Antwerpen Freres have engaged space in the building at 535 Pearl Street.

The United States Asbestos Company, 291 Pearl Street, has leased part of the building at 155 Chambers Street.

WANT GLOVE DUTY CHANGED.

Importers Have Trouble Over Different Rates for Men and Women.

Importers of gloves at New York and other large centres intend to press upon Chairman Underwood of the Ways and Means Committee of the House of Representatives the necessity for a revision in the new Tariff act of the provision covering men's and women's cotton gloves.

According to the Customs officials at New York, foreign manufacturers have been making men's gloves which pay a duty of 50 per cent to appear as women's gloves which pay a duty of 40 per cent. and invoicing them accordingly. If these gloves are passed as women's gloves, even though they are intended to sell for men's use, the importers protest to the Board of United States General Appraisers. While the officials admit that the rate is practically prohibitive, this fact, the Examiners contend, cannot influence their action, as relief must come through legislative action by Congress in the new bill to be considered at the special session.

Importers said yesterday that a favorite practice of the Examiners is to try on the gloves at the Appraiser's Stores, and if they fit, to return them for duty as men's gloves. It was said in trade circles that such a test is erroneous, as many women use a lage size of glove, while men not infequently use a size corresponding with the average women's measurement.

RAW SILK MARKETS.

Dyers' and Silk Workers' Strikes Are Hitting Business Hard Here.

Cable advices from Italy report the Milan raw silk market firm, with an upward tendency. The demand from the European manufacturers keeps up well, and the reelers are loath to accept present prices. The Yokohama market continues quiet, and a slight shading of prices on the better grades is reported. Sinshiu silks are scarce and show little fluctuation. Sales for the week aggregated 2,400 bales, and shipments to the United States totalled 2,200 bales. Stocks stand at close to 9,000 bales. The Canton market is still firm under a good European call. Stocks there are light. Low supplies are also reported from Shanghai, with prices generally steady and slightly higher on tussahs.

The dyers' and silkworkers' strikes are hitting business hard in the New York market, and an unusually light demand for Japanese silks is reported for this time of the year. On the other hand a further decline in exchange has resulted in some buying of Canton silks here.

THE KNIT GOODS MART.

Fall Trade Opening Slowly with Jobbers—Mills Behind in Deliveries.

Jobbers' salesmen now out with Fall lines of hosiery and underwear are not doing so well in a business way as expected in the face of the good Spring demand experienced to date. The trade appears optimistic, however, and looks forward to heavier buying as the season progresses. Spring duplicates were already beginning to come in well from the buyers who were in the market early. The season as a whole, has so far been much more satisfactory than that of 1912, with, hosiery much more in demand at the moment than underwear. Cancellations and returns have been lighter than usual to date with the leading houses in the trade, and collections are reported good in view of the Eastern money stringency.

In the primary knit goods market the feature appears to be the continued demand from buyers for prompt deliveries. Some of the prominent hosiery mills are said to be from three weeks to two months behind in their shipments, and this condition is reflected to some extent in the underwear end of the trade.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

WILLIAM J. HARTLEY.—William J. Hartley, who has lived for the last six months at 58 West Fifty-ninth Street, the New York Athletic Club, and at the Victoria Hotel, Twenty-seventh Street and Broadway, filed a petition in bankruptcy yesterday with liabilities of $7,957 and nominal assets of $32,000, consisting of a claim against Henry A. Roth and others for 30,000 shares of stock of the Rio Percha Placer Mining Company of New Mexico, par value $30,000; debts owing to him, $1,800, and a note, $200. The debts due him are by John Mack, $50; Fred Mackay, $750; John Strosnider, Sheepshead Bay, $300; Frank Johnson, Sheepshead Bay, $150; George Coles, Boston, $100; Clinton C. Durgin, Boston, $100; John Tinker, Washington, D. C., $50, and John Osborn, $300, all for loans. He has only four creditors, Harry A. Roth of Philadelphia, $7,329, judgment obtained in New York City on April 18, 1912; Arthur G. Hilton, Boston, $555, judgment, and two tailors, $73 for clothes.

MOSES ROSENFELD.—Moses Rosenfeld, a haberdasher at 1,396 Third Avenue, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $4,561 and assets of $2,223, consisting of stock, $2,000; cash in bank, $11; claim against an insurance company for fire loss on March 12, $50, and claim against an insurance company for burglary loss on the same date, $162. He began business in 1900 at 73 Fulton Street and moved to his present place on April 1, 1905. Judge Mayer appointed Dean Nelson receiver; bond $500.

EDWARD T. TORBERT.—Edward T. Torbert of 684 Broadway, formerly a dealer in buttons, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $17,617 and assets of $50 in two lots at Bonhamton, N. J. The creditors are the Sinclair Realty Company, $11,553, for rent on an unexpired lease and on two judgments; Jane A. Sexton of Maplewood, N. J., $5,700, money loaned, &c., and the Warsaw Button Company of Warsaw, N. Y., $363, judgment, on which an execution was issued to Sheriff Harburger.

HARRY A. SPIVACK.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Harry A. Spivack, doing business as the Clover Paper Company at 174 Wooster Street, by these creditors: Manhattan Strawboard Company, $435; United Boxboard Company, $350, and Walter S. Rooney, $190. It was alleged that he is insolvent and allowed the Sheriff to take possession on a judgment. Liabilities are said to be $2,500 and assets $1,100.

The ARDSLEY DRESS COMPANY, INC.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against the Ardsley Dress Company, Inc., of 205 Wooster Street by these creditors: William Galland, $382; Louis Pandee, $28, and Frederick R. A. Stiefel, $99. It was alleged that the company was insolvent and made an assignment on March 17. Liabilities are said to be $1,000.

HENRY MOSER.—Henry Moser, clerk, formerly a baker, of 522 West 151st Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $17,282 and no assets. Among the creditors are Mary A. Elliott, $6,500; J. C. Bogert Company, $3,000, and Harry Fischel, $2,000.

JESSE C. HOFER.—Jesse C. Hofer, a salesman, of 88 Wadsworth Avenue, has filed a petition on bankruptcy with liabilities of $1,086 and assets of $159 cash and 150 shares of stock of the Inter-State Corporation of no market value.

ARNOLD JACOB.—Arnold Jacob, general contractor, of 967 Amsterdam Avenue, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $919 and assets of $3, cash in bank.

GEORGE W. JACKSON.—George W. Jackson of Yonkers has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $749 and no assets. The debts are for clothing, dry goods, millinery, wearing apparel, jewelry, groceries, and dairy products.

VALERIAN NICHOLAS QUINTIN.—Valerian Nicholas Quintin, a dentist, of 255 Eighth Avenue, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $9,764 and assets of $400, in office furniture and instruments. The principal creditors are Lamont M. Bowers, $7,325 on a future lease to May 1, 1917, and $266 judgment, and Fanny Quintin, $1,600, secured by chattel mortgages.

ALPER & TRUMAN.—Judge Mayer has appointed Matthew A. Henkel receiver for Alper & Truman, cloak manufacturers, at 315 Church Street.

THE BRUNSWICK LAUNDRY COMPANY.—Schedules in bankruptcy of the Brunswick Laundry Company of 3,489 Third Avenue show liabilities of $26,691 and assets of $15,978, consisting of plant, $15,000; stock, $100, and cash transferred to the receiver, $979. Among the creditors are the American Laundry Machinery Company, $10,281, secured; Godfrey, Keeler & Co., $2,369, secured, and Department of Water Supply, $2,796.

STEIN'S OLD HARLEM CASINO COMPANY.—Schedules in bankruptcy of Stein's Old Harlem Casino Company, 157 and 159 West 124th Street, show liabilities of $11,150 and assets of $5,690, consisting of furniture, &c., $5,000; machines, $300, and wines, liquors, and cigars, $300.

A. MUSICA & SON.—Judge Mayer has appointed Ezra P. Prentice receiver for A. Musica & Son, importers of human hair at 69 Front Street, on the application of the Anglo-South American Bank, a creditor for $130,000, and fixed his bond at $40,000, which bond may be increased if the receiver finds it desirable or proper. It was stated that the Musicas have left the State, deserted what property they have in this State, left the same without care and attention, left their books, papers, offices, &c., without care or control of any kind, and it is absolutely essential for the preservation of the estate that a receiver be appointed to take charge of the same.

THE STODDARD MOTOR COMPANY.—The Stoddard Motor Company of 5 West Sixty-first Street, which filed a voluntary petition in bankruptcy on Wednesday, has been adjudicated bankrupt by Judge Mayer, who sent the case to Stanley W. Dexter, referee in bankruptcy, at 71 Broadway, to take charge of the further proceedings.

ROBIN'S FIDELITY DEVELOPMENT COMPANY.—Judge Mayer of the Federal Court has dismissed the bankruptcy petition filed on Aug. 13, 1912, against the Fidelity Development Company of 25 Broad Street on consent of creditors and other interested parties. The petition was filed by Joseph G. Robin, the former banker, and two others, who claimed to be creditors for $3,011. Robin's claim was for $376,428. After the petition was filed the case was sent to Peter B. Olney as special master to pass upon the issues, and he consented to the dismissal of the petition. The company was organized to develop the old Morris Park race track property in the Bronx.

Out of Town.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., March 20.—Following the filing of an involuntary petition in bankruptcy by creditors against it, the Airey & Place Company of Woburn, patent leather manufacturers, filed a voluntary petition in bankruptcy. The liabilities are $11,139 and the assets $1,240.

An involuntary petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Philip Oulette of North Attleboro at the instance of creditors.

Schedules have been filed by John J. Quigley of Boston, a theatrical agent. His liabilities are $10,393 and he has no assets.

A voluntary petition was filed to-day by John Jones of Middleton, a farmer. His liabilities are $10,595 and his assets $4,573.

JUDGMENTS ENTERED.

The following judgments for more than $100 were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

Abelson, Louis—H. B. Endicott et al., $255.
Auerbach, Herbert T.—W. J. Sandrock, $164.
Branstein, Julius—City of New York, $264.
Brueckenstein, Adolph—Piel Brothers, $141.
Boltes, Fred—City of New York, $264.
Browne, George W.—Water Works Equipment Co., $4,221.
Buhrmeister, August—H. Krauss, costs, $108.
Brown, Wallie E.—House Furnishing Review Co., $142.
Blumberg, Ida, David L. Blumberg, Emil Reibstein, and Frank Gens—A. L. Kass, $611.
Bolleverie, Leon B.—Francis Motor Renting Co., Inc., $436.
Beline, Elie—H. Feldman, $536.
Same—Same, $288.
Corey, Martin—H. Spear et al., $290.
Cohen, Jacob—D. Glick, $313.
Cavalluzzo, Ignazzio—M. Muller, $676.
Darr, Lawrence, administrator—Willy H. Lau Co., $1,418.
Davis, Joseph H.—Winton Motor Car Co., $930.
Davis, Walter B.—A. L. Silberstein, $119.
Donahue, Lawrence—F. H. Stubbe et al., $122.
Exner, Paul J.—City of New York, $264.
Engel, Erich—L. R. Van Roeder, $100.
Fisher, John C.—J. M. Tyndall, $3,482.
Freed, David—City of New York, $264.
Fox, J. Willett—J. W. Weller, $815.
Fishback, Abraham—Sea Island Thread Co., $155.
Fisher, Robert L.—F. E. Fisher, costs, $171.
Ficklen, William, John Nowak, or John Novac, and Edward Long—H. Miele, $132.
Glickman, Baruch, and Baruch Weinbaum—C. H. French et al., $395.
Guarino, Mattia, and Carmine Tomatore—P. Gaeta, $645.
Haggerty, James J.—C. P. Schneider, costs, $108.
Moorman, George—Acker, Merrall & Condit Co., $125.
Hansen, Theodore—City of New York, $264.
Hall, Frederick A.—Metuchen National Bank, $492.
Hertz, Jacob—O. Lacagnina, $1,581.
Hart, Thomas R.—J. Cort, $419.
Isaacs, Phillip or Phil—Balanced Shoe Co., $812.
Jetter, Albert A.—City of New York, $264.
Kopf, Frederick—J. H. Hickey, $115.
Kasower, Abraham—City of New York, $264.
King, Everett L.—North Side News Co., $328.
Kelly, Frederick J.—City of New York, $264.
Same—Same, $264.
Same—Same, $264.
King, Michael J.—M. J. Daly, $1,018.
Lazarowitz, Jacob, and Otto Lorence—City of New York, $264.
Lo Bue, Rosario—Hudson Woodworking Co., $435.
Levy, Barnet—H. Rosenblum, $462.
McCormick, James—City of New York, $264.
McCormack, John—Same, $264.
Mitnacht, Jacob—Same, $264.
Millard, Howard M.—McDowell Construction Co., $115.
McLeod, E. Mae—Madam X. Mfg. Co., $298.
Maher, William J.—A. Dreyfoos et al., $123.
Nastasi, Peter, and Vincent Valenti—Allen Wheeler Co., $477.
O'Dell, Bessie—O'Neill-Adams Co., $117.
Pearsall, Wallace W.—Barrett Co., $227.
Putter, Isidor—F. Westheimer et al., $1,269.
Putterman, Louis—Lobensky & Bergstein, $155.
Richards, Benjamin—John Wanamaker, New York, $104.
Ross, Samuel—N. Levy & Son, $111.
Reynolds, Thomas L.—H. A. Cammeyer, $234.
Rill, Abraham—S. Bloch, $120.
Ressler, Harry—A. D. Katcher, $494.
Rotoli, Frank—Hannis Distilling Co., $132.
Schlessel, Leopold, and Nathan Gordon—J. Fishman, $2,319.
Starr, Nathan—Meyer, Jaskulek & Co., $708.
Silverman, Frank E.—National Nassau Bank of N. Y. City, $396.
Schoen, Marie L.—L. E. Sherwood, $254.
Sutherland, Anne—W. Hogan, $600.
Scholl, John J.—O. Scholl, costs, $215.
Talbot, John—C. H. Nahmacher, $252.
Taylor, Thomas F.—B. M. Bachman et al., $229.
Trundy, Mary E.—City of N. Y., $264.
Taylor, Roy E.—James McCreery & Co., $185.
Taylor, Mary—J. Tice, $274.
Weissberg, Samuel—Cluett-Peabody & Co., $219.
White, Ralph L., and Alfred Lumsden—City of N. Y., $264.
Weinstock, Jacob and Fannie—M. W. Carmel, $214.
Zinsser, Frederick G.—Hastings Land Improvement Co., $2,737.
Charter Realty Co.—City of New York, $264.
Jungman Drug Co.—Same, $264.
Johnson Amusement Co.—Same, $264.
Manhattan Leasing Co.—Same, $264.
Machson-Richmond Dairy Co.—Same, $264.
Old Lyceum Building Co.—Tenement House Department, $264.
Manhasset Development Co.—M. M. Geto, $1,030.
Talmudical Institute of Harlem—City of New York, $264.
227-239 West Seventeenth Street Construction Co.—City of New York, $284.
Interborough Rapid Transit Co.—M. Eddery, $14,488.
Tyce Realty Co. and Times Square Automobile Co.—City of New York, $264.
Arthur Ackerman Lighterage Co.—Bush Terminal Co., $115
Jessamine Realty Co.—Brooklyn Eagle, $102.
National Protective Legion—M. Montgomery, $177.
Washington Bridge Auto Co.—H. Krauss, $43,323.
Masonry Construction Co.—J. Muller, $330.
New York Central and Hudson River Railroad Co.—W. J. Duffy, $4,159.
Ardsley Dress Co., Inc.—North American Lace Co., $176.

JUDGMENTS SATISFIED.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and date that when judgment was filed:

Durham, Kneeland S.—H. Kennell, Dec. 11, 1912, $467.
Same—Same, Dec. 11, 1912, $468.
Childs, James E., William H. Duval, William H. Lovering, Charles M. Englis, Charles C. West, William G. Borland, George W. Mable, Ernest S. Emanuel, William R. Simons, George O. Pfeiffer, Archibald C. Shenstone, Theodore S. Solomons, Philip V. R. Van Wyck, Morris Gledhill, Shirley Carter, and George K. Root—Alaska Banking and Safe Deposit Co., Jan. 6, 1912, $67,398.
Childs, James E., William H. Duval, William M. Lovering, Charles M. Englis, Charles C. West, William G. Borland, George W. Mable, Ernest S. Emanuel, William R. Simons, George E. Pfeiffer, and Archibald C. Shenstone—Alaska Banking and Safe Deposit Co., Jan. 6, 1913, $334.
Hevenor, Harvey H.—Rochester City Hospital, Nov. 2, 1908, $131.
Kadaner, Elvira—S. De Young, $345.
Klenninger, John—Lehn & Fink, Nov. 7, 1912, $498.
Lavelle, Mary A.—J. H. Vogel et al., Oct. 17, 1908, $351.
Same—C. Rust et al., Oct. 17, 1908, $309.
Liederman Realty Co.—J. Gans, Feb. 1, 1913, $140.
Levin, Saville—F. Rosenthal, March 14, 1913, $200.
Mirel, Loen—H. A. Green, Oct. 14, 1912, $223.
Nicelli Olive Oil Co.—F. La Manna et al., March 10, 1913, $109.
New York Central & Hudson River Railroad Co.—B. Keegan, March 12, 1913, $103.
N. Y. C. & H. R. R. R. Co.—B. Keegan, June 17, 1912, $12,774.
Parkhill, Samuel J.—Coney Island Construction and Supply Co., Aug. 21, 1912, $250.
Rich, Frank and Feni—M. Vorndran, Nov. 9, 1910, $304.
Rubin, Samuel C.—E. H. Sayre et al., Feb. 17, 1913, $108.
Solomon, Adolphe—J. M. Fiske, March 7, 1913, $254.
Wilson, Isaac, and Bernard Rockaway—Luman W. Johnson, Inc., Nov. 15, 1910, $1,890.
Acer, Frank A.—Johnson Kahn Co., Dec. 24, 1910, (canceled,) $674.
Same—Acker, Merrall & Condit Co., Dec. 16, 1910, (canceled,) $655.
Neufer, George J.—Crandall & Godley Co., March 11, 1913, (canceled,) $2,170.
Fried, Lazarus, and Julius Fogelson—People, &c., Dec. 12, 1912, (vacated,) $500.
Mariano, Michele, and Demetrio Lorecchio—People, &c., June 27, 1910, (vacated,) $2,000.
Black, Henry M.—J. R. Gimbernat, March 8, 1911, $125.
Same—Same, April 2, 1910, $966.
Same—Same, Nov. 21, 1912, $109.
Steel Cushion Tire Co.—Universal Electric Welding Co., May 2, 1912, $3,803.
Spitz, Barney—M. Bellman, March 4, 1907, $189.
Erde, Henry M. and Benjamin—M. Erde, Nov. 15, 1912, $702.
Steel Cushion Tire Co.—J. F. Blanchard, May 20, 1912, $2,113.

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MOTOR TRUCK CLUB AGAINST NEW BILLS

Opposes McAneny Plan for Municipal Fees and Proposed Legislation—Chicago Club to Build.

At a meeting of the Motor Truck Club of New York held on Wednesday night, general opposition to the proposed ordinance by which Borough President McAneny would exact a municipal license from all vehicles and fix license fees in accordance to weight for motor trucks developed. D. C. Fenner, the club's President, urged the need of immediate action and Charles A. Stewart called attention to a provision in the Callan law that would invalidate, in his opinion, any ordinance passed by the Board of Aldermen. That law provides that no local authorities shall have power "to pass, enforce or maintain any ordinance, rule or regulation requiring from any owner or chauffeur to whom this article is applicable, any tax, fee, license or permit for the use of the public highways, or excluding any such owner or chauffeur from the free use of the public highways. * * *" J. Bernstein, traffic expert, pointed out among other things that the proposal would probably cause many unpleasantnesses with other cities and towns, since under its terms, he believed, a motorist from Yonkers, Jersey City, Hempstead or any one of a hundred places would have to be taxed in New York. He predicted that this would bring about reciprocity of quite the wrong kind.

The club also approved a memorandum to be sent to the Committee on Internal Affairs of the Legislature, protesting against the proposed State motor vehicle legislation in so far as it applied to trucks. This document in part read under the head of "General Objections":

"These bills are class legislation. They propose a tax on motor trucks and do not propose any burden whatever on horse trucks or carriages. Is ten tons, for instance, any the less destructive on a highway because it is drawn by horses instead of being loaded on a motor truck? In the one case, it moves slower, stands on each spot longer in passing, strikes the roadway an unyielding blow with steel tires and calls for the pricking of the calks of probably four or six horses. In the other instance the strain passes over each spot quickly, there are no calk-pricks and the blow of the impact is delivered by an elastic tire which is designed to—and does—take up the shock in favor of the pavement. In the highly congested and crowded city streets, the motor truck has great public advantages over the horse vehicle by reason of its shorter length and the fact that it moves through and out of the congested area much more quickly. Why should so efficient a utility be loaded down with burdens it does not deserve?"

⁂

A clubhouse at a cost of approximately $500,000 is to be built by the Chicago Motor Club in the near future. The proposition will be put to vote at the next meeting of the club, to be held April 8. At the last meeting of the members of the committee, consisting of E. H. Lee, Chairman, L. A. Watts, W. E. Stalnaker, W. D. Foreman and H. Bosch the proposed plans for the building were discussed. The new clubhouse will be erected between Twelfth and Twenty-second Streets, on either Michigan Avenue or some street between Michigan Avenue and the lake. The money needed will be raised by the selling of 5,000 shares of stock at $100 a share to the members of the club.

⁂

At Columbia University to-night, in connection with the graduate course in highway engineering, D. L. Hough, President of a large contracting company, will lecture on "Highway Specifications from the Standpoint of the Contractor."

To Boom South American Trade.

Under the auspices of the Exporters' Alliance, of 200 Fifth Avenue, a special meeting of prominent dry goods merchants of this city will be held to-morrow afternoon at the headquarters of the Pan-American States Association, at Thirty-second Street and Sixth Avenue, to arouse merchants to the increasing opportunities afforded in South American markets.

FEDERAL SUPPLY PROPOSALS.

No further information regarding these projects is available in the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce. Correspondence concerning them should be directed with the offices named:

1,091. SUBMARINE TENDER.—Proposals for constructing by contract one submarine tender (No. 2) will be received at the Navy Department, Washington, D. C., until May 19, 1913. A circular defining the chief characteristics of said vessel and outline type plans are now ready for distribution among prospective bidders. Forms of proposal and contract may be had on application to the Navy Department after April 1.

1,092. CANAL CONSTRUCTION.—Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the United States Reclamation Service, Montrose, Col., until April 17, 1913, for the construction of about 6.2 miles of Selig extension canal and 3.4 miles of Peach Valley lateral, Uncompahgre Valley project, in the vicinity of Olathe, Col. This work involves the excavation of about 171,500 cubic yards of material in open cut and 930 linear feet of tunnel. For particulars address the United States Reclamation Service, Montrose, Col., 519 Commonwealth Building, Denver, Col., or Washington, D. C.

1,093. ALCOHOL STOVES AND WRIGHT'S STAIN.—Sealed proposals, in duplicate, will be received at the Medical Supply Depot, United States Army, 543 Greenwich Street, New York, N. Y., until March 24, for furnishing and delivering at the depot 100 units Wright's stain, in accordance with specifications, and 296 alcohol stoves, wickless one-burner, Landers, Frary & Clark's Universal No. 10, or equal.

1,094. PLUMBING SYSTEM.—Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the Supervising Architect, Treasury Department, Washington, D. C., until April 5, for alterations in plumbing system at United States Post Office and Custom House, Galveston, Texas, in accordance with specifications which can be obtained at the office of the Supervising Architect.

1,095. DREDGING.—Sealed proposals will be received at the United States Engineer Office, New London, Conn., until April 12, for maintenance dredging in Connecticut River below Hartford, Conn. Information on application to G. B. Pillsbury, Major Engineers.

FOREIGN TRADE OPPORTUNITIES

The Daily Consular and Trade Report notes the following foreign trade opportunities. Further information regarding them may be obtained by addressing the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, care of the Department of Commerce, Washington, D. C., giving the number of the item referred to:

10,616. MOTOR TRUCKS.—In response to an inquiry regarding the sale of automobiles in his district, an American Consul in England reports that the field seems to be promising. A leading local dealer, who has resided in the United States, states that there is a good demand for motor transports, and he is particularly interested in this business, being on the lookout for a live business proposition to handle for the country. He states that the prime essential is high-grade quality and reliability, after that the best possible business terms. This firm invites correspondence from American houses interested in this proposition, and states that it will be glad to render every possible assistance. The name of this firm, as well as the five other firms that have been interviewed and expressed a willingness to correspond with American manufacturers with the view of placing on the local market light and heavy delivery trucks, can be obtained from the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce.

10,617. CRUDE OIL.—A report from an American Consul states that a resident of his district desires to correspond with American exporters of crude oil, 0.900 gravity, to be employed in Diesel engines used for lighting a foreign city. Correspondence should be in French and prices quoted free on board New York, N. Y., or Mobile, Ala.

10,618. HIDES AND SKINS AND LEATHER.—One of the commercial agents of the Department of Commerce writes that an exporter of hides and skins and importer of tanned and finished calfskins and kidskins (glazed kid) in Egypt desires to export hides and skins to the United States and import American leathers. Correspondence should be in English.

Arrival of Buyers

Arriving buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

Wanamaker, John, Philadelphia, Penn.; A. G. Cressman, muslin underwear; B'way and 10th.
Hess Bros., Allentown, Penn.; J. Riefenderfer, silks; 315 4th Av.
Wile, H., Co., Buffalo, N. Y.; H. Wile, clothing; 200 5th Av.
Hart & Co., Cleveland, Ohio; W. S. Schultz, millinery; 15 W. 32d.
Dimond, L., & Sons, Providence, R. I.; W. P. McGinn, furn. goods, hosiery; 116 W. 32d.
Hamburger, A., & Sons, Los Angeles, Cal.; E. L. Woods, cloaks, suits, waists; 215 4th Av.
Mendel & Freedman, New Haven, Conn.; J. Freedman, cloaks, suits, corsets, waists; 315 4th Av.
Pittsburgh D. G. Co., Pittsburgh, Penn.; H. H. Jennywine, waists, laces, hdkfs., knit goods; C. O. Deverts, dry goods; 43 Leonard.
Meier & Frank Co., Portland, Ore.; F. L. Ruebush, domestics, linens; 31 Union Square; Navarre.
Coon Bros., Troy, N. Y.; D. B. Coon, collars; 200 5th Av; Navarre.
McMahon, W. H., Philadelphia, Penn.; carpets; York.
Waxelbaum Co., Macon, Ga.; J. Waxelbaum, dry goods, cloaks, notions, furnishing goods; 39 Worth.
Neal & Hyde, Syracuse, N. Y.; C. S. Hyde, laces, handkerchiefs, ribbons; 72 Leonard.
Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Co., Rochester, N. Y.; W. H. Rollett, wash goods; 454 Broome; Grand.
Howland D. G. Co., Bridgeport, Conn.; E. J. Godfrey, dress goods, silks, velvets; 75 Spring.
Forbes & Wallace, Springfield, Mass.; W. F. Moloney, millinery, ladies' underwear, furnishing goods, corsets; 2 Walker.
Syracuse D. G. Co., Syracuse, N. Y.; C. J. Barnard, manufacturing department; 51 Leonard.
Hartzel & Rosenbaum Co., Youngstown, Ohio; L. Rosenbaum, clothing; Cadillac.
Sears, Roebuck & Co., Chicago, Ill.; W. P. O'Brien, dress goods, silks; 438 Broadway; Navarre.

We are jobbers in the market for a considerable quantity of Fall coats and skirts. Call with Samples on Epstein & Co., 137 West 25th St.

AUCTION SALES.

NOW ON EXHIBITION
IN
Silo's Fifth Av.
Art Galleries
"SILO BUILDING,"
546 Fifth Ave.
MAIN ENTRANCE
1, 3 and 5 WEST 45TH ST.
The Entire Valuable Collection of
Antiques and Oil Paintings
Old English and Irish Silver, Rare Chinese Porcelains and Bronzes, Beautiful Pieces of Furniture of the Louis XV. and Louis XVI. Periods.
Belonging to
JOHN FENNING
of 428 Fifth Avenue, New York
To be sold on account of the demolition of the building, previous to the erection of the new Lord & Taylor store.
AT ABSOLUTE AUCTION
in the above galleries.
MONDAY NEXT and following days at 2:30 P. M.
The Paintings Will be Sold On Thursday and Friday Evenings
March 27 and 28, at 8:30 o'clock.
MR. JAMES P. SILO, Actioneer.

Butcher fixtures under chattel mortgage will be sold at public auction by Samuel Marx, Auctioneer, on March 21, 1913, 9 A. M., at 23 and 25 1st Av. Jacob I. Wiener, Mortgagee's Attorney, 261 Broadway.

139.1
That is the Annalist Index Number for the week ending March 15th. It is based on the average price of 25 food commodities. Compared with the average for 1912 it shows that the cost of living is 3.8 lower now. It is just one of 17 features of the page of Barometrics which appears regularly in
The New York Times
ANNALIST
A Magazine of Finance, Commerce and Economics
On all Newsstands, 10 Cents
By Mail, $4.00 a Year
Address: The Annalist, Times Square, N. Y.

SHIPPING AND MAILS

Miniature Almanac for To-day.

Sun rises..6:03|Sun sets..6:12|Moon sets..5:38

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	6:34	7:00	12:23	12:50
Governors Island	7:00	7:27	1:00	1:24
Hell Gate	8:50	9:17	2:40	3:04

Arrived—Thursday, March 20.

SS Majestic, Southampton, March 12.
SS Romany, La Pallice, Feb. 27.
SS Fagersand, Trinidad, March 10.
SS Grosser Kurfuerst, St. Thomas, March 15.
SS Caracas, San Juan, March 15.
SS Seminole, Turks Island, March 15.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.

Veneiro	Palermo	Feb.	28
Suveric	Algiers	Mar.	4
Abeloni	Naples	Mar.	1
Afghanistan	Manzanillo	Mar.	8
Zynyk	Rotterdam	Mar.	5
Calabria	Palermo	Mar.	7
Emanuele Accame	Lisbon	Mar.	8
Gulistan	Algiers	Mar.	6
Korona	Demerara	Mar.	11
Indraghiri	Gibraltar	Mar.	4
Volturno	Rotterdam	Mar.	6
Metapan	Port Antonio	Mar.	15
Maracas	San Juan	Mar.	15
Yumuri	Progresso	Mar.	12
Princess Laetitie	Palermo	Mar.	4
Venezia	St. Michaels	Mar.	12
Oscar II	Christiansand	Mar.	8
Exeter City	Swansea	Mar.	6
Manhattan	Antwerp	Mar.	5
Singapore	Calais	Mar.	6
City of St. Louis	Savannah	Mar.	18
El Valle	Galveston	Mar.	15
Morro Castle	Havana	Mar.	18

DUE TO-MORROW.

Niagara	Havre	Mar.	11
Lord Antrim	Cardiff	Mar.	7
Eric Petersen	London	Mar.	7
Brandenburg	Bremen	Mar.	11
Bovic	Liverpool	Mar.	18
Invertay	Cardiff	Mar.	8
France	Havre	Mar.	15
Norfolk Range	Huelva	Mar.	7
Toronto	Hull	Mar.	9
Alamo	Key West	Mar.	18
Lenape	Jacksonville	Mar.	19

DUE SUNDAY.

Carmania	Liverpool	Mar.	15
Columbia	Glasgow	Mar.	15
Roma	Horta	Mar.	15
Austrian Prince	Port Spain	Mar.	12
Titian	Barbados	Mar.	16
Orotava	Bermuda	Mar.	19
Brazos	San Juan	Mar.	19
City of Atlanta	Savannah	Mar.	20

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TO-DAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Frutera, Belize	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Vigilancia, Nassau	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Oranje Nassau, Haiti	12:30 P.M.	8:00 P.M.
Apache, Jacksonville	———	1:00 P.M.

SAIL TO-MORROW.

G. Washington, Bremen	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Majestic, Southampton	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Carpathia, Naples	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Martha Washington, Azores	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
San Juan, San Juan	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Pastores, Jamaica	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Vestris, Barbados	9:30 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Saratoga, Havana	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Carl Schurz, Jamaica	11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Parima, St. Thomas	11:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Pruth, Argentina	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Minnewaska, London	———	9:00 A.M.
Zeeland, Antwerp	———	10:00 A.M.
Ancona, Naples	———	11:00 A.M.
Caledonia, Glasgow	———	9:00 A.M.
San Jacinto, Galveston	———	1:00 P.M.
Yaguez, San Juan	———	12:00 M.
Lampasas, Tampa	———	1:00 P.M.
City of St. Louis, Savannah	———	3:00 P.M.
*Arcadian, Bermuda	———	1:00 A.M.
Comanche, Jacksonville	———	1:00 P.M.
Momus, New Orleans	———	12:00 M.
El Occidente, Galveston	———	12:00 M.

*Arcadian mail closes 11 P. M. Friday.

Supplementary mails are open on the piers of the American, English, German, and French transatlantic lines until within ten minutes of sailing at double postage rates.

By Marconi Wireless.

SANDY HOOK, N. J., MARCH 20.

SS France, Havre to New York, was 960 miles E. at 12:05 A. M.; due 22d, 8:30 A. M. French Line.

SS Calabria, Naples to New York, was 370 miles E. at 12:10 A. M.; due 21st, 8:30 A. M. Anchor Line.

SS Niagara, Havre to New York, was 720 miles E. at 2:10 P. M.; due 22d, 5 P. M. French Line.

SS Oscar II., Copenhagen to New York, was 193 miles E. at 2:30 P. M.; due 21st, 8:30 A. M. Scandinavian-American Line.

SS Idaho, Hull to New York, was 290 miles E. at 8:30 P. M.; due 22d, 8:30 A. M. Wilson Line.

SCOTLAND LIGHTSHIP.

SS City of St. Louis, Savannah to New York, was 210 miles S. at noon.

SS Comanche, Jacksonville to New York, was 110 miles S. at noon.

SS Seminole, Turks Island to New York, was 266 miles S. at 7 P. M.

SS Metapan, Kingston to New York, was 120 miles S. at 8 P. M.

SS Lenape, Jacksonville to New York, was 460 miles S. at 7 P. M.

SS Morro Castle, Vera Cruz to New York, was 413 miles S. at noon.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Wells City, at Bristol, March 20.
SS Pannonia, at Fiume, March 19.
SS Campello, at Rotterdam, March 19.
SS Cedric, at Naples, March 20.
SS America, at Naples, March 20.
SS Vasari, at Montevideo, March 19.
SS Clan MacBride, at Port Natal, March 19.
SS Franconia, at Queenstown, March 20.
SS Re d'Italia, at Naples, March 16.
SS Grantor, at Havre, March 19.
SS Collingham, at Auckland, March 20.
SS Dunchton, at Brisbane, March 20.
SS Indrawadi, at Suez, March 20.
SS Foxton Hall, at Iquique, March 16.
SS Provincia, at Marseilles, March 18.
SS Ryndam, at Plymouth, March 20.
SS Orotava, at Bermuda, March 20.

Sailed.

SS Celtic, from Liverpool, March 20.
SS Tagus, from Barbados, March 18.
SS Kasenga, from Singapore, March 18.
SS Mesaba, from London, March 20.
SS Adriatic, from Madeira, March 19.
SS Stampalia, from Naples, March 19.
SS Moncenisio, from Genoa, March 15.
SS York Castle, from St. Vincent, C. V., March 19.
SS New York, from Queenstown, March 20.

Passed.

SS Spenser, New York for Manchester, passed Kinsale.
SS Argenfels, New York for Calcutta, passed Perim.
SS Buffalo, New York for Hull, passed Portland Bill.
SS La Hesbaya, New York for Antwerp, passed Lizard.
SS Mexico, New York for Dunkirk, passed Lizard.
SS Posillijo, New York for Naples, passed Gibraltar.

Transpacific Mails.

These mails close in New York at 6:30 P. M.

Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—Siberia .... Mar. 24
Japan, Korea, and China (via Tacoma)—Chicago Maru .... Mar. 27
Tahiti, Marquesas, Cook Islands, New Zealand, and Australia (specially addressed) (via San Francisco)—Manuka. Mar. 28
Hawaii, Samoan Islands, New Zealand, and Australia (except West) (via San Francisco)—Sonoma .... April 3
Hawaii, Fiji Islands, New Zealand, and Australia (except West) (via Vancouver, B. C.,)—Marama .... April 11
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via Vancouver)—Monteagle.. April 11

Pacific Mails.

Postmaster Morgan announces that mails of the following dates—Manila, Feb. 16; Hongkong, Feb. 18; Shanghai, Feb. 21; Yokohama, March 1, and Honolulu, March 11—which arrived at San Francisco per steamer Siberia, were dispatched east at 6:40 P. M. March 17. Due in New York on the morning of Saturday, March 22.

For Latest Shipping News See Page 1.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

Your Piano + $250
Will turn it into a Player-Piano
Worth $700 to $850

The days of sacrificing a good piano for a paltry allowance to have a player is past. If you own a piano and want it turned into a player it can be done without detracting from the appearance or quality of your piano. Why not investigate?

Bargains in Used Pianos This Week:
STEINWAY BABY GRAND
KNABE UPRIGHT
BACON GRAND
STEINWAY UPRIGHT
BAILEY UPRIGHT
FROM $100 UP
CHRISTMAN SONS,
35 West 14th St., bet. 5th and 6th Aves.

SCHOOLS.
INSTRUCTION—Musical.
[illegible] VOICE BUILDING

RESORTS.
NEW JERSEY—Asbury Park.

RESORTS.
NEW JERSEY—Asbury Park.

Spend Easter at Asbury Park

Every attraction for enjoyable recreation at this world famous Seaside Resort fifty miles south of New York. The whole story's told in a special Easter folder sent free on request to the Chamber of Commerce, Asbury Park, N. J. Continuous entertainment at the Beach Casino commencing March 19. Musical attractions directed by Tali Esen Morgan. Salt water pool and Natatorium now open; two miles of boardwalk for promenading; excellent roads for motoring; first class hotels, boarding house and garage service.

COLEMAN HOUSE.
Only hotel open on the ocean front.
American and European Plan.
THE MARLBOROUGH.
Delightfully homelike. Booklets.
A. M. SEXTON, Proprietor.
THE MADISON—J. K. Dodman.
$2 up per day; $8 to $15 week.
GRAND AVENUE HOTEL.
You'll like it—$2.50 up. A. plan.
A. B. HAMMOND, Proprietor.

THE METROPOLITAN
Leading hotel in every respect.
Send for booklet.
FRANCIS YARNALL, Manager.
THE REGINA—F. L. Ogden.
407 First Ave. $2.50 per day.
HOTEL THEDFORD—H. Duffield.
$2.50 per day; special weekly rate.

NEW JERSEY CENTRAL
Trains Leave New York:

WEST TWENTY-THIRD STREET—Week days, 8:20, 11:20 A. M.; 3:20, 4:30, 5:20, 6:05, 8:50, 11:50 P. M.; Saturdays only, 1:10 P. M.; Sundays, 9:05 A. M., 3:50, 8:50 P. M.

LIBERTY STREET—Week days, 8:30, 11:30 A. M.; 3:30, 4:45, 5:30, 6:28, 9:00 P. M.; 12:01 Midnight; Saturdays only, 1:20 P. M.; Sundays, 9:15 A. M.; 4:00, 9:00 P. M.

NEW JERSEY—East Orange.

Palmer House,
182 Main Street,
EAST ORANGE, N. J.

High and healthful; an attractive high-class family hotel, managed by owner; 30 minutes out on Lackawanna; 5 minutes' walk from Grove St. station; large, comfortable rooms, single or en suite, with or without private bath. Excellent table. Rates, $10 to $14, single; $18 to $25 double. Billiard room, large grounds, fine tennis court. Write or call. Phone 3622 Orange.

NEW YORK—Long Island.

HOTEL NASSAU

LONG BEACH, L. I.

Open all Winter; warm, sunny rooms overlooking the Ocean, and private bath with hot and cold sea water, $2.00 per day.
RESTAURANT A LA CARTE, WITH MODERATE PRICES.
Garage and Wheel Chairs. An ideal place to spend the week end. Temperature ten degrees warmer than New York.
Why spend three hours on a train to Atlantic City, when you can go to the best resort, 45 minutes from Penn. Station?
Telephone 100 Long Beach.
L. E. PARENT, MANAGER.
Formerly Assistant Manager Hotel Martinique.

NEW YORK.—Westchester County

Country Life Within a Half Hour of the Grand Central.
COUNTRY RECREATION

CITY COMFORT
HOTEL GRAMATAN
Lawrence Park, Bronxville, N. Y.

FOREIGN HOTELS AND RESORTS.

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DRESDEN
Hotel Bellevue
Leading Hotel.
Unique position on the Elbe.

MUNICH
Hotel Four Seasons
Hotel de Russie

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Prince of Wales Hotel
FIRST-CLASS FAMILY HOTEL

MUNICH CONTINENTAL The Art City of Europe
The Most Refined, Artistic, and Up-to-date Hotel de Luxe of MUNICH

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PARIS
Hotel d'Albe
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High-class Residential Hotel.
Tel. Albhotel, Paris.

England.

SAVOY HOTEL
LONDON, ENGLAND.
THE FAVORITE RESORT OF ALL AMERICANS IN EUROPE.

HOTEL CECIL, LONDON.
Largest Hotel in Europe.

Italy.

CONTINENTAL HOTEL
Rome

FOR SALE.

WATCHES and DIAMONDS FOR EASTER
$25—$1.00 WEEK
$50—$1.50 WEEK
$100—$2.00 WEEK
IF YOU CAN'T CALL WRITE FOR RED BOOK
CASTLE CONFIDENTIAL CREDIT
CASTLE BLD'G 20 W 42d ST.
OPPOSITE HAMMERSTEIN'S
OPEN SATURDAY EVENINGS.

TYPEWRITERS, all makes, perfect condition, up to date, sold at prices which defy competition. Our guarantee GUARANTEES! Excellent machines rented. THREE MONTHS FOR $4.50. Durant McLean Typewriter Co., 365 Broadway.

American Watch and Diamond Co.
Cash or credit; weekly or monthly payments. ... 3 MAIDEN LANE. Tel. 5867 Cort. Take elevator.

The Ideal Location,
The Perfect Appointments,
The Excellent Table, make
THE METROPOLITAN
THE HOTEL DELIGHTFUL
For the Spring Season. Music every evening. A week-end trial will convince you of its merits.
FRANCIS YARNALL, Manager.

The Minot House ASBURY PARK, N. J.
Now open for permanent and transient guests.

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

HOTEL IROQUOIS
Ocean End South Carolina Ave.
Atlantic City, N. J.
Remains open all winter; private and public baths, elevator to street; game and lounging room; 100 feet of sun parlor; own electric plant; white service. Capacity 350. Special winter rates as low as $10.00 per week. Booklet and menu on request.

HOTEL
RUDOLF
Ocean front; American and European Plans. Sea water in all baths. Running water in guest rooms.
A. S. Rukeyser, Mgr. Joel Hillman, Pres.

HOTEL SHOREHAM Virginia Av., near Beach.
Elevator, private baths, steam heat, 'phone; open surroundings. Special Lenten rates, $10 to $17.50 weekly; booklet. W. B. COTTEN.

WIENER'S HOTEL,
New Jersey Av. and Beach, Atlantic City. Offers special rates for the Easter season. No extra charge for salt water baths.

HOTEL BOSCOBEL Ken'ky Av. nr. Beach. Open all year; fine table; special rates; booklet. A. E. MARION.

DELAWARE.

HOTEL DuPONT
WILMINGTON, DEL.
1.50 Per Day. European Plan With Bath 2.00

EXCURSIONS AND TOURS.

BY SEA & LAND
Ideal Spring Vacation Tours Under Escort to
OLD POINT COMFORT, ANNAPOLIS & WASHINGTON.
From New York, Mar 22, 29, April 5, 12, 26, May 10, 24, June 7.
Six Days. Every Expense Included.
$27.50 Complete Cost.
Send for itinerary to-day. (Ask for Folder 61.)
MARSTERS TOURS 31 W. 30th St., N. Y. City.

$55 PACIFIC COAST
MARCH 14TH TO APRIL 14TH
ERIE RAILROAD
Ticket Offices—245, 399, 1278 Broadway; 225 5th Ave.; 251 West 125th St.; 50 Church St.; Chambers St., West 23d St. Ferry Sta., N. Y.; 22 Court St., Brooklyn.

CALIFORNIA
All Expense Independent and Conducted Tours, visiting Grand Canyon, Big Trees, Colorado Rockies, $202.00 and upward.
Also other Tours to all prominent resorts.
Send for Itineraries and descriptive matter.
FRANK TOURIST COMPANY
396 Broadway. Franklin 4530.

LEGAL NOTICES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Northern District of Illinois, Eastern Division.—CONTINENTAL AND COMMERCIAL TRUST AND SAVINGS BANK, as Trustee, complainant, vs. ALLIS-CHALMERS COMPANY and DELMER W. CALL and OTTO H. FALK, as Receivers of ALLIS-CHALMERS COMPANY, Defendants.—In Equity No. 30,828.

Public notice is hereby given that in pursuance of a decree of said court entered in the above entitled cause on the 4th day of March, A. D. 1913, I, Gerry W. Hazelton, Special Master Commissioner, duly appointed by the court to make this sale, will on Tuesday, the 8th day of April, A. D. 1913, at the hour of 12 o'clock noon, at the main east door of the Court House of the County of Cook in the State of Illinois, sell as directed by said decree at public auction to the highest bidder the following described premises and property in said decree mentioned, to wit:

All and singular all the real estate and manufacturing plants, including machinery, blast furnaces, steel works, rolling mills, machine shops, mills, warehouses, blacksmith shops, docks, wharves, railroad tracks, cars, offices, buildings, structures, fixtures, machines, tools, appliances, patterns, dies, and all other articles of a permanent character now owned by the Allis-Chalmers Company and used by the Allis-Chalmers Company, or by Otto H. Falk, as Receiver of the Allis-Chalmers Company, for carrying on the business or in connection with the operation of the works of the Allis-Chalmers Company, situate upon or used in connection with the real estate hereinafter described, within the Northern District of Illinois, including all and singular the said machinery, fixtures, articles of a permanent character and appliances, which at the time of such sale shall be in the possession of the Allis-Chalmers Company or the said Otto H. Falk, as Receiver, for use in and about the said manufacturing plants, situate upon the following described real estate, to wit:

CHICAGO WORKS NO. 1.

The following described real estate situated in the 16th Ward of the City of Chicago, Cook County, Illinois:

Lot twenty-nine (29) in block seventeen (17) in Sheffield's Addition to Chicago.

Lot forty-nine (49) in Chicago Land Company's subdivision of block seventeen (17) in Sheffield's Addition to Chicago.

Sublots one (1) to eight (8) inclusive and sublots eleven (11) to twenty-one (21) inclusive in Stein's Subdivision of lots seven (7) to twelve (12) inclusive in block seventeen (17) in Sheffield's Addition to Chicago.

Lots six (6), thirteen (13) and fourteen (14) in block seventeen (17) in Sheffield's Addition to Chicago, and Stein street vacated east and adjacent to sublots twelve (12) to twenty (20), and the alley vacated and lying between sublots one (1) to five (5) on the west and sublots eleven (11) to fifteen (15) on the east, in Stein's Subdivision of lots seven (7) to twelve (12) inclusive in block seventeen (17) in Sheffield's Addition to Chicago.

Also,

CHICAGO WORKS NO. 2.

The following described real estate situated in the City of Chicago, Cook County, Illinois:

Block three (3) (except that part thereof which lies northeasterly of the center line of the Chicago & Great Western Railroad Company's railroad and except a strip of land sixteen and one-half (16½) feet wide which lies along and southwesterly of said center line, which said center line runs from a point on the east line of, and forty-seven and three-tenths (47.3) feet north of, the southeast corner of said block northwesterly sixty and four-tenths (60.4) feet, and thence curves to the left on a radius of eight hundred and nineteen (819) feet to a point on the north line of, and one hundred fifty-seven and seventy-three hundredths (157.73) feet west of the northeast corner of said block; and except a triangular piece of land, being part of block three (3) of G. W. Starr's Subdivision of the east one-half (E. ½) of the southwest one-quarter (S. W. ¼) (except the east one hundred (100) feet thereof), of Section thirteen (13) and what was formerly Grenshaw street, now vacated, situated in Township thirty-nine (39) North, Range thirteen (13) east of the Third Principal Meridian, in Cook County, Illinois, described as follows: Beginning at a point which is the intersection of the west line of Rockwell street and the south line of Grenshaw street, now vacated; thence north along the west line of Rockwell street for a distance of eighty-five (85) feet, more or less, to a point which is the intersection of the west line of Rockwell street and the present southwesterly line of the [illegible] west of Rockwell street [illegible] along said right of way [illegible] one hundred and ten [illegible] easterly on a curve convex to the northeast, having a radius of five hundred (500) feet, to the place of beginning, containing fourteen hundred and thirty-eight (1438) square feet, more or less.

Block four (4) (except that part thereof taken for widening Twelfth street; and also that part of Grenshaw street lying between said blocks three and four, all in Starr's Subdivision of the east half of the southwest quarter of the southeast quarter (except the east one hundred (100) feet thereof) of Section thirteen (13), Township thirty-nine North, Range thirteen east of the Third Principal Meridian.

Lots one (1) to nineteen (19) inclusive, lots twenty-one (21) to thirty-nine (39) inclusive, and lots forty-six (46) to fifty-one (51) inclusive in Fish & Young's Subdivision of the southeast quarter of the west half of the southwest quarter of the southeast quarter of Section thirteen, Township thirty-nine North, Range thirteen east of the Third Prinicipal Meridian.

Lots seventeen (17) to twenty-three (23) inclusive in the Subdivision of the east half of the east half of the northwest quarter of the southwest quarter of the southeast quarter of Section thirteen, Township thirty-nine North, Range thirteen east of the Third Principal Meridian, with lots twenty-six (26) and twenty-seven (27) in the Subdivision of the west half of the east half of the northwest quarter of the southwest quarter of the southeast quarter of Section thirteen aforesaid, except railroad right of way.

Lots twenty (20) to twenty-five (25) inclusive in Cherry's Subdivision of the west half of the east half of the northwest quarter of the southwest quarter of the southeast quarter of Section thirteen, Township thirty-nine North, Range thirteen east of the Third Principal Meridian.

Together with all and singular the tenements, hereditaments and appurtenances and franchises of the Allis-Chalmers Company thereunto belonging or in any wise appertaining, and the reversions, remainders, rents, issues and profits thereof, and all the estate, right, title, interest, property, possession, claim and demand whatsoever, as well at law as in equity, of the Allis-Chalmers Company of, in and to the same and any and every part thereof, with the appurtenances.

The Special Master Commissioner will first offer for sale, as an entirety, all the said property hereinbefore described as "Chicago Works No. 1," and shall note the highest bidder therefor. He will next offer for sale, separately, and as an entirety, all the said property hereinbefore described as "Chicago Works No. 2," and shall note the highest bidder therefor. The bids for said separate parcels will be received and noted, subject to the express condition that all the property in the State of Illinois directed to be sold shall subsequently be offered for sale as an entirety. The Special Master Commissioner will then invite bids upon all the property directed to be sold by said decree, in one parcel, as an entirety, and will note the highest qualified bidder for said entire property. If the highest bid received and noted for all said properties as an entirety shall exceed the aggregate of the several highest bids therefor, when offered for sale in said parcels, then the bid for said property as an entirety will be conditionally accepted by the Special Master Commissioner. If, however, the highest bid received and noted for all said property as an entirety shall not exceed the aggregate amount of the several highest bids for said property when offered in parcels, as aforesaid, then the highest bids for the separate parcels will be conditionally accepted by the said Special Master Commissioner.

The Special Master Commissioner will receive no bid from any one offering to bid for the said parcel described as "Chicago Works No. 1," who, prior to said sale, shall not have deposited with him, or delivered to him, as a pledge that such bidder will make good his bid in the event of its acceptance, the sum of fifty thousand dollars ($50,000), or one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000) in face amount of the bonds issued under and secured by the mortgage or deed of trust of July 2, 1906, made by Allis-Chalmers Company to The American Trust & Savings Bank, Trustee. The Special Master Commissioner will receive no bid from any one offering to bid for the said parcel described as "Chicago Works No. 2," who, prior to said sale, shall not have deposited with him or delivered to him, as a pledge that such bidder will make good his bid in the event of its acceptance, the sum of fifty thousand dollars ($50,000), or one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000) in face amount of the bonds issued under and secured by the said mortgage or deed of trust dated July 2, 1906. The Special Master Commissioner will receive no bid for the entire property in the State of Illinois, ordered by the said decree to be sold, from any one offering to bid who prior to said sale shall not have deposited with him or delivered to him, as a pledge that such bidder will make good his bid in the event of its acceptance, the sum of one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000), or two hundred thousand dollars ($200,000) in face amount of the bonds issued under and secured by the said mortgage or deed of trust dated July 2, 1906. Any deposit of money required to be made with the Special Master Commissioner may be made either in cash or in a certified check therefor on some bank or trust company having a paid up capital of not less than one million dollars ($1,000,000). Upon the conditional acceptance of any bid the purchaser shall forthwith pay to the Special Master Commissioner, in addition to the money so deposited with said Special Master Commissioner, prior to making such bid, or in addition to the bonds so deposited with said Special Master Commissioner, a further additional sum in money or bonds equal to the amount so hereinbefore required to be deposited as a condition of making such bid. Any bidder or purchaser, in lieu of delivering to the said Special Master Commissioner said bonds, either for the purpose of qualification as a bidder, or on account of the purchase price in the event of the acceptance of his bid, may deliver to the said Special Master Commissioner a certificate or certificates of any bank or trust company in the City of Milwaukee in the State of Wisconsin, or in the City of New York in the State of New York, or in the City of Chicago in the State of Illinois, which bank or trust company shall have a paid-up capital of not less than one million dollars ($1,000,000), that such bank or trust company holds, subject to the order of said Special Master Commissioner, said bonds, to the amount aforesaid. In case any bidder shall fail to make good his bid upon its acceptance by said Special Master Commissioner, or shall fail after such acceptance to comply with any order of the court relating to the payment thereof or the consummation of the purchase, then the money or bonds deposited by such purchaser or purchasers as hereinabove provided shall be forfeited as a penalty for such failure. If such sale shall not be confirmed by the court, such deposit will be returned to the bidder. The purchaser, on confirmation of the sale by the court, shall make such payment or payments in cash on account of the purchase price as the court may at the time of the confirmation of such sale or from time to time thereafter direct, and shall pay the entire balance of the purchase price so bid at such time or times and in such manner as the court shall direct.

Any purchaser who shall purchase the said property shall be bound by the terms of any contract which Otto H. Falk, as receiver of the Allis-Chalmers Company, shall have entered into, at the time of such sale, for the sale and delivery of machinery or merchandise from such manufacturing plants, where the completion of such contract shall require the use of the manufacturing plant so purchased; and any such purchaser, at the time of the confirmation of such bid, shall enter into such written agreement with the said receiver, upon such conditions as the court shall hereafter direct, providing for the completion and carrying out of such contract, upon such reasonable terms as may be fixed by the court; provided, however, that any such purchaser may apply to the court, at the time of the confirmation of such bid, or at any time subsequent thereto, to be relieved from the obligation of any specific contract covered by the terms of said decree upon such terms as may be deemed proper by the court; this provision in the said decree being intended for the protection of the receiver heretofore appointed by the District Court of the United States for the Eastern District of Wisconsin, and shall not be construed as vesting any right of action in any person not a party to this suit as against such purchaser; and the court reserves the right to require of any such purchaser or purchasers security in such amount and of such form and character as the court may require, for the fulfillment of any contracts which the court shall direct that the said purchaser shall assume under the terms of the said decree.

Any purchaser at the sale may satisfy and make good the balance of his bid above the amount required to be paid in cash by the terms of said decree, or by any decree or order of said court entered in accordance with the provisions of said decree, by delivering to the undersigned Special Master Commissioner bonds duly certified and issued and outstanding under the terms of said mortgage or deed of trust, dated July 2, 1906, made by Allis-Chalmers Company to The American Trust & Savings Bank, Trustee, with all unpaid coupons for interest thereunto belonging, which bonds, if registered, shall be duly assigned or endorsed by the registered holder thereof; such bonds, whether delivered to the Special Master Commissioner at the time of the sale, or subsequently, shall be received at such price or value as shall be equal to the sum which would be payable out of the net proceeds of said sale if made for money to the holder or holders of said bonds, for his or their just share and proportion in such character of such net proceeds, upon a due accounting and apportionment of such net proceeds; provided, however, that if it shall appear by endorsement upon any bond so presented, or otherwise, or by a certified copy of any report of the Special Master Commissioner appointed by the decree of the District Court of the United States for the Eastern District of Wisconsin, to make the sale decreed under the order of that court heretofore entered, that any bond or bonds so presented to the Special Master Commissioner have been theretofore presented to the Special Master Commissioner making sale under the order of the District Court of the United States for the Eastern District of Wisconsin, or that any such bond or bonds have been used in the purchase of any properties situate in the Eastern District of Wisconsin, then such bonds, when presented to the undersigned Special Master Commissioner, shall be received at such price or value as shall be equivalent to the sum which would be payable out of the net proceeds of such sale, if made for money, to the holder or holders of said bonds, for his or their just share and proportion in such character of such net proceeds, after the amount applied upon such bonds, in connection with the purchase of any property sold under the said decree of the District Court of the United States for the Eastern District of Wisconsin, or applicable thereto, out of the proceeds of such sale, shall have been endorsed upon said bonds or charged as the pro rata payment thereof against the amount due upon the said bonds by the terms of the said decree.

For a more particular description of the property to be sold and the terms and conditions of the sale, reference is hereby made to the decree entered by the District Court of the United States in the Northern District of Illinois, Eastern Division, in the above-entitled cause, on the 4th day of March, 1913.

GERRY W. HAZELTON,
Special Master Commissioner.

STEAMSHIPS.

INTERNATIONAL MERCANTILE MARINE LINES

THE WHITE STAR LINE'S **New "OLYMPIC"**
FITTED WITH
DOUBLE SIDES
AND ADDITIONAL
WATERTIGHT BULKHEADS
EXTENDING FROM THE
BOTTOM to the TOP
OF THE VESSEL
Will Sail from New York
April 12---May 3
and Regularly Thereafter

American Pier 62, N. R.
New York—Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton
*Majestic..Mar. 22, noon | St. Louis..May 16
New York..Mar. 29, 9:30; April 25, May 23
St. Paul....Apr. 4, 10 A. M.; May 2, May 30
Philadelphia.Apr. 11, 10 A. M.; May 9, Je. 6
*White Star Line Steamer from Pier 59, N.R.

Atlantic Transport
New York—London Direct. Pr. 58, N. R.
Minnewaska.Mar. 22, 9 A. M.; May 3, May 31
Minnetonka.Mar. 29, 11 A. M.; Apr. 26, Je. 7
Minnehaha.Apr. 12, 10:30 A. M., May 24, Je. 21
Minneapolis.Apr. 19, 9 A. M.; May 17, Je. 14

Red Star Pier 61, N. R. 10:00 A. M.
N. Y.—London—Paris via Dover—Antwerp
Zeeland..........March 22, April 19, May 17
Finland..........March 29, April 26, May 24
Lapland..........April 5, May 3, May 31
Kroonland........April 12, May 10, June 7

White Star Piers 59 & 60, N. R.
New York—Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton
Majestic...Mar. 22, noon; April 19, May 10
*New York.Mar. 29, 9:30 A. M.
Oceanic....Apr. 5, noon; April 26, May 17
Olympic....Apr. 12, 10 A. M.; May 3, May 24
*American Line Steamer from Pier 62 N. R.
New York—Queenstown—Liverpool.
Megantic...Mar. 26, noon
Adriatic...Mar. 29, noon; April 24, May 22
Celtic.....Apr. 3, noon; May 1, May 29
Cedric.Apr. 12, noon | Baltic.Apr. 17, May 15
Cruises, Boston—Mediterranean—Italy.
Cretic..........April 5, May 17, June 28
Canopic.........April 26, June 12, July 19

CANADIAN SERVICE
Sailings Every Saturday from Montreal & Quebec
BY THE LARGEST CANADIAN LINERS
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LAURENTIC TEUTONIC
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Send for folders of the Short Land-Locked St. Lawrence Route to Europe.

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SINGLE FARE, $1.50
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Excellent Cuisine and Music.
HUDSON NAVIGATION COMPANY
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TO BOSTON $3.00
Lv. Pier 14 N. R., ft. Fulton St., New York, daily at 5:00 P. M. Sts. PROVIDENCE and PLYMOUTH. ORCHESTRA ON EACH.
NEW LONDON (Norwich) LINE via New London. Lv. Pier 40, N. R., ft. Houston St., week days only 6:00 P. M.; Pier 70 E. R., ft. E. 22d St., 6:30 P. M. Strs. MAINE and CHESTER W. CHAPIN.
NEW HAVEN LINE Lv. Pier 28, E. R., ft. Catharine St., week days, 2:45 P. M. Str. NEW HAMPSHIRE.
BRIDGEPORT LINE Week days, leave Pier 27, E. R., ft. Catharine St., 11 A. M. Str. BRIDGEPORT.
Tickets, etc., at 171 Broadway. Transfer Tourist Offices and at Piers.
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BAY STATE LINE
Providence Direct, $1.50 | Worcester, $2.40
Outside Staterooms, $1.00.
Steel Steamships GEORGIA and TENNESSEE Daily, including Sunday, 5:30 P. M.
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City Ticket Office, 290 Broadway, N. Y.
Uptown Ticket Office, B'way and 23d St.

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PROVIDENCE Boat direct $1.60
The only independent line operating between New York and New England.
Week days and Sundays at 5:30 P. M. from Pier 39, N. R., foot West Houston St. Berths free.
All Outside Rooms—Finest Service
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'Phones Spring 9491 and 9492.

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For Newburg-Poughkeepsie and Kingston and intermediate landings.
Pier 24, N. R. Tel. 405 Franklin.

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Maine Steamship Line; Steamers leave [illegible]
EASTERN STEAMSHIP CORPORATION

STEAMSHIPS.

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HAMBURG-AMERICAN
Largest S. S. Company in the World—Over 400 Ships—1,210,000 TONS.
SAILINGS TO
LONDON—PARIS—HAMBURG
S. S. KAISERIN AUG. VIC.
(25,000 Tons)
March 27, 10 A. M.
MEDITERRANEAN
S. S. HAMBURG
(11,000 Tons)
April 5, 9 A. M.

LONDON—PARIS—HAMBURG
KAIS'N AUG. VIC......March 27, 10 A. M. | †PRETORIA..........April 17, 3 P. M.
†PATRICIA..........April 3, 8 A. M. | CINCINNATI..........April 24, 11 A. M.
PRES. GRANT.........April 10, 11 A. M. | †PENNSYLVANIA.......April 26, 12 noon
AMERIKA.............April 12, 10 A. M. | KAISERIN AUG. VIC...April 30, 2 P. M.
†Hamburg direct, 2nd cabin only.
FROM BOSTON S. S. CINCINNATI...June 7 | S. S. CINCINNATI..July 12
S. S. CLEVELAND..June 24 | S. S. CLEVELAND..July 29

—SOUTH AMERICA SAILING—
S. S. VALESIA (7,000 Tons) from New York April 25, 3 P. M.
Leaving Pier 3, Bush Terminal, Brooklyn
TO RIO DE JANEIRO.............$125
Through passenger rate to Montevideo and Buenos Ayres on application.

MADEIRA, GIBRALTAR, ALGIERS, NAPLES and GENOA
S. S. HAMBURG........April 5, 9 A. M. | *S. S. HAMBURG......May 20, 9 A. M.
S. S. MOLTKE.........April 19, 8:30 A. M. | *S. S. MOLTKE.......June 3, 8:30 A. M.
*Omit call at Madeira and Algiers.

S. S. IMPERATOR WORLD'S LARGEST SHIP Will make her first trip from HAMBURG, MAY 24, arriving here MAY 31. Books now open for season starting JUNE 7, 11 A. M. The IMPERATOR will continue in regular service between NEW YORK and HAMBURG via Plymouth and Cherbourg.

LAST 3 CRUISES
To the Panama Canal Havana and Jamaica
S. S. MOLTKE MARCH 29TH | S.S. Victoria Luise April 10th and 30th
Largest Steamer Cruising in the Caribbean.
16 DAYS EACH.........$145 and up

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Scotland, Orkney and Faroe Islands, Iceland, Spitzbergen, North Cape, Norway. FROM HAMBURG during June, July, and August.
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The Fastest Steamers in the World
Mauretania Lusitania
QUEENSTOWN, FISHGUARD, LIVERPOOL.
CARMANIA..........MAR. 29, 10 A. M. | CARMANIA..........MAY 10, 10 A. M.
*MAURETANIA..APRIL 2, 1 A. M. | CAMPANIA..........MAY 14, 1 A. M.
FRANCONIA.........APRIL 12, 10 A. M. | *MAURETANIA..MAY 21, 1 A. M.
CAMPANIA..........APRIL 16, 1 A. M. | CARONIA...........MAY 31, 10 A. M.
*MAURETANIA.APRIL 23, 1 A. M. | CARMANIA..........JUNE 7, 10 A. M.
CARONIA...........MAY 3, 10 A. M. | *MAURETANIA...JUNE 11, 1 A. M.
*Does not call at Queenstown, Eastbound.
MADEIRA, GIBRALTAR, GENOA, NAPLES, TRIESTE, FIUME
Sailing hour noon. See Itinerary.
CARPATHIA MAR. 22 | SAXONIA APRIL 26 | IVERNIA MAY 24
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Special Spring Sailing Ivernia . . April 5
BOSTON - QUEENSTOWN - FISHGUARD - LIVERPOOL
FRANCONIA May 13, 3 P.M. | FRANCONIA June 10, 2 P.M. | FRANCONIA July 8, 1 P.M.
LACONIA May 27, 3 P.M. | LACONIA June 24, 1:30 P.M. | LACONIA July 22, noon
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Summer Cruises, Norway, etc., 1913, June 19, July 1-July 18, Aug. 8, Sept. 5.
Piers Foot W. 14th St., North River, N. Y. Offices, 24 State St., Opp. Battery.

NORTH GERMAN LLOYD
George Washington..........Mar. 22
Kronprinzessin Cecilie.....April 1
Fast Mail Sailings.
Brandenburg (Bremen dir.) Mar. 27
Prinz Friedrich Wilhelm....April 8
Grosser Kurfuerst..........April 15
LONDON—PARIS—BREMEN
Sailings on SATURDAY for
THE MEDITERRANEA
Berlin.....................Mar. 29
Prinzess Irene (via Madeira) Ap. 12
Last Cruise PANAMA March 27
NORWAY—POLAR REGIONS
June 16, July 5, from Bremen.
OELRICHS & CO., General Agents
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Sailings every Tuesday and Saturday. Tickets interchangeable with Q. S. S. Co.
"ARCADIAN"
the largest and finest vessel in the trade. 9,000 tons Reg. BEDS throughout, not berths. Swimming Pool, Gymnasium and many other features.
Leaves New York April 19 for a delightful Cruise to
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The Balmy Southern Route. Safest and most comfortable. "Arcadian" also leaves England every two weeks, commencing 30th May, for
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Departures Every Thursday at 10 A. M.
From Pier 57, North River, foot of West 15th St.
‡France (new)...Mar. 27 | ‡France (new).....April 17
*La Touraine.....April 3 | *La Provence.....April 24
*La Lorraine.....April 10 | *La Touraine......May 1
*Twin-screw steamer. ‡Quadruple-screw steamer.
SPECIAL TUESDAY SAILING 3 P. M.
One-class Cabin (II) and Third-class Passengers Only.
*NIAGARA.........March 25
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Between New York and ALGIERS, ITALY, GREECE, AUSTRIA. MARTHA WASHINGTON, March 22, May 3, June 14. KAISER FRANZ JOSEPH I., (new), May 14, June 21. Laura, Alice, Argentina, Oceania. Sailings usually Wed. or Sat.
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FABRE LINE TO THE RIVIERA
AZORES, LISBON, NAPLES, MARSEILLES, Etc. ... Write for Literature. [illegible] & CO., G. A., 17 State St., N. Y.

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Sailings every Wednesday and Saturday, stopping both ways at Jamaica.
Steamers specially built for tropical travel. Outside staterooms, large "cottage" windows. Every ocean safeguard and comfort. Write for handsome illustrated booklet.
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Including Meals & berth on steamer. $45.50 Largest, fastest, finest steamers
by way of Galveston, Texas. Berth and tourist sleeper privileges to the Pacific Coast, $5.50. Sailings every Wednesday and Saturday. Correspondingly low through rates from New York to all points South and Southwest.
Mallory Steamship Company
Ticket Offices {290 Broadway, cor. Reade St., N. Y. / 958 Broadway, cor. 23d St., N. Y.

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NEW DIRECT SERVICE BETWEEN SANTIAGO (CUBA) AND KINGSTON (JAMAICA) BY THE FIRST-CLASS PASSENGER STEAMSHIP "A. W. PERRY."
STEAMER LEAVES Santiago—Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays.
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This service, in connection with the train service of The Cuba Railroad Co., between Havana and Santiago, affords a splendid opportunity of seeing Cuba when proceeding to or returning from Jamaica and the Panama Canal.
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For full information apply to A. E. OUTERBRIDGE & CO., Agents Quebec S. S. Co., Ltd., 29 Broadway, New York; THOS. COOK & SON, 245 and 2081 Broadway, 264 and 553 5th Ave., N. Y., or any Ticket Agent.

ANCHOR LINE
GLASGOW via Moville LONDONDERRY
Caledonia..Mar. 22, 9 AM | Cameronia..April 5, 9 AM
Columbia...Mar. 29, 2 PM | California.Apr. 12, 11 AM
FIRST CABIN, $70 and $75.
SECOND CABIN, $50 and upward.
THIRD CLASS, $32.50.
Sailing List for 1913 now ready.
HENDERSON BROTHERS, 17-19 Broadway.

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PARIS—LONDON—ROTTERDAM.
Twin-Screw Sailings Tuesday, 10 A. M.
*Potsdam.........Mar. 25 | *Noordam.........Apr. 8
†New Amst'd'm...Apr. 1 | *Rijndam.........Apr. 15
*Via Boulogne. †Plymouth & Boulogne.
Office 39 B'way, N. Y.

LLOYD ITALIANO
TO ITALY IN 11 DAYS.
Mendoza, Mch. 25, May 3. Taormina, April 16.
Rates $65, $70, $75, $80 and up.
C. B. RICHARD & CO., 31 B'way, N. Y.

50% growth in Censored Want Advertising makes it necessary to close the Want pages at 9 o'clock Saturday night. Telephone 1000 Bryant, and your want advertisement will be charged if your name is in the telephone directory.—Adv.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, March 20.—Precipitation occurred during Thursday in practically all districts east of the Rocky Mountains, except in the far Northwest. The principal storm was centred Thursday night in the lower Mississippi Valley, and heavy rains are occurring again throughout the South. The weather in the Middle Atlantic States cleared temporarily Thursday afternoon, as a second disturbance passed eastward into the ocean.

The cold wave has pushed southward over the Rocky Mountain region and eastward over the Missouri and upper Mississippi Valleys, while in the East and South the temperature has risen still further. In the British Northwest the cold wave has been broken, temperature having moderated considerably.

The southwest storm will move rapidly northward, causing general precipitation again during Friday over the entire Eastern half of the country. The storm will be accompanied by high and shifting gales followed by a cold wave by Friday night, covering interior States west of the Appalachians. It will cause decided falls in temperature in the Atlantic States during Saturday.

The cold in the Northwest will rapidly moderate so that by Saturday there will be a considerable rise in temperature quite generally over the trans Mississippi region.

It is probable that more settled conditions will prevail throughout the country on Saturday with generally fair weather.

Winds along the New England Coast will be variable, shifting to east and increasing; Middle Atlantic Coast, brisk to high southeast; South Atlantic Coast, brisk to high south.

Steamships departing Friday for European ports will have variable winds, shifting to east and becoming high with rainy weather to the Grand Banks.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY AND SATURDAY.

Eastern New York, Southern New England, New Jersey, Eastern Pennsylvania—Rain Friday, Saturday generally fair and colder; increasing southeast, shifting to northwest winds.

Western New York—Rain Friday, decidedly colder with a cold wave in the west portion by night. Saturday snow flurries and colder; brisk to southeast shifting to northwest winds.

Northern New England—Rain Friday and probably Saturday, colder Saturday, increasing southeast shifting to northwest winds.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1912.	1913.		1912.	1913.
3 A. M.	50	51	4 P. M.	47	57
6 A. M.	48	51	6 P. M.	42	58
9 A. M.	54	52	9 P. M.	35	56
12 M.	51	55	11 P. M.	34	56

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 58; for the corresponding date last year it was 44; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 39.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 51; at 8 P. M. it was 58. Maximum temperature, 69 degrees at 5:40 P. M.; minimum, 47 degrees at 4 A. M. Humidity, 92 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 94 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30.10 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 29.99 inches.

FIRE RECORD.

A.M.	Loss.
5:35—526 W. 21st St.; M. Allen	$25
6:30—50 Chrystie St.; Charles Britz	Trifling
7:05—128 Norfolk St.; S. Orenstein	Trifling
10:15—15 Pearl St.; Charles L. Hirsch	$50,000
P.M.	
1:45—2,864 8th Av.; Herman Goldstein	Trifling
2:05—90-96 Stanton St.; Clara Schwartz	Trifling
4:40—1,108 Intervale Av.; Jacob Ebstein	$100
5:05—Lynn Av. and 167th St.; Lambert Construction Co	Trifling
5:20—3,858-3,860 3d Av.; Nathan Block	$500
7:00—118 E. 111th St.; Lena Levine	Trifling
8:25—1,232 Havemeyer Av.; John Haake	Trifling

POLICE AND FIRE NEWS.

Police Department.

SPECIAL ORDERS 63.

Lieutenant Promoted to Captain, Transferred and Assigned as Indicated—To take effect 2 P. M., March 19: Albert F. Mason, 170th Precinct to 18th. Sergeant promoted to Lieutenant—To take effect 2 P. M., March 19; John C. Borries, 39th to 26th.

Transfers—To take effect 2 P. M., March 19; Capts. John J. Cray, 15th to Traffic C; John O'Brien, Traffic C to 15th. To take effect 5 P. M., March 19: Lieutenant Henry W. Boerner, 36th to 7th Inspection District. Patrolmen, precincts indicated to C. O. Squad: F. A. Daly, 6th; R. R. Cody, 5th; J. J. Hoolahan, 18th; E. J. Ulrich, 150th; M. Barr, 167th; J. McElligott, 10th; W. F. Loeb, 18th; J. Gerhardt, 36th; E. Hilfiker, 158th. C. O. Squad to precincts indicated: J. V. Lawless, 23d; M. Morris, 37th; C. A. Picco, 43d; J. A. Brady, 22d; J. J. Levy, 39. To take effect 11:50 A. M., March 20: W. C. Franke, 21st, and W. J. Forker, 144th to C. O. Squad. Probationary Patrolman W. J. England, Jr., C. O. Squad to 6th. (Mutual.) To take effect 8 A. M., March 20: Patrolmen C. W. Morgan, 22d to 42d; W. G. O'Connor, 42d to 22d.

Assignments: Lieutenant—Henry W. Boerner, 7th Inspection District, to clerical duty, from 5 P. M. March 19. (Temporary) Lieutenants—Edward J. Fulton, 81st, to command 99th, from 10 A. M. March 19, and Abraham C. Hulse, 149th, to command 159th, from 10 A. M. March 20. Patrolmen—J. A. Brady and F. J. Malcolmson, 6th, to C. O. Squad, 5 days from 1 P. M. March 20; R. Hoerr, 16th, and J. T. Sheilds, 40th, to C. O. Squad, 10 days from 2 P. M. March 19, and J. Hughes, 42d, to office of chief counsel, Excise Department, 1 day from 9 A. M. March 20. Acting Detective Sergeant, Second Grade—A. Capone, 13th, to District Attorney's office, 5 days from noon March 19. Matron—Adele D. Preiss, 5, to C. O. Squad, 10 days from 6 P. M. March 19.

Application for full pay approved: Patrolman—Edward F. Wiederkehr, 77th, from 12:40 P. M. Dec. 16 to 5:30 P. M. March 11, while under suspension.

Suspended: Mounted Patrolman—Joseph Ray, 185th, to take effect 1:30 P. M. March 19.

Appointed as special patrolmen: J. H. Beetha and P. Woods with Department of Finance March 15.

Fire Department.

SPECIAL ORDERS 56.

The Board of Merit having recommended the awarding of department medals for valor, and its recommendations having been approved by the Fire Commissioner on Feb. 10, medals have been presented by the Mayor at City Hall, 1912. Roll of merit, Class I, honorable mention, with department medal:

Seneca Larke, Jr., engineer of steamer, Engine 20, for heroic conduct on Jan. 9, 1912, at fire, premises Equitable Building, 120 Broadway, Manhattan. Also awarded the Bennett Medal.

James G. Brown, fireman, first grade, H. & L. 1, now in H. & L. 40, two awards for Class I, for heroic conduct on Jan. 9, 1912, at fire, premises Equitable Building, 120 Broadway, Manhattan. Also awarded the Bonner Medal.

James A. Molloy, fireman, first grade, Engine 32, for heroic conduct on Jan. 9, 1912, at fire, premises Equitable Building, 120 Broadway, Manhattan. Also awarded the Trevor-Warren Medal.

Thomas Kilbride, fireman, first grade, H. & L. 1, for heroic conduct on Oct. 6, 1912, at fire, premises 25 Park Row, Manhattan. Also awarded the Strong Medal.

John F. Mooney, No. 1, fireman, first grade, H. & L. 4, for heroic conduct on Jan. 13, 1912, at fire, premises 252 West Forty-seventh Street, Manhattan. Also awarded the Wertheim Medal.

Charles W. Rankin, engineer of steamer, Engine 33, now Lieutenant of Engine 33, for heroic conduct on Jan. 9, 1912, at fire, premises Equitable Building, 120 Broadway, Manhattan. Also awarded the Crimmins Memorial Medal.

Francis X. Shields, fireman, first grade, H. & L. 21, for heroic conduct on Oct. 7, 1912, at fire, 163 West Thirty-fourth Street.

Frederick W. Deissroth, fireman, first grade, Engine 7, for heroic conduct on Oct. 6, 1912, at fire, 25 Park Row.

Dr. Henry M. Archer, Honorary Medical Officer, for long, honorable, and valorous service as Honorary Medical Officer in this department.

Roll of merit, Class II., with honorable mention and medal: James J. Walsh, 1, Captain, Engine 269, for heroic conduct on Feb. 8, 1912, at 138 Fifth Avenue, Brooklyn, awarded the Brooklyn Citizens Medal. Charles Helmholtz, fireman, (first grade,) Engine 238, for heroic conduct, April 24, 1912, at fire, 479 Metropolitan Avenue, Brooklyn; awarded the Hurley Medal. Arthur L. X. Boylan, fireman, (first grade,) Engine 14, (now in Hose 1,) for heroic conduct on March 6, 1912, at fire, 121 West Sixteenth Street; awarded the Agnew Medal. The Stephenson Medal is awarded to John J. Kelly, Captain, Hook and Ladder 9; it is known as the Medal of Honor, and it has been the custom to award this medal to the officer of the uniformed force who maintained the best disciplined company during the year. Fire College Medal; awarded to the following officers and members of Hook and Ladder 9, for having performed the several evolutions in the quickest time, showing a high intelligence, and very marked activity in the handling of tools and apparatus at Company Drill School. During the year 1912: June 7, 1912, Capt. John J. Kelly, Lieut. Jacob Woll, Jr. Firemen, (first grade:) Francis J. Brennan, George Grattenthaler, James A. Quinn, Thomas A. Casey, Thomas J. Kennedy, John L. C. Murdoch, William C. Boegel, Dennis P. Travers, William H. Weickum. Fireman, (second grade:) John F. Kelly. Firemen, (third grade:) Thomas H. Malkin, Joseph P. Collins, Frederick H. Moeller. Fireman, (fourth grade:) William J. Roche; Deputy Chief of Department John Binns, Acting Deputy Chief of Department John F. Devanny, Chief of Battalion George J. Kuss, First Battalion. Captains George Bauer, Hook and Ladder 31; John E. Farley, Hook and Ladder 8; William B. Nerney, Hook and Ladder 104; Joseph M. Biggers, Engine 20, (now in Engine 92;) John Spencer, Engine 24. Lieutenants Michael J. O'Donohue, Hook and Ladder 20; John Abbott, Engine 30; Joseph Bona, Hook and Ladder 26. Engineer of steamer Michael J. Mahoney, Engine 215. Firemen, (first grade:) Francis Haberlack, Engine 3; Ferdinand Butenschoen, Engine 6, (now Lieutenant Engine 8;) Luke Henry, Engine 57; Francis Blessing, Engine 33, (now Engine 93;) Mortimer X. Sullivan, Hook and Ladder 8, (now in Hook and Ladder 40;) John F. Mooney, No. 1, Hook and Ladder 4; Frank J. Roche, Hook and Ladder 4, (now in Hook and Ladder 24;) Joseph L. Flannery, Engine 55; John W. Egan, Engine 44; Lawrence J. Easley, Engine 57; James K. Martin, Hook and Ladder 2; Peter Murphy, No. 2, Engine 231; Frederick J. Langenauer, Hook and Ladder 104; Patrick J. Smith, Hook and Ladder 26. Fireman, (second grade:) Ernest E. Allen, Hook and Ladder 8. Fireman, (third grade:) Mortimer J. Sullivan, Engine 20.

Class III.—Roll of merit with commendation: Captains—Dennis J. Curtin, Engine 11, (now in Engine 54; Thomas J Reynolds, H. & L. 4; Walter Jones, No. 2, H. & L. 38; Patrick Hickey, H. & L. 6. Lieutenants—Michael F. Conley, H. & L. 104; Rudolph J. Uster, Engine 234, now Captain Engine 238; Thomas F. Kearns, H. & L. 24; John M. Ferguson, No. 1, H. & L. 1. Firemen, first grade—John J. Brady, Engine 11, two awards of Class III; Charles F. Frothinghame, Engine 11; Frank Surerus, Engine 11, now engineer of steamer, Engine 14; Henry F. W. Mohrmann, H. & L. 103; John J. Byrne, Jr., H. & L. 103; John F. Madigan, Engine 226; James A. Keenan, H. & L. 105; Harry N. Knapp, Engine 35; James McDonald, H. & L. 13; Eugene Hickey, H. & L. 13; William C. Samet, H. & L. 39; Rudolph Schneider, H. & L. 10; H. H. Schumacher, H. & L. 10; John T. Lenahan, H. & L. 126, now engineer of steamer, Engine 6; Wallace R. Pelham, Engine 269; Philip Blush, H. & L. 18; Alexander Ungerer, H. & L. 18; Patrick J. C. Kerwin, H. & L. 24; John F. Hartigan, Engine 234, now in Engine 281; Denis O'Shaughnessy, H. & L. 40, now in H. & L. 22; Patrick J. Sutton, H. & L. 38; Henry W. Kiemle, H. & L. 38; Patrick J. Mullane, H. & L. 38; Fritz Zechiel, H. & L. 38; Patrick J. Charters, H. & L. 38; Walter F. Kenzel, H. & L. 38; William Feder, Jr., H. & L. 38, now in H. & L. 26; Nicholas P. Leonard, H. & L. 38; Thomas F. Enright, Engine 20; David J. Oliver, Engine 58; Walter Signer, Engine 16; William A. Stone, Engine 72; John Boyle, H. & L. 1; Max C. Benisch, H. & L. 1, now in Engine 18; Francis E. Jones, Engine 208; John T. Hickey, Engine 226, now in Engine 239; James T. Daniels, H. & L. 26, and Robert Laird, H. & L. 26. Fireman, second grade—James P. Dunn, Engine 6. Class D.—At a special meeting of the Board of Merit, held Oct. 28, 1912, called to pass upon the alleged meritorious acts of various candidates for promotion to the rank of Lieutenant, who had been sent to the Municipal Civil Service Commission without merit classification, the board unanimously voted that the following should receive Class D for their meritorious acts: Engineer of Steamer Jonathan A. Chattaway, Engine 271, and Fireman, first grade, Axel G. Anderson, Engine 223.

GENERAL ORDERS 19.

General Orders 6, Paragraphs 1, 3, and 4, dated Feb. 3, 1910, corrected as to assignments for stations 3-677, 3-678, 3-681, 3-682, 3-716, 3-717, 3-718, 3-719, 3-720, 15-115, 15-164, 17-121, and 17-123. New cards for these stations have been issued; on receipt, commanding officers will substitute them for the old cards, which will be returned with the number of the division, battalion, or company marked on the face of the cards returned. Old cards will be marked in pencil and promptly returned in the same envelope in which the new cards are delivered.) Stations 3-684 and 3-685 will be changed according to General Orders 18, dated March 19, 1913.

Above assignments to take effect at 8 A. M. March 21.

2. The following additions and corrections to General Orders 18, dated March 19, are hereby promulgated for the information and guidance of the uniformed force, to take effect at 8 A. M. March 21:

Additions.

Stations.	Engine Cos.	Stations.	Engine Cos.
2-427	73 82 42	2-428	82 73 42
	41 83 50 71	2-429	83 41 50 71
	60 45 92 46	2-461	45 60 92 88
			46 68 90 35
2-471	82 73 42	2-510	43 75 93
	45 50 41 71		68 46 92
	83 92 88 46		67 48 88
	60 68 90 38		
2-601	75 43 46		
	92 93 48		
	88 45 79		
	68 81 67		

3 Engine 76 is relieved from locating in the quarters of Engine 35 at Station 2-427.

Engine 48 will locate in the quarters of Engine 46 on the fourth alarm instead of third, at Stations 2-428, 2-429, and 2-461.

Engine 80 is relieved from locating in the quarters of Engine 59 at Station 2-471.

Engine 44 will respond first due on first alarm in place of Engine 14, relieved at Station 634.

Engine 54 is relieved from responding to Station 759.

Engine 48 will respond second due on first alarm in place of Engine 82, relieved at Station 2-569.

Engine 87 will respond to Stations 3-548, 3-592, 15-636, and 15-646.

Engine 78 will respond to Stations 15-155, 15-168, 15-349, 15-634, and 15-833.

Bankruptcy Sales

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—No. 17,581.—Notice of sale at auction.—In the matter of EMILIE LACK, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that personal property belonging to the estate of the above-named bankrupt will be sold under the direction of Alfred Siegel, Esq., the Trustee, at public auction by Charles Shongood, auctioneer, at Knickerbocker Storage Warehouse, Nos. 6 and 10 First Street, in the City of New York, on the 21st day of March, 1913, at 10:30 o'clock A. M. of said day; a general description of said property is as follows: Showcases, counters, trimming, ladies' hats, &c., comprising the stock and fixtures of the above-named bankrupt.

The Trustee reserves the right to withdraw any of said property from sale unless it shall bring at least seventy-five per centum of the appraised value.

Dated March 10, 1913.

STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
No. 71 Broadway, New York City, N. Y.

WILLS FOR PROBATE.

CAHN, REGINA, (died Dec. 20;) left about $1,000 personalty; about $50 to Adele Cahn; $100 each to Teanne, Raymond, and Helen Cahn; $250 to son, Samuel Cahn; $350 to son, Albert Cahn.

CUSHING, FRANK R., (died March 8;) value not given; net income for life to wife, Annie M. Cushing; residue to daughters, Mrs. Mabel F. Chase, Mrs. Alice M. Hill, and Frank R. Cushing.

FISHER, ROBERT, (died Feb. 15;) left less than $2,000 personalty; $100 each to daughters, Emilie and Nellie Fisher; income on residue to wife, Maria Fisher; residue to sons, Frank and Frederick Fisher, and daughter, Gertrude Fisher.

HOTZ, SIBILLA, (died Dec. 25;) left $11,800 personalty; $3,000 to Amalia Jacob; $800 divided among Wilhelm Braun, Maria Groh, and Anna Christina Sohn; $700 to Elizabeth Schneider; $250 each to nephews, Henry, Gottfried, Mathilda, and August Hotz; $3,000 to Katharina Pause; residue in equal shares to Amalia Jacob and Katharina Pause.

MAJOR, AMANDA, (died March 9;) left $1,500 personalty; $10 to husband, George Major; about $350 to daughter, Johanna Thomas; $100 to cousin, Beckie of Harrisburg; about $350 to grandson, Ralph Thomas.

MAPES, WILLIAM A., (died Feb. 19;) left $6,000 realty and more than $10,000 personalty; income on $4,000 to wife, Ida C. Mapes; $5,000 and one-third of residue estate to daughter, Bertha Mapes; one-third of residue to each of sons, William A. and Howell Mapes.

MOISTER, EDWARD WILLIAM, (died March 12;) left more than $5,000 personalty; $100 to son, Roger William Moister; residue to wife, Clara Moister.

QUADT, JOHN G., (died March 4;) left $500 personalty to wife, Hannah K. Quadt.

ROSENMAN, JOSEFA, (died Dec. 7;) left $1,000 personalty; $366.66 to daughter, Fannie Altman; $296.66 to son, Bernat R. Rosenman; $166.66 to daughter, Dora Finkelstein; $50 to Yetta Altman; $15 each to Pearl and Jeannette Altman.

TURNBULL, HELEN, (died Feb. 5;) left more than $10,000 personalty; about $12,000 each to sisters, Margaret and Alice Turnbull; about $200 to William and Arthur Turnbull as executors.

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

City.

The Municipal Civil Service Commission has approved a communication from the Fire Commissioner saying that, pursuant to the opinion of the Corporation Counsel, dated May 27, 1912, embodied in a report from the Department of Finance, Law and Adjustment Division of Jan. 13, 1913, in the matter of the claims of Henry I. Acken and 119 others, a payroll has been prepared for various amounts alleged to be due firemen, in accordance with directions from the Department of Finance.

The commission has also approved a letter from the Street Cleaning Commissioner with reference to a voucher in favor of the Remington Typewriter Company for services of a stenographer during December in the amount of $29.17. The stenographer was employed in the snow office in the preparation of statistics in relation to snow removal.

The commission has disapproved the request of Charles T. Llewellyn, 114 West 134th Street, that his name be removed from the disqualified list.

United States.

The United States Civil Service Commission announces an open competitive examination on April 21, for men only, for pathologist in cereal diseases to fill a vacancy in this position at a salary ranging from $1,800 to $2,500 a year, in the Bureau of Plant Industry, Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C., and vacancies as they may occur in positions requiring similar qualifications.

Competitors will not be required to appear at any place for examination, but will be rated on the following subjects, which will have the relative weights indicated: General education and scientific training, 25; practical experience in cereal pathology and fitness, 25; a discussion of cereal diseases other than smuts, 25; thesis of not less than 2,500 words on the cereal smuts and their control, 25.

An educational training equivalent to that required for the bachelor's degree from a college or university of recognized standing is a prerequisite for consideration for this position. Statements as to training, experience, and fitness are accepted subject to verification. Applicants must have reached their twenty-fifth but not their forty-fifth birthday on the date of the examination. Under an act of Congress applicants for this examination must have been actually domiciled in the State or Territory in which they reside for at least one year previous to the date of the examination, which is open to all men who are citizens of or owe allegiance to the United States and who meet the requirements.

EDUCATION NOTES.

City Supt. Maxwell, Jerome A. O'Connell of the Board of Examination and the Principals of the three training schools have been appointed as a committee to prepare plans by which certain teachers will be allowed leave of absence with pay to receive instruction in various subjects at the training schools, their places to be filled by substitutes.

The Committee on High Schools and Training Schools has decided to lay over the nomination of the Board of Superintendents of Mr. Feldman of Erasmus Hall High School, Flatbush, as Principal of Curtis High School, New Brighton, S. I., to succeed the late Harry Towle. Some members of the committee do not think that proper consideration was shown to it by the Board of Superintendents. The twenty-eight applicants for the position were called before the committee, but it was not asked which of them it favored. On the contrary, it is said, the choice was made previous to the candidates' appearance before the committee. Associate City Superintendent Stevens, in charge of the high schools, named Mr. Feldman and the Board of Superintendents, therefore, nominated him without asking the committee's opinion about it.

James J. Kelly, who died in 1875, bequeathed $1,000 for the presentation of medals annually to graduates of the City and Normal Colleges and the girl graduates in the public schools of the Ninth and Sixteenth Wards. Commissioner Robert L. Harrison learned that the medals had been presented annually to the City and Normal College graduates, but that the medals had not been presented to the public school graduates. On his motion the board has decided that hereafter medals will be awarded, under the terms of Mr. Kelly's will, to graduates in Public Schools 3, in Hudson Street; 42, in Greenwich Avenue; 45, in West Twenty-fourth Street, and 56, in West Eighteenth Street.

A testimonial will be presented by the employes of the Bureau of Audit and Accounts to Henry R. M. Cook, Auditor of the Board of Education, at the Board of Education Hall, on March 28, upon the completion by him of twenty-five years' service in the department.

ESTATES APPRAISED.

BECKHARD, MATILDA, (died Oct. 15;) net estate, $56,236.70; personalty, $31,098.23; deposits, $1,912; bonds of New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad, $6,400; Central Branch of Union Pacific Railroad, $2,250; St. Louis Iron Mountain Unifying and Refining Company, $816.25; Oregon Short Line Railroad, $3,690; Western Maryland Railroad, $2,568.75; Western Union Telegraph Company, $962.50; St. Louis & San Francisco Railroad, $4,642.50; 25 shares American Smelters Company, $2,125; 30 shares Pennsylvania Railroad, $1,860; 20 shares Federal Mining and Smelting Company, $900; realty, premises 102 West Eighty-seventh Street, $27,000.

JONES, ANN SHAW, (died April 24;) net estate, $4,795.12; personalty, $5,459.37; bank deposits, $249.12; personal effects, $621.25; 20 shares National Lead Company preferred, $1,620; 68 shares National Mechanics' Bank of Baltimore, Md., $1,870; 20 shares United Traction Company, Philadelphia, Penn., $1,050.

PECK, LYDIA A., (died Aug. 2;) net estate, $429,979.34; personalty, $56,736.85; bank deposits, $18,815.09; mortgage on 235 West Thirty-sixth Street, $15,000; personal effects, $4,050; 5 bonds Lorillard Company, $6,081.25; 2 bonds Broadway Surface Railroad, $2,060; 10 bonds St. Louis & San Francisco Railroad, $8,500; 500 shares Beaumont Oil Company, no value; realty, $376,853.75; premises 7 West Eighty-second Street, valued at $37,500, less mortgage of $20,000; 69 West Forty-eighth Street, valued at $50,000, less mortgage of $20,000; 17 West Thirty-fourth Street, valued at $340,000, less mortgage of $36,000.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

The Army.

WASHINGTON, March 20.—Capt. W. B. Burtt, Twentieth Infantry, detailed for service in the Signal Corps.

Capt. R. C. Loving, Medical Corps, relieved from treatment at Letterman General Hospital, San Francisco, to Fort Bayard, New Mexico.

Capt. J. L. Walsh, Ordnance Department, to Fort Monroe, Virginia, for inspection armament, and then return to proper station.

Major W. P. Wooten, Corps of Engineers, relieved from station at Fort De Russy, Hawaii, proceed to Honolulu.

Major S. G. Jones, cavalry, detailed to office of Chief of Division of Militia Affairs.

Board of officers appointed to meet at Texas City, Texas, for examination of officers of Corps of Engineers to determine fitness for permanent appointment as follows: Major L. Brown, Corps of Engineers; Capt. A. W. Williams, Medical Corps; Capt. W. L. Guthrie, Corps of Engineers; Capt. L. M. Adams, Corps of Engineers, and Capt. J. B. H. Waring, Medical Corps.

Lieut. Col. W. L. Kenley, Sixth Field Artillery, detailed for General Recruiting Service at St. Louis, Mo.

Lieut. Col. D. C. Shanks, Inspector General, upon completion of duties at Fort Leavenworth, Kansas, to Fort Thomas, Kentucky, for temporary duty, and upon completion proceed to San Francisco.

Capt. L. J. Van Schaick, Fourteenth Infantry, to his home preparatory to his retirement.

Leaves: Capt. George B. Pond, Quartermaster Corps, granted one month, effective April 1; Major H. Page, Medical Corps, granted three months and eleven days, effective June 28, and Capt. J. W. Craig, Twelfth Cavalry, leave extended one month.

The Navy.

Rear Admiral A. Mertz, placed on retired list, having reached age of 62 years.

Commander O. P. Jackson, detached Bureau of Ordnance April 5, to the North Dakota as executive officer.

Commander E. H. Campbell, detached the North Dakota, to home, wait orders.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Ajax at Algiers, Petrel at Guantanamo, and Saturn at San Diego.

Sailed—California from San Francisco for San Diego, Nashville from New Orleans for Galveston, Glacier from San Francisco for Guayamas, Castine, Tonopah, D-1, D-2, D-3, and E-1 from Neuvitas for Jacksonville; Brutus from Beirut for Malta, Osceola from Norfolk for Guantanamo, Culgoa from Vera Cruz for Tampico, Dixie, Roe, Drayton, McCall, Paulding, Henley, Sterret, Warrington, Monaghan, Ammen, Burrows, Patterson, Trippe, Jenkins, Jouett, and Fanning from Guantanamo for Guacanayabo Bay.

Revenue Cutter Service.

Senior Capt. W. E. Reynolds to inspect quarantine steamer Argonaut.

First Lieutenant of Engineers R. E. Wright to inspect quarantine steamer Neptune.

Third Lieutenant of Engineers F. C. Allen detached Yamacraw; to the Tacoma.

First Lieutenant of Engineers J. E. Dorrey detached depot; to the Morrill.

First Lieutenant of Engineers C. F. Nash detached the Morrill; to depot.

First Lieutenant of Engineers B. C. Thorn detached the Bear; to the McCulloch.

Third Lieutenant of Engineers E. Reed Hill detached the McCulloch; to the Bear.

First Lieut. B. Boedeker to temporary duty in command the Guthrie.

Third Lieut. B. A. Starr detached the Bear; to the McCulloch.

Third Lieutenant of Engineers B. C. McFadden resignation accepted; effective April 25.

Second Lieut. J. Pine detached the Thetis; to the Seminole.

Third Lieutenant of Engineers C. J. Odendhal detached the Manning; to the Thetis.

Second Lieut. S. V. Parker detached the Windom; upon relief to the Thetis.

Third Lieut. L. C. Mueller detached the McCulloch; to the Bear.

First Lieutenant of Engineers J. I. Bryan to resume duty on the Tuscarora upon relief.

First Lieutenant of Engineers M. N. Usina ordered to temporary duty on the Seneca.

Second Lieut. B. S. Baylie detached the Bear; to the Tuscarora.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

New York.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, March 20.—These companies were incorporated to-day by the Secretary of State:

Hamilton Engineering & Construction Corporation of Manhattan; $100,000. Lorain C. Todd, James S. Morgan, William Clark, 60 Hamilton Place, New York.

Western Contracting Company, Incorporated, of Manhattan; constructing, altering, and decorating; $100,000. James S. Watson, George F. Mattuck, Abner B. Stupel, 68 East Ninety-sixth Street, New York.

Kingston Factory Corporation of Kingston; realty and general merchandise; $50,000. Herbert Carl, Sam Bernstein, Albert H. Cook, all of Kingston.

The Milne Brothers Company, Incorporated, of Hornell; lumber and timber products; $30,000. Charles Milne, Albert W. Palmer, William Hollinger, 46 Cedar Street, New York.

Eastern Waist Manufacturing Company, Incorporated, of Manhattan; ladies' wearing apparel; $10,000. Samuel Baum, Milton Gordon, Charles Lauger, 1,453 Avenue A, Manhattan.

Domerico Mastropaolo, Incorporated, of Manhattan; undertaker; $10,000. Domerico Mastropaolo, Vincenzo Cantoli, Francis Mezzatesta, 250 Grand Street, New York.

Reporting & Credit Company, Incorporated, of Manhattan; $20,000. Martin Catts, Victor A. Pincus, George A. Evaleako, 146 West Eighty-second Street, New York.

Perey Manufacturing Company, Incorporated, of Manhattan; mechanical devices; $10,000. Daniel R. Bacon, Conrad D. Trubenbach, Edward H. Trubenbach, 100 Hudson Street, New York.

Ira S. Bushey & Sons, Incorporated, of Brooklyn; general dry dock business; $10,000. Ira S. Bushey, Francis S. Bushey, Raymond J. Bushey, 218 Seventeenth Street, Brooklyn.

Woolsey Realty Corporation of Manhattan; $10,000. Charles Wein, Samuel L. Marcus, David Herman, 1,558 Minford Place, Bronx.

The Standard Production Company, Incorporated, of Manhattan; clocks, watches, meters, gauges; $10,000. Alfred Wells, Richmond L. Brown, Russell S. Wolfe, 40 Wall Street, New York.

Clark & MacGowan, Incorporated, of Walden; dry goods, clothing, textiles; $20,000. Floyd Clark, Lewis F. MacGowan, Margaret E. Clark, all of Walden.

The Fulton-Albert Corporation of Manhattan; engineering and contracting; $50,000. Arthur J. Albert, Maude T. Simpson, John T. Duane, 338 Hanselman Street, Brooklyn.

One foreign corporation was to-day authorized to do business in this State, the Lionel Manufacturing Company of New Haven, Conn.; electrical toys; $50,000. Albert T. Scharps, 74 Broadway, Manhattan.

COURT CALENDARS.

FEDERAL.

Supreme Court.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 20.—Following are the Supreme Court orders issued to-day by the Chief Justice:

Farley Brewer and William P. Everts of Boston were admitted to practice.

800—S. S. White Dental Manufacturing Co., plaintiff in error, vs. the Commonwealth of Massachusetts.—Motion to advance to be heard with No. 268 as one case, submitted by W. P. Everts.

218—The Dakota Cattle Co., appellant, vs. the United States and the Sioux Indians; 215—Catherine Howard, appellant, vs. the United States and the Sioux Indians, and 216—The Keystone Land and Cattle Co., appellant, vs. the United States and the Sioux Indians—Dismissed.

200 and 201—Michigan Trust Co., petitioner, vs. Edward P. Ferry.—Argument concluded.

204—The Texas & Pacific Railway Co., plaintiff in error, vs. Mrs. Amanda Harvey.—Argued.

205—The Texas & Pacific Railway Co., plaintiff in error, vs. Mrs. M. E. Stewart et al.—Submitted.

Adjourned until Monday next at 12 o'clock.

STATE.

Court of Appeals Calendar.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, March 20.—The Court of Appeals day Calendar for Friday: 26—City of New York vs. Blum. 28—Mastin vs. City of New York. 29—Castle Brothers vs. City of New York.

Decisions.

The Appellate Division, First Department, announces the following decisions to-day:

Stephen Merritt Burial and Cremation Company, respondent, vs. Stephen Merritt Company et al., appellants.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. Opinions by Scott, J., and Ingraham, P. J.. (Ingraham, P. J., and Laughlin, J., dissenting.) Order filed.

Pabst Brewing Company, appellant, vs. Ralph Sloane, respondent.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements, and motion denied, with $10 costs, with leave to defendant to answer on payment of costs. Opinion by Dowling, J. Order filed.

Anna J. Conyngham, respondent, vs. Albert G. Tedesco, impleaded, appellant.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Marguerite Brady, as administratrix, appellant, vs. Pennsylvania Steel Company, respondent.—Judgment affirmed on 138 App. Div., 233. (Scott, J., dissenting.) Order filed.

People ex rel. Michael J. Egan, relator, vs. Rhinelander Waldo, as Commissioner, respondent.—Writ dismissed and proceedings affirmed, with $50 costs and disbursements. No opinion. Order filed.

Riter-Conley Manufacturing Company, appellant, vs. The Snare & Triest Company, respondent.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Margaret McDonough, as administratrix, appellant, vs. Interborough Rapid Transit Company, respondent.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. No opinion. (Scott, J., dissenting.)

David Sollinger, appellant, vs. John J. Swann, respondent.—Order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Lillian B. Leavitt, respondent, vs. Charles H. Enos, as executor, appellant.—Judgment reversed and complaint dismissed, with costs to appellant unless plaintiff stipulates to reduce the judgment to $5,500, in which case the judgment as so modified affirmed, with costs and disbursements to appellant. Opinion by Scott, J. Settle order on notice.

Elizabeth A. Wilks, respondent, vs. Rebecca Greacon, individually, &c., appellant.—Judgment reversed and complaint dismissed, with costs. Opinion by Laughlin, J. Settle order on notice.

Herman Ellis, appellant, vs. Leopold Miller et al., respondents.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Richard F. Hall, respondent, vs. Central Fish Company, appellant.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Bon Ton Tailoring Company, appellant, vs. The Champion Laundry, respondent.—Judgement reversed and new trial ordered, with costs to appellant to abide event, unless defendant stipulates that the judgment be so modified as to award the plaintiff $116.66, with interest from Oct. 16, 1909; in which event the judgement as so modified affirmed, without costs. No opinion. Settle order on notice.

James L. McDermott and another, respondent, vs. Austin B. Fletcher, appellant.—Judgement and order reversed, new trial ordered, costs to appellant to abide event. Opinion by Laughlin, J. Settle order on notice.

Mary Loggron, as administratrix, respondent, vs. Frederick W. Whitridge, as receiver, appellant.—Judgment and order reversed, new trial ordered, costs to appellant to abide event, unless plaintiff stipulates to reduce verdict to $6,000; in which event, judgment as so modified and order affirmed, without costs. No opinion. Settle order on notice.

Joseph E. Shea, appellant, vs. Frank A. Keeney, respondent.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements and motion granted, with $10 costs, with leave to defendant to withdraw demurrer and to answer on payment of costs. Opinion by Laughlin, J. Order filed.

Frans Poel and another, plaintiffs, vs. William Hills and another, defendants.—Exceptions overruled, motion for new trial denied, and judgment directed and verdict with costs. No opinion. Settle order on notice.

George W. Adams, respondent, vs. Leander S. Sire, appellant.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Dorothy Rutkosky, respondent, vs. Public Service Railway Company, appellant.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements and motion granted. Opinion by Scott, J. Order filed.

Louis A. Davids and another, vs. Louis Bauer.—Motion granted; questions certified. Order filed.

First Commercial Bank of Pontiac, vs. Moses M. Valentine and another.—Motion granted; questions certified. Order filed.

In the matter of Matthew J. Keefe, deceased.—Decree reversed and prayer of petitioner denied, with costs and disbursements in this court to appellant against respondent personally. Opinion by Scott, J. Laughlin, J., dissenting on opinion of Surrogate Cohalan. Settle order on notice.

New York County.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Davis, J. Ex parte business.

SURROGATES' COURT—Chambers—Fowler, S. Wills for probate. Julia Lobenstein, Anna E. M. Zborowski, Lee Montsaulnir.

CITY COURT—Special Term—Part II. Finelite, J. Ex parte business.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Davis, J. Libman v. Kassler—Timothy Murray. Matter of Larkin—Donald McLean. Washington Lumber & Milling Co v. Ziegler—Donald McLean. Frederic de P. Foster v. Robt J Mahoney—D E Seybel.

SUPREME COURT—Platzek, J. Dollar Sav Bank v. Katzenberger—Charles L Hoffman. Sohmer v. Kauffman—Alphonse G. Koelble. Matter of Chesbrough—Eugene L. Bushe. Herkimer v. Clare—Chas H Schenvill. Appleby v. Bedford Boulevard Cont Co.—Walbridge S Taft. Funch v. Knox—John T. Canavan. City R E Co v. Scento—James A. Foley. Cutting v. Brady—Myron Sulzberger. N Y Trust Co v. Keenan—Walter B. Caughlan. Bussing v. Schultz—Elek J Ludvigh. Sands v. Brigante—Abraham Stein.

SUPREME COURT—Greenbaum, J. Brown v. Knaff—Dalles Flanagan.

SUPREME COURT—Lehman, J. Thonges v. Higgins—Joseph W. Bryan.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Davis, J. George J. Bauernschmidt v. Eugenie Rosendorf—Francis P. Kenney. Walter S. Gurnee v. Harry Herzog (2)—Frank A. Spencer, Jr. Margaret Donald Bishop v. Hyman A. Wolf—Francis P. Kenney.

Kings County.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Kelby, J. Ex parte business.

SURROGATE'S COURT—Ketcham, S. No day calendar.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Kelby, J. Litigated motions. 1—Aubery v. Supreme Council of Royal Arcanum. 2—Matter of Hester (Gibb). 3—Matter of Bradley Av. 4—Matter of Poyer St. 5—Maher v. Nassau Elec R R Co. 6—Lublin v. Klein et al. 7—Matter of Connors or O'Connor. 8—Matter of Nelligan. 9—Matter of Fischer or Fischeri. 10—Matter of Grove St et al. 11—Shapiro v. Aubke. 12—Matter of 11th & 12th Av (Behrena). 13—Burlakoff v. N Y Rys Co. 14—Tiedemann v. Burns Bros & ano. 15—Matter of Gebele. 16—Koffler v. Western Union Tel Co. 17—Durham v. Durham. 18—Spitzfaden v. Brill. 19—Sullivan v. Greenpoint Moulding Co. 20—Matter of Midwood St (Siminoff). 21—Matter of Goodrich St (Erings & ano). 22—Matter of Goodrich St (Stepanik & ano). 23—Matter of E 35th St (McCanna). 24—Stevens v. Trevor. 25—Alacoque v. Pruddy. 26—Otis Elevator Co v. Leber Constr Co. 27—Oliver Typewriter Co v. Bernstein. 28—Matter of Doecks (Hennessy et al). 29—Matter of Av D (Cortelyou Road). 30—Matter of Snyder Av (Av A). 31—Laskin v. Goldstein. 32—Trudden v. Neufeld et al. 33—Trudden v. Neufeld et al. 34—Wieland v. Bennlander et al (Ac 1). 35—Wieland v. Bennlander et al (Ac 2). 36—Matter of Falkman. 37—Patterson v. Patterson. 38—Casomano v. Frank et al. 39—Giery v. Murphy et al. 40—Tisch v. Dickover & ano. 41—Stoddard et al v. Roy. 42—Mittenthal & Sons v. Simon.

Westchester County.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Tompkins, J. 482—Fisher v. Fallon. 573—De Calatrava v. Reyonlds. 548—Smith v. Butler. 530—McMullen v. City of Yonkers. 574—Coe v. Belluscoe. 492—Nelson v. Manila Anchor Brewing Company. 566—Rennie v. McKim. 555—Luhmen v. N Y, West & Boston R R Co. 555½—Luhmen v. N Y, West & Boston R R Co. 499—Rose v. Phillips. 459—Young Bros Lumber Co v. Wyckoff. 486—Lassen v. Hoonan. 539—Kleist v. Kleist. 560—Crawford v. Quaker Ridge Realty Co. 538—Bell v. Bell. 531—Colantino v. Longas. 532—Colantino v. Longas. People ex rel Farley v. Moran.

CHANGE OF NAME.

MARGULIES, SAMUEL GUSTAVE, to MARGLES, SAMUEL GUSTAVE, 542 East Fifth Street; on account of the difficulty in pronouncing Margulies he has been always called Margles; described thus in naturalization papers; City Court, Judge Richard T. Lynch.

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Three Famous Old Buildings on State Street Sold to an Investor—Resale of Child's Hospital Property—A Buyer for Claremont Hall—An Active Bronx and Suburban Market.

A deal of more than ordinary interest in that it affects the holdings of two estates in the lower part of the city, on State and Whitehall Streets, imparted an element of unusual activity to the realty market yesterday. The property sold comprised the three ancient buildings at 1, 2, and 3 State Street, forming the northwest corner of Whitehall Street, and opposite that portion of Battery Park forming the plaza approach to the ferry landings.

The name of the buyer of this old-time residential corner was not divulged by the brokers, Horace S. Ely & Co., nor was any statement made as to the ultimate use of the property, but it is understood that an important commercial improvement will be made in the near future.

The properties at 1 and 2 State Street, being 56 feet on that street by 130.5 on Whitehall Street, were sold for the Coles estate, and 3 State Street, 27 feet front, was sold for Francis De R. Wissmann, representing the estate of Henry C. Overing. The total frontage on State Street is 87 feet. The assessed value of this plot, on land only, is $390,000.

The buildings at 1 and 2 State Street are among the oldest houses in the lower part of the city, remaining practically unaltered from the days, over a century ago, when they were among the fashionable private dwellings in that section. John B. Coles, a wealthy flour merchant, lived in the house on the corner long before 1800. He was one of the big merchants of his time, and, besides being a Director of many banks, was for several years an Alderman from the old First Ward. When he died, in 1829, his son Isaac occupied the old homestead, and another son, William, lived at 2 State Street. The Coles family has owned the property for over 125 years. The house on the corner has been used for some time as the Seaman's Institute headquarters. The house at 3 State Street has been owned by the Overing family since 1795.

Resale of Childs Hospital Property.

Lowenfeld & Prager and Lewine & Kempner resold to Bing & Bing yesterday the southeast corner of Lexington Avenue and Fifty-first Street, a lot 25 by 100 feet, and the northeast corner of Fiftieth Street and Lexington Avenue, a plot 47 by 100 feet, which they purchased at the public auction of the Childs Hospital property last week. The sellers paid $80,500 for the Fiftieth Street corner and $59,250 for the Fifty-first Street corner.

Bing & Bing bought at the auction the balance of the property adjoining the corner of Fifty-first Street, which included nine lots, for a total of $200,000, the first three lots going for $25,000 each, the next two at $22,750 each, and the last four at $20,100 each.

Deal in East Forty-fifth Street.

Charles D. Squier has purchased for investment from Dr. Reginald H. Sayre, 9 West Forty-fifth Street, a four-story dwelling on a lot 25 by 100 feet. In part payment the buyer gave 16 East Sixty-sixth Street, a four-story dwelling on a lot 25 by 100.5.

Extensive alterations will be made to the Forty-fifth Street building, which will be used for business purposes. The Douglas Robinson, Charles S. Brown Company negotiated the transaction.

Investor Buys Cleremont Hall.

Cleremont Hall, a seven-story apartment house on the northwest corner of Broadway and 112th Street, has been sold by Mrs. M. R. French to an investor. The structure occupies a plot 100 by 100 feet. Leonard J. Carpenter and Frederich Zittel & Sons were the brokers.

Increases Lexington Ave. Holdings.

In addition to the purchase of the Columbia Apartment, on the northwest corner of Lexington Avenue and Eighty-seventh Street, reported yesterday by the Markwin Realty Company, two adjoining dwellings have also been acquired, being 131 and 133 East Eighty-seventh Street. They were sold by Duff & Conger for Mrs. Susan Titus and Mrs Augusta Deiches, respectively. The entire plot now controlled by the Markwin Realty Company is 69 feet on Eighty-seventh Street, and 100.8 feet on Lexington Avenue. Heilner & Wolf, Inc., are interested with the Markwin Corporation in the purchase.

Harper Estate Sells Tenement.

The Harper estate has sold to an investing client of Cruikshank & Co., 82 Catharine Street, a five-story tenement on a lot 25 by 100. At one time Catharine Street was one of the best retail business streets in the city.

Flathouse Property in Demand.

The five-story apartment house 705 West 180th Street has been sold by the Koch Realty Company to an investor. The structure occupies a plot 59.10 by 110 feet. Slawson & Hobbs were the brokers.

Samuel K. Jacobs sold to Peter F. Cogley, 54 Lenox Avenue, the St. Paul, a five-story apartment house, on plot 32.6 by 100 feet, between 112th and 113th Streets.

John Capleas has increased his holdings on West Ninety-sixth Street by the purchase of the five-story double flat, 142, on a lot 31.6 by 100. The buyer holds title to the three houses to the west, and now controls a plot 108 by 100 feet.

Assembling West Side Plot.

A builder who is reported to be assembling a plot for a ten-story apartment house has purchased from Caroline C. Thompson and Francis B. Leigh, respectively, the two four-story dwellings on plot 34.2 by 100.8, at 107 and 109 West Ninety-third Street.

The buyer is also said to be negotiating for the two similar houses to the west at 111 and 113, owned by Mary J. Canavan and the estate of Jacob Hays, respectively.

Bronx Borough.

An important transaction in the Hunts Point section of the Bronx was announced yesterday by the Henry Morgenthau Company, which sold to Selig Rosenberg a plot 175 by 100, for immediate improvement with five-story apartment houses. The property is located at the junction of Simpson and Fox Streets. Edward A. Weinstein was the broker.

Kurz & Uren, in conjunction with E. Sheldon Robinson, have sold for the Benenson Realty Company 425 East 162d Street, between Washington and Melrose Avenues, a six-story new law apartment house on a lot 37.6 by 100, to an investor.

Mary C. Mahoney has sold to Annie Weir 414 East 140th Street, a three-story brick private dwelling, on a lot 16.8 by 100. S. H. Frankenheim was the broker.

$140,000 Bronx Loan.

The Title Guarantee and Trust Company loaned $140,000 yesterday on first mortgage to the Zarland Realty Company. This mortgage is for five years at 5 per cent. and covers the stores, hall, and theatre on the east side of St. Ann's Avenue and north side of 138th Street. The plot extends 200 feet on St. Ann's Avenue, 125 feet on 138th Street, and 102 feet on 139th Street.

Brooklyn.

Tutino & Cerny have sold for Louis Engel to a client for occupancy, the two-story and cellar one-family brick dwelling on a lot 20 by 90, known as 631 Seventy-fourth Street.

The McInerney Klinck Realty Company has sold the two-story brick stable, located on the south side of Eleventh Street, about 88 feet east of Fifth Avenue, for Michaels Brothers to a client. The plot measures 40 by 124 feet, and the consideration was $23,000.

The Jerome Property Corporation has sold 365 Fourth Street, between Fifth and Sixth Avenues, a two-story and basement, brownstone, one-family dwelling on lot 20 by 95, for L. V. Flatley to Hannah Fitzgerald, for occupancy.

Long Island City.

James B. Thomas has sold for the Stock Construction Company the two story and store dwelling on the northeast side of Broadway, 80 feet west of Fourteenth Avenue, Long Island City. The purchaser is a well-known grocer, who will open a branch store on or about April 15th. The building occupies a plot 20 by 80, and is one of the five store properties just being completed by the Stock Construction Company. The same broker has also procured for the Stock Construction Company five mortgage loans aggregating $26,000, covering the row of five stores and apartments just being completed on the northeast corner of Broadway and Fourteenth Avenue. The buildings cover a plot 100 by 80.

Cross & Brown Co. has sold for Anna Myslivscek the lot on the east side of William Street, 93 feet north of Jane Street, Long Island City.

Long Island.

The Windsor Land and Improvement Company sold at Hempstead, to J. Verie and H. Hughes, a plot 60 by 100 on Grand Avenue and Booth Street; to J. Devlin, a plot 40 by 100 on Botsford Street; to S. Olsen, a plot 40 by 100 on Marshall Street; to J. J. Hayes, a plot 40 by 100 on Oceanside Avenue; to A. Keogh, a plot 40 by 89 on Baldwin Street; to M. O'Donohue, a plot 40 by 100 on Booth Street.

Frederick Zittel & Sons have sold for William Burns eight lots at the corner of Newtown Avenue and Third Street, running through to Fourth Street, at Elmhurst, to Ennis & Sinnott, who resold the same through the Queensboro Corporation to the Brouard Construction Company for improvement.

The D. H. Jackson Company has bought from C. M. Rosenthal the northwest corner of Westminster and Argyle Roads, Cedarhurst, a three story and basement stucco residence on a plot 200 by 100.

William Willets, Jr., has sold to Richard Mandelbaum his homestead and one acre of ground, situated on the southwesterly corner of Central and McNeil Avenues, Far Rockaway. Herman Frankfort was the broker.

The Queens Land and Title Company has sold at Massapequa a plot 40 by 100 on New York Avenue to M. J. Delord; plot 40 by 100 on Chicago Avenue to J. F. Thomson; plot 40 by 100 on Linden Street to O. A. Blacksten; plot 100 by 100 on Central Avenue to W. M. Williams.

New Jersey.

Van Norden & Wilson have leased for Charles Ritter of Redbank the Empire Theatre in Redbank and the Empire Theatre in Rahway, both for a long term of years. The lessee is the Dan Casey Company, Inc., which will remodel both places and produce the latest successful plays, besides vaudeville and moving pictures.

New Hospital Building.

Plans have been filed with Building Supt. Miller for the construction of the new hospital building for the New York Homeopathic Medical School and Flower Hospital. This building will be five and six stories high and will be located on the southwest corner of Avenue A and Sixty-fourth Street, having a frontage of 42.4 feet on the avenue and 140 feet on the street.

The architects, Delano & Aldrich, have estimated the cost at $140,000. It will be a thoroughly up-to-date structure and is to be used for private patients only, and in the basement will be a kitchen and large dining room to supply the doctors and nurses from all of the buildings of the hospital.

Leases.

Daniel Birdsall and Company have leased the entire building 28 Barclay Street to the Bernardini Statuary Company for a term of years at an aggregate rental of $65,000.

Mooyer & Marston have leased for Mrs. Lilla L. Thompson to a client the building 14 East Thirty-ninth Street, on plot 25 by 98.9, between Madison and Fifth Avenues, for a term of twenty-one years. Extensive alterations will be made for store, offices, and showrooms.

Gustave Britt has leased for C. M. Benson the three-story-and-basement dwelling at 261 West Eleventh Street to John H. Tiedeman; for Isaac I. Meyers the three-story-and-basement dwelling at 302 West Twelfth Street to Dr. John J. Shea.

Realty Notes.

McDermott & Hanigan state that they are not the constructors in charge of the new building on the northwest corner of Riverdale Avenue and 261st Street, against which a mechanic's lien was filed yesterday.

J. Charles O'Brien was associated with Mooyer & Marston, as brokers, in the lease of the property 14 East Thirty-ninth Street for twenty-one years.

Realty at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

By Joseph P. Day.

Madison Av, 1,416 to 1,422, n w corner of 98th St, 100.11x45, six-story tenement and stores; foreclosure, to the plaintiff, Jonas Weil, $98,398.

By Samuel Marx.

144th St, 541 and 543 West, n s, 335 ft e of Broadway, 40x99.11, five-story tenement; foreclosure, to the plaintiff, Peter McGin, $42,800.

By S. De Walltearss.

117th St, 128 West, s s, 300 ft w of Lenox Av, 25x100.11, six-story tenement; foreclosure, to the plaintiff, J. A. Flannery, $34,457.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.

By Joseph P. Day.

Tremont Av, 7 and 9, n s, 50.2 ft w of Walton Av, 50.2x91.2x50x94.10, five-story tenement; foreclosure, to the plaintiff, Sol Jacobs, $45,000.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures in Manhattan and the Bronx.

Avenue A, s w corner 64th St, for a five and six-story hospital, 42.4x140; New York Homeopathic Medical College and Flower Hospital, owner; Delano & Aldrich, 4 East 39th St, architects; cost, $140,000.

124th St, n s, 100 ft w of Morningside Av, for a gospel tent; Mrs. S. Cameron, 31 East 38th St, owner; F. E. Dow, 123 East 23d St, architect; cost, $500.

Vermilyea Av, s s, 200 ft w of Academy St, for a three-story fire house, 42x52.1; City, owner; Dennison, Hirons & Derbyshire, 475 5th Av, architects; cost, $4,700.

48th St, n s, 100 ft w of 11th Av, for a three-story stable, 75x95; 550 West 44th St Co., 550 West 44th St, owner; F. Jacobson, 132 East 23d St, architect; cost, $25,000.

76th St, s s, 156.2 ft w of 1st Av, for an open air show; M. F. & T. W. McGinness, 951 Lexington Av, owners; N. Langer, 61 East 125th St, architect; cost, $2,000.

217th St, n s, 225 ft w of Paulding Av, for a two-story frame dwelling, 21x53; Susan Austin, 3,624 Olinville Av, owner; James Anderson, 1,790 Walker Av, architect; cost, $5,000.

198th St, s w corner of Briggs Av, for a one-story frame store, 33.8x31.10; Henry Plate, 1,824 Cedar Av, owner; Franz Wolfgang, 535 East 177th St, architect; cost, $2,000.

Bailey Av, w s, 84.32 ft s of 231st St, for three five-story brick tenements, 35x70.8x45x91, and 45x92; Ole G. Bartelson, 182d St and Park Av, owner; Charles Schaefer, Jr., Company, 401 Tremont Av, architect; cost, $125,000.

177th St, n w corner of Walton Av, for two five-story brick tenements, 42.2x86.10, and 35x89.10; Adolph Wexler, 204 Bush St, owner; Charles Schaefer, Jr., Company, 401 Tremont Av, architect; cost, $75,000.

172d St, s s, 126 ft e of 3d Av, for a one-story brick amusement hall, 31x94; Marie Fudgi, 2,252 Crotona Av, owner; Franz Wolfgang, 535 East 177th St, architect; cost, $5,000.

189th St, s s, 104 ft e of Washington Av, for three five-story brick tenements, 42x111.8 and 110.10; John O'Leary, 991 East 187th St, owner; John P. Boyland, Fordham Road and Webster Av, architect; cost, $120,000.

Towndock Road, s s, 50 ft w of Valetnine Av, for a two-story frame dwelling, 21x53; Jacob Niger, 1,518 Charlotte St, owner; Henry Nordheim, 1,087 Tremont Av, architect; cost, $5,000.

Newton Av, e s, 275.86 ft s of Mosholu Av, for a two and one-half-story frame dwelling, 21x30; Patrick O'Hare, Mosholu Av, owner; William Greenius, 429 East 238th St, architect; cost, $3,000.

Swinton St, e s, 150 ft n of Eastern Boulevard, for a two-story frame dwelling, 20.6x50; Andrew J. Swanson, 200 West 145th St, owner; J. J. Vreeland, 2,019 Jerome Av, architect; cost, $4,500.

Alterations.

Items under $5,000 omitted.

36th St, 52 West, to a four-story store and dwelling; Collingwood Realty Company, 2½ West 118th St, owner; Korenburger & Bardes, 122 Bowery, architect; cost, $5,500.

67th St, n s, 160 ft w or Park Av, to a four-story dwelling; Mrs. W. G. Fleming, premises, owner; Denby & Nute, 333 4th Av, architects; cost, $20,000.

Bankruptcy Notices

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the District of Massachusetts.—In the matter of ARTHUR W. STEDMAN, GEORGE EDWIN ALDEN, ADELBERT H. ALDEN, FREDERICK W. DUNBAR, and J. FRANK DUNBAR, copartners doing business as GEO. A. ALDEN & CO., Alleged Bankrupts.

At Boston, in said district, on the fourteenth day of March, A. D. 1913, upon the petition of Archibald Blanchard, Arthur H. Brooks, and William L. Wadleigh, receivers of the estate of said alleged bankrupts, praying that they be instructed as to their duties in the premises, and especially if it be their duty forthwith to deliver to bankers, upon request, the proceeds from the sales of merchandise described in the trust receipts held by them respectively, so far as the same can be identified; and also to deliver, upon request, warehouse receipts covering merchandise described in such trust receipts, or have they the right to hold said warehouse receipts and make sales of the merchandise described therein and account thereunder with said bankers; it is

Ordered by the court that a hearing be had upon said petition on the twenty-fourth day of March, A. D. 1913, before said court at Boston, in said district, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon; and that a copy of this order be published not less than twice during the week preceding said twenty-fourth day of March in The Boston Transcript, a newspaper published in Boston, Massachusetts, and once during said week in The New York Times, a newspaper published in New York City.

And it is further ordered by the court that the receivers shall send by mail to all known creditors notices of said petition and this order, addressed to them at their last known address.

Witness, the Honorable James M. Morton, Jr., Judge of the said court, and the seal thereof at Boston, in said district, on the fourteenth day of March, A. D. 1913.

MARY E. PRENDERGAST,
Deputy Clerk.

NO. 17,395.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of CANTRELL CLOTHING COMPANY, Alleged Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Cantrell Clothing Company, bankrupt, has filed its petition, verified March 20th, 1913, praying that the composition heretofore offered by it to its creditors and accepted in writing by a majority in number of all creditors whose claims have been allowed, which number represents a majority in amount of such claims, may be confirmed by the court; and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before the Honorable Judges of the United States District Court, at the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, March 31st, 1913, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

Dated New York, March 20, 1913.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 17,622.—U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—SAMUEL KUZMINER, Alleged Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Samuel Kuzminer, alleged bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated March 11th, 1913, praying for a confirmation of composition of all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, March 31st, 1913, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the alleged bankrupt thereon.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, March 19th, 1913.

NO. 17,667.—U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—JOSEPH POSNER, trading as POSNER JEWELRY COMPANY, Alleged Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Joseph Posner, alleged bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated March 17th, 1913, praying for a confirmation of composition of all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, March 31st, 1913, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the alleged bankrupt thereon.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, March 19th, 1913.

NO. 17,007.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of REUBEN ASTRACHAN, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of the above named bankrupt of the City and County of New York, and district aforesaid:

Notice is hereby given that on the 7th day of Sept., A. D. 1912, the said Reuben Astrachan was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned, referee in bankruptcy, No. 82 Beaver St., City and County of New York on the 2d day of April, A. D. 1913, at 12 o'clock noon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
March 20, 1913. Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 17,258.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of BARNET GOLDGELL, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupt of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid:

Notice is hereby given that on the 20th day of November, A. D. 1912, the said Barnet Goldgell was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned referee in bankruptcy, No. 82 Beaver St., City and County of New York, on the 31st day of March, A. D. 1913, at 2:30 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
March 20, 1913. Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 17,880.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ALFRED H. NAUMANN, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupt of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid:

Notice is hereby given that on the 11th day of March, A. D. 1913, the said Alfred H. Naumann was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned referee in bankruptcy, No. 82 Beaver St., City and County of New York, on the 2nd day of April, A. D. 1913, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
March 20th, 1913. Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York—JOHN W. LOW, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that the above named bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated September 24th, 1912, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, April 21st, 1913, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, March 20, 1913.

Bankruptcy Sales

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of AMERICAN INFUSION STEEL PROCESS CO., Bankrupt.—Charles Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Tuesday, March 25th, 1913, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at Bush Terminal Building, 2d Av. and 39th St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of steel bins, elevator chains, automatic scales, grinding mills, Westinghouse motor, shafting, oil tanks, Rockwell oil furnaces, soda water tanks, steel wire baskets, fixtures, etc.

Inspection March 22d and 24th between 10 A. M. and 4 P. M.

GUTHRIE B. PLANTE, Receiver.
JOSEPH LICHTENBERG, Attorney for Receiver, 299 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of CRESCENT BUTTON CO., Bankrupt.—Charles Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Thursday, March 27th, 1913, by order of the Court, at 2 P. M., at 85 Crosby Street, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of a large quantity of buttons, machinery, burnishing lathes, power presses, blowers, scrotch brush, dies, dynamo, spraying outfit, large quantity of foot presses, drop hammers, safe, desks, fixtures, etc.

Inspection March 25th and 26th, between 10 A. M. and 4 P. M.

LEON J. HYAMS, Receiver.
WM. HENKEL, Jr., Attorney for Receiver, 64 William St., New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of KURTZ & WECHSLER, trading as THE JANE WAIST CO., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Friday, March 28th, 1913, by order of the court, at 10:30 A.M., at 100 Spring St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of human hair, and ladies' shirt waists, fixtures, safe, &c. Inspection March 26th and 27th, between 10 A. M and 4 P. M.

JOHN L. LYTTLE, Receiver.
ARCHIBALD PALMER, Attorney for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of S. DOTTENHEIM, Inc., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Friday, March 28th, 1913, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 33 Union Square, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of jewelry, gold and filled, pearls, machinery, safe, fixtures, &c. Inspection March 26th and 27th, between 10 A. M. and 4 P. M.

ARTHUR C. BLAGDEN, Receiver.
H. & J. J. LESSER, Attorneys for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

THURSDAY, MARCH 20.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

AVENUE A, 27; also 2d St, 142; Max Goldberg to Max Bierman, 314 East 5th St, quitclaim; address, 75 Avenue A....$100

BEEKMAN PLACE, 17, s e corner of 50th St, 20x100; Katharine Embler to William M. Embler and another, 17 Beekman Place, (mtg $8,500,) March 17....$1

BROADWAY, n e corner of 61st St, 116.1x88.3x100.5x29.11; Jere J. Campion to Ida, Kate, Frances, and Edmond L. Campion, B. and S. and C. A. G., Jan. 26, 1910; Ida Campion, 20 East 10th St....$100

LEXINGTON AV, 672, w s, 37x90.6; United States Trust Co. of New York, trustee, to Gertrude A. Vanderbeck, 149 West 126th St, all liens, March 20; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

READE ST, n s, Lot 28, Church farm, 25x53; Hancock St, Brooklyn, n s, 410 ft e of Bedford Av, 20x100; Hancock St, Brooklyn, s s, 840 ft w of Nostrand Av, 20x100; James C. Ludlum and others to Gertrude E. Ludlum, at Goshen, N. Y., 1-3 part, Dec. 16, 1912; attorney, William H. Beam, 45 Wall St....$1

RIVINGTON ST, n s, 24.10 ft w of Willett St, 24.10x100; Samuel Tuchfeld to Peppe Tuchfeld, 25 Avenue C, ½ part, March 19; attorney, S. R. Wachtell, 170 Broadway....$1

STANTON ST, 197, s s, 20x100; Isidore Kalfus and others to Benjamin Silberman, 83 Eldridge St, (mtg $21,000,) March 19; attorney, Jacob Goldstein, 320 Broadway....$1

WEST END AV, 345, w s, 21x69.10x irregular; Frederick A. Holly to Louise H. Goddard, 800 Central Park West, all title, quitclaim, March 4; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$1

8TH AV, e s, 40 ft n of 144th St, 40x100; Adolph Riesenberg et al. to Emanuel J. Myers, 322 West 78th St, and Samuel Goldsmith, 652 West End Av, all liens, Aug. 12, 1912; attorneys, Lawyers' Title Insurance Co., 160 Broadway....$1

8TH AV, n e corner of 144th St, 80x100; Emanuel J. Myers et al to Barwood Realty Co., 100 Broadway, all liens, March 17; attorneys, Lawyers' Title Insurance Co., 160 Broadway....$1

8TH AV, n e corner of 144th St, 40x100; Adolph Riesenberg and others to Samuel J. Myers, 322 West 78th St, and Samuel J. Goldsmith, 652 West End Av, all liens, Aug. 12, 1912; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$1

10TH ST, s w s, Lot 24, map by B. W. Doughty, 15th Ward, 25x92.3; 10th St, s w s, part of Lot 27, same map; (part of n w s) bounded s e by Lot 28, s w by Lot 26, and n w by Lot 24, being a gore on n w s, 14 and lying between 2 points, 48 and 62 ft from 10th St; another of its sides is 0.4 long x —; Jere J. Campion to Ida, Kate, and Frances Campion as joint tenants, B. and S., C. A. G., Jan. 26, 1910; address 20 East 10th St....$1

15TH ST, 260 West, s s, 20x77.4; George R. Benda, executor of Theresa A. Benda, to Ida Ries, 200 Amity St, Flushing, L. I., (mtg $14,000,) March 18; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$19,450

SAME PROPERTY; Theresa Korzineck to same, quitclaim, March 18; attorney same.$100

33D ST, s s, 425 ft w of 9th Av, 25x98.9; Lina Weil to Sarah Goldberg, 261 Spring St, West Hoboken, (mtg $27,000,) all liens, March 18; attorneys, Wolf & Kohn, 203 Broadway....$100

56TH ST, 247 East, n s, 25x100.5; Julius Levy to Eda Meyerowitz, 194 Vernon Av, Brooklyn, b. and s., c. a. g., all liens, March 18; attorney, Morris Cooper, 20 Vesey St....$1

63D ST, 159 West, n s, 20x100.5; Mary H. Markey to Thomas Berkeley, 109 West 100th St, (mtg $15,000,) March 20; attorney, H. P. Wilds, 29 Broadway....$100

74TH ST, 59 West, n s, 20x102.2; S. Ormond Golden to Aida T. Taghavia, 59 West 74th St, (mtg $38,000 and all liens,) Jan. 3....$1

111TH ST, 21 West, n s, 27x100.11; Emil Lederer to Clara Glauber, 70 Lenox Av, all liens, June 9, 1909....$100

111TH ST, 31 East, n s, 25x100.11; Jennie, wife of Joseph Folay, to Wentworth Holding Co., 1,400 5th Av, Feb. —, 1913; attorney, J. A. Kohn, 1,400 5th Av....$100

112TH ST, n s, 329 ft w of 7th Av, 17x100.11, (foreclosure, Feb. 11;) Jerome H. Buek, referee, to Regina and Irene H. Garrigues, 216 West Madison St, Baltimore, Md., March 19; attorneys, Blandy, M. & S., 37 Wall St.$10,000

122D ST, s s, 203.10 ft w of 2d Av, 56.2x100.10; John J. Tally Co to Selara Holding Co, 5 Beekman St, (mtg $19,500,) March 18; attorney, A. L. Gellich, 5 Beekman St....$100

140TH ST, s s, 215.4 ft e of Broadway, 16.4x67.3; Caroline J. Steffens to Louis Weiss, 215 Audubon Av, (mtg $9,500,) March 19; attorneys, Marks & M., 61 Park Row....$1

144TH ST, 541 and 543 West, n s, 40x99.11, (foreclosure March 20;) Ely Neumann, referee, to Peter McGinn, 2 East 116th St, (mtg $40,000,) March 20; attorney, W. Krakower, 320 Broadway....$2,000

Bronx.

DORSEY ST, 2,424; C. Edward Schumacher to Joseph McGovern, 379 17th St, Brooklyn, (mtg $4,250,) March 20; attorney, E. Lipshitz, 316 South 5th St, Brooklyn....$100

EAST one-third of Lot 512, map of Wakefield, 53.4x114; Elizabeth A. Diller and others to Frank Nekola, 1,361 Avenue A, March 5; attorneys, Seybel & F., 41 Park Row....$1

FINDLAY AV, w s, 402.8 ft n of 169th St, 225x100; Hamilton Holding Co. to John H. Bodine, 1,427 Madison Av, Feb. 28, (mtg $10,800;) attorney, O. H. Sugerman, 149 Broadway..$1

FOX ST, s e corner of 163d St, 263x—; Henry Morgenthau Co. to Simpson-Fox Realty Corporation, 501 5th Av, Feb. 18, B. & S.; attorney, Max Stern, 64 Wall St....$100

HOME ST, n e corner of Jackson Av, 40x100; Isidor Blank and others to Minnie Alsberg, 86 West 119th St, Feb. 28, (mtg $33,000;) attorneys, Kurzman & F., 25 Broad St....$100

LOTS 468 and 469, map of Lohbauer Park; August Apel to Oscar Matthes, Hazelton, Penn., March 17; attorney, Lee H. Berliner, 43 Cedar St....$100

LYMAN PLACE, w s, 142.8 ft n of 169th St, 50x90.3; Lamberti Construction Co. to Lyman Hall Corporation, 280 Broadway, March 18; attorney, O. H. Droege, 280 Broadway....$100

PART of Lot 42, map of Fairmount, 26x100; Julia M. Sherwood to William C. Bergen, 130 West 180th St, Feb. 18; attorneys, O'Grady Brothers, 277 Broadway....$1

PART LOT 441, map of Unionport, 25x108; Nicola Gatto to Vincenzo Caruso, 1,551 Odell St, March 19; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

PART LOT 441, map of Unionport, 25x108; Vincenzo Caruso to Nicola Gatto, 1,550 Odell St, March 19; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, n w corner of 176th St, 57.10x145.5; George Daiker to Louis E. Bates, 833 East 165th St, March 17; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, e s, 448.5 ft s of Aldus St, 0.8x560; American Real Estate Co. and another to William Simpson and another, at New Hudson, N. Y., March 18; attorneys, C. P. & W. W. Buckley, 141 Broadway....$1

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, s w corner of 173d St, 77.8x102.3; American Real Estate Co. to Alpepiana Realty and Construction Co., 871 Forest Av, March 7; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway....$100

WASHINGTON AV, 1,792, e s, 54x109.4; William Korn and others to Fanny Gruen, 116 East 90th St, March 12, (mtg $9,000;) attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$100

WEST one-half of Lot 367, map of Melrose South; Benjamin Benenson to Emil H. Fickinger and others, Montclair, N. J., March 20, (mtg $4,500;) attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$1

140TH ST, 414 East, 16.8x100; Mary C. Mahony to Annie C. Wier, 434 East 141st St, March 20, (mtg $6,100;) attorney, Hy Nekerman, 176 Broadway....$100

140TH ST, 491 to 505 East, 150x100; Fleischmann Brothers Co. to Aurora Investing Co., 30 Broad St, March 19, (mtg $125,500;) attorneys, Stroock & S., 30 Broad St....$100

150TH ST, s s, 70.3 ft e of Morris Av, 25x100; William Morrissey to Edward F. Rayens, 377 College Av, March 19; attorney, M. J. Sullivan, Willis Av and 148th St....$100

151ST ST, 409 East, 25x114.4; Joseph B. Zellman to Rose Zellman, 408 West 130th St, March 19....$100

157TH ST, n s, 150 ft w of Elton Av, 50x1.11; Herschel W. Frost to Arthur Bulman, 390 East 157th St, quitclaim, Feb. 10; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$1

157TH ST, n s, 150 ft w of Elton Av, 50x1.11; Caroline C. Frost and others to Arthur Bulman, quitclaim, Feb. 10; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$1

157TH ST, n s, 150 ft w of Elton Av, 50x1.11; Arthur Bulman to Benenson Realty Co., 407 East 153d St, quitclaim, March 20; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$1

157TH ST, n s, 150 ft w of Elton Av, 50x100; Arthur Bulman to Benenson Realty Co., 407 East 153d St, Dec. 2, 1912, (mtg $3,000;) attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$100

167TH ST, s s, 100 ft w of Prospect Av, 120x100; Park Realty Co. to Adolph Deutsch and another, 322 East 4th St, March 19, (mtg $68,750;) attorneys, Strasbourger, E. & S., 74 Broadway....$1

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

BARROW ST, s s, 100 ft w of Washington, 70x75; Thomas M. McCarthy to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank, 51 Chambers St, March 20, 3 years; attorney, William C. Oer, 51 Chambers St....$25,000

LEXINGTON AV, 672, w s, 37x90.6; Gertrude A. Vanderbeck to U. S. Trust Co., trustee, 45 Wall St, 5 years, 4½ p. c., March 20; attorney, Title Guarantee & Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$43,500

MADISON AV, n w corner of 134th St, 99.11x10; Max W. Solomon to Sarah E. Cook, 41 East 88th St, March 20, prior mtg $6,000, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee & Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$1,000

STANTON ST, 197, s s, 20x100; Benjamin Silberman to Isidore Kalfus, 197 Stanton St, (prior mtg $15,000,) March 19, 6 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, F. Kunstler, 156 Rivington St..$6,000

5TH AV, n w corner of 149th St, 25x80; Equitable Trust Co., et al., trustees, to Equitable Trust Co., 37 Wall St, et al., trustees, March 13, due March 1, 1916; attorneys, Murray, P. & H., 37 Wall St....$30,500

35TH ST, 324 and 326 West, 40.6x98.9; Crest Holding Co. to Albert Jarmulowsky and others, executors, 1,295 Madison Av, prior mtg $25,000, 1 year, 6 p. c., March 19; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance & Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$20,000

[illegible] Wolf & K., 203 Broadway....$4,000

35TH ST, 29 to 33 West, 65x98.9; 29 West 35th St Co to Albert O. Chapin, Erie, Penn., Jan. 25, prior mtg $556,750, due May 1, 1913, 6 p. c.; attorney, G. W. Breviller, 32 Liberty St....$14,298

41ST ST, 404 and 406 West, 41.8x98.9; Louis Pflugner to George E. Chisholm, Morristown, N. J., March 20, 5 years; attorney, Bowers & S., 31 Nassau St....$17,000

42D ST, 11 to 19 West, 104.2x—; State Realty Co. to estate of Eugene A. Hoffman, Inc., 258 Broadway, March 12, due Sept. 1, 1914, 6 p. c.; attorney, Harris & T., 258 Broadway....$6,000

75TH ST, 515 East, n e, 25x95.7; Improved Tenements Co. to Ernest N. Adler, 1,506 1st Av, (prior mtg $10,000,) March 12, due, &c, as per bond; attorney, Charles Recht, 80 Maiden Lane....$3,009

110TH ST, 251 East, n s, 16.8x100.11; Teresina Sorgi to Seabury Realty Co., 230 Grand St, March 15, due Nov. 15, 1913, 6 p. c.; attorney, Jacob Gordon, 346 Broadway....$550

123D ST, 347 West, 15.10x80; Annie T. Braham to Simon M. Roeder, 174 East 95th St, March 19, 3 years; attorney, Roeder & R., 119 Nassau St....$2,000

Bronx.

FOX ST, e s, at w s of Simpson St, runs n 135x e 84.1x e 17.4x s 157; Simpson-Fox Realty Corporation to City Mortgage Co, 15 Wall St, March 18, demand, 6 p. c.; attorney, F. A. Snow, 15 Wall St....$75,000

SAME PROPERTY; same to Henry Morgenthau Co, 165 Broadway, Feb. 18, prior mtg $75,000, due Aug. 18, 1916, 6 p. c.; attorney, W. M. Wechsler, 165 Broadway....$15,000

FULTON AV, 1,392, e s, 50x211; Morris Schoenholtz to David Davis, 185 East Houston St, March 19, due Jan. 19, 1914, 6 p. c.; attorney, E. E. Holing, 85 Nassau St....$4,000

GRAND AV, s w corner Clinton Place, 100x25; Thomas J. Shine to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, March 20, due as per bond....$5,000

LOTS 55 to 58, map of New York Chartered Bond and Mortgage Co.; Fides Land Co. to Charles Rosa, 295 York St, Jersey City, Aug. 5, due as per bond; attorney, Robert G. Burlando, Williamsbridge Square....$3,500

LOTS 23 to 26, Map 123 lots Wallis Estate; Helen S. Lenbe to William A. Cokeley, 2,879 Coddington Av, due as per bond, March 19; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$1,600

PART Lot 42, Map Fairmount; William C. Berger to Julia M. Sherwood, 1,840 Arthur Av, Feb. 18, due as per bond; attorney, S. H. Stuart, 29 Broadway....$5,155

PIER AV, n e corner of Middletown Road, 114.2x46.7; Middletown Road, n s, 58.9 ft e of Pier Av, 25.2x—; Paul Arnold to John H. Stobbe, 654 Delamere Place, Brooklyn, March 14, prior mtg $1,400, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Maerkle, D. & M., 291 Broadway.$1,000

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, n w corner of 176th St, 57.10x116.7x50.6x145.5; Louis E. Bates to George Daiker, 703 Genesee St, Utica, N. Y., Feb. 17, due March 17, 1916; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$9,000

WASHINGTON AV, e s, 104.6 ft s of 175th St, 54x109.4; Fanny Gruen to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 50 Liberty St, March 17, 5 years; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co, 160 Broadway....$46,000

135TH ST, 370 East, 25x100; Carlton Realty Co. to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, March 20, due as per bond..$3,000

150TH ST, s s, 70.3 ft e of Morris Av, 25x100; Edward F. Rayens to William Morrissey, 276 East 150th St, March 19, due as per bond; attorney, M. J. Sullivan, Willis Av and 148th St....$5,000

156TH ST, 937 East, 25x100; Rebecca Goldberg to Broad Realty Co., 784 East 156th St, March 18, installments, 6 p. c.; attorney, Charles H. Friedrich, 35 Nassau St....$1,500

157TH ST, n s, 150 ft w of Elton Av, 50x100; Benenson Realty Co. to Rockland Realty Co., 509 Willis Av, March 20, one year, 6 p. c.; attorney, E. C. Bell, 509 Willis Av....$10,000

163D ST, s e corner of Fox St, 86x128; Simpson-Fox Realty Corporation to City Mortgage Co., 15 Wall St, March 18, demand, 6 p. c.; attorney, F. A. Snow, 15 Wall St....$135,000

SAME PROPERTY; same to Henry Morgenthau Co., 165 Broadway, Feb. 18, prior mtg $135,000, due Aug. 18, 1916, 6 p. c.; attorney, W. M. Wechsler, 165 Broadway....$30,000

163D ST, s s, 86 ft e of Fox St, 120.8x—; Simpson-Fox Realty Corporation to City Mortgage Co., 15 Wall St, demand, 6 p. c., March 18; attorney, F. A. Snow, 15 Wall St....$140,000

SAME PROPERTY; same to Henry Morgenthau Co., 165 Broadway, Feb. 18, prior mtg $140,000, due Aug. 18, 1916, 6 p. c.; attorney, W. M. Wechsler, 165 Broadway....$30,000

230TH ST, n s, e one-third Lot 512, Map Wakefield, 32.4x114; Frank Nekola to Prohibition Trust Fund Association, 37 Liberty St, March 20, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Seybel & F., 41 Park Row....$1,500

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of lessee.

EAST BROADWAY, 265, corner store; Joseph Vidvotzky to Louis Yandoli, 1,157 Intervale Av, 2 years from May 1, 1912; attorney, H. Alfani, 475 Park Av, Brooklyn....$780

HOUSTON ST, n w corner Bedford St, 163.6x irregular, all; Grenville Kane and others to Domenick Rovegno and another, 8,665 19th Av, Brooklyn, 21 years from March 22, 1913; attorney, C. Zerbarini, 346 Broadway, taxes and....$3,800

JAMES ST, 9, yard and hallway; Michael Durante to Louis Gordon, 141 Canal St, 1 year and 12 days from April 18, 1912; attorney, H. J. Kruisky, 346 Broadway....$500

JEROME AV, e s, at s line of land of Frederick Schrader, 125x150, all; Dennis W. Moran to Marguerita Muller, 3,600 Jerome Av, 5 years from April 1, 1913; attorney, H. W. Korndorfer, 398 East 152d St....$2,028

LEXINGTON AV, 43, three-story building; Mary E. McKesson to Hy. Classen, 449 West 46th St, 2 years from March 15, 1913....$900

PROSPECT AV, 594-600, all; Gorham Realty Co. to Joseph Jovans, 14 East 114th St, 3 years from April 1, 1913....$10,080

WASHINGTON ST, 227, the shop; Laura V. Rhinelander to Theodoros Panagatos, 14 Cherry St, 5 years from May 1, 1913....$2,600

WILLIS AV, 144, Store, &c.; Hiram L. Phelps to Richard J. Wallace, 408 East 135th St, 5 years from May 1, 1913; attorney, E. M. Burghard, 111 Broadway....$1,200

3D AV, 1,051, all; Elizabeth M. F. Ochs to Henry W. Wenig, 188 6th Av, 10 years from April 1, 1913; attorney, E. M. Burghard, 111 Broadway....$4,200

6TH AV, 257, all; James Egan to Edwin F. Grant, 878 East 176th St, 6 years from Feb. 1, 1913; attorney, W. H. Stewart, 1,639 3d Av....$6,000

8TH AV, 894, part of store; Nathan Feier to Eva F. Grobert, 8th Av, between 53d and 54th Sts, 3 years from Aug. 15, 1911....$600

33D ST, 1 to 13 East, fifth loft; Fifth Avenue and Thirty-third Street Construction Co. to Ludwig E. Goetz and others, 1,200 Madison Av, 4 9-12 years from May 1, 1913; attorney, R. C. Birkhahn, 15 William St....$7,500

38TH ST, 22-24 West, 7th loft; Arthur Frankenstein to M. Cowen Co., 7 West 38th St, 4 7-12 years from July 1, 1913; attorney, George R. Simpson, 61 Park Row....$3,500

39TH ST, 14 East, all; Lilla L. Thompson and another to Emil Fraad, 330 West 25th St, 21 years from Sept. 1, 1913; attorney, Milton Frank, 100 Broadway....$5,000

42D ST, 11-19 West, all; estate Eugene A. Hoffman, Inc., to Slate Realty Co., 17 West 42d St, 21 years from May 1, 1913; attorneys, Harris & T., 258 Broadway; first 9 years net $32,500, and then....$69,000

103D ST, 16 to 20 East, all; Joel M. Marx to Tillie Abelman, 17 East 101st St, 5 years from Feb. 1, 1913; attorney, A. Saltzberg, 186 East 104th St....$8,400

179TH ST, 225 East, all; Catherine A. Higgins to Enrico Amaducci, 225 East 179th St, 9 months from Jan. 1, 1913; attorneys, Shellabarger & D., 30 Church St....$450

204TH ST, 363 East, store, &c.; Mary F. Dalton to George A. Soehlke, 2,999 Webster Av, 5 years from Sept. 1, 1912; attorney, W. L. Garugles, 2,860 Webster Av....$660

MECHANICS' LIENS.

BELMONT AV, n w corner of 187th St, 157x75; William E. Mason against Church of Our Lady of Mount Carmel, Bronx, owner; J. Deminua, contractor....$97

WEBSTER AV, 3,091; Hull-Grippen Co. against German Real Estate Co., owner and contractor....$38

3D AV, n w corner of 98th St, 145x110; George Merritt Ward, Inc., against Manhattan Railway Co., owner; Interborough Rapid Transit Co., lessee; Hudson N. Mason, lessee and contractor; Hugrade Amusement Co., lessee....$12,710

4TH AV, 440; Benjamin-Griffin against Four Forty Fourth Avenue Co., owner; Passavant & Co., lessees; P. C. Stuart Co., contractor....$1,093

4TH AV, 440; Otis Elevator Co. against Four Forty Fourth Avenue Co., owner; P. C. Stuart Co., contractor....$4,660

SAME PROPERTY; Peet & Powers against Four Forty Fourth Avenue Co., owner; Passavant & Co., lessees; P. C. Stuart Co., contractor....$1,721

4TH AV, 440; P. C. Stuart Co. against Four Forty Fourth Avenue Co., owner; Reliance Construction Co., contractor....$22,067

SAME PROPERTY; Charles H. Darmstadt against Four Forty Fourth Avenue Co., owner; Passavant & Co., lessees; P. C. Stuart Co., contractor....$1,122

11TH ST, 218 and 220 East; Krazemier & Uhl against Annie Hochstim, owner and contractor; Max Hochstim, contractor....$125

24TH ST, 43 and 47 West; Pittsburgh Plate Glass Co. against Rosdorf Co., owner and contractor....$1,038

42D ST, 549 West; Henry Bauman against Park & Tilford, owner; W. E. Smith, Inc., contractor....$37

SAME PROPERTY; Louis Bellemore against same....$32

SAME PROPERTY; Patrick Fahey against same....$24

48TH ST, 16 East; John J. Barry against Julia Ward, owner; Martin & Mandel, Inc., contractors....$138

MORTGAGE LOANS.

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MORTGAGE MONEY
H. H. HAZELTON & C. R. LEVY
[illegible] LIBERTY ST.

55TH ST, 425 East; Jump House Wrecking Co. against Peter Doelger, owner; Paul Exner Co., contractor; Mortensen & Co., contractor....$25

71ST ST, 162 East; Louis Bellemore against Ralph W. Lobenstein, owner; W. E. Smith, Inc., contractor....$46

SAME PROPERTY; Harry Brown against same....$27

SAME PROPERTY; Henry Bauman against same....$15

SAME PROPERTY; James Fox against same....$39

SAME PROPERTY; Joseph Mosache against same....$35

SAME PROPERTY; Edward Langlois against same....$35

SAME PROPERTY; William J. Telling against same....$49

86TH ST, 302 West; Adam J. Kerr against Mary A. Stange, William P., Nannie H., Helen, Maude, Annie, and Mona Fogarty, owners; D. Layman, contractor....$134

120TH ST, 58 West; American Radiator Co. against Myron Butler, owner; Flanagan-Fay Co., contractor....$227

125TH ST, 326 West; John H. Nickisch against Joseph Boschoff, owner; Thomas Machinski, contractor....$75

134TH ST, 594 and 596 East; Joseph Kiesel and others against Quant & Bergman, owners; Vanine Construction Co. and Oscar Miller, contractors....$155

144TH ST, 615 to 619 West; Ludwig Kaufman and others against Realty & Commercial Co., owner and contractor....$58

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

BECK ST, s s, 100 ft w of St. John Av; Harry Zudek against Ostro Construction Co. and others, Jan. 29, 1913....$185

BECK ST, s s, 100 ft w of St. John Av; Manhattan Rolling Mill against Ostro Construction Co. and others, March 5, 1913, (by bond)....$2,200

BROADWAY, n e corner of 81st St; Tornatore & Guarino Co., Inc., against Charles Brogan, Inc., and others, Feb. 6, 1913, (canceled)....$1,245

BROADWAY, n e corner of 81st St; Oriental Fireproof Sash and Door Co. against Flavius Improvement Co. and others, Feb. 6, 1912....$1,245

SAME PROPERTY; James McLaughlin Co. against same, Feb. 7, 1913....$1,758

LORILLARD PLACE, w s, 47 ft s of 188th St; Oriental Fireproof Sash and Door Co. against Flavius Improvement Co. and others, March 5, 1913....$120

WALES AV, n e corner of 142d St; Peerless Heater Co. against Charles Pfriemer and others, March 5, 1913....$499

BUILDING LOAN CONTRACTS.

FOX ST, s e corner of 163d St, 128x86; City Mortgage Co. loans Simpson-Fox Realty Corporation....$115,000

FOX ST, junction of Simpson St, 135.1x157.1; City Mortgage Co. loans Simpson-Fox Realty Corporation....$60,000

SIMPSON ST, s w corner of 163d St, 175.1x120.7; City Mortgage Co. loans Simpson-Fox Realty Corporation....$100,000

LIS PENDENS.

CROTONA AV, n e corner of 170th St, 52.3x108.7; Andrew Wissemann against Josephine Leahy, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, E. G. Davis.

DALY AV, e s, 40.1 ft n of 179th St, 37.7x85.6; Catherine Darling against Le Van M. Burt and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, D. L. O'Reilly.

EDGECOMBE AV, n w corner of 137th St, 229.10x34; Yale Realty Co. against Sutherland Realty Co., (specific performance;) attorney, P. D. Shapiro.

GRAND ST, 534; Sigmund Ashner against Benjamin Rubenstein and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Goldfogle, Cohn & Lind.

PARKER AV, w s, 325 ft s of Lyon Av, 25x130; Robert F. Schorah against Elizabeth C. Fonda and others, (amended foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Clocke, Koch & Reidy.

WASHINGTON AV, w s, 72 ft n of 163d St, 37.6x99.9; Washington Av, w s, 34.6 ft n of 163d St, 37.6x99.11; Abraham Solotoroff against Rice-Fitzgerald Building Co., (action to foreclose mechanic's lien;) attorney, L. Susman.

7TH AV, s e corner of 144th St, 42.11x100; Cornelia G. Chapin against Harris & Son Realty Co. and others, (amended foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, J. B. Judge.

38TH ST, 223 to 231 West; Max Thorn against Realty Holding Co. and others, (partition;) attorney, J. Miller.

97TH ST, 155 West; Charles P. Blaney against Leopold Loew and others, (action to declare conveyance void, &c.;) attorney, E. J. Tetlow.

170TH ST, 394 East; Elizabeth A. Reid against Rosa Altieri and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Reynolds, Richards & McCutcheon.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

Joseph P. Day
REAL ESTATE
31 Nassau Street.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE.

Wm. A. White & Sons
62 Cedar Street
Management—Sales—Rentals
REAL ESTATE

LOTS FOR BUILDING.

The best opportunity in Manhattan for an up-to-date apartment house; one short block from transit station, opposite private houses; southern exposure; liberally financed. Apply to

SLAWSON & HOBBS,
162 West 72d St.

Washington Heights.

INVESTORS, OPERATORS, BROKERS.

A lady client of this office has instructed us to dispose of her three five-story houses on Washington Heights, at a sacrifice. Will consider a small property in part payment.

JAMES E. BARRY & CO.,
1126 St. Nicholas Ave., near 166th St.

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Beautiful Brick Houses FOR RENT $30.00 & $35.00 in Brooklyn

Semi-detached brick and stone; 7 rooms and bath; parquet floors, hardwood trim; elegantly decorated, electric lights, water, sewer, and gas; located in Park section of Brooklyn; on lines of elevated and new subway; 5c fare to New York; send for booklets and photos. Special Manager, 60-A Liberty St., N. Y. Phone 5523 Cortlandt.

$100 Down—Get Back $100

in 90 days if you're not absolutely satisfied with this model brick home at $4,500. $100 down—balance as rent. 15 sold in 2 weeks.—Offer extended to April 15th. This is your opportunity. Send for booklet or call and investigate. Sea Beach L (via 5th Ave.) from Park Row. OTTO SINGER, Inc., 248 Kings Highway, nr. W. 9th St., Bklyn.

$100 Cash Down Buys a House.

For the next thirty days we will sell the cheapest one and two family houses in Brooklyn, $4,000 to $6,500; 10 to 15% discount allowed on all payments of more than $100. Brooklyn Realty Sellers, 60 Liberty St.

BRONX—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Bronxville Artist's Home for Sale.

Located in a beautifully wooded and highly restricted residence park. About one acre of ground. New stucco house, containing ten rooms and three baths. Many artistic and unusual features. Large stone garage. Price $25,000. Terms reasonable to right party. Might rent.

Anderson Realty Co. near New Haven Station, Mount Vernon, N. Y.

10 A. M. To-Day

In consequence of the abnormal pressure on the advertising space of the Easter number of The New York Times next Sunday, advertisements for that edition should be in the Times Building at

10 A. M. TO-DAY

Advertisers should co-operate with The Times in giving effect to this request.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET. | LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

40 Minutes from New York. 100 trains a day.

A California Bungalow An All-year 'round Home Place.

— OR —

A Pretty English Cottage
Overlooking the Ocean—All Ready to Move Into

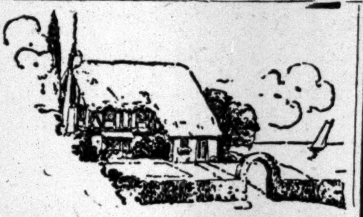
Let us mail you our illustrated booklet—which will show and tell you of New York's most delightful and exclusive seashore residence place.

More than seventy picturesque homes overlooking the ocean are now owned by prominent New York business and professional people.

Beautiful stucco-on-hollow-tile large houses, English Cottages and Bungalows—all *improvements*—are for sale at prices ranging from $5,900 to $14,500—terms to suit.

Let our booklet tell you of this "Quality" place—and of the people who live there. Write or phone to-day—and your copy will reach you by return mail. Address:

NEPONSIT REALTY CO.
1 W. 34th St., Room 301. Phone Greeley 2741.
Brooklyn Office: 162 Remsen St.



TYPICALLY ENGLISH

in all the quiet charm and dignified reserve that the term implies, with quaint, half timbered houses under wide-spreading trees, winding roads and delightful views of Long Island Sound.

Grenwolde

Great Neck Long Island

presents a type of residence colony unique in plan and result.

Following in general the lines upon which the European suburbs—world renowned for their charm—have been laid out, GRENWOLDE offers, in addition, the advantages of delightful country surroundings and splendid water front.

The improvements are modern in every way, and every detail that will help to make for a pleasant social life has been anticipated. The Casino, on the beach reservation, with spacious living room, dining hall, bathing apartments, wide verandas, etc. will be the natural center of social activity.

Several half timbered houses (Edward King, Architect) are now under construction. They provide room arrangements notable for comfort and convenience of management, are strictly modern in appointment and unusually attractive in design. There is still time to make desired changes in interior plan.

GRENWOLDE, designed in every sense to meet the requirements of a restricted, exclusive community, has been divided into a limited number of plots, generous in size and unique in shape and outlook. An attractive booklet, fully describing GRENWOLDE, with floor plans and elevations of houses under construction and full directions for reaching the property by motor or train, sent on request. Your inquiry will have prompt and courteous attention.

PAUL V. SHIELDS
286 Fifth Avenue New York City
Telephone 1926 Madison Square.

ATLANTIC BEACH
FIRE ISLAND

Reduce Your Vacation Expense
Bungalow Sites $200 and up.

Buy your plot now. We will have your bungalow ready by Jan. 1st. Atlantic Beach is outside sewerage pollution zone. Absolutely healthy. Magnificent views in every direction. The place for you and your family; ideal surroundings; always cool. Fine bathing beach, splendid boating and fishing. Write to-day for full particulars.

Atlantic Beach Realty Co.,
Marbridge Building, Broadway & 34th St., N. Y.

FLORIDA—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

The Best Investment in FLORIDA TO-DAY

29,000 ACRES on the Gulf coast; 9,000 acres of fine vegetable and farming land; 20,000 acres of very choice citrus fruit land; similar land around Winter Haven, Fla., now retailing for $100 per acre up; tract has in it three towns, two railroads, water facilities, &c.; in fact, this is a perfect proposition from every standpoint; the price is only $7.50 per acre, with very liberal terms and subject to previous sale. Wire or write for inspection date to

GEO. R. MILLER,
306 ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK BUILDING,
JACKSONVILLE, FLA.

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

28 Minutes from Broadway.

Beautiful, new semi-bungalow homes, 6 and 7 rooms and bath, every modern convenience; centre restricted residential park, 3 minutes from express station. Price $5,700 and $5,900. Very easy terms; homes and location compare favorably with those costing from $7,000 to $10,000. A high class proposition at a moderate price and must be seen to be fully appreciated. Call, write, or 'phone 3876 Cortlandt. J. MEAD BRIGGS, 200 Broadway, N. Y.

JAMAICA HOUSES
For Sale, Rent & Exchange.
H. B. PEARSALL, JR.
376 Fulton St., Jamaica, N. Y.

Handsome Home on the Sound.

Beautiful cottage; 8 rooms; hardwood trim, &c.; strictly up to date; sewer, gas, electricity; also use of dock and club; 25 minutes out; fine shade; $300 cash needed; balance $25 a month or deed. Rabus, S 95 Times.

REAL ESTATE.

PORTABLE BUNGALOWS FOR SALE

Two-room, $150; three-room, $225; four-room, $300; five-room, $375. Call or write for illustrated catalogue. McCourt Brothers, office and factory, 6,303 to 6,307 5th Av., Brooklyn.

New England—For Sale or to Let.

Sacrifice seaside mansion, 30 rooms, 6 baths, electric light, steam heat, &c.; $14,500. John Crawford, 7 East 42d St., New York.

A room unoccupied for a week may wipe out the profit on three that are occupied. "Furnished Rooms" advertisements for next Sunday should be received at the Times Building before 9 o'clock to-morrow night.—Adv.

FURNISHED COTTAGE

8-room house; bath. Fully furnished. Acre ground tennis court. Beautifully situated. Congenial neighbors. Price $6,500, part cash, part mortgage. North Shore Water Rights.

CURTIS SMITH
170 BROADWAY. Tel 1522 Cortlandt.

GENTLEMAN'S COUNTRY HOME.

Italian villa completed four months; 10 rooms, 3 baths; represents the highest type of modern, hollow tile and stucco fireproof construction; located in exclusive residential neighborhood a few minutes to the station; boating, bathing, golf and tennis courts; circumstances compel me to dispose of this property; an opportunity is offered to secure a *real bargain;* will show by appointment; no brokers. Address M. A. E., Box 105 Times.

FOR RENT SEASHORE BUNGALOWS, ON MUNCIE ISLAND
90 Minutes from New York

Completely furnished. Reinforced concrete construction; all city improvements. Right on the water. Privileges of the Muncie Island Hotel. Write for details. Tel., 4797—Murray Hill. TOWN & COUNTRY ESTATES, 527 5th Av., N. Y.

WESTCHESTER—SALE OR TO LET.

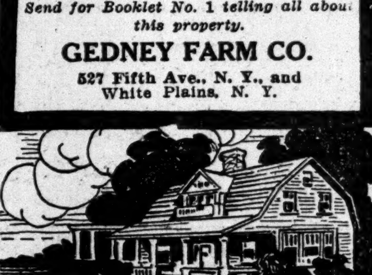
GEDNEY FARM

Reached by the New York, Westchester and Boston Railway to Mamaroneck Avenue, White Plains, or by the Harlem Division of the New York Central to White Plains.

Formerly the magnificent Country Estate of Mr. Howard Willets; now a home colony of the highest character. The "Gedney Farm Hotel," one of the largest and finest in Suburban New York, is now being erected. All modern improvements are being installed without expense to purchasers.

Send for Booklet No. 1 telling all about this property.

GEDNEY FARM CO.
527 Fifth Ave., N. Y., and
White Plains, N. Y.



Belle Haven, Greenwich, Conn.

For sale at attractive price, country home, especially adapted for year round occupancy. Beautiful parked grounds of five acres, ornamented with sunken gardens, MacMonnies fountain, sun dial, horticultural grouping, garage, stable and gardener's cottage. House contains 8 master's bedrooms, 3 baths; sufficient servant quarters; ready for occupancy; no exchange desired. BADGLEY, JONES & GOOD, 505 Fifth Av. 'Phone, 710 Murray Hill.

New Stucco House Mount Vernon, N. Y.

Contains 8 rooms, tiled bath, oak finish, electricity, steam heat, open fireplace; good plot, near station and trolley. Bargain $7250. Complete List of Houses for Rent. BRYANT PARK REALTY CO., 10 E. 1st St. Tel. 1619—Mt. Vernon.

Artistic Bungalow in New Rochelle

One of the most attractive places of its size in the vicinity; excellent finish—inside and out; large open fireplace, gas, electricity, hot-water heat; beautiful grounds. FOR SALE AT $9,700.

C. B. ALLEN 232 Huguenot St., Tel. 746, New Rochelle, N. Y.

Two-Family Apartment, Chester Hill, upper floor.

8 fine rooms, 2 baths, living room 15x20; open fireplace, steam heat, instantaneous hot water heater; dandy piazza; fine surroundings; value $65. Will sell so purchaser can net 8 to 10%.

Cooley Realty Co., 39 Prospect Ave. Tel. 708. Mt. Vernon, N. Y.

BRONXVILLE, LAWRENCE PARK, SCARSDALE, HARTSDALE, WHITE PLAINS and other desirable sections of WESTCHESTER COUNTY for sale or rent.

Fish & Marvin 527 Fifth Ave., N. Y., and Bronxville.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Dainty Seven Room Cottage
$5,000—Easy Terms

Includes half acre shaded grounds. Newly built for all year round home; has steam heat, tiled bath, hardwood trim, parquet floor and all conveniences. Congenial neighbors. Restricted locality.

Cannot be duplicated at price

Address: Opportunity, P.O. Box 578, N.Y.

APARTMENT FOR SALE.

$5,000 in cash will buy apartment house in Newark that shows a net income of $2,200; has 18 apartments and is fully leased; balance of price can remain on mortgage; owner will show this property and give all information at any time. Address R. X., 810 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

SUMMER HOMES
FOR RENT OR SALE.
ASBURY PARK, ALLENHURST, DEAL BEACH, INTERLAKEN, and vicinity. Write for our booklet. Will meet trains by appointment.
MILAN ROSS AGENCY,
Asbury Park, N. J. Phone 406-406. Allenhurst, N. J.

ATTRACTIVE COUNTRY HOME
At Bound Brook, N. J.

For sale on easy terms, or will rent; 12 rooms, 2 baths, large piazza; acre of ground, fruit trees; garage. Fine location. Open for inspection. Wm. H. Whiting & Co., 41 Park Row, N. Y.

Corner Plot, 125x200

At Atlantic Highlands in restricted residential park overlooking the bay. One hour from Manhattan by Sandy Hook boats or Jersey Central Railroad. Very desirable location for a Summer home. Inquire of F. Bradley Cox, 50 Church St. Tel. Cort. 2822.

REAL ESTATE FOR EXCHANGE.

Brooklyn Lots Owners

Have equities of $10,000, $6,000, and $6,000, respectively, over first mortgage four-story tenements in Manhattan below 59th St. and east Madison Av., which client will trade for free and clear lots within 5 [illegible] tan. Jerome Property Corporation [illegible] Brooklyn.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

There is only one
Times Building
Times Square
New York

And, once heard, this address is easily remembered. Why not look at an office in the

TIMES BUILDING

There is no more convenient location in the city—most accessible to the Pennsylvania or Grand Central Station.

The offices in the Times Building have perfect light and air—one may live longer working under such conditions.

The Times Building is known for its high class tenants, satisfactory references being indispensable.

Your Inspection Invited.
Apply Rental Agent, Room 406, or 'phone 1000 Bryant.

TEMPLE COURT
3-9 BEEKMAN ST. 119-121 NASSAU ST.
Desirable Offices
FOR RENT
SINGLY OR IN SUITES.
RULAND and WHITING CO.
On Prem., Rm. 214 Tel. 1132 Cort.

41 Park Row & 147 Nassau St.
Junction Park Row, Spruce and Nassau Sts. Opposite City Hall Park.
OFFICES TO LET. Bldg. 16 stories high. 3 sides open on 3 streets.
Modern Building. Continuous Service
Apply E. A. TREDWELL, on premises.

LIGHT and AIRY LOFTS
NEW BUILDING
202-204 East 29th Street
Windows unobstructed on all four sides.
Steam Heat, Elevator Service.
Rents Very Low.
Greenwald Bros., 3d Av. & 87th St

Greenwald Building
NEW BUILDING
Lofts and Store
New Building.
3rd Ave. and 87th St.
Steam Heat, Power, Elevator.
Very Low Rental.

TO SUBLET AT BARGAIN
Desirable Suite Offices
HUDSON TERMINAL BLDG.
50 CHURCH STREET
EWING, BACON & HENRY, Inc.
30 Church St. Telephone Cortlandt 118.

HIGH-CLASS LOFTS.
Printers—Manufacturers.
70x90 and 51x90; best location; all facilities. Brokers or OFFICE E. W. BLISS BLDGS., 312 East 23d St.; Tel. 4218 Gramercy.

BROADWAY STORE
4007 Broadway, at 168th St. subway station; good location for Cigar, Stationery. Gent's Furnishings, Laundry Office, Hardware; only one store left. Fine Drug Store location. Broadway REMCO 98th Street

30,000 Sq. Ft.
6 LIGHT LOFTS, 50x100.
Immediate possession. LOW RENTALS. Close to Jay St. terminal Manhattan and Brooklyn Bridges. Apply GEO. J. PATTERSON, owner, 305 Livingston St., Brooklyn.

33 WATER ST.,
NEAR BROAD ST.
Entire Building to let, five story and cellar; size 25.7x80; rent reasonable; possession at once. CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

62 CLIFF ST.
ENTIRE BUILDING TO LET.
Five stories and cellar, size 20x75; rent moderate; possession May 1 or sooner. CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

THE ADLON
HOUSEKEEPING APARTMENTS,
7TH AV AND 54TH ST.
This 14 story high class fireproof apartment house contains
SUITES OF 3 and 4 ROOMS
Large foyer & reception hall; parquet floors; abundance of closets; exclusive apartment house. References of the highest character absolutely indispensable.
SUPT. ON PREMISES OR
ADLON CONSTRUCTION CO.,
501 5TH AVE.

BACHELORS, LOOK!
ENTIRE FLOOR (25x88 ft.) SUITES
FOUR LARGE ROOMS WITH BATH EACH.
MAY BE OCCUPIED BY TWO FRIENDS.
In exceptionally handsome residence.
32 West 72 St.
Parlor Floor, $2,200; third floor, $1,600.
OWNER RESIDES ON PREMISES.

THE CARROLLTON,
601 West 168th St., at subway station.
7 rooms and 2 baths.
All modern improvements; elevator.
Day and night service; $1,050. Resident agent.
Broadway. REMCO 98th Street.

MANHATTAN—East Side.

Choice Apartment
Fifth Avenue
No. 636
Corner of 51st St.
One Apartment on Each Floor
ALL LARGE AND AIRY OUTSIDE ROOMS.
Superintendent on Premises.

BRONX.

VALLAMONT,
COR. ST. NICHOLAS AV. AND 119TH ST.
Especially desirable for conservative home-seeking families; 7 extra large, light rooms and closets; full service; extremely low rents, $50 and $65. Diagrams of Superintendent, on premises, or WILCOX & SHELTON, 245 West 125th.

COUNTRY HOUSES TO LET.

COUNTRY PROPERTY Rent or Sale.
Long Island, Westchester, Connecticut, &c.
Lists of everything worthy of note.
S. OSGOOD PELL & CO., [illegible] 542 5th Av.

The New York Times
Censored Want Advertisements
"Only advertisements fit to print."

The type used for "Wants" is called agate. By counting six average (seven short) words to the line in small type or four words if set in capitals, you may readily estimate what your advertisement will cost by consulting the following table:

Classification.	Per Agt. Line.
Help wanted Situations Wanted	15c
Boarders and Board Wanted Rooms to Let or Wanted Agents Wanted	20c
Apartments to Let or Wanted Country Board Employment Bureaus Real Estate Horses and Carriages Houses to Let or Wanted	25c
Business Notices Automobile Exchange Business Opportunities Lost, Found, Rewards Purchase and Exchange	30c
Public Notices	40c

Real Estate.

Manhattan—For Sale.

Am real estate manager, having 30 years' unusually successful experience leasing and superintending; would accept entire management of property, furnishing bank references and security. Expert, 286 Times Downtown.

Exceptional investment opportunity, ten-story fireproof mercantile building; all leased. Principals, Box G 75 Times.

West Side.

For sale, small private house, 309 West 138th St.; worth examination. Owner, on premises.

Bronx—For Sale or to Let.

Builders, Investors, Houseseekers.—Plot, 43x100, with 12-room house; fine location; sacrifice; quick. Owner on premises, 1,144 Tinton Av., Home St.

Dyre Avenue Properties. Houses, lots and stores. J. CLARENCE DAVIES, 149th Street and Third Avenue.

Brooklyn—For Sale or to Let.

38 Midwood St.—Prospect Park section; three-story house; every modern improvement; 10 rooms, 3 baths; rolling screens; double shades; beautifuly decorated; a splendid opportunity to obtain beautiful home, conveniently located within 1½ blocks of Prospect Av. "L" and within a few blocks of all surface cars; quick sale necessary because of owner moving to country. Room 306, 100 Hudson St., N. Y.

Woodruff Av., Corner Kenmore Place—Two-family brownstone 9 and bath, 6 and bath; two minutes from Brighton "L" and Flatbush Av. trolley; $11,000, mortgage $7,500. Fred Ahern, 44 Court St. Telephone.

Queens—For Sale or to Let.

A new twelve-room house, tiled roof, broad piazzas, open fireplaces, shades, chandeliers, beautifully decorated; move right in; only $11,000; couldn't be duplicated for $12,500; in lovely section of New York City; perfect railroad service; make appointment for inspection. Box D 213 Times Downtown.

JAMAICA PROPERTY EXCLUSIVELY.
Acreage, lots, houses.
BENJAMIN H. SWEET,
324 Fulton St., Jamaica, New York City.

Big Sacrifice; $4,800 will buy eight-room house, built to sell for $5,500, in beautiful section of New York City; all improvements; best of railroad service; may be seen any time. Box D 214 Times Downtown.

Jamaica House For Sale or Rent.—Ten rooms and bath; steam heat, gas, electricity; Hill location; a block from station. Terms apply Bonfils, 570 Halsey St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Beautiful home with waterfront rights on L. I. Sound; 26 minutes out; at a sacrifice; must have $350 cash. Van T., S 96 Times.

Westchester—For Sale or to Let.

For Sale—Restricted residential plot, Sound view, White Plains, N. Y., within walking distance of the new railroad depot; must be sold. Thomas Collins, 45 East 42d St., Manhattan, or Benoni Platt, White Plains, N. Y.

For Sale—New house, 14 rooms, all improvements; one acre of ground; fine shade and Sound view; in best residential section. Benoni Platt, White Plains, N. Y., or Thomas Collins, 45 East 42d St., Manhattan.

Rye, N. Y.—To rent for season: Large house, fully furnished; beautiful and convenient location; 7 acres; stable, chicken houses, garden, lawns, &c., all in perfect condition. J. H. Skillin, 174 Fulton St., N. Y.

For Rent.—At Mount Vernon, desirable modern house, with nice lawn; nine rooms; tiled bath; two piazzas; rent, $45; free until May. Carpenter, 8 Adams St., Mount Vernon.

House; 6 rooms and attic; bathroom and butler's pantry; all improvements; $5,500. F. H. Randall, 20 Hillside Av., New Rochelle, N. Y.

SCARSDALE AND HARTSDALE.
Cottages and country estates for rent.
Angell, 507 5th Av., and Scarsdale, N. Y.

Long Island—For Sale or to Let.

DISTINCTIVE HOME, BARGAIN, QUEENS. Will sell on reasonable deposit and $40 monthly, or will rent with option to purchaser; large living room, with tapestry brick fireplace, parquet floors; special hardwood trim; asphalt street, gas, electricity; tennis courts; refined community; 30 minutes from Manhattan. P. P. Edson, 1 W. 34th St. Tel. 6546 Greeley.

GARDEN CITY.
New brick house for sale; 11 rooms, 3 baths, hot water heat, near Cathedral. J. A. Coen, Garden City, L. I.

AT A SACRIFICE.
Cottage at Sea Gate; ocean front; must be seen to be appreciated. Apply Sea Gate Association.

For sale.—Seven-room house; improvements; plot, 50x150; garden, fruit, chickens; commute. Owner, 12 East 20th St., Whitestone, L. I.

Very choice lots for sale, Long Beach; owner in Oregon; easy terms, immediate buyer. Write, apply Twin Bros., 337 Columbus Av.

Two houses for sale or rent, eight rooms and bath; all the latest improvements. M. Swenson, 17th St., Kissina Park, Flushing, L. I.

Plot 72x100, Thompsons Hill, near elevated station, at sacrifice. Rent, $12. J. Manley, owner, Plainfield, N. J.

Long Beach.—Sacrifice five lots facing ocean in developed section; need money. S 157 Times.

New York State—For Sale or to Let.

Catskill Mountains.—Four-room bungalow at Haines Falls, N. Y., for sale or rent. 20 President Place, Kingston, N. Y.

RECEIVERS' NOTICES.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES, Southern District of New York.—MAURICE DEICHES, as Receiver of THE AETNA INDEMNITY COMPANY, Complainant, against UNITED COPPER COMPANY and MONTANA ORE PURCHASING COMPANY, Defendants.

To the creditors of Montana Ore Purchasing Company, the above-named defendants:

Take notice that we have been appointed and have qualified as Receivers of the above-named defendants, pursuant to a decree made by this court, and duly entered February 28, 1913, and that said decree contains the provision as follows:

"Further ordered, that all such creditors of the said Montana Ore Purchasing Company, and each and every of them, be, and they hereby are, directed to file with the receivers at their office, 27 Cedar Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, within ninety (90) days from the date of this order, a duly sworn statement of all and any such claims as they may have or assert against the Montana Ore Purchasing Company. Such statement shall be verified before any officer authorized to administer oaths by the laws of the State where said claim is verified, and such statement of claim shall, where the same is evidenced by any written instrument, have the same attached to it."

You are required, pursuant to the said provision of said decree, to file your claims with the undersigned receivers at their office, Room 1,611, No. 27 Cedar Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, and Southern District of New York, within ninety (90) days from the date of said decree, namely, on or before M— 29th, 1913.

Take notice, further, that said decree contains the further provision as follows:

"Further ordered, that all such creditors as shall fail to file their claims with the receivers as hereinbefore provided, and within the time hereinbefore fixed, shall be debarred from any share of, in, or to the property of the Montana Ore Purchasing Company, and shall not be entitled to receive any share of said assets or property of said company, or the proceeds thereof."

Dated New York, March 18th, 1913.

Yours truly,

JOHN S. SHEPPARD, Jr.,
ADDISON E. CUDWORTH,
Receivers.
Office and Post Office address 27 Cedar Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.
ROSENBERG & LEVIS,
Solicitors for Receivers, 170 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.
T. TILESTON WELLS,
Solicitor for Complainant, 43 Cedar Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.
STANCHFIELD & LEVY,
Solicitors for Defendants, 5 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

Real Estate.

New Jersey—For Sale or to Let.

Beautiful semi-bungalow at Fanwood; 7 rooms; large tiled bath; hardwood finish; electric light; steam heat; fine decorations; built for $4,800; you can select your own plot with large shade trees, commencing right at the depot; all big plots from $500 up; you can get one of these homes by making a very small payment, with the balance as rent; free plans of this semi-bungalow, and several others now building. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

At Rutherford—Most convenient to N. Y.; 9½ miles main line; fare $5.50 monthly; a splendid house; beautiful, high location; 7 large rooms, with unusual closets; large porch and sleeping porch; polished oak, double floors; steam heat, gas, kitchen; beautiful electric fixtures, hardwood, white, and mahogany finish; 50-foot lot; 6 minutes to station; shade trees; $5,000; $500 cash. Van Mater, Shafer Building, Rutherford, N. J.

For small family, ideal home at Hillsdale, choicest Jersey suburb; restricted neighborhood; 5 minutes from express station; 1 block from school; 5 rooms and tiled bath; reception hall; open fireplace in living room; built in bookcase; large kitchen; exceptional view; large verandah and plenty of shade; $500 cash, balance like rent; write for photograph. Hillsdale Estates, 802 Singer Building.

HALF-ACRE BUNGALOW PLOT IN RESTRICTED HOME COLONY AT RED BANK, N. J; HIGH GROUNDS COMMANDING VIEW OF THE SURROUNDING COUNTRY; PRICE, $500; WILL MAKE TERMS TO SUIT. INQUIRE OF F. BRADLEY COX, 50 CHURCH ST. TEL. CORT. 2822.

California bungalow at Hillsdale, prettiest Jersey suburb, close to city. Plot 50x125. Wonderful view from wide verandah. Large living room with open fireplace; dining room, kitchen, three bedrooms, tiled bath. Steam heat. Concrete cellar. $4,250. Easy payments. Long, 801 Singer Building.

Nutley, N. J.—Nine-roomed house; splendid location; five minutes two stations; gas and electric; hot-air heat; screened porch and windows; lot, 75x120; good shade trees; bargain, $6,000; $3,500 can remain on mortgage. Address Owner, 16 Hampton Place, Nutley, N. J.

For Sale.—Newark, N. J., 69 Mt. Pleasant Av. Bargain to close estate. Comfortable house, fine condition, twelve rooms, two baths, 75 foot frontage. Lawn, flowers, shrubs, good neighborhood. Five minutes from station. Tomkins Brothers, 200 Fifth Av., New York.

Perfect Model.—New eight-room Colonial dwelling; substantially constructed; steam heat; hardwood throughout; fine plumbing; fixtures; large living room, (fireplace;) ample ground; ideal location; $6,000; $1,000 cash. Siebenmann, Hasbrouck Heights, N. J., (35 minutes.)

CRANFORD—New house, six rooms and bath, $3,500; open fireplace, beamed ceiling, steam heat, hardwood floors, every improvement, front and side porches; large plot; near station; 60 trains daily; commutation 10c.; $350 cash, balance easy terms. Builder, Box 32 Cranford.

Attractive Bargain.—New home, 9 large rooms, modern improvements; half acre, fruit, shade; best section; convenient; 80 trains; express service, 45 minutes New York. Frederick Tetor, Ridgewood, N. J.

For Rent.—Newark, N. J., 69 Mt. Pleasant Av., five minutes from station, comfortable house, twelve rooms, two baths, lawn, shrubs and flowers. Rent Sixty dollars. Tomkins Brothers, 200 Fifth Av., New York.

Bargain for those having legacy or life insurance money to double, some $100,000 of genuine equities in East Orange properties for $50,000 cash; reason for selling, party going abroad. Apply D 18 Times.

Big building plot at Fanwood, 50x120; high ground; beautiful views; two blocks to depot; all street improvements; only $500; $10 cash and $5 monthly; it is a bargain. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

At Westfield.—Eight-room house, just completed, hardwood floors and trim; open fireplace; all improvements; good location; near station; very reasonable price. Owner, Box 245, Westfield, N. J.

One and two family houses, Arlington, Newark, Oranges. Easy terms; 30 minutes New York. Write for list. J. Beyer, builder and owner, 1,175 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

For Rent.—Newark, N. J., 132 Belleville Av., five minutes from station, brick dwelling, eight rooms and bath. Rent Thirty-five dollars. Tomkins Brothers, 200 Fifth Av., New York.

Palisades.—Twelve-room residence; every improvement; select neighborhood; five-minute trolleys to 42d and Cortlandt St. ferries; rent $75. Room 1,402, 1 Liberty St., N. Y.

Shore-front property in Henderson Cove, Lake Hopatcong, 50x180 feet; also 10 city lots 3 blocks further in; price for all, $2,500. G. C., Jr., Press-Chronicle Office, Paterson, N. J.

Elberon.—$1,000 from $4,000; large boarding house and cafe, furnished; all improvements; large shaded grounds, spacious porches, lighted. Nevada, 2,025 Broadway.

Bergenfield Bargain—New 6-room house, all improvements, half-acre plot, $3,800; $300 cash, $25 monthly. Carl Hallberg, owner, Ridgefield Park.

Farms.

BEST LAND VALUES IN AMERICA, $15 an acre up; easy terms; in Southeastern States, bordering Southern Ry. lines; big crops, excellent markets; annual profit, $50 to $200 an acre; best social and school privileges; farm lists, "Southern Field" magazine free. M. V. Richards, Land and Industrial Agent, Room E 219, Washington, D. C.

Real Estate for Exchange.

A home-site development, consisting of 2,800 lots, with water front, having gas, electricity, water, miles of sidewalks already laid; 16 miles from Greater New York; adjoining railroad station; free and clear.

Would consider business building or apartment house, equity of $150,000; subject to one mortgage.

Must be sold to wind up a syndicate; rare opportunity. Principals can obtain full particulars by addressing Syndicate, 320 Times Downtown.

Real Estate Wanted.

An actual buyer—no idle curiosity seeker or broker—wants a place with house and barn, about five acres, within commuting distance of New York City; price, about $5,000; give full description in first letter; all replies treated confidentially; photos returned. W. Ries, 1,278 Fulton Av., Bronx.

Have $30,000 equity in property on Seventh Av. to exchange for improved in Los Angeles or Long Beach, Cal. Apply D 17 Times.

Mortgage Loans.

Have good second mortgages for sale on Orange properties, 10 off, 5 to $10,000. D 19 Times.

To Let for Business Purposes.

$60 and $65 Lofts, 2,500 square feet each, in the heart of cigar Manufacturing; very light; steam heated; elevator. 407-409 East 70th St. Inquire Sig. Lewy, 128 East 74th. 'Phone 277 Lenox or janitor.

Lofts and store to let; over 5,000 square feet each; light; all improvements; rent reasonable. Inquire on premises, 68-72 East 131st St., or at your own broker.

Colwell Building, Lafayette and Walker Sts.—A few very desirable lofts, light three sides; size 60x80; electric lights, steam heat, elevators.

STABLE, PRIVATE, 151 EAST 38TH ST., 3-STORY; 25x100.
WARREN & SKILLIN, 174 Fulton St.

$15-Up Month, 109 Broad St.—Exceptionally light and cheerful OFFICES in modern fireproof building.

Lofts, 25x100 and 37x63, with power; woodworking allowed. Fagan, 202 W. Houston St.

Lofts, 50x95; light four sides; heat, power, elevator. Janusch, 496 East 134th St.

Sublet.—Front light office, overlooking library. B. Shoninger Co., 505 5th Av.

Brooklyn.

Saloon to let; transfer corner. 367 Central Av., corner Gates Av., Brooklyn. Apply on premises.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

Loft wanted, between 6,000 and 8,000 square feet; good light, with steam power; must be in the city. Zucchi Furniture Co., 276 9th Av.

Apartments to Let—Unfurnished.

West Side.

Opportunity for small family; rent five rooms and bath, $25; splendidly kept 3-family private house, where owner lives; steam, electricity, telephone; 4 blocks west of 166th St. "L" station; convenient Subway, trolley, Grand Central; references. 1,065 Teller Av., between 165th and 166th. Kraft.

Claremont Av., 192.—Two 5-room apartments; steam heat, hot water, electric light, telephone; high-class neighborhood; convenient; $34-$45.

At special rent, inducements, magnificent elevator 4-6 large room apartments; $32-$40. The Manitou, 221 West 141st St., (7th Av.)

Apartments; private baths; studios; parlor floor; electricity; newly decorated; business dwelling. 16 West 31st.

Seven large rooms, private flats; $42; modern. 65 West 106th St., near Central Park.

Brooklyn.

Four light rooms, steam heat and hot water supply, rent $23. Schroeder Bros., 511 5th Av., or janitor, 299 13th St.

City Houses to Let—Unfurnished.

From Oct. 1, 1913, four-story and basement residence on 50th St., between 5th and 6th Avs.; good opportunity for quick closing. Write or call Room 903, 160 Broadway.

[illegible] West.—Exceptional opportunity to rent four-story brownstone private house; select residential neighborhood; rent moderate.

Real Estate.

Apartments to Let—Furnished.

A.—A.—CATHEDRAL PLAZA.
100 Cathedral Parkway, 110th and Columbus Av.
1, 2, AND 3 ROOMS,
private bath, kitchenette, elegantly furnished, $30, $40, $50; unfurnished $25, $30, $40 up monthly; elevator; hotel service if desired; near "L" and Subway; reference essential. Special rates for yearly leases. Can inspect evenings. 'Phone 3970 River.

70th, West.—Attractive floor, three rooms, bath, kitchenette, in beautiful private house; suitable for two or three bachelors; furnished or unfurnished; maid service if desired. Phone 1450 Columbus.

Four housekeeping rooms, facing Broadway; electricity, shower, telephone, and elevator service; silver and linen complete; $10 and $12. Apartment 25, 561 West 148d St.

Smartest two-room and bath apartment in city; beautifully furnished; suitable lady or gentlemen; sublet until October. 140 West 55th St. Superintendent.

19th St., 113 East.—Studio apartment; two large light rooms and bath; singly or together; all improvements; adjoining National Arts Club; bargain.

86th, 340 West, (near Riverside Drive.)—Sublet April to October, comfortably furnished, light apartment; nine rooms, three baths. Inquire Superintendent.

Columbia University.—Unexpectedly vacated, large, pleasant room. Inquire Superintendent, Apartment 23, 404 West 116th St., or telephone Madison 3266.

137th St., 605 West. (The Cromwell.)—Furnished four-room elevator apartment; Subway station, between Broadway and Riverside Drive. Burkhardt.

For April and May.—A two room and bath apartment; preferably with kitchenette; near Columbia University. Y 31 Times.

Sublet.—Six rooms. Summer months; handsomely furnished; piano, linen, silver. Maujer, 550 Riverside Drive.

108th, 255 West.—Apartment 9D; handsomely furnished; 7 rooms, 2 baths; reasonable; responsible party.

114th St., 609 West (near Drive.)—High-class three rooms, bath, kitchenette, $75. Apt. 45.

High-class furnished apartment for four months; references. 349 Central Park West.

111th, 505 West.—Newly decorated, furnished six rooms, front; telephone; elevator. Healy.

Country Houses to Let—Furnished.

Berkshire Hills.—Large, fully equipped boarding house to let for season; on lake; boating, fishing; established clientele; modern improvements; bungalows, cottage, garage; reasonable rent. Owner, D 53 Times.

Blue Point, L. I.—Handsome modern cottage, ten rooms, well furnished; good location; fine grounds; shore front; moderate rental. H. R. Monro, 209 West 38th St., New York.

Furnished houses to rent for coming season; Edgemere, Far Rockaway Av.; $500 up; bungalows, $300 up. Leland's, 4 West 33d.

Country Houses Wanted

Wanted—Ten-room house; moderate rental; half-acre ground; shade; good elevation; within hour Madison Square; good school. D 44 Times.

Automobile Exchange.

SIX LITTLE YANKEES
SIX LITTLE YANKEES, The Great "Carbon Killers." No liquids, no delay, no scraping, harmless, non-explosive. Rids a motor of carbon in 30 minutes. Increases power. $2 a box. Box contains 72 Six Little Yankees, sufficient to clean a 4-cylinder motor 3 times. Beware of imitators. None genuine without the trade-marked picture of the Six Little Yankees on the box. Six Little Yankees are on sale in New York and recommended by Chas. E. Miller, 97 Reade St. and 924 Eighth Ave. and 2782 Broadway. Also by Lowe Auto Supplies Co., 1727 Broadway, and the Auto Supply Co., Broadway & 59th St. Six Little Yankees are on sale in Brooklyn and recommended by Chas. E. Miller, 1421 Bedford Ave., and Banzer & Schluchtner, 1455 Bedford Ave. $2.00 a box. Six Little Yankees Co., Bulletin Building, Philadelphia.

AN EXCEPTIONAL OFFER.
We have completed the rebuilding of (5) used models, and will offer them during the coming week at very low prices; this offer will appeal to the buyer who is desirous of obtaining a high-class car of recognized quality and ability at the minimum price.
FRANKLIN MOTOR CAR CO.,
275 Amsterdam Av.

BARGAINS—WHITE STEAMERS.
1909 to 1911 models; cost $2,500 to $5,000 each; sell at $125 to $500; 20 to 40 H. P.; 2 touring cars and 3 landaulets; a 40 H. P. landaulet; formerly used exclusively by
EX-PRESIDENT TAFT;
all fine cars, in excellent running condition.
A. ELLIOTT, 190 COL. AV.
PHONE 8623 COL.

METALLURGIQUE 40 h. p., 1912 model, with Vanden Plas collapsible landaulette; only used 5,000 miles; owner disposing prior to departure for Europe; guaranteed same as new; can be seen at Metallurgique showroom, 1,876 Broadway; price and particulars on request.

PROTECT YOURSELF
before buying a "USED AUTO," by having a thorough mechanical examination; my fee is small in comparison to what I save you. H. David Webster, 989 Bergen St., Brooklyn, N. Y. 'Phone 6657 J Prospect.

Mercer Raceabout; in perfect condition; just been thoroughly overhauled at expense of over $300; very fast, and could not be in better shape; leaving city only cause for selling; $1,200. Room 306, 100 Hudson St., New York. D 224 Times Downtown.

Panhard, 1907, 7-passenger closed car, 50 h. p., double ignition system; the car has been recently overhauled, and is in first-class condition; cost $8,200; will sacrifice $1,200 quick sale. Apply Ernest McGrath Motor Co., 1,876 Broadway.

Here's the car you are looking for, Peerless, 1911, limousine, just overhauled and repainted; luxurious car in all respects; owner has two other cars; best offer takes car. Box Y 6 Times.

1912 Havers 6, 44 h. p., fully equipped; used very little; in fine condition; guaranteed by us; $985. S. & M. Motor Co., Inc., Broadway, at 68th St.

1913-6-66-7-passenger Pullman; only run 792 miles; for sale, $2,200, or exchange; latest improvements, including electric starter. Box Y 3 Times.

For Sale.—Packard 7-passenger, all new parts; price $1,650; owner going to Europe. At garage, 516 West 145th St. Inquire Beardsley.

Swell Limousine, 7 passenger, 4 cyl., 1911 private; cost $3,250, sell $650; also 1910 touring 5 pasenger, $400. Travis, 350 West 50th St.

Two 36x4½ Empire non-skid tires, with inner tubes, right from factory, never having been worn, for $80. Box Y 2 Times.

Trucks, Panhards, Buicks; must sell; make offer. Singer Sewing Machine Co., 118 West 50th St.

Reo, 1912, centre control, fully equipped; like new; bargain. Reo Co., 19 West 62d.

Premier six-cylinder; ran less than 1,000 miles; bargain. Reo Co., 19 West 62d.

Reo, 1912, model R, fully equipped, $600. R. M. Owen & Co., 19 West 62d.

Taken in exchange, 1911 Chalmers, Hupmobile, Overland; bargain. Owen & Co., 19 West 62d.

Fifty slightly used cars, taken in exchange, $150 up. Reo Co., 19 West 62d.

Automobiles for Rent.

Beautiful private automobile, Packard landaulet, to rent very reasonable; owner drives himself; highest recommendations. Hoffman, 105 West 89th St. 8988 Riverside.

For Rent.—Hour, trip, day, week or month, fine seven passenger car. Reasonable. J. K. Warden, 205 W. 36th. Phone Greeley, 5356.

Packard limousine; late model; hour, day, month; reasonable. Folliot Co., 254 West 54th St. Col. 3422.

Automobiles Wanted.

Wanted.—Locomobile used, 1910-12, in any condition; about $500. Parker, 46 Halsey St., Brooklyn.

For Sale—Miscellaneous

TYPEWRITERS RENTED
3 months for $5 and upward
AMERICAN WRITING MACHINE CO., Inc.
345 Broadway at Leonard St. } Tel. 5408
956 Broadway at 23d St. } Franklin.
10 Barclay St., Tel. 6353 Cortlandt.

Have just purchased an entire broker's office, consisting of roll, flat, typewriter desks, chairs, tables, hat trees, telephone booths, partitions and railings, oak and mahogany. Quick & McKenna, 6 Reade St., New York.

DESKS Some new—others almost as good as new—also chairs, tables, filing cabinets, and sectional bookcases; all at prices that will interest you. Office Furniture Trading Co., 4 and 6 White St.

Slightly used office furniture, safes, typewriters, adding machines, cash registers, multigraphs, filing cabinets, Neostyles, addressographs, partitions. Nathan's, 102 Worth, near Broadway.

Will sacrifice entire lot of 25 choice Persian rugs and carpets to immediate cash buyer; owner leaves for Europe. Apply or write to Twin Bros., agents, 337 Columbus Av., 76th St.

ELKS LODGES.
Mounted elk for sale, exceptional specimen; write for photograph and price. 120 Grand Av., Portland, Ore.

150 typewriters, costing $100 each new, now $5 and up; 25 drop-leaf typewriter cabinet desks; selling out. 393 Broadway.

Rolltop desk, (mahogany,) chairs, quartered oak typewriter's desk; quick sale. S. Levy, 1,576 Broadway.

Horses and Carriages.

Account of dull business, forced to sell 21 work horses, weight 900-1,400 pounds; express wagons, trucks, harness; $35 up; week's trial allowed. 421 East 75th St.

Public Notices

THIRTY-FIVE YEARS AGO TO-DAY THERE was promulgated Circular 8, under which Navy Yard laborers were cheated out of about six months' pay. The Court of Claims has approved, and Senate twice has passed bill to pay these wages. The laborers, now old and poor, are wondering when Congress will appropriate these wages. Ask your member of Congress to vote "Yes." Respectfully,
GEORGE HIRAM MANN,
71 Wall Street.

Lost

LOST.—Platinum pin, basket design, set with diamonds, emeralds, and rubies, between 23 East 39th St. and 7th Av. and 55th St., Tuesday evening, March 18. Address Miss Justine Ingersoll, 23 East 39th St.

LOST.—On Thursday, March 20, on Lenox Av. train at 135th St., a book of MSS. by A. Mauro, on Italian music; liberal reward. A. Mauro, 101 West 140th St. Phone 2130 Aud.

LOST.—March 18, bold band bracelet, with five gold coins, between 400 West 118th St. to 515 West 143d. Reward if returned to Sturdevant, 515 West 143d St.

LOST.—On 7th Av., about 10 A. M., Thursday, a black leather wallet containing bills, visiting cards, &c.; liberal reward. Mrs. Arthur Wait, Southern Hotel.

LOST—Between Metropolitan Opera House and Seymour Hotel, pearl and gold opera stick; return to Mrs. Ilsen, Seymour Hotel, receive reward.

LOST.—Physician's bag from automobile, St. Nicholas Av., between 114th and 122d Sts.; reward. Dr. W. A. Scruton, 209 West 118th St.

LOST—French gold watch and ring; liberal reward. Matilda Maller, 608 Tinton Av., Bronx.

LOST—Diamond chain bracelet; return to 114 West 58th St.; liberal reward.

LIBERAL REWARD for DIAMOND CRESCENT, size of half dollar, lost in front of 998 5th Av. or 43 West 53d St., between 9:30 and 1 o'clock Sunday evening. Howe, Smith & Howe, lawyers, 2 Rector St., New York City.

REWARD.—Bronze sign taken; name Wallace; no questions if returned. 9 West 46th St.

$10,000 REWARD
for the recovery of goods and for information leading to the arrest and conviction of the persons who robbed the establishment of M. Simons & Son, 94 Hester St., New York City, on March 16th, 1913. All information will be regarded as strictly confidential. Moss, Laimbeer, Marcus & Wels, attorneys, 299 Broadway, New York City.

$400 REWARD
For ring containing heart-shaped diamond and two small emeralds, lost March 18, between Glen Head and New York.
Tiffany & Co., Fifth Avenue and 37th St.

Found

FOUND—About two weeks ago, a necklace and pendant, which the owner can have by proving property and paying charges; description to this office. Box D 9 Times.

Lost and Found, Cats, Dogs

UNWANTED DOGS AND CATS should be taken to the A. S. P. C. A. Shelter for Animals, Ave. A and 24th St., or to the receiving station at 37 East 135th St. Owners of lost dogs and cats and responsible persons wishing to secure pets should apply at the Shelter.

Business Opportunities

Have you $50 to $400 to invest? We offer you a safe proposition with large profits within six months from present date. Ours is a unique selling plan. We are a corporation of unquestionable reliability. No broker's commissions. S 136 Times.

A GOOD BUSINESS INVESTMENT.
For Sale—A high-class 5-story corner elevator apartment, 40x100; splendid location; price $115,000; mtg. $65,000, 5%; fully rented for $10,984, showing above 10% on the investment. A. B. Flesher, 511 Times Building, 42d St. & Broadway. Tel. 1123 Bryant.

Opportunity to enter a clean, legitimate business having copyright approval of U. S. Government; investment of $150 to $5,000, fully protected; very high returns; invite investigation; 3 P. M. daily; also Monday and Thursday, 8 P. M. Kendall & Kendall, 32 Union Square, New York.

INVENTORS.
WE PERFECT, construct, test operation, market your invention. Expert advice free. INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION OF MODERN IMPROVEMENTS, 220 West 42d St.

Airdome Theatre, America's millionaire ocean thickly populated resort; only one there; also Long Branch Boardwalk theatre, amusement garden; rental or partnership. Nevada, 2,025 Broadway.

Partner wanted with capital, or portable bungalow builder, Elberon and Long Branch; hotel, bungalow, airdrome, theatre, club. Nevada, 2,025 Broadway.

Partner for established manufacturing business, having $3,000 ot $5,000, to be invested as needed, with services. W 363 Times Downtown.

Commodity in general use, actively selling for over a year, needs capital and capable business man for proper development. G 114 Times.

Refined lady or gentleman, with $200 cash, to join in safe, congenial, highly profitable business; not an experiment. G 104 Times.

Wanted.—Partner with capital; successful magazine; will stand thorough investigation; no agents. G 117 Times.

Young man will make investment with valuable services in promising business proposition. D 32 Times.

Business Notices

SHIPPERS, ATTENTION!! DO YOU NEED some one to look after your shipments, preparing all documents, &c., to any part of the world? I will take care of any shipments; moderate charge. C. V. T., Room 1538, 17 Battery Place, city.

Multigraph letters, 300, $1.50; 1,000, $2; 10,000, $10; delivered promptly; addressing, mailing; samples submitted. Telephone 1332 Cortland. William Gray, 93 Nassau St.

Multigraphed letters, 300, $1.20; 1,000, $1.50; 10,000, $8; work called for, delivered. Phone Weatherford, 5860 Morningside. 215 W. 116th.

Purchase and Exchange

I pay the highest cash prices for furniture, bric-a-brac, paintings, rugs, pianos. Myers, 115 University Place. 2298 Stuyvesant.

Wanted to Purchase.

I pay highest prices for furniture, carpets, pianos, bric-a-brac, silver, linens, books, &c. Miller, 120 University Place. Stuyv. 1879.

Machinery

Electric motors, lighting and plating dynamos, bought, sold; also rented. GEO. BENDER, 82 Centre.

Pianos and Organs

Steinway mahogany upright piano, in fine condition; sell for $125. Anguera, 316 West 42d.

Boarders Wanted

East Side.

9TH ST., 12 East, near 5th Av.—Comfortable single rooms; steam heat; reasonable; excellent table.

83D, 151 EAST.—Exceptional home for two; large rooms; private house and family.

IRVING PLACE, 71.—Suite of rooms; large front room; private bath; telephone. Gramercy 1978.

MADISON AV, 839, (70th St.)—Large, handsome rooms, with board; breakfast in rooms; references.

West Side.

7TH AV., 2,047, (122d.)—Airy rooms; dressing room; steam; excellent cooking; fine location; references.

39TH, 49 WEST.—Heart shopping district; convenient theatres; high-class home cooking; table board.

44TH ST., 258-260 WEST, (Alliance Hotel.)—Quiet place for quiet people, with home comforts, in the heart of New York City; single and double rooms; also suites with private baths; steam heat, elevator and telephone service; rooms and board optional; references required. 'Phone 6068—Bryant.

48TH ST. 117 WEST.—Large single rooms; private baths; house table strictly first-class; references.

49TH ST., 68 WEST.—Established 24 years; rooms and suites; private baths; telephones; superior table.

53D ST., 57 WEST.—Very desirable rooms; attractively furnished; excellent table; references; telephone.

54 WEST 54TH ST.
Large and small rooms; references.

56TH ST., 62 WEST.—Desirable sunny room with board; references exchanged.

57TH, 351 WEST.—Large, small front rooms; south exposure; good board; Subway; telephone; reference.

58TH ST., 37 WEST.—Newly decorated large, small; private bath; electricity; superior table; references.

68TH ST., 56 WEST.—Extra large front room handsomely furnished; bay windows, electric light; private bath; dressing rooms; Southern cooking; attentive service.

70TH ST., 151 WEST.—Second-story room, private bathroom; hot water supply; room telephone; references.

70TH ST., 132 WEST.—Large, sunny room with private bath; single room; references.

72D ST., 263 WEST.—Large room, private bath, excellent French cuisine; telephone, references.

74TH ST., 131 WEST.—Eighteenth year; large and small rooms; excellent table; references.

76TH, 32 EAST.—Delightful room, with lavatory, furnished, unfurnished, board optional; Summer rates; phone.

Boarders Wanted

West Side.

76TH ST., 113 WEST.—Large room; hot and cold water; also small room; table guests.

78TH, 157 WEST.—Large and small rooms; private bath; excellent board; telephone; references.

79TH ST., 114 AND 132 WEST.
Norece Hall and the Bonheur; select residential hotels; new throughout; steam heat; large parlors; reception rooms; lounge and tea room; Southern cooking; white maid service; rates reasonable; write for booklet; phone.

79TH ST., 162 West.—Large well furnished room, southern exposure; first-class boarding house.

80TH, 144 WEST, COSTA HOUSE.
Rooms, private bath, all conveniences; French cuisine.

81ST ST., 138 WEST.—Large, small room; excellent table; table guests; new management. Schuyler 8510.

82D ST., 50 and 52 WEST.—Comfortable rooms; business people. Telephone 8397 Schuyler.

83D, 155 WEST.—Sunny front room, adjoining bath; every convenience; superior table; suitable couple; physician.

86TH ST., 149 WEST.—Rooms with board in private house; excellent cuisine; table guests; references.

87TH, 156 WEST.—Rooms, suite, single; bath; southern exposure; excellent; private house; Subway, "L."

89TH, 276 WEST.—Attractive double, single room; table a specialty; private house, near Riverside.

94TH, 144 WEST.—Desirable rooms; large and small; parlor dining; table guests; moderate.

113TH ST., 625 WEST.—Small room; business gentleman preferred; excellent table. Phone Morningside 8136.

114H ST., 526 WEST.—Very large front room, with bath, overlooking Columbia grounds; table guests.

122D ST., 156 WEST.—Large, well-furnished rooms; excellent table; telephone; references; table guests.

130TH, 250 WEST.—Nicely furnished large and small rooms to let with board.

140TH ST., 455 WEST.—Rooms; electricity; with, without private bath; meals optional; references.

A.—A.—WHEELOCH MANSION,
158th St. and Hudson River, two blocks Subway station; unusually attractive rooms, overlooking Hudson; running water, showers; large private grounds, piazza 125x10 feet; telephone.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, (116th.)—Unusual opportunity for refined married couple to secure accommodations in private adult family, owning beautifully furnished apartment; southwestern exposure; highest references exchanged. C 100 Times.

THE EVELYN LODGE.
Charming Winter residence; elegant, sunny rooms, suites; every luxurious convenience; superb dining room; excellent chef and service; separate tables; 20 minutes Manhattan; rates 25% lower than New York. 71 Central Av., Tompkinsville, S. I.

WAVERLEY PLACE, 103.—Desirable room, with private bath attached and meals, $16 a week.

WOODBURY, 855 Riverside Drive, two blocks north of 157th Subway; beautiful grounds. Audubon 4412.

Country Board.

Westchester County.

BOARD and room, beautiful suburban home; all conveniences; near stations and beach. 74 Lockwood Av., New Rochelle, N. Y.

Board Wanted

REFINED young Italian business man wishes to board with private American family; breakfast and supper only; references. D 225 Times Downtown.

BOARD WANTED by refined young man where there is congenial company. D 227 Times Downtown.

Furnished Rooms

East Side.

5TH AV., 2,072, (128th St.)—Large front room, 2d floor, or back parlor; ideal batchelor's home; telephone; references.

16TH ST., 206 EAST.—Private house; medium-sized steam-heated room; gentleman, with references.

19TH ST., 234 EAST.—Alcove room, convenient bathroom, with shower; telephone; private house; $6.

29TH ST., 132 EAST.—Furnished room, all conveniences; board optional; telephone.

43D ST., 130 EAST.—To business woman, small, beautifully furnished room; strictly private home; connecting bath; telephone; separate entrance; near Subway and all lines. Ring first bell.

55TH, 83 EAST.—Large rooms with running water; southern exposure; telephone; reference.

55TH ST., 81 EAST.—A beautiful room, suitable for one or two. Telephone 3800 Plaza.

HOTEL ENNIS, 152-154 EAST 42D ST.—New fireproof hotel, diagonally opposite Grand Central Terminal; every room a good room; hot and cold running water, electric light, telephone, elevator service; ladies' restaurant; first-class cafe. Rates $1 upward. Special rates for permanent guests.

IRVING PLACE, 14.—Front rooms; box spring beds; tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness. Wolcott Bldg.

LEXINGTON AV., 265.—Large front, sunny room, partly furnished and decorated; bath, telephone; $8; Subway. One hall bedroom, $4. Private house.

West Side.

5TH AV., 25.—Refined surroundings; beautiful, large rooms; second floor; running water, bath; breakfast.

12TH ST, 61 WEST.—Beautifully furnished, newly decorated, strictly clean, light rooms; modern conveniences; telephone.

35TH ST., 27 WEST.—Large room, private bath, $9; other rooms; gentlemen. Howard Tea Room.

44TH, 206 WEST, Near Broadway.—Well furnished rooms; conveniences; reasonable; meals if desired.

47TH ST., 41 WEST. — Large, also medium front room; steam heat; elegantly furnished.

52D, 200 WEST.—Large room, hall room, high-class apartment; convenient location. Top floor. Rosseau.

56TH ST., 56 WEST.—Dentist or doctor's office; modern equipment; use of reception room.

58TH ST., 101 WEST.—Lady of refinement would share apartment or rent room to couple or young lady. Apartment 19.

61ST ST., 38 WEST.—Large, neat, sunny rooms; private bath; moderate; 'phone; Subway, elevated; reference.

64TH, 149 WEST.—Doctor having beautifully appointed home would rent large room, with private bath, electricity, telephone service, excellent board, to a couple appreciating a refined home; $25 per week; references required. Telephone 2391—Columbus.

64TH, 149 WEST.—Gentleman desiring refined home, with excellent board, can have same reasonable. Telephone 2391 Columbus.

68TH, 74 WEST.—Comfortable, immaculately clean rooms, single, en suite; private baths; convenient Subway, "L."

68TH ST., 38 WEST.—Elegant parlor suite, with bath, suitable for physician or dentist.

70TH ST., 117 WEST.—Elegant furnished large rooms; private bath; small rooms; telephone; references.

70TH, 130 WEST.—Large, second-story front room; private bath; hot water supply; references.

70TH ST., 138 WEST.—Attractive rooms; private bath; steam heat; private house; gentleman only.

71ST, 165 WEST.—Newly, artistically furnished rooms; home for refined people; Subway, 72d; telephone.

71ST ST., 222 WEST.—Large second-story room and bath; modern private house; electricity; gentlemen.

72D, 147 WEST.—Desirable, newly furnished room, with private bath; Subway, "L"; private family.

73D ST., 160 WEST.—Nicely furnished large rooms; private house; all conveniences; gentlemen only.

73D ST., 103 WEST.—Pleasant, large, small rooms; private house; telephone; reference.

74TH, 106 WEST.—We have our red and pink rooms, with dressing room; also back parlor, with private bath; telephone.

76TH, 125 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large and small rooms; breakfast optional; telephone; references.

76TH, 148 WEST.—Well-furnished, medium-sized, sunny room; bath adjoining; telephone; references.

77TH ST., 105 WEST.—Refined lady has two immaculately clean, sunny rooms, adjoining bath; refined environments; all modern conveniences; telephone. Mrs. Du Boss.

78TH, 112 WEST.—Handsomely furnished, large front room; twin beds; private house, modern conveniences; 'phone.

78TH ST., 115 WEST.—Three large, attractive rooms in an exceptionally located house in good neighborhood. Subway, "L," and surface lines, Central Park, within two minutes. Price $35, $30, and $25 per month. Single gentlemen preferred. References required.

78TH, 166 WEST.—Handsomely furnished, large rooms; all modern conveniences; telephone, electricity; convenient Subway.

79TH, 213 WEST.—Delightful sunny front room; twin beds; parquet floor; running water; Subway; delightful small rooms; gentlemen preferred; reasonable; references.

79TH, 160 WEST.—Well-furnished room; bath adjoining; ample closets; private house; reference.

79TH ST., 225 WEST.—Unusually large rooms; with, without private bath; reduced rents; choicest location.

Furnished Rooms

West Side.

80TH, 122 WEST.—Bachelor's handsome rooms; hot water, electricity; high-class private home; references.

80TH, 150 WEST.—Exceptional opportunity for business woman; beautiful room; private family; references. Brower.

81ST ST., 151 WEST.—Handsomely furnished parlor floor, with private bath; suitable for doctor or professional man; also two large connecting rooms, with dressing rooms and private bath; one flight up; board optional; excellent surroundings; every convenience; terms moderate.

81ST, 129 WEST.—Newly furnished, large rooms; running water; board optional; telephone; moderate.

81ST, 118 WEST.—Large room; second floor; front or back parlor; Subway, "L."

82D, 27 WEST.—Large room, one flight; all conveniences; quiet house; breakfast optional; reference.

82D ST., 47 WEST.—In well appointed, refined house; large and small attractive rooms; references.

82D ST, 152 WEST.—Handsomely furnished second floor front; modern conveniences; telephone, elevator; refined neighborhood.

82D, 118 WEST.—Two large, front rooms, nicely furnished; running water; Summer rates; 'phone.

83D ST., 11 WEST.—LARGE, SMALL SUNNY, LIGHT ROOMS, PARLOR FLOOR; PRIVATE BATH, TOILET; BUSINESS OR LIVING; EXCELLENT BOARD; REFERENCE REQUIRED.

86TH ST., 341 WEST.
Two large, handsomely furnished second-floor rooms, with private bath; singly or en suite.

88TH, 183 WEST.—Small room, private house; Subway, elevated, surface lines, convenient; gentleman; reasonable.

91ST, 46 WEST.—Medium-sized room; running water; large closets; telephone; select, private house.

94TH ST., 146 WEST.—Large, warm, sunny room; running water; private house; telephone; reasonable.

94TH, 203 WEST, (cor. Broadway.)—Three beautiful rooms, or single; electricity, telephone. Redder.

95TH ST., 122 WEST.—Large, elegantly furnished front room, private home, all conveniences; rent reasonable; 'phone Riverside 4607; near Subway, "L."

95TH, 255 WEST.—Exceptionally large, comfortably furnished, front room; private family; breakfast optional. Ling.

97TH ST., 135 WEST.—Well furnished rooms; electricity; telephone; Subway express; reference.

97TH ST., 256 WEST.—Private family; front room; lavatory; high-class apartment; breakfast optional. Grossman.

97TH, 145 WEST.—Private house; unusually attractive rooms; bath; gentlemen only; $6-$8.

103D ST., 128 WEST.—Beautiful room for gentleman, with dressing room; running water, bath; private house; one block Broadway Subway and elevated; $7.

103D, 132 WEST.—Large, comfortable room; all conveniences; convenient "L," Subway; $6; private house.

103D, 145 WEST.—Attractive sunny rooms, suitable for business gentlemen; private house; telephone; references.

106TH ST., 63 WEST.—Newly furnished large, sunny front rooms; gentlemen and business people.

106TH, 208 WEST.—Large, clean room; fine bed; hot and cold water; $4. Evans.

109TH AND BROADWAY.—Two handsomely furnished outside rooms; private family. 'Phone 6321 Riverside.

110TH ST., 200 WEST, (Amsterdam.)—Sunny front room; elevator; two windows. Evenings, Apartment 2 D.

111TH, 506 WEST.—Beautiful room; high-class elevator apartment; homelike; transportation best. Apartment 53.

113TH ST., 622 WEST, Near Riverside Drive.—Attractive rooms, suite or singly; elevator. Apartment 31.

114TH, 622 WEST.—Attractively furnished room, elevator apartment; very convenient Subway. Apartment 53.

116TH ST., 404 WEST.—Block Broadway Subway; light, attractive rooms, overlooking Morningside Park. Morse.

117TH, WEST, (Corner, 401.)—Overlooking Morningside Park; rooms; kitchen privileges. Apartments 4 and 34.

118TH ST., 400 WEST.—Several excellent rooms, double, single; elevator; near Columbia. Apartment 21.

118TH ST., 414 WEST, (near Columbia.)—Elevator, telephone; single rooms, double; $3.50, $6. Smith.

122D, 523 WEST.—Unusual, fine, sunny rooms, $3 up; also small apartment; elevator. Sherman.

142D, 611 WEST.—Nicely furnished room; all improvements; private house; homelike; telephone; reasonable.

158TH ST., 646 WEST.—Attractive rooms; running water; near bath; private home; good neighborhood; Subway.

A LADY having beautiful house will rent sunny room or suite and bath, couple or lady. 316 W. 98th St. 5714 Riverside.

ALL THE COMFORTS OF HOME, WITH NONE OF THE WORRIES. SUITE OR SINGLY, WITH OR WITHOUT MEALS. MAGNIFICENT LOCATION, ADJOINING CENTRAL PARK WEST. TELEPHONE EACH ROOM; EVERY MODERN CONVENIENCE. REFERENCES RIGIDLY DEMANDED. FIRST INSTANCE, P. O. 1716.

A Southern lady will rent one or two rooms, corner apartment, attractively appointed, near 96th St Subway station. Phone 4089 River.

FREE information regarding rooms and board; all investigated. Leland's, 4 West 33d. (25th year.)

HAMILTON TERRACE, 11, (141st, Convent Av.)—Handsomely furnished suite, dressing room, $6.50; single room, $2.50; private residence.

LARGE SUNNY BEDROOM in elevator apartment near Central Park West; $6. Y 26 Times.

MORNINGSIDE DRIVE, 54.—Handsomely furnished, scrupulously clean room; elevator apartment; electricity; refined surroundings; every modern convenience; nominal cost; telephone. Apartment 53.

MORNINGSIDE DRIVE, 54, (116th.)—Attractive outside room; corner apartment; light housekeeping; Broadway Subway. Henry.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 550.—Alabama Apartments; rooms, singly and en suite; private bath; references.

WAVERLEY PLACE, 103.—Desirable room, with private bath attached; $9 per week; service.

WEST END AV., 781.—One room; running water; private house; shower bath; near 98th.

Brooklyn.

HENRY ST., 116.—Comfortable rooms, large and small. Tel. 4323 Main.

Help Wanted, Female

A NURSE MAID with city references to assist with child 1¼ years old; state where last employed and salary expected. Apply to Box G 99 Times.

A WELL-EDUCATED WOMAN over 25, capable of earning $30 per week, to travel with and assist experienced woman in the interests of a child's course; salary and commission. Room 711, 110 West 34th St.

BUTTONHOLE MAKER.
AITKEN SON & CO. require an experienced hand buttonhole maker. Apply fifth floor, 5th Av. and 39th St.

DEMONSTRATOR household specialties, department store; good salary; competent person. Loewenstein, 71 Washington Sq. South.

GERARD DALY, Room 1,103, 145 West 45th St., wants exceptional man for theatre treasurer; bond; good salary and percentage.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
NEW YORK,
REQUIRE THE SERVICES OF A NUMBER OF GIRLS AT THE AGE OF SIXTEEN YEARS OR OVER TO SERVE AS PARCEL WRAPPERS.
OPPORTUNITY IS GIVEN THOSE WHO QUALIFY TO FILL BETTER POSITIONS THROUGHOUT THE HOUSE.
Apply Employment Office, 5th Floor, 32d St. side.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
NEW YORK,
REQUIRE THE SERVICES OF SEVERAL THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED STENOGRAPHERS.
Apply Employment Office, 5th Floor, 32d St. side.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
NEW YORK,
REQUIRE THE SERVICES OF SEVERAL SALESWOMEN FOR THEIR NEGLIGEE AND PETTICOAT DEPARTMENTS.
Apply Employment Office, 5th floor, 32d St. side.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
NEW YORK,
REQUIRE A THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED ALTERATION HAND FOR THEIR CORSET WORKROOM.
Apply Employment Office, 5th Floor, 32d St. side.

GIRL for office work, experience unnecessary. Address in own handwriting, stating age, schooling, and salary. S 137 Times.

STENOGRAPHER wanted in law office; capable and experienced. Call 320 Broadway, Room 1,203.

Help Wanted, Female

WANTED.—Capable woman, independently situated; salaried position; some traveling. Call or write Educational Society, 225 5th Av.

WOMEN who desire to add to their income by employment during their leisure hours; remuneration proportionate to success in demonstrating attractive household necessity. Centadrink Filters Co., Inc., 1,440 Broadway.

Instruction.

A.—THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES.
Aeolian Hall, 27 West 42d St.—Secretarial course only; stenography, secretarial English, accountancy, and social amenities.
V. M. Wheat, Director.

Help Wanted, Male

ADVERTISING SOLICITOR who has had thorough experience in handling retail advertisements on a daily newspaper, who knows how to do constructive work, securing contracts instead of copy; who can get business for a leading newspaper without misrepresentations, or making foolish promises; who is temperate, energetic, conscientious. Good opening for the right man. State experience and salary expected. Box S 46.

A FEW MORE efficient salesmen to call on physicians, dentists, and merchants; agreeable occupation; remunerative. Call before 2 P M. Kerby, 206 Broadway, Room F.

BOOKKEEPER, SECRETARY.—Party taking financial interest. Machinery Manufacturer, third floor, 1,544 Broadway.

BOY for office; neat appearance; public school graduate; splendid chance to become salesman in a wholesale house; state references; $4 to start. Y 27 Times.

BUYER in china, glass, and housefurnishing goods.
Man with mail order experience preferred.
Apply by letter, giving full personal and business history, with reference.
All replies treated as confidential, and no references consulted until after first interview; unusual opportunity for strong man.
THE CHARLES WILLIAM STORES, INC.,
(Incorporated under the Laws of the State of New York. Paid up capital, $1,000,000.)
P. O. Box 745, New York City.

DESIGNER WANTED FOR THE LIGHTING FIXTURE TRADE, MEDIUM PRICED LINE; ONE WHO HAS ORIGINAL IDEAS AND PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE; ONLY FIRST-CLASS MEN NEED APPLY. IMMEDIATE, W 359 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

GENTLEMEN required to act as agent for a traveling firm; good commission offered. Write to D 16 Times.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
NEW YORK,
REQUIRE THE SERVICES OF SEVERAL SALESMEN FOR THEIR DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT.
Apply Employment Office, 5th Floor, 32d St. side.

SALESMAN WANTED FOR LIGHTING FIXTURE TRADE, BY LARGE ESTABLISHED HOUSE IN THIS CITY. ONE WHO HAS ACQUAINTANCE AMONG ARCHITECTS AND BUILDERS; ONLY FIRST-CLASS, EXPERIENCED MEN NEED APPLY. ADDRESS IMMEDIATE, W 360 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALESMEN to sell the only non-contestable sick and accident policy on the market; $3,000,000 company; big money and good commission future to hustlers; only men with clean records need apply. Supervisor, Room 601, 277 Broadway.

SALESMEN WANTED—No experience required; earn good wages while you learn. Write (or call) to-day for list of hundreds of positions now open, paying $1,000 to $5,000 a year. Address National Salesmen's Training Association, 1,210 C, Flatiron Building, New York. Branches everywhere.

SALESMAN WANTED IN EVERY COUNTY TO HANDLE SOUND, ATTRACTIVE INDUSTRIAL STOCKS; EXCELLENT COMPENSATION TO RIGHT MAN. ADDRESS CENTRAL FINANCE CORPORATION, 35 NASSAU ST., NEW YORK.

SALESMEN wanted; no experience required; earn while you learn; write (or call) for list of positions open, paying $1,000 to $5,000 a year. National Salesmen's Training Association, 1,210 C, Flatiron Building, New York. Branches everywhere.

SALESMAN.—A1 MAN ACQUAINTED WITH FIRST-CLASS DRESSMAKING TRADE WANTED FOR SMALL TOWNS OF MIDDLE WEST; GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR RIGHT PARTY. S 135 TIMES.

SALESMEN.—A large corporation, with branch offices in the leading cities and an extensively advertised line, desires to add to their selling force two first-class salesmen. Call on Sales Manager, 134 West 29th St., tenth floor.

STENOGRAPHER. — Must be bright, active, cheerful worker; carefulness and accuracy desired more than dictation speed; some familiarity with figuring; good opportunity for right person. Answer own handwriting, stating salary expected at beginning, D 43 Times.

STOCK SALESMEN (3) WANTED; MUST BE ENERGETIC AND AGGRESSIVE; BEST REMUNERATION TO THE RIGHT MEN. ADDRESS A 275 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

WANTED FOR U. S. ARMY—Able-bodied, unmarried men between ages of 18 and 35; citizens of United States or men who have declared their intention to become citizens, of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read, and write the English language. For information apply to Recruiting Officer, 25 3d Av., 749 6th Av., New York City, 363 Fulton St., Brooklyn, N. Y., 162 Newark Av., Jersey City, N. J., or any army recruiting station.

WANTED—Refined, well-dressed man, above 40 but still active, to sell a household necessity to the better class families in or outside of city; to such that qualify we shall prove that they will earn permanently at least $50 per week. Call 58 West 15th St., first floor.

WANTED—Young man with newspaper experience and who can operate typewriter rapidly for clerical work; one good at details; hours 5:30 P. M. to 12:30 A. M. Address, giving age, salary expected, and telephone number, G 41 Times.

WANTED—Efficiency engineer by a firm of business economists; must be a high-grade man, with experience. Address, stating age, experience, and salary expected, D 219 Times Downtown.

WANTED—Energetic salesman for factory turning out 10,000 brooms monthly. Apply, giving age, experience, salary, Box Y 5 Times.

WANTED—Man to teach bookkeeping and penmanship; good opportunity for advancement; references. Box Y 4 Times.

WANTED—Office boy; salary $25 per month. Answer in own handwriting, stating age, experience, &c., D 47 Times.

WANTED—Office boy; give age, education, and reference; write only. 42 Broadway, Room 1904.

WANTED—Private secretary and companion; very highest references required. S 22 Times.

WORKING FOREMAN and ASSISTANT.—Must be capable farmer and gardener, and also understand the general work about a gentleman's place. Address, stating experience, wages, and references. Small Farm, 25 East 14th St.

YOUNG MAN wanted in an office; must be good at figures and write well. D 52 Times.

Instruction.

A.—THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES,
Aeolian Hall, 27 West 42d St.—Secretarial course only; stenography, secretarial English, accountancy, and social amenities.
V. M. Wheat, Director.

Employment Bureaus.

Commercial.

DRAFTSMEN, (5,) mill buildings, $30; auto motors, $25; presses, $25; stenographers, $15, $18; office man, stenographer, $15; mail order man, $35; bill clerk, silks, $14; assistant bookkeeper, $12; other openings. Employers' Reference Service, (agency,) 159 West 23d St.

Situations Wanted

Female

ACCOUNTANT, STENOGRAPHER, TYPIST, 9 years' experience, energetic, and thoroughly competent, desires responsible position with reliable concern. Address Capable, S 165 Times.

AN INTELLIGENT, NEAT YOUNG WOMAN, trustworthy, experienced filing, mail order supervision. Accurate, Times Harlem.

DRESSMAKER and gown designer; direct from French establishment; in your home by day or week; rates reasonable. S 10 Times.

DRESSMAKER.—Vienna; wishes to go out by day, $2.50. Mrs. Neuer, 215 East 66th St.

MASSAGE.—Swedish method, $1 hour; ladies' residences; physicians' references. Address Osteo, 2,237 8th Av.

STENOGRAPHIC SECRETARY; HIGH GRADE IN EVERY RESPECT; SEVEN YEARS' EXPERIENCE; AMBITIOUS, REFINED; EXCELLENT REFERENCES; DESIRE SECRETARYSHIP OR RESPONSIBLE STENOGRAPHIC POSITION; $20. W 362 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

STENOGRAPHER, BOOKKEEPER. — High school education; experienced; executive ability; salary, $15. Address D 228 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter and bookkeeper, reliable, trustworthy; highest references; salary moderate. Dawson, 89 Delancey St.

Situations Wanted

Female

STENOGRAPHER.—Five years' experience; understands brokerage and commercial; best references. Competent, 347 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Refined American; exceptionally bright beginner; high school education; $6. D 206 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, several years' experience; high school education; rapid, accurate; salary $15. W 356 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, several years' experience; high school education; rapid, accurate; salary $15. W 356 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Two years' experience; can assist with office routine; $8. Catherine, W 343 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Six years' experience; excellent English scholar; assist office work; $15. W 372 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER; four years' experience; rapid typist; familiar office routine; $12. Bessie, 369 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Competent young lady for electrical engineering office; $15. 'Phone 423 Audubon. Apartment 52.

STENOGRAPHER.—Ambitious; hard work, long hours no objection; $6. 127 Powell St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, bookkeeper's assistant; first-class worker; Weil, 973 Trinity Av.

STENOGRAPHER.—Worth the money, wants position; $20. Quick, Y 25 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, who is worth the money, wants position; $20. S 133 Times.

WANTED.—Practical experienced assistant bacteriological, chemical laboratory, by young woman, college training. Y 30 Times.

WOMAN wishes work help around store or clean offices. Schambacher, 1,345 Amsterdam Av.

YOUNG LADY, at present employed, 7½ years' experience double entry bookkeeper and stenographer, wishes position where good work and faithful service are appreciated; full charge. D 207 Times Downtown.

Situations Wanted

Male

A.—A.—Young man, 24, aggressive, clean cut, highly educated, is open for selling proposition covering suburbs, advertising soliciting in the city, or other attractive offer. D 41 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, CERTIFIED.—Books opened, closed, audited, written up, systems installed, financial statements, &c., prepared; investigations, work confidential; rates moderate; personal service. C. P. A., Room 702, 132 Nassau St. Phone 2730—Beekman.

ACCOUNTANT—Monthly audits that show conditions; inexpensive systems installed; investigations; reorganizations; dissolutions; entanglements straightened out; corporation accounts adjusted. Accountant, 429 6th Av. Phone Mad. Sq. 8322.

Accountant, expert; corporation or partnership books opened, posted, audited, systematized; investigations, financial statements, personal service; moderate charges. Accountant, S 80 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, expert; open, close, audit, systematize books; prepares financial statements, investigations; work confidential; charges moderate. Smith, 149 Broadway. Tel. 2141 Cort.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, investigated; partnership, corporation, trustee accounts adjusted; monthly service, reasonable. Auditor, Room 160, 280 Broadway.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, disentangled, systems installed; arrangements with firms not employing bookkeeper; $2.50 weekly. Accountant, 79 Mercer St. Telephone 398 Spring.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up, kept part time; reasonable. Accountant, 32 Union Square. Phone 2259 Stuyvesant.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, closed, written up, audited, systematized, $5 monthly; trial balances; financial statements. Friedlander, 878 Broadway. Phone 4376 Gramercy.

A GENTLEMAN would like to place chauffeur; thoroughly recommended; careful driver; absolutely sober and thorough mechanic. Mr. Kierski. Telephone 4148 Columbus.

BOOKKEEPER and ACCOUNTANT, 10 years' experience, wishes to connect with good house; best credentials. Bookkeeper, D 223 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, (24,) thoroughly experienced, take entire charge books; highly recommended; dependable. S 79 Times.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT invites correspondence from parties requiring experienced assistance; accounts audited; general or cost accounting systems designed and installed; moderate fees. Y 29 Times.

CHAUFFEUR desires position, steady, in New York City; have very good references; perfectly sober, honest, and industrious; perfect driver and expert mechanic on any high-priced car, and a good expense saver to any automobilist desiring a good man's service of long experience. D 20 Times.

CHAUFFEUR.—Experienced young man; can drive any make of car and make all necessary repairs; not a joyrider. Benjamin Danielson, 420 16th St., Brooklyn.

CHAUFFEUR, steady, reliable man, wishes position; private or commercial; reference. McInery, 1,727 Park Av.

COLLEGE MAN with thorough experience in efficiency work seeks position with manufacturing concern desiring to undertake improvement of operations by its own staff. Competent to take charge of such work. Salary secondary to opportunity to win advancement through conscientious, intelligent work. Address Y 28 Times.

COLLEGE MAN desires temporary position, statistical, analytical, or research work; also expert typewriter; references; in city this week. Appointment, D 50 Times.

COMPANION and SECRETARY. — College chap, (20,) able correspondent, seeks position as companion and private secretary; highest reference. Philip Ebert, 122 Ridge St.

DESIGNER on cloaks and suits with experience desires position. D 30 Times.

EXECUTIVE ASSISTANT, (35,) having excellent business experience, desires permanent connection with large firm or corporation, with opportunity; willing to start on small salary to prove efficiency. D 216 Times Downtown.

FARM SUPERINTENDENT.—Profession a life study; agriculturist, horticulturist; proficient in developing new place or renovating and landscape work. Practical, D 54 Times.

FOREMAN or working foreman for country estate work; new buildings, reconstruction, alterations; American; 30; highly recommended. L. L., Times Harlem.

GARDENER.—Head of country estate; no objections to being working manager; qualified, competent; married; no children; best references. J. A., 55 Times.

LAWYER, 28, with varied experience, desires mercantile connection. D 201 Times Downtown.

NURSE, companion, attendant; experienced any treatment; highest references. D 40 Times.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, (17;) typist; one year's experience; industrious; reference. C., 19[illegible] Riverdale Av., Brooklyn.

SALESMAN, having seven years' experience, wishes to represent manufacturer in New York or elsewhere; have sold jewelry, dry goods, and kindred lines successfully; unquestionable references. W 366 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, formerly general manager, large company, desires to represent factory or promote specialty in New York; highest credentials given. D 46 Times.

SALESMAN, experienced, desires ready-to-wear line for New York State. D 35 Times.

SENIOR UNIVERSITY STUDENT, with executive ability, would like to travel abroad this Summer, either as secretary or companion. Address S 169 Times.

YOUNG MAN, knowing English, Spanish, German, French well, experience in Mexico, would like position in foreign office of reliable firm; can also write said languages. E. W., 48 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 26, college graduate, wishes position for the Summer as tutor or companion to boy or man spending Summer in mountains or at seashore. G 118 Times.

YOUNG MAN desires position during the Summer; evenings and Saturdays; state salary. D 33 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (20,) well educated, desires clerical position; typist. H. Dossick, 697 Dawson St.

Employment Bureaus.

Domestic.

BOND $1,000.—A1 colored help supplied. 1119 Harlem. Old Dominion Agency, 83 West 134th.

COMPETENT COLORED HELP of all trades supplied. Riverside Agency, 12 West 99th. 1538 Riverside.

COMPETENT COUPLE; general work; colored; city, country. Instant Relief Agency, 7288 Morningside.

COMPETENT help, short notice, procurable at Progressive Emp.; reliable. 84 West 131st St. 5370—Harlem.

FIRST-CLASS SERVANTS.—Berta Carlson's Employment Agency, 2,494 Broadway, corner 93d. Tel. 9527 Riverside.

EMPLOYERS—Capable boys supplied; phone your wants; prompt, efficient service, free. Children Aid Society Free Employment Bureau, 1,704 Murray Hill.

HOUSEWORK. — Competent colored women, waitresses, chambermaids; references personally investigated. Harlem Employment Agency, 7,714 Morningside.

HOUSEWORK.—Neat, willing, colored; good cook; city, country; $25. Pearson's Agency, 5049 Harlem.

JAPANESE MUTUAL AID SOCIETY.—Employment agency; superior help; references investigated. 111 Lexington. 9358 Madison.

RELIABLE Hungarian, German, Polish help; references investigated. Roth's, 172 East 4[illegible] St. Phone Orchard 2508.

THE ALGONQUIN EMPLOYMENT AGENCY.—Efficient servants supplied. 'Phone Plaza 4961. 769 Lexington Av.

JERSEY TOWN CLERK SAYS HE WAS HANGED

It Was in a Previous Existence, but Harry Trippett Remembers It.

WAS ALSO ONCE A SLAVE

"The Door Without a Knob" Contains Montclair Official's Interpretation of His Most Important Dreams.

Special to The New York Times.

MONTCLAIR, N. J., March 20.—In a book with the title "The Door Without a Knob," issued here to-day, Harry Trippett, the Town Clerk of Montclair, records that in a dream it was revealed to him that he had been on this earth twice before his present existence.

"It seems," says Mr. Trippett in the preface, "that on the first occasion I was hanged for a murder which I did not commit, although the evidence was all against me.

"For several years past I have been visited by a most disagreeable dream, and though I have made no record of dates, it has seemed to be recurrent at intervals of about four months. I have always awakened with the sensation of having killed some one, though the identity of the one killed never appeared. With each recurrence the feeling of dread became more difficult to throw off, and on the last occasion it remained for two days. Had it continued much longer I should have become a fit subject for the insane asylum, as the suicidal mania was gripping me with all its power. This was something over a year ago."

Continuing, Mr. Trippett tells how after having left the Congregationalist Church to join the Presbyterian it became manifest to him, following a study of the great religious leaders of history, that all underwent as a part of their preparation some kind of a fast, and that during these periods of abstinence they seemed to have received information which they could obtain in no other way and at no other time. Lent was drawing near, and Mr. Trippett determined to try the experiment so that he could, if possible, get an interpretation of the dream that bothered him so much.

"It was easy for me to select the one thing above all others it would be most difficult for me to give up," says Mr. Trippett, "and the only question in my mind at the time was whether I could do it. I had been smoking since I was a small boy, so I stopped smoking for the first time in thirty-seven years and refrained from the practice all through Lent. I was anxiously waiting for midnight on the last day, so that I might smoke again. It finally came and I smoked for three hours and retired at 3 o'clock in the morning. Although I was very tired when I went to bed, I awoke at 5 o'clock entirely refreshed and with a perfectly clear memory of the dream which formerly had been a nightmare to me, and I got up and wrote the whole dream down."

The revelation showed Mr. Trippett that his name was Cedric in his first existence, and that he was engaged to be married to a girl named Lucy. By a curious combination of circumstances, Lucy was killed and Cedric was charged with her murder.

"They took me to the local jail over night," Mr. Trippett writes, "and in the early morning several masked men took me out, and placing a black cap over my head, hanged me to a near-by tree."

In his next existence, Mr. Trippett records, according to the revelation of the dream, he was a slave who had declined the freedom offered to him by his master. In this epoch Lucy is reincarnated as the daughter of his master.

Mr. Trippett writes that these revelations were so satisfactory that on Oct. 1 he determined to fast again, this time for ninety days instead of forty. This he did, and greatly to his dismay he got no results from his second effort. He believes this was due to the fact that he did not fully interpret his first dream, satisfactory as it was to him.

Mr. Trippett has given much study to psychological matters, and says that he has personal knowledge of some pronounced demonstrations of the existence of a sixth sense.

REVOKES PLEAS OF GUILTY.

Two Defendants Say Lawyers Told Them to Waive Trial.

Judge Malone in General Sessions ordered the clerk yesterday to revoke two pleas of guilty which prisoners said they had made at the request of lawyers assigned to their defense by the Judge.

The defendants were Mrs. Flossie Swinton of 59 West Ninety-eighth Street, indicted for assault, and Thomas McCormick of 530 Canal Street, indicted for grand larceny. Mrs. Swinton said she attacked Albert Dreiker of 120 West 106th Street to protect herself from him, and that she pleaded guilty because a lawyer who was assigned to defend her told her it was the best thing to do.

McCormick was indicted for stealing a box of embroidery which was to be delivered at an importing house in Broadway. McCormick said he had no idea that he had loaded the box on his truck, and said he called a policeman and gave the case to him. He said he was advised to plead guilty by a lawyer. In directing that their pleas be changed, Judge Malone said:

"The stories told by these defendants have been corroborated by probation officers, and these facts make it impossible for me to accept pleas of guilty. If the story you tell is true both of you are innocent and should be acquitted."

H. H. KOHLSAAT IS BETTER.

Three Weeks' Rest, Doctors Say, Will Restore Chicago Publisher's Health.

H. H. Kohlsaat, owner and publisher of The Chicago Inter Ocean, who is ill at the Holland House, was reported last evening as improving. There was a consultation of specialists yesterday, and it was announced that after two or three weeks' rest Mr. Kohlsaat would have made a complete recovery.

Mr. Kohlsaat's daughter, Mrs. Shepard, came from Chicago yesterday, and to-day another daughter, Mrs. Potter Palmer, Jr., accompanied by her husband and children, will arrive in New York.

SUES TO HAVE ALIMONY CUT.

Navy Man Tells Newport Court $250 a Month Is Too Much.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., March 20.—A petition was presented in the Superior Court today by James W. Grimes Walker, formerly in the navy as a civil engineer, asking for a reduction of the $250 a month alimony he pays to his wife, on the ground that his income was reduced because of his resignation from the service. His income was $1,000 a month.

The petition was opposed by Mrs. Walker, and the hearing was continued. Mr. Walker is now residing in Maine, and has filed a petition for divorce through the Superior Court at Paris, in that State.

For Amusement Advertisements See Page 13.

Kennedy
12 Cortlandt St.
Easter Scarfs, Gloves and Shirts

$1.50 Walking Gloves, 98c
Made of Imported Skins
Gray, Suede, Chamois, Capeskin and Kid.
Fownes' & Dent's Gloves, $1.50 & $2

Rich Neckties, 49c
($1.00 values)
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
& Knit 4-in-hands
85c each,
$2.00 value

Pure Silk Shirts, $4.49 and $5.98
Extra heavy weight new Spring colors
White & Colored Madras Shirts, 85c
Soft Cuff [illegible], $1.25

CANADIANS HERE FOR EASTER

Advance Guard Got In Last Night and 3,100 More Due To-day.

On the tracks between here and Montreal twelve long special trains were running throughout last night bearing pleasure-seeking Canadians on their annual Easter pilgrimage to New York.

The Canadian holiday-seekers will detrain at the Grand Central Station between 7 and 10 o'clock this morning, and for ten days they will take in the wonders of New York, enjoy its theatres, buy a Summer's supply of clothing and watch all the dresses that are shown up and down Fifth Avenue.

Last year ten trains and fifty-five sleeping cars were sufficient to carry the 2,500 persons in the Easter party. This year there are twelve trains with seventy-five sleeping cars and 3,100 persons in the party.

Until reaching Troy the excursion trains were scheduled over the Grand Trunk, the Canadian Pacific and the Delaware and Hudson roads. At Troy all of the trains were switched to the New York Central tracks and scheduled through as specials to the Grand Central Station.

The advance guard of the Canadian invasion got in last night. While Station Master Hutchinson was explaining just how he was going to show the Canadians all the wonders of the new Grand Central Terminal, the gates from the train shed were opened and a stream of people came forth.

"Here are the scouts now," grinned Mr. Hutchinson. "You could tell 'em a mile away. Genuine Canucks, those."

From the train floor about 300 persons poured into the general waiting room. They had straw hand bags and canvas hand bags and telescopes and grips of every kind. Fathers and mothers held children by the hands. Young couples grinned admiringly over the station's pillars and posts and expanse of blue sky for a ceiling. Also they held hands.

A TIMES reporter intercepted a number of the excursionists to ask what especially brought them to New York. Most of them answered that it was just plain Spring fever.

"You know what Simla is to India," said one, "and Manila to officers stationed down in Mindanao; well that's what New York is to Montreal and Ottowa."

DOG CAUSES A SEPARATION.

It Was Wife's Pet and She Held Husband Responsible for Its Death.

Asserting that his marital troubles began with the death of a pet spaniel belonging to his wife, Mrs. Katherine R. Alexe, soon after their marriage, Frank Alexe, a real estate operator of 346 Argyle Road, Flatbush, opposed his wife's suit for separation yesterday in the Special Term of the Supreme Court, Brooklyn, before Justice Crane. He filed a counter action against his wife for separation on the ground of abandonment, and after listening to his testimony and that of other witnesses Justice Crane awarded a decree to the husband.

Mr. and Mrs. Alexe were married in London on April 10, 1902. Mrs. Alexe left her husband in February, 1911, and went to live with her sister at 323 Argyle Road. She brought suit for a separation on the ground of cruel and inhuman treatment. He filed a counter action for separation on the ground of abandonment.

Neither Mrs. Alexe nor her attorney was in court yesterday. Her husband testified that while he and his wife were in London her pet spaniel was run over and killed by a carriage, and that she held him responsible for the death of the dog, although he was in no way to blame. He said that their relations continued strained from that moment, and that the act of abandonment could be traced back to the death of her pet.

COLUMBIA ACTORS STRIKE.

They Object to Rehearsals of "The Brigands" in Easter Vacation.

For two hours yesterday the managers of the Columbia University 'Varsity show had all they could do to suppress a strike among the fifty members of the chorus as the result of announcement that there would be no Easter vacation for any of the students trying for places in the cast.

Lewis F. Hooper, coach of the cast, and Andrew M. Springer, coach of the chorus of "The Brigands," which the Columbia men are to produce, announced that there would be double work for all during the holidays, and the students must either attend the rehearsals or be dropped altogether.

There was a lot of grumbling, and two members of the carbineer squad declared a strike. H. Chester Stevens, the manager of the show, was called in, and after two hours of wrangling the students agreed to return to their parts, provided that coaches would reduce the number of rehearsals to two a day. The first performance of "The Brigands" is booked for the Hotel Astor on Monday, March 31.

Japanese Line to Run Here.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 20.—A steamship line between New York and Manila, via the Panama Canal, has been decided upon by the Toyo Kisen Kaisha, according to the announcement of W. H. Avery, Assistant General Manager of the Japanese line, published here to-day.

William Rockefeller Returns.

Because of the extreme heat there, William Rockefeller has returned from the South, where he had been for several weeks. He expects to remain in New York for several days under the care of his physicians.

"A NATIONAL INSTITUTION"
Browning, King & Co
CLOTHING, FURNISHINGS AND HATS
FOR MEN, BOYS AND CHILDREN

ON ENGLISH LINES

The young man who wants an extreme model suit will fancy our "Seton."

It has absolutely no padding on the shoulders. The lapels are soft-rolling.

SETON

$20 to $35

BROWNING, KING & CO.
Broadway, Between 31st and 32nd Streets
Cooper Square, Opposite 5th Street
Brooklyn: Fulton St. at De Kalb Ave.

WEAR THE POPULAR
GOTHAM
COLOR-FAST GUARANTEED
SHIRT
ALSO
GOTHAM ATHLETIC UNDERWEAR

Matchless Sale of Grays

A Soft Roll
SACK SUIT
of Gray Woolen
$18
English or modified cut—fit certain.

To make new friends and by way of appreciation of old patrons—

This week only we place on sale 75 pieces Suitings and Overcoatings of Ultra-Fashionable Grays for Spring and Summer in solid colors and snappy, distinctive novelty woolens, made to your measure—priced at about half their actual value. The same good tailoring—good taste—faultless fit—exclusiveness of style that patrons are always sure of here. Samples sent on request.

70-76 Chambers St.
One Door West of Broadway.
107 Nassau St., N. Y. City.
385 Fulton St., Brooklyn.
Open Evenings in Brooklyn.

I. HAAS & CO.
EST. 1896.

Clothes From Maker to Wearer

Be Very Particular Where You Buy That Easter Suit—*Moe Levy*

Consider it from every angle—get style, get quality—but most important—get value—the full worth of your money.

Here are several reasons why particular people buy their clothes from me and why you will be one of them if you but investigate. I combine in every garment I sell: Stylishness of the latest and most popular designs—quality of fabric beyond question—and value far greater than possible by any retailer.

This is made possible because I am a manufacturer selling direct to the Retail Trade. Because I personally supervise the making of my clothes and know everything that goes into them. And then I save the profit the regular retailer pays the manufacturer and give it to my customers in value. In other words, I will guarantee to satisfy the most particular $25 dresser with one of my $15 Suits. You will be convinced if you but come and see my

$25 Easter Suit at $15

At $15 I'll show you a variety of styles and patterns such as could only be seen in the showrooms of a large wholesale manufacturer. I'll show you fashions—real, smart, advanced New York ones—such as you won't find in ready-to-wear clothes anywhere, because the regular retailer has no voice in the style of clothes he offers you.

My guarantee of service makes the choice of a suit only the matter of selecting the garment which strikes your fancy best. The clothes must make good or I will. Be one of my particular customers—your only regret will be that you weren't one before.

Evenings Until 7
Moe Levy
Saturdays Until 10

(MY ONLY STORE) **119-125 Walker St., N. Y.** (MY ONLY STORE)

Three blocks East of Broadway—One block from Canal St. Subway Station.

Wallach Bros.

Third Ave., Corner 122d Street (Open Evenings)
Broadway at 29th Street (Southwest Corner)
246-248 West 125th Street (Open Evenings)

The Home of Hart, Schaffner & Marx Clothes

Early Easter---Early Spring and Your New Clothes

EASTER is the official "First Day of Spring" in the clothing world—Easter starts the new season. That is why we have taken special pains to have complete stocks of Spring Clothes on hand.

Indeed there's a real style show going on at all Wallach stores now—a show that hundreds of men and women come to every day—a show that is well worth seeing.

For, really, we have never seen clothes quite so attractive, nor have we known such values as are offered in our Hart, Schaffner & Marx Clothes this Spring.

Norfolks aplenty, as well as sack suits without number. Special Easter Clothes; Two-button Cutaways with the new soft front and the smart, narrow binding at the edges put on by hand.

The most complete showing of the new Spring styles to be seen in New York is now awaiting you at Wallach Stores.

Come and see these good Clothes—just come to see them—if after you have looked you want to buy, we'll be doubly delighted—but whether you buy or not, come and see.

Suits, $18 to $50
Overcoats, $15 to $35

Hats

STETSON Hats are famous for their Quality—Wallach is famous for style and value. That is why your Hat should be a Wallach-Stetson—
$3.50, $5.00 and $8.00

Furnishings

OUR Spring haberdashery is here too—new shirts, new neckwear, new gloves, new waistcoats. A new knitted silk scarf with Bulgarian stripes is $1.50. Worth quite a bit more.

New Broadway Store
Vogel & Co
Corner Broadway & 36th

Suit Yourself in Kuppenheimer Clothes For Easter

We believe that you know us, whose name has always been linked to the best to be had in men's wearables, and we are quite sure you know the splendid brand of clothing we represent—from the Famous House of Kuppenheimer.

For these reasons we feel sure you will be glad to accept our invitation to come to either of our two stores and to see what we believe to be the broadest variety of men's smart clothes ever assembled in one single shop in New York. For the benefit of those men who do not know these clothes we might say that

Kuppenheimer Clothes

represent the highest standard of perfection in fit, fabric and workmanship and the latest conception in style. These clever clothes parallel the smartest custom-to-measure garments and sell at a third less money. They have acquired a world wide reputation for superiority by their creditable character and service, and it was because of what we knew of their reputation that led us to seek their exclusive representation in New York.

This style in a variety of fabrics.
$25.00

Copyright 1913
The House of Kuppenheimer

Suit Yourself in Kuppenheimer Clothes for Easter
Suits and Top Coats, $15.00 to $60

Broadway, Corner 36th Street and 167-169 East 125th Street, Near 3rd Ave.

Vogel & Co

SPRING BOOK NUMBER
THE NEW YORK TIMES, SUNDAY, APRIL 6TH

Five hundred books with brief annotations enabling readers to make selections.

Essays and Reviews by the Rev. Robert Hugh Benson, Stephen Phillips, Grant Richards and Arthur Stringer.

News of authors and publishers from all literary centres in the United States and Europe, and articles on developments in varied spheres of literary activity.

The Spring Book Number affords best opportunity for book-lovers to become acquainted with the season's literary offerings.

In February, THE NEW YORK TIMES published 21,433 lines of book advertisements, nearly three times the volume of the next New York morning newspaper, and exceeding the combined volume of all the other morning newspapers.